





Public-Private Partnership on RA 9003: The Cebu City Experience

> Hon. Nida C. Cabrera City Councilor Chairperson, Committee on Environment Cebu City Council

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INTRODUCTION

"Republic Act (RA(9003) otherwise known as the Ecological Solid Waste Management Act of 2000 emphasizes the importance of treating waste as a resource and promoting its recovery through avoidance, reduction or minimization, recycling and reuse."

INTRODUCTION

"Local government units (LGUs) are mandated by the Act to divert solid waste from final disposal at a minimum of twenty-five percent during the first five years of implementation of the Act and to increase the rate every three years thereafter. Barangays are mandated to set up materials recovery facilities in order to help meet the waste diversion targets of their municipalities and cities. However, majority of LGUs are still unable to implement the minimum waste diversion requirement. Instead, it is mainly the informal waste sector consisting of waste reclaimers in the dumpsites, jumpers and paleros, itinerant waste buyers and junkshops that recover materials and divert solid waste materials from final disposal."

Source: National Framework Plan for the Informal Sector in Solid Waste Management, National Solid Waste Management Commission Philippines, May 2010

INTRODUCTION

PRIVATE SECTOR PARTICIPATION

RA 9003. Section 2. Declaration of Policies. RA 9003 Section 17 - The Components of the Local Government Solid Waste Management Plan

(f) "Encourage greater private sector participation in solid waste management"

(L) "The plan shall likewise indicate specific measures to promote the participation of the private sector in the management of solid wastes, particularly in the generation and development of the essential technologies for solid waste management.

BARANGAY LEVEL INITIATIVES

Ayala Center Cebu/Barangay Luz

Waste Collection System *Composting Project *Recycling







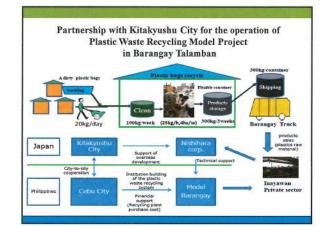




RESULT 2009 Galing Pook Award for Barangay Luz for **Participatory Environment Management**







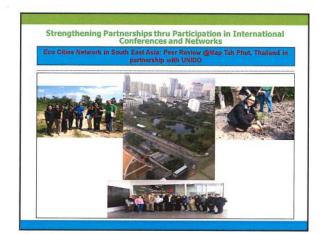












Ongoing PARTNERSHIP ON WASTE DISPOSAL:
Asian Energy Systems Corporation

Ongoing PARTNERSHIP ON WASTE PROCESSING:
Cebu Solid Waste Management, Inc.

PARTNERSHIP ON WASTE PROCESSING (proposal stage):
Bio Nutrient Waste Management, Inc.
[to collect and process market waste]

End of Presentation.

Thank You.

Public and Private Partnership for Implementing R.A. 9003

KEY LESSONS LEARNED

CSWMI has been collecting garbage since 1999



Cebu Port Authority since 1999



Inayawan Landfill closure has been an opportunity for us

Thus, the search for better alternatives to manage waste

We became a member of International Solid Waste Association (ISWA), an organization of waste experts & practitioners from different countries



We attended Waste Conventions to learn from experts



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ISWA World Congress 2011 Daegu City, South Korea

WasteMet Asia 2012 Singapore

Visits of Waste Management Facilities





Sudokwon Landfill Site (Incheon, South Korea)





Metropolitan Recycling Center (South Korea) recycles over 100 refrigerators/washing machines daily





OUR COMPANY'S BELIEF

EVERY WASTE IS A POTENTIAL RESOURCE

 valuable resources are recovered from the waste like cartons, aluminum, glass, hard plastics, steel plates, etc are processed for recycling

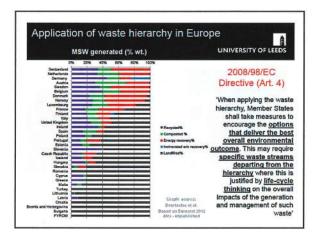
 waste plastics, which takes decades to decompose, are recovered and turned into alternative fuel and other usable materials

- biodegradable wastes are turned into compost

...which is in line with the direction of the Philippines

R.A. 9003 (signed January 26, 2001) states:
Section 20. Establishing Mandatory Solid Waste Diversion Each LGU plan shall include an implementation schedule
which shows that within five (5) years after the effectivity of
this Act, the LGU shall divert at least 25% of all solid
waste from waste disposal facilities (landfills) through
re-use, recycling and composting activities and other
resource recovery activities; Provided, That the waste
diversion goals shall be increased every three (3) years
thereafter;Provided, further, That nothing in this Section
prohibits a local government unit from implementing re-use,
recycling, and composting activities designed to exceed the
goal.





INTEGRATED MATERIAL RECOVERY FACILITY



Conforms to Republic Act 9003.

OUR ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN PROCESSING MSW OF CEBU CITY

FLOW OF PROCESSING MSW

1st

- Garbage truck dumps waste on the tipping floor of the segregation area.





OUR ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN PROCESSING MSW OF CEBU CITY

FLOW OF PROCESSING MSW

2nd

- Group of segregators and scrap pickers separate the waste plastics and recyclables from the mixed waste.



OUR ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN PROCESSING MSW OF CEBU CITY

FLOW OF PROCESSING MSW

3rd

- Non-bio waste like plastic bags are shredded or pelletized and turned into fuel or other useful materials.



OUR ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN PROCESSING MSW OF CEBU CITY

FLOW OF PROCESSING MSW

4th

- Biodegradable wastes are brought to the compost area for processing.



OUR ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN PROCESSING MSW OF CEBU CITY

CHALLENGES ENCOUNTERED

Garbage trucks cannot wait so waste is dumped on top of one

Human fecal waste is mixed-in with the waste of a lot of barangays, which not only slows down work but is also a health hazard to our workers.

Segregators' attitude – a) no sense of urgency since paid based on daily wage, and b) more focused on looking for "Jackpot".

HOW WE SOLVED IT

We asked the help of DPS to talk to the drivers.

We asked permission from DPS that we will not accept waste from Pasil, Sawang Calero, Duljo Fatima, and even, Inayawan,

Basis of compensation scheme was changed to productivity or per kilo.

OUR ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN PROCESSING MSW OF CEBU CITY

CHALLENGES ENCOUNTERED

HOW WE SOLVED IT

Carbon market waste, which is ideal for composting, was mixed with plastics.

To minimize plastics, we incentived some people in Carbon to segregate by giving them rice weekly.

Our compost facility was slow in processing bio-waste inspite of already having 2 shredders and a chipper. We bought a 4-ton per hour bio-waste shredder.



OUR BIO-WASTE SHREDDER AT WORK

Our Actual Experience in Processing MSW of Cebu City

CHALLENGES ENCOUNTERED

HOW WE TRIED TO SOLVE IT

Mixed biodegradable & nonbiodegradable waste is wet & sticky making segregation very difficult & timetaking.



We had to make Compost B for biodegradables wastes from barangay which contained small plastic wastes, and cannot be directly loaded in our compost pile. The process was costly waste set effective.



STILL A CHALLENGE!!!

1st Solution: Invest in advanced sorting & shredding machine



- a can process up to 20 tons/hr.
- * expensive thus assurance is needed thru a long-

2nd SOLUTION

RE-IMPLEMENTATION OF

SEGREGATION OF WASTE AT SOURCE

(easier to implement w/ the new fleet of trucks)

THE RIGHT WASTE GOES TO

THE RIGHT FACILITY
WHERE MUCH OF THE WASTE
WILL BE UTILIZED AS A RESOURCE.

KEY LESSONS LEARNED

Waste is a Resource

- Waste plastics are used as alternative fuel, building materials, etc.
- Vegetable & fruit peels, scrap bones, intestines, etc. are excellent raw material for compost.
- Recyclables from waste provide income to unskilled workers.

KEY LESSONS LEARNED

Segregation at Source is a necessary step to the efficient recovery of resources from waste

- · Minimizes contamination of useful materials in the waste thus a big percentage is recovered
- · Minimizes waste thrown in a landfill, thus prolonging the life of a landfill.

KEY LESSONS LEARNED

Proper waste processing facility should be available

- · Composting facility for food waste, market waste and other biodegradable waste
- · Material Recovery Facility for further sorting of waste into carton, paper, aluminum, glass, plastics, etc., and shredding of waste plastics
- · Landfill for residuals

will.i.am Hits Two Events in One Night Without Changing

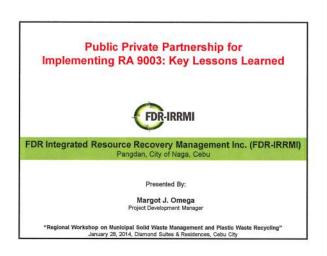


"This entire suit was made out of 17 plastic bottles, the pants are 12 plastic bottles, this hat is one plastic bottle, and this shirt is 5 plastic bottles," he told Yahoo's ong! in an interview backstage at the music festival. "If we all participate in this movement, we could all reach a global, sustainable society by 2020. Waste isn't waste unless we waste the opportunity to make something out of it." Naturally, he recycled his recycled ensemble at the next event too. Nice work, Will.

Every Waste is a Potential Resource...

DON'T LET WASTE GO TO WASTE!

THANK YOU!!!



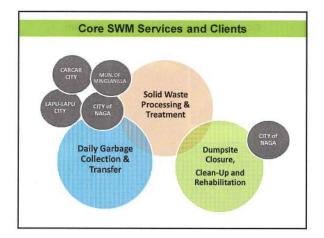


- 2009: FDRCon Company Inc. diversified into solid waste management.
- 2010: Signed its first contract with the City of Naga.
- 2012: Officially established as a spin-off company.

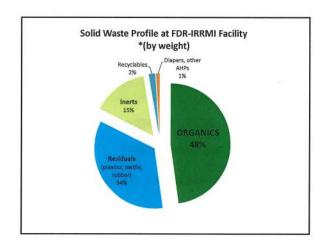
✓ Operates Cebu's first Integrated Resource Recovery Facility

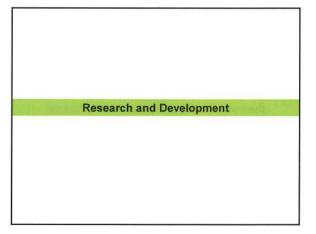
✓ Processed more than 60,000 tons of garbage since 2010

✓ Industrial producer of compost / soil conditioner



Local Government Clients	Contract	Tons Per Day	Scope of Service
1. City of Naga	25 years (June 2010 – 2035)	25	a) Daily Collection, Transfer & Processing b) Dumpsite Closure
2. Municipality of Minglanilla	20 years (Feb. 2011 - 2031)	35-40	Daily Collection, Transfer & Processing
3. City of Carcar	20 years (March 2013 – 2033)	15-20	Daily Collection, Transfer & Processing
4. City of Lapu-Lapu	To date: 8 th Purchase Order since July 2012 (Proposed Long-term contract)	15-20	Hauling of Residual Waste from Dumpsite
	TOTAL	100 TPD	













How did it all start?

In 2009,

with the City of Naga's industrialization and growing economy,

there was a strong political decision to look for sustainable and long-term solutions to its growing solid waste problem.

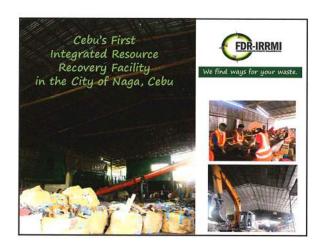
Key Questions:

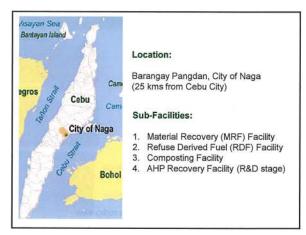
- What are the best practices in SWM?
- What are the available technologies that are cost-effective, sustainable, environmentally sound and socially acceptable?

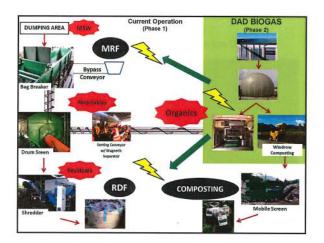
New dumpsite

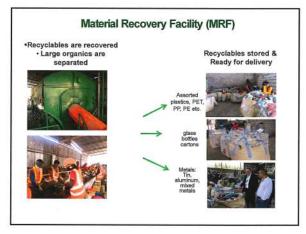
Sanitary Landfill

Central facility to sort, recover, process & treat waste.













Collection and Transfer

A. Collection Fleet:

- 10 Compactor trucks (2-8 m³) 2 Hook Lift / Arm Roll
- Mini dumptrucks
- 5 Dumptruck (15 ton cap) 10 Bins (10ton cap.)

B. 27 Total Manpower:

Supervisors, drivers, sanitation crew

C. Professionalized approach to garbage

- collection: Schedule-driven & field monitoring
- Complete PPE (personal protective equipment)
- Strict policy on crew behavior (i.e against asking for tips)
- Available customer service hotline for feedback





Closure and Rehabilitation of Bairan Dumpsite, City of Naga

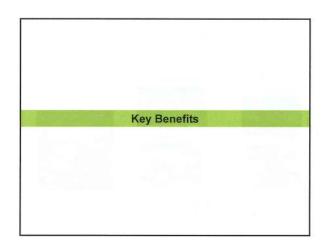
In accordance with guidelines set by

DENR Administrative Order No. 09:

The General Guidelines in the closure and rehabilitation of open dumpsites and controlled dumpsites.







Economic & Social Benefits

1) Tipping Fee Share - The City of Naga gets a 10% of the tipping fee share for all waste coming from outside the city which are processed inside FDR-IRRMI's facility.



2) Local Employment & Skills Development - 90% of the facility's manpower is composed of local residents of the City of Naga. Skills needed to develop our own environmental management industry.



3) Compliance to RA 9003- Naga's serious efforts to protect its environment thru the establishment of a recovery facility & closure of its dumpsite.



Economic & Social Benefits

Improved efficiency of solid waste management services:

- Application of commercial principles with clear objectives, targets and schedules
- Managerial & Financial Autonomy
 Faster equipment & spare part purchases critical to operations
- Clear accountability to clients and customers

Reference

Private Sector Involvement, World Bank website





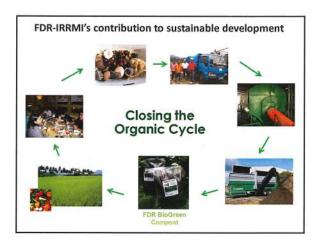
Environmental Benefits

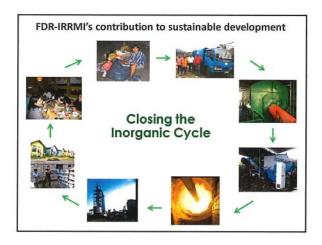
Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions thru:

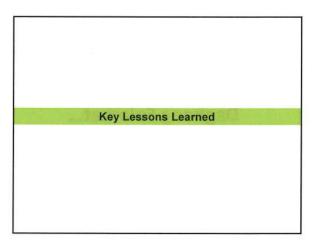
Recycling & Alternative Material Use— displacing virgin raw materials thus avoiding environmental releases associated with raw materials extraction and production.

Composting – diversion of materials from landfills/dumpsite that will produce methane & other GHG's

How we contribute to economic and environmental sustainability...







Lessons Learned

In developing SWM projects with local governments:

- a) Solid waste > long term problem >long-term commitment. LGU's limited resources > private partnership is inevitable.
- b) SWM infrastructures requires huge capital investment > long term partnership is needed.

Next Challenges & Opportunities

In the further improvement of privatized SWM services:

- 1) Wider and long-term public awareness & education program on solid waste management among constituents.

 - Throwing garbage: Out of sight, out of mind mentality
 Waste as shared responsibility: Waste segregation at the generator's
 level
- Stronger coordination and communication with city officials and pertinent departments heads to address SWM issues within the scope of the contractor (i.e. in high volume critical areas - public market, highways etc.)
- 3.) Strengthen implementation and compliance of local antilittering ordinances





The trash of one affects everyone. Let's start with sustainable solutions to garbage.

Daghang Salamat...



FDR Integrated Resource Recovery Management Inc. (FDR-IRRMI)
Pangdan, City of Naga: Tel No. (032) 316-1066
Talisay City Office: Tel. No. (032) 2737834; Fax No. (032) 4918976
feedback@fdrcon.com