

Inaugural Meeting of the Regional 3R Forum in Asia

11-12 November 2009, Tokyo

Introduction of the Objectives, Structure, and Vision of the Regional 3R Forum

Choudhury R.C. Mohanty, UNCRD

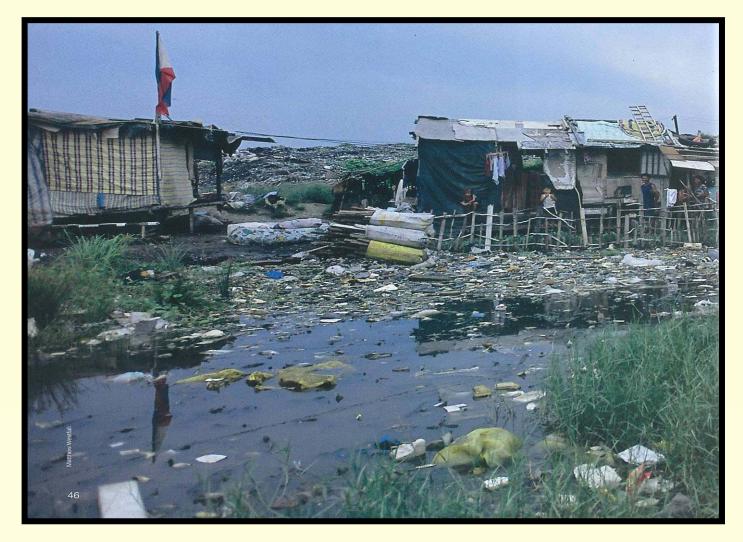
United Nations Centre for Regional Development

•Open dumping of solid waste is widespread, not full utilization of 3R potential



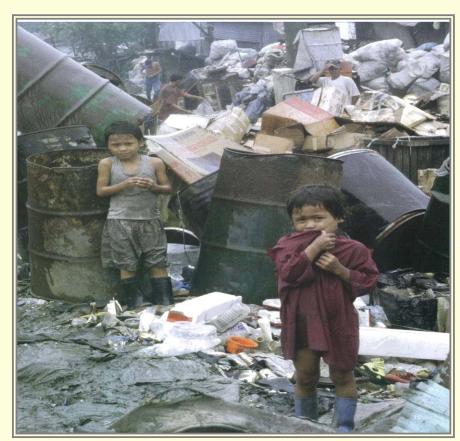


Source: ADB (2004)



Living in a place 20 times above safe level of lead, arsenic, nitrogen.....

Source: ADB (2004)





Source: ADB (2004)

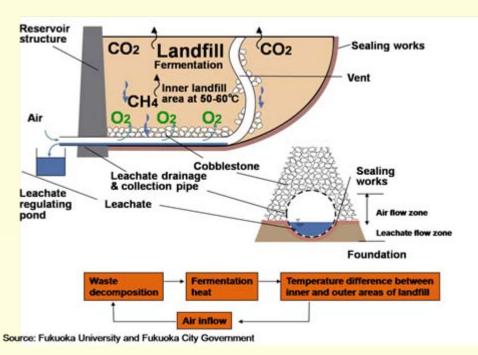
Many children waste pickers at the highly polluted dumping site...



Highly contaminated leachate seeps untreated into groundwater, a source of drinking water....

Water availability is an emerging issue in Asia with some countries are already heading towards water stress, but water quality deterioration because of industrial discharges and municipal sewage, agrochemicals will further accelerate the issue!

•Over reliance on conventional type waste management such as landfills and incineration is not sustainable (landfills are major source of methane (CH₄), a powerful GHG, and land costs are getting very high).



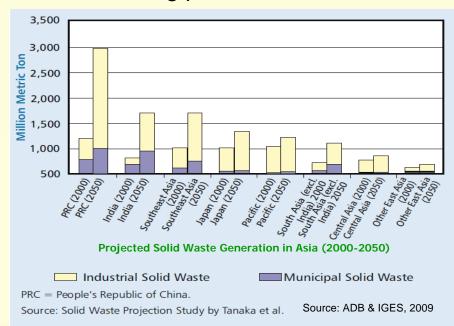
GHG emissions from waste are directly affected by numerous policy & regulatory measures that encourage energy recovery from waste, restrict choice for ultimate waste disposal, waste prevention / minimization through 3R. In many countries, e.g., in EU & Japan, waste management policies are closely related to & integrated with climate policies.

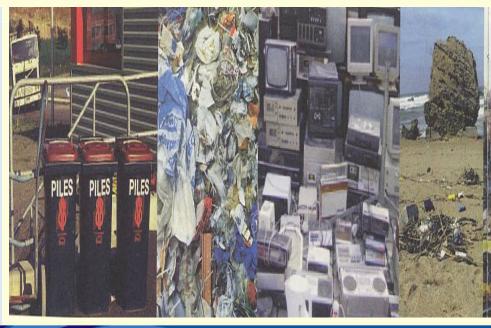
•Focus is more on downstream or end-of-pipe solutions and local governments spend significant amount of money on waste collection & disposal without adequate consideration on resource saving measures and their economic return or input

where as up-stream solutions provide opportunities for -

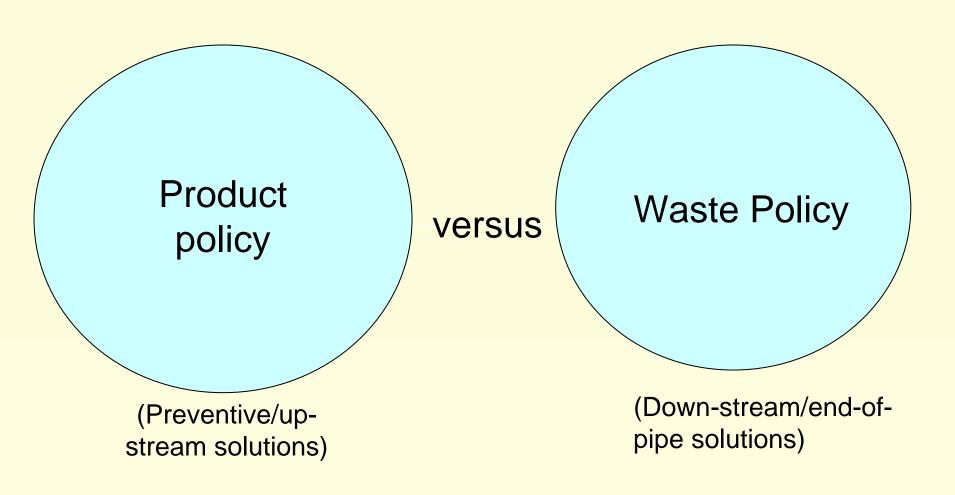
- source reduction (increased resource efficiency/minimize raw material input)
- waste prevention/minimization of environmental risks through eco-friendly designs and products
- structured or reorganized production processes so that the waste of one industry is a valued input to another (industrial symbiosis)

- •Prevailing economic system does not provide adequate incentives for conservation and efficient resource allocation
- •Prevailing production and consumption patterns are not adequately oriented towards resource efficiency, contributing to growing quantities of wastes that must be managed for final disposal
- •As Asian industrial economies continue to grow, the region will generate more toxic chemicals & hazardous wastes, mostly coming from industrial, agriculture, and manufacturing processes





Where should Asia countries be heading?



Where should Asia countries be heading?

Waste prevention, extended use, re-use

versus

An expanded recycling industry

(Resource Conservation/Resour ce efficient economy & society) (Resource intensive and hazardous production of expanding markets)

Where should Asian countries be heading?

The governments must be clear in their strategy –

 Whether to continue with business-as-usual with 'more waste and more recycling' approach?

-OR-

- whether the goal is to encourage the producer to alter the design of the products?
- whether the goal is to utilize the expertise of the manufacturers in managing the used products after they attain end-of-life?
- whether the goal is to develop modalities for gradual shifting of the cost of managing the used products from municipalities to manufacturers (EMS, EPR, etc.)

Bangladesh National 3R Workshop (2007): Raising Nation-wide awareness

The Independent

w 28 February 2007 / 16 Falgun 1413 / 9 Safar 1428 / Vol 12 No. 328 / Regd No. DA 1664 / 16 Pages / Taka 7 / Internet edition: www.t

Business Independent

3R strategy needs to promote waste management: C S Karim

Adviser for Environment and Forest Ministry Dr C S Karim for sustainable environment as well as better economy.

The Government has the all-out intention to tackle the tones of waste is generated every day in the urban areas of the waste problem and in this regard an integrated effort com- country, of which only between 30-40 per cent are managed prising all stakeholders needs to be undertaken to proper and rest remain unmanaged. He said, the government gave waste management for minimizing the risk of health and environment," he said this while speaking as the chief guest at palities, as well as in other major cities and recommende naugural session of the 'National 3 R Workshop.

The two-day long workshop was jointly organised by the Department of Environment under the ministry of here Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperative cerned municipalities' he said. Adviser Mohammad Anwarul Ighal and Director of UNCRD

Director General of Environment Department Khandeker Rashedul Haque gave the welcome address and Executive Director of Waste Corcern Magsood Sinha gave the vote of thanks, CS Karim said, all industries and medical service cen-minimum level, "Reuse" the waste whether possible and ters need to set up a waste management strategy and they "Recycle' much of waste what remains.

getting the legal license to operate their function.

"If we don't have the appropriate plan of waste disposal vesterday said that the 3R (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) strat-now then it could be difficult to manage waste in future as the egy for managing waste needs to be promoted in the country urban population in the country is growing very fast he observed. Anward Iqbal said an estimated 17,000 metric that each municipality should have a plan for solid-waste man-

"In accordance with the strategy eight secondary towns Environment and Forest, United Nations Centre For Regional have already prepared individual action plans to manage solid Development (UNCRD) and Waste Concern, a local research waste problems with the assistance from Asian Development pregnisation at the LGED Bhaban at Sher-e-Bangla Nagar Bank (ADB) which is being implemented by LGED and con-

lobal hoped that the workshop would provide an in-depth Kazunobu Onogawa were present as the special guests while review on selected issues such as international experience on Environment and Forest secretary S M Jahrul Islam chaired 3R, municipal solid waste management, medical waste management, industrial and hazardous waste management to pro mote 3R in Bangladesh.

The workshop said that the 3-R strategy includes three principles - Reduce' the amount of waste generation to a



3R strategy should be promoted for proper waste management

the waste problem and in tive Adviser Mohammad Anrisk of health and environment," he said this while speaking as the chief guest | sion.

Adviser for Environment shop was jointly organised and they should submit the plans to manage solid waste and Forest Ministry Dr C S by the Department of Envi- plan to the environment de-Karim Tuesday said that the ronment under the ministry partment before getting the tance from Asian Develop-3R (Reduce, Reuse and Re- of Environment and Forest, legal license to operate their cycle) strategy for managing United Nations Centre For function. waste needs to be promoted Regional Development [UN- "If we don't have the ap-

in the country for sustain- CRD) and Waste Concern, a propriate plan of waste disable environment as well as local research organisation posal now then it could be better economy, reports attheLGEDBhabanatSher- difficult to manage waste in e-Bangla Nagar here. The Government has the Local Government, Rural tion in the country is grow-

all-out intention to tackle Development and Coopera- ing very fast he observed. this regard an integrated ef- warul lobal and Director of estimated 17,000 metric fort comprising all stake. UNCRD Kazunobu Ono- tones of waste is generated holders needs to be under- gawa were present as the every day in the urban artaken to proper waste man- special guests while Envi- eas of the country, of which agement for minimizing the ronment and Forest secre- only between 30-40 percent tary S M Jahrul Islam are managed and rest rechaired the inaugural ses- main unmanaged.

at Inaugural session of the Director General of Envi- gave special emphasis on National 3 R Workshop. ronment Department Khan- solid waste management for The two-day long work- deker Rashedul Haque gave all municipalities, as well as the welcome address and in other major cities and rec-Executive Director of Waste ommended that each mu-Concern Magsood Sinha nicipality should have a glan gave the vote of thanks. for solid waste management.

future as the urban popula-

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CS Karim said, all indus- "In accordance with the tries and medical service strategy eight secondary centers need to set up a towns have already prewaste management strategy pared individual action ticipated in the workshop.

being implemented by LGED and concerned municipalities" he said.

shop would provide an indepth review on selected isexperience on 3R, municipal solid waste management, medical waste management, industrial and hazardous waste management to promote 3R in Bangladesh.

The workshop said that the 3-R strategy includes three principles - 'Reduce' the amount of waste generation to a minimum level. 'Reuse' the waste whether possible and 'Recycle' much

A good number of environment experts from government, development organisations and non-gov-

Financial Express

3R strategy needs to be promoted for proper waste management

Adviser for Environment the inaugural session and Forest Ministry C S Karim said that the 3R (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) strategy for managing waste needs to be promoted in the country for sustainable environment as Concern Maqsood Sinha gave well as better economy, reports the vote of thanks.

integrated effort comprising all stakeholders needs to be undertaken to proper waste management for minimising the risk of health and environment," he said while speaking as the chief guest at inaugural session of the 'National 3R Workshop Tuesday.

jointly organised by the Department of Environment under the ministry of Environment and Forest. United Nations Centre For Regional Development (UNCRD) and Waste Concern, mended that each municipality a local research organisation at the LGED Bhaban at Sher-e-Bangla Nagar in the city.

Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperative Adviser Mohammad Anwarul present as special guests while tary S M Jabrul Islam chaired promote 3R in Bangladesh.

Director General Environment Department Khandker Rashedul - Haque gave the welcome address and Executive Director of Waste

C S Karim said, all indus-"The Government has all the tries and medical service cenintention to tackle the waste tres need to set up a waste problem and in this regard an management strategy and they should submit the plan to the environment department before getting the legal license to operate.

Anwarul Igbal said an esti mated 17,000 metric tonnes of waste is generated every day in the urban areas of the country of which only between 30 and The two-day workshop was 40 per cent are managed and rest remain unmanaged.

He said, the government gave special emphasis on solid waste management for all municipalities, as well as in other major cities and recomshould have a plan for solid

Ighal hoped that the workshop would provide an indepth review on selected issues such as international experi-Iqbal and Director of UNCRD ence on 3R, municipal solid Kazunobu Onogawa were waste it, medical waste management, industrial and haz-Environment and Forest secre- ardous waste management to

Inception Workshop on National 3R Strategy in Bangladesh (2008)



Sustainable waste management to generate green jobs

Says Mahbub Jamil

UNB, Dhaka

Assistance Mahbub Jamil has . Forest, Raja Devashis Roy was through introducing said principles of sustainable also present as special guest. Environmental Management waste management -- reduce. reuse and recycle -- could create a "win-win situation" for all as it has potentiality to generate green jobs specially in recycling business.

"It could build a resource efficient economy," said Jamil while he was inaugurating the Inception Workshop on "Formulation of national strategy on waste reduce, reuse and recycle (3Rs) for Bangladesh" in the city yesterday. Department of Environment organised the workshop.

Presided over by System (EMS) in the industries." Environment and Forest He said use of EMS would Secretary AHM Rajaul Karim, show practical business the function was addressed by results in terms of increased UNCRD Director Kazunobu efficiency, reduced costs and Onogawa and DG of reduced waste as well as envi-Department of Environment Dr ronmental benefits. Khandaker Rashedul Haque.

Industries, Civil Aviation and concerned among civil society, Tourism Ministry, said indus- media and experts to overcome trial waste management in the problem of waste. Bangladesh has been based on "Reactive Approach".

Special Assistant to the 'Proactive Approach' which is Chief Adviser, in-charge of basically a preventive Chief Adviser's Special Ministry Environment and approach. This can be achieved

Raja Devashis Roy stressed Mahbub Jamil, in-charge of the cooperation of all agencies

A significant number of representatives from various He continued :"The new government autonomous and approach to solve the waste non-government organisations problem globally is based in participated in the workshop.



THURSDAY, DECEMBER 25, 2008

Reduce, reuse and recycle waste to create jobs: adviser

United News of Bangladesh -Dhaka

adviser's special assistant Mahbub Jamil said Wednesday reduce, reuse and recycle can create a win-win situation for all as it has potentiality to generate green jobs especially in recycling busi-

'It can build a resource efficient economy,' he said while inaugurating inception workshop Formulation of National Strategy on Waste Reduce, Reuse and Recycle for Bangladesh' in Department of Environment organised the workshop.

Raja Devashis Roy, special assistant to the chief adviser, in-charge of the environment and forest ministry, was also present at the function as special

Chaired by environment and forest secretary AHM Rajaul Karim, the function was addressed by UNCRD director Kazunobu Onogawa and director general of Department of

Environment Khandaker Rashedul Haque.

Mahbub Jamil said industrial waste management in Bangladesh has been based on reactive approach. 'The new approach to solve the waste problem globally is based on proactive approach which is basically a preventive approach. This can be achieved through introducing Environmental Management System in the industries.'

said use Environmental Management System would show practical business results in terms of increased efficienreduced costs and reduced waste as well as environmental benefits.

Devashis stressed on cooperation of all the agencies concerned among the civil society. media and experts to overcome the problem of waste.

A significant number of representatives from varigovernment, autonomous and non-governmental organisations participated in the work-



3R Initiative

2004 G8 Sea Island Summit (U.S.) 3R Initiative was agreed upon. 2005 **Assistance to National 3R Strategy** Ministerial Meeting on the 3R Initiative **Development** started (Indonesia, (Tokyo) Philippines, Thailand, Viet Nam, Bangladesh, Cambodia) 2006 Senior Officials Meeting on the 3R Initiative (Tokyo) Asia 3R Promotion Conference (Tokyo) 2nd Senior Officials Meeting on the 3R 2007 Initiative (Bonn, Germany) 2nd Asia 3R Promotion Conference (Tokyo) **G8** Environment Ministers Meeting 2008 (Kobe) Kobe 3R Action Plan` agreed upon G8 Summit (Hokkaido, Toyako) Kobe 3R Action Plan' was endorsed EAS Environment Ministers Meeting (Hanoi) Japan's Proposal of Regional 3R Forum was appreciated 2009 Asia 3R High-level Seminar (Tokyo) **Preparatory Meeting of the Inauguration** of the Regional 3R Forum in Asia (Tokyo) G8 will follow up their progress in 2011



Regional 3R Forum in Asia

Goal:

To achieve *low carbon and sound material cycle societies in Asia* through facilitating bilateral and multilateral cooperation for increasing resource and energy efficiency through the 3Rs, and for promoting environmentally sound management of wastes in the region; to set in motion a regional mechanism to address 3R issues, needs and priorities in Asian countries, including emerging issues of concern in waste management.

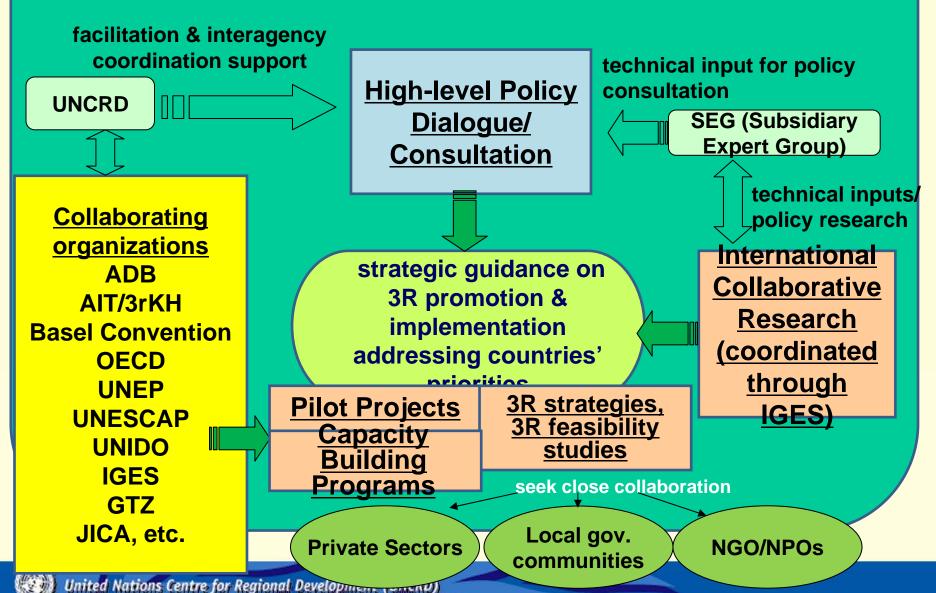
Objectives:

- (a) facilitate high-level policy dialogues on 3R issues, challenges, and opportunities;
- (b) facilitate improved dialogue and cooperation with international organizations and donor communities for materializing and implementation of 3R projects at local and national level identified through national 3R strategies;
- (c) provide a strategic and knowledge platform for sharing experiences and disseminating among Asian countries best practices, tools, technologies, policy instruments on various aspects of the 3Rs;
- (d) provide a platform to develop multilayered networks of stakeholders such as governments, academia, scientific and research community, private sector, and NGOs;
- (e) generate international consensus and understanding on the beneficial aspects of the 3Rs in the context of achieving MDGs, resource and energy efficiency, resource efficient economy, and climate change mitigation; and to
- (f) provide a platform for proliferation of national 3R strategies in developing countries.

Composition of Regional 3R Forum

- National, local government representatives (MoE, MoI, MPW, MOUD, etc.)
- Subsidiary Expert Group (SEG)
- Regional and international organizations, bilateral/multi-lateral donors
- NGOs and business sectors

Framework for Implementation of Regional 3R Forum in Asia



Subsidiary Expert Group

Expected roles:

- Provide necessary technical input to the policy consultations, share best practices/experiences in the relevant 3R areas
- Participate in the International Collaborative Research which is coordinated by IGES under the overall framework of the Forum, conduct relevant research, and share the results/findings to support the policy discussions in the Forum;
- Provide over all advisory support/strategic guidance in the implementation of the 3R related activities at local and national level.

Criteria for Selection of Expert Members:

- •Having sound understanding on the policy and institutional issues in developing countries concerning waste management/in one or more thematic areas of 3R
- •sound expertise in assessment of various technologies concerning 3R/waste management in the context of developing countries; considerable experience as a researcher and/or practitioner •sound understanding about the priorities of international donor communities in 3R/waste management.

3R Thematic Focus of the Forum

Waste Sectors:

- Municipal Solid Waste
- Industrial and Hazardous Waste
- Agriculture/Bio-mass Waste
- Construction Waste
- Medical/Health Care Waste
- Electric and Electronic Waste (e-waste)

Cross-Cutting areas:

- Resource Efficiency, Energy Efficiency (including CP aspects)
- •Climate Change Mitigation/Co-benefits/CDM (in the context of 3R/Waste Management)
- Social aspects/Poverty/MDG/Informal sectors
- •Illegal trade of wastes / transboundary movement of hazardous wastes
- •Research and development (3R technology assessment & evaluation, and resource cycle/circulation)

Regional 3R Forum in Asia: Scope of Activities

Regional 3R Forum in Asia

(provide umbrella framework for a wide range of activities)

Strategy dev't and implementation	Demonstra- tion projects	Reduction of GHG emissions (Co-benefits)	3R information and research network	Prevention of inappropriate and illegal trade of waste	Int'l collaborative research
 Support national 3R strategy dev't. Share experiences in national 3R strategy development. Facilitate implementation of national 3R strategies. 	 Develop regional facility to identify demonstration projects. Support demonstration projects. Convene Asia Congress for Reduction of Use in Disposable Plastic Bag. 	Support co- benefits projects (reduction of GHG emission + sound waste management).	 Compile/ disseminate 3R knowledge through the 3R Knowledge Hub (3RKH). Develop/ strengthen regional network among key institutions and experts. 	Facilitate international collaboration under the existing scheme of Asia Network for the Prevention of the Illegal Transboundary Movement of Hazardous Wastes.	• Launch international collaborative research to identify strategic policy options and their effectiveness towards sustainable resource cycles in the region.

(Source: adapted from MoE-J, 2009)

Establish linkage with & complement

- Solid & Hazardous Waste Thematic Working Group (under the Ministerial Regional Forum on Environment and Health)
- 3R Knowledge Hub (3rKH)
- Basel Convention
- ASEAN Working Group on Environmentally Sustainable Cities (AWGESC)
- Commission on Sustainable Development (CSD)
- MDGs
- Other relevant processes

Asian Countries' Priorities for Strategic Implementation of the 3Rs

- ➤ Mainstreaming 3Rs in environmental and economic policies and programs
- ➤ Mobilizing **financial resources** for Implementation of 3Rs
- Development of human resources as well to facilitate efficient diffusion of 3R knowledge and technologies
- ➤ Understanding and implementation of **co-benefits of the 3Rs** (GHG reduction etc.)
- Development of necessary organizational framework/support to deal with the informal sector
- Development and transfer of environmentally sound technologies for waste management and the 3Rs
- Empowering cities to build them as core clients for financing and investments towards implementation of 3Rs / materializing Sustainable or Eco City.
- Information sharing and technical capacity development for prevention of inappropriate and illegal trade of waste
- ➤ International collaborative policy research on sustainable resource cycles in Asia

Guiding Principles/Framework

TOKYO 3R STATEMENT

(To be adopted in Session 6 on Day 2)