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Box 2. Analysis of Antibodies and DNA using Faecal Samples from Wild Great Apes

With support from the Environmental Research & Technology Development Fund of the Japanese Ministry of the Environment, a research group at the Primate Research Institute (PRI) of Kyoto University has developed new methodologies for detecting variations in DNA and antibodies using faecal samples from wild bonobos. In collaboration with research and conservation groups, faecal samples were collected from bonobo populations at seven sites that cover much of their

絶滅危惧種のリストを作成するIUCN(国際自然保護連合)が策定したボノボの保護のアクションプランで、本環境省プロジェクトが遺伝的多様性と人獣共通感染症の調査、分析を担当

The research group at PRI would be happy to collaborate with any researchers working towards similar goals or to provide technical advice. Contact Takeshi Furuichi

本研究課題の成果

