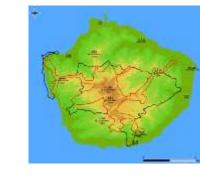


Relationship between World Heritage and Biosphere Reserve: A Comparative Study between Yakushima and Shiretoko









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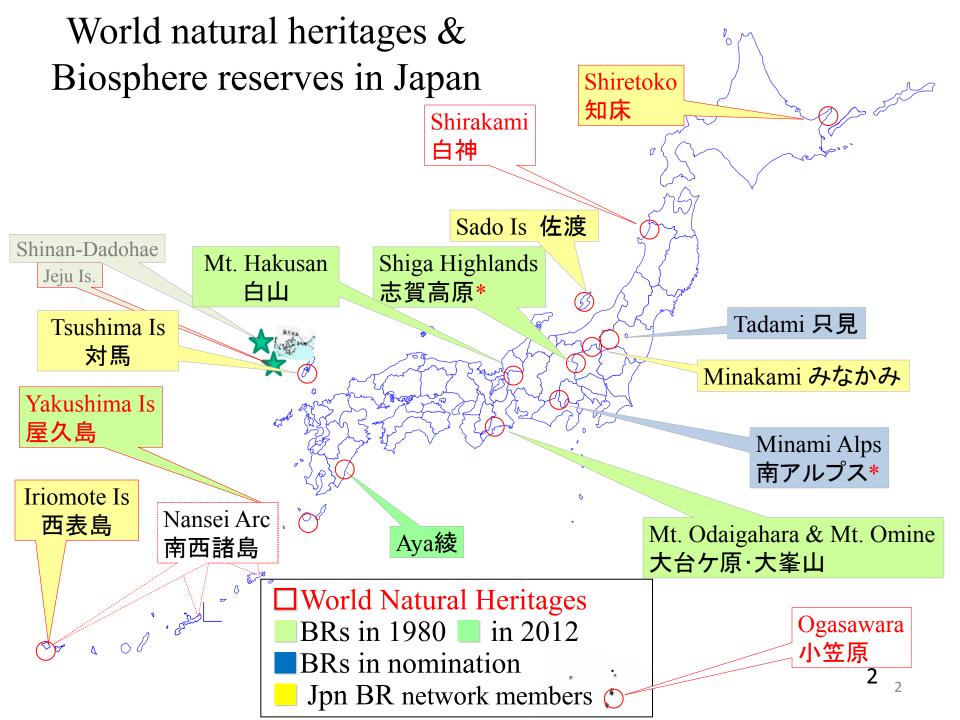






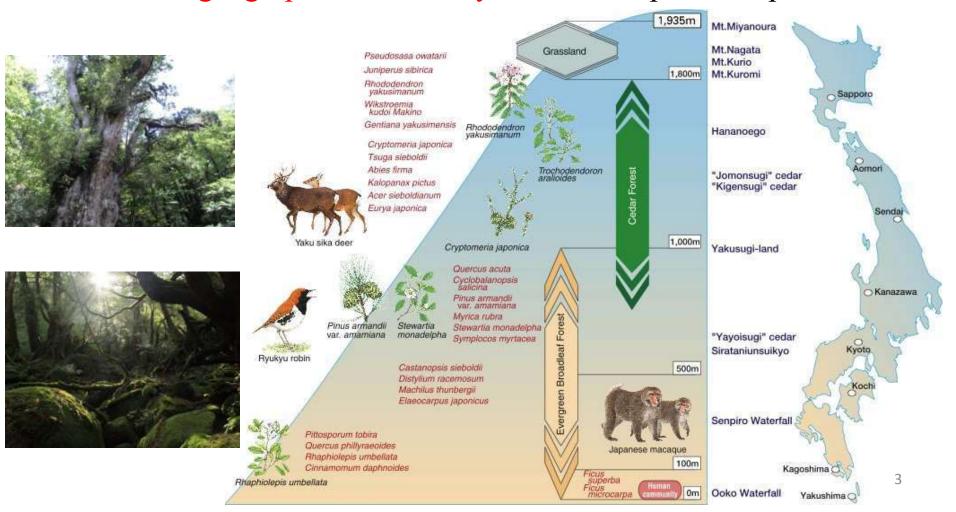






Yakushima World Heritage inscribed in 1993

- Satisfies Criteria vii) landscape and ix) Ecosystem
 - vii: Virtical distribution of flora with steep Mt & heavy rain
 - ix: Biogeographical boundary between tropical/temperate



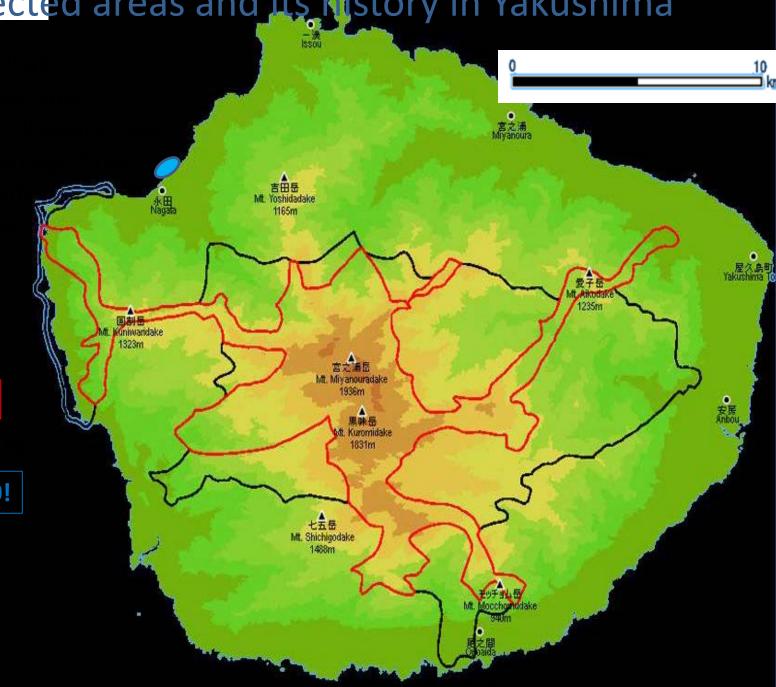
Protected areas and its kistory in Yakushima

1964~Nation 1975~Wilder 1981~Biospl 1993~World 2005~Ramsa (Nagata B

Core = 7599ha

Buffer =11,3

Transition = 0!



National Park and World Heritage area National Park Area Wilderness Area World Heritage Yakushima Island National Park Area 42% World Heritage Area 20% Forest 90%

World natural heritage & Biosphere reserve

- UNESCO Convention
- Top-down control by nation & convention
- "WH in danger"
- Protection of core area
- Protection of the value
- 5 yr periodic review
- Started from 1972

- UNESCO Programme
- Engagement of all relevant stakeholders
- no "BR in danger"
- +Sustainable use of transition area
- Creation of the value
- 10 yr periodic review
- Started from 1971

Protection, Conservation, Restoration:

From wilderness to ecosystem services



Rachel Carson

(1907-1964)

Aldo Leopold (1887-1948)



Sustainability?

1992~

2005~



Ecosystem services

Biodiversity



1980~

Sustainable Development





19c ~

Protection of wilderness



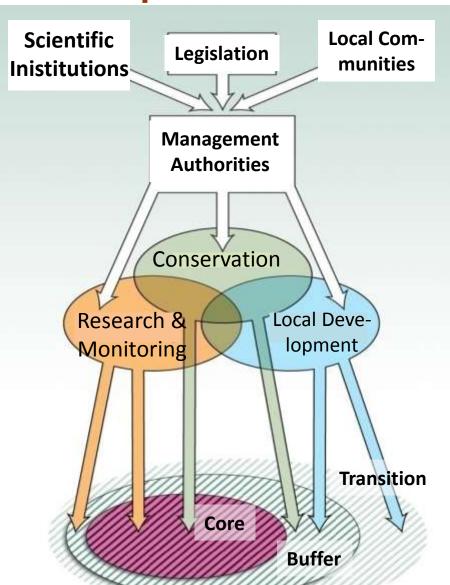
保存(P-type)

保全(C-type)

BR, Ramsar

WNH

UNESCO's Man and the Biosphere Programme Biosphere Reserves – Key Features



Zoning – means to meet the challenges of biodiversity management in multi-use areas with the objective of sustainable development.

Organizational/governance arrangements – enabling involvement of all actors in management and decision-making processes.

New forms of institutional cooperation and links between different levels of economic and political decision making.

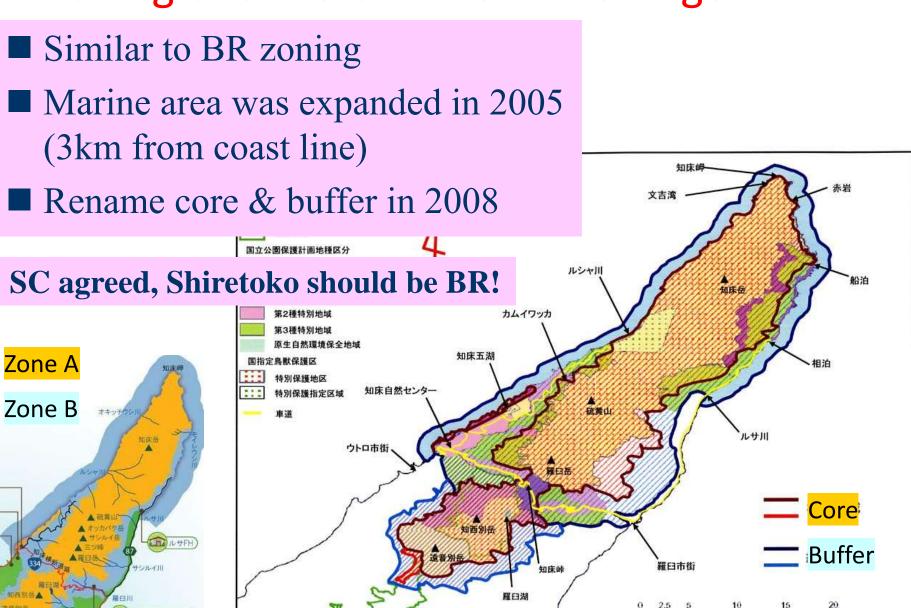
Engagement of all the relevant stakeholders.



Shiretoko WH satisfies criteria vii (ecosystem) and x (biodiveristy)

- vii: Interaction of marine and terrestrial ecosystems, largely influenced by seasonal sea ice at the lowest latitude, the primary producer provides the source of food for marine and terrestrial species.
- x: A number of endangered and endemic species (e.g., Blackiston's fish owl), globally important for salmonids, marine mammals (Steller's sea lion and cetaceans) and,threatened sea birds and migratory birds....

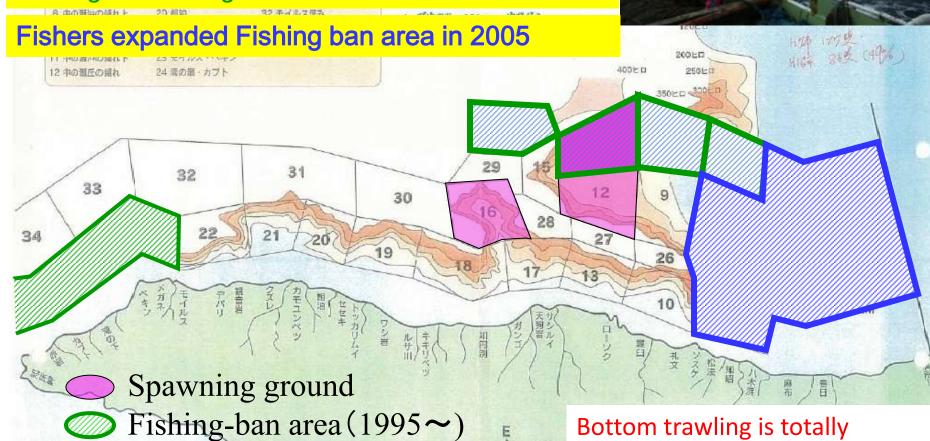
Zoning of Shiretoko World Heritage as of 2004



Fishing ground exists in WH area! "MPAs" to protect Walleye pollock

177 boats fished walleye pollock in 1995
Decreased to 86 boats in 2004 (49% reduction)
Compensation to retired fishers by Fisheries Organization
Fishing ban during Mar 20-end since 1995

Fishing-ban area (2005~)



Mitsutaku Makino's idea

prohibited in the coastal area

Rausu Fishers

IUCN/UNESCO "Report of the reactive monitoring mission 18-22 February 2008



The mission team also applauds the

bottom up approach to management through the involvement of local communities and local stake-holders, and also the way in which scientific knowledge has been effectively applied to the management of the property through the overall Scientific Committee and the specific Working Groups that have been set up. These provide an excellent model for the management of natural World Heritage sites elsewhere.

Shiretoko's episode during World Heritage is one of the 6 impact stories in 2010





The International Association for the Study of the Commons

Founder=E. Ostrom

The leading professional association dedicated to the commons

Impact Stories

http://www.iasc-commons.org/impact-stories

Co-management in Japanese coastal fisheries

Articles and Photographs: Mitsutaku MAKINO, M.A., M. Phil., Ph.D., Fisheries Research Agency Japan Country: Japan

Type of resources involved: Coastal Ecosystem

What change happened Marine Policy 33 (2009) 207-214

After the listing of the ccplan was enacted in ord rights system, traditions officially incorporated as:

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Marine Policy

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/marpol

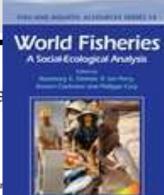
to observe the changes

fishers' organizations of

positive appreciation in Expanding fisheries co-management to ecosystem-based mana more incentives to noA case in the Shiretoko World Natural Heritage area, Japan conservation. This is "Mitsutaku Makino", Hiroyuki Matsuda", Yasunori Sakurai c

nominate to the UNES' National Research Institute of Fisheries Science, Fisheries Research Agency, 2-12-4, Fukuura, Kanazawa, Yokohama 236-8648, Japan nominate to the UNES' Faculty of Bivironment and Information Sciences, Yokohama National University, 79-7, Tokiwadai, Hodogaya, Yokohama 240-8501, Japan Graduate School of Fisheries Sciences, Hokkaido University, 3-1-1, Minatomachi, Hakodate 041-8611, Japan environment", which ofte





HARDING STATES



Problem of Bear Management at Shiretoko WH



















5 years later, we may need

- Option 1: More killing of nuisance bears
- Option 2: More control of tourists
- Choice of stakeholders...

Brown bears aren't scared of humans, and humans aren't scared of brown bears

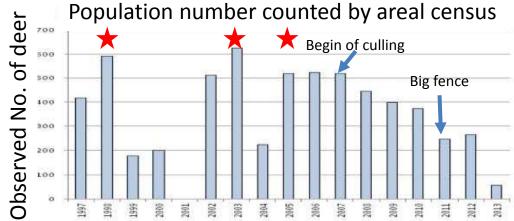


Adaptive deer management in cape Shiretoko (2007-)

http://www.env.go.jp/council/12nature/y124-03/mat05_1.pdf









Before irruption (July 1990) Beautiful flowers existed, Bamboo shoots were high



Effect of fencing: September 2011 Outside: Bamboo shoots is low Inside: Mugwort stand >1.5m

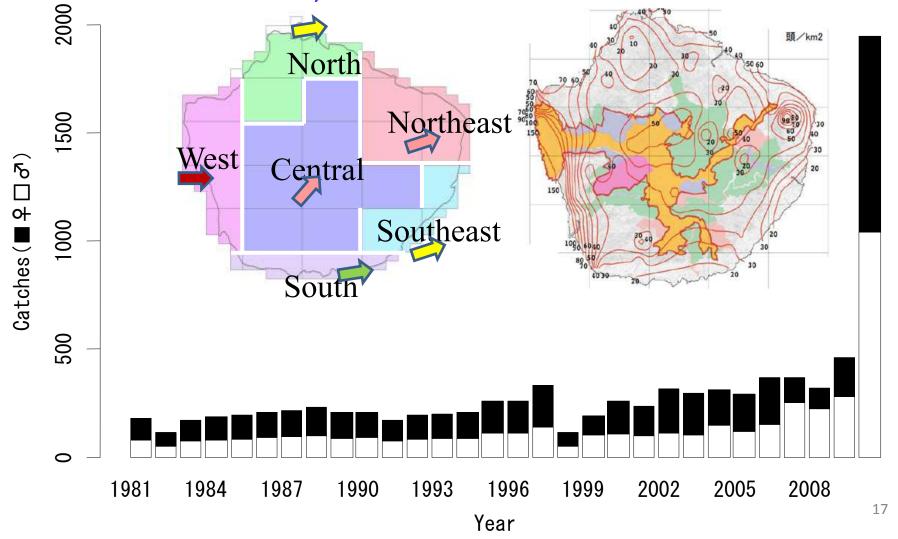
Population control in core area of world natural heritage (> releasing wolves)



- 1. Deer abundance successfully decreased.
- 2. Monitor recovery process of natural vegetation. 16

Deer management in Yakushima BR since 2011

In Core area, deer control is most difficult!



Thank you for attention! Conclusion

- We need control even in Japanese WH area.
- Bottom-up approach is effective if agreed.
- Scientists give options, stakeholders choose.
- BR Core/WH area is strictly protected in order to use natural capitals in transition area
- BR/WH are education sites for sustainability





