### **COUNTRY UPDATES**

### **ASIAN NETWORK WORKSHOP 2024**

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### **CURRENT REGULATIONS**

- 1. Republic Act (RA) 6969: Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Act of 1990
  - covers the sound and proper management of industrial chemicals and hazardous wastes in all aspects of its life cycle
- 2. Department Administrative Order 1992-29
  - Implementing rules and regulations of RA 6969

3. Department Administrative Order 1994-28: Interim Guidelines for the Importation of Recyclable Materials Containing Hazardous Substances

Recyclable materials that are allowed to be imported:

- 1. Scrap metals
- 2. Solid plastic materials
- 3. Electronic assemblies and scrap
- 4. Used oil
- 5. Fly-ash

- 4. Department Administrative Order 2013-22: Revised Procedures and Standards for the Management of Hazardous Wastes
  - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) is classified as hazardous waste under waste number M506.
  - Electronic assemblies and scraps are allowed to be imported for recycling, as well as secondhand
     Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE) for direct resale/ trading.
  - Hazardous wastes are allowed to be exported for recovery, treatment and final disposal to countries which are parties to the Basel Convention or to countries with existing bilateral, multilateral and regional agreements.

### CHAPTER 10 OF DAO 2013-22: IMPORT OF RECYCLABLE MATERIALS CONTAINING HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND EXPORT OF HAZARDOUS WASTES

- For the control of importation of wastes, for recovery, recycling and reprocessing may be allowed only
  upon obtaining prior written approval from the Competent Authorities
- All importers of recyclable materials must first register with the DENR through the EMB
- Each shipment of imported recyclable material must be covered by an Importation Clearance (IC)
  which should be applied for at least thirty (30) working days prior to the actual importation. Application
  is though EMB- Online Permitting and Monitoring System

### CHAPTER 10 OF DAO 2013-22: IMPORT OF RECYCLABLE MATERIALS CONTAINING HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND EXPORT OF HAZARDOUS WASTES

- Wastes to be Imported must have a definite receiving facility with the essential environmental permits and clearances
- Exporter has the responsibility to retrieve/return the wastes when denied entry
- Import and Export of hazardous waste shall follow the requirements and procedures of the Basel Convention

### **SOLID PLASTIC MATERIALS**

- No Importation of heterogeneous and unsorted plastic materials shall be allowed.
- All plastics shall have no traces of toxic materials like Asbestos.





#### **ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES AND SCRAP**

Waste electrical and electronic assemblies or scrap (including printed circuit board) not containing components such as:

- •accumulators and other batteries included on list A ( of the Basel Convention)
- mercury-switches
- •glass from cathode-ray tubes and other activated glass and PCB-capacitors
- •or not contaminated with annex I such as cadmium, mercury, lead, polychlorinated biphenyl or from which these have been removed, to an extent that they do not possess any of the characteristic contained in Annex III

### **ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES AND SCRAP**

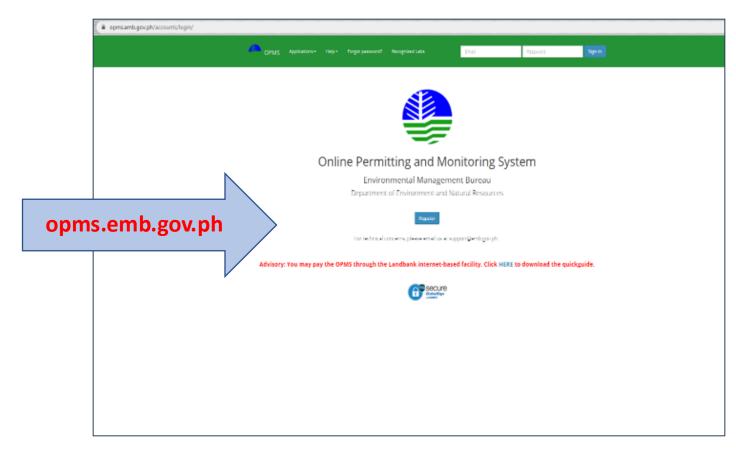
### Specific Items:

- a) All electronic assemblies containing Printed Circuit Board
- b) Electronic components containing hazardous substances such as T.V.s, VCR, stereo, etc.





## Online Permitting and Monitoring System (OPMS) Importation Clearance Application

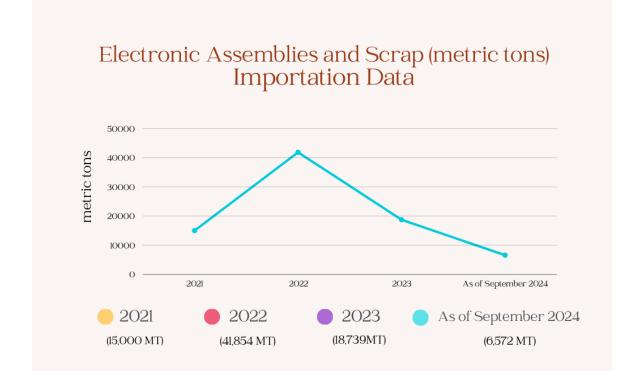


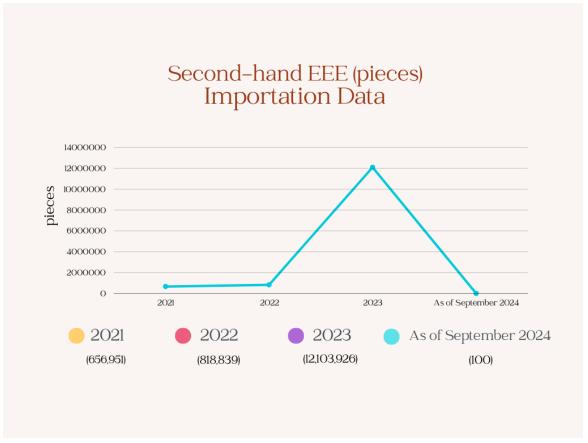
#### 5. DAO 2010-06: Guidelines on the Use of Alternative Fuels and Raw Materials in Cement Kilns

- Guideline on the registration and permitting requirements, standards and procedures on coprocessing of alternative fuels and raw materials (AFR) for clinker for cement production.

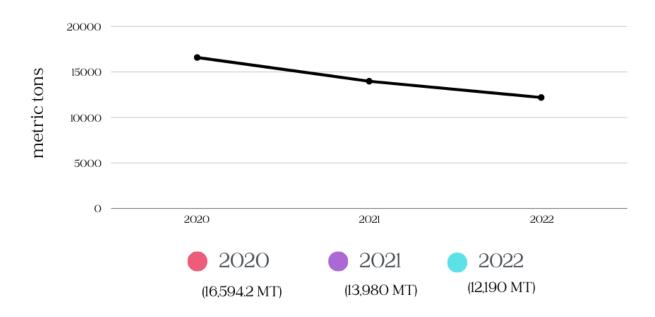
## 6. DAO 2021-14: Amendment on some provisions of DAO 2010-06: Guidelines on the use of alternative fuels and raw materials in cement kilns

- Inclusion of the term Flame Retardant Combustible Plastics such as Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE) and other-containing plastic wastes.
- Clarification that all WEEE or e-wastes except dismantled and segregated PBDE-containing plastic wastes are not acceptable for co-processing.





### Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (MT) Export Data





## COMMON PRACTICES OF E-WASTE MANAGEMENT BEFORE THE PROJECT INTERVENTION











### **ACHIEVEMENTS**

















3 MRFs upgraded to TSD facilities for e-wastes Green jobs created Collection of CRTs from the Samahan ng Mangangalakal Dismantling of CRTs and other e wastes Strong role of CSO and gender mainstreaming recognized by UNIDO and GEF LGU
ordinance
on e waste
managemen
t adopted by
1 LGU- San
Jose del
Monte,
Bulacan

E waste collection events organized by selected EMBROs and LGUs

Revenues generated and used as seed money for the operations (post project)









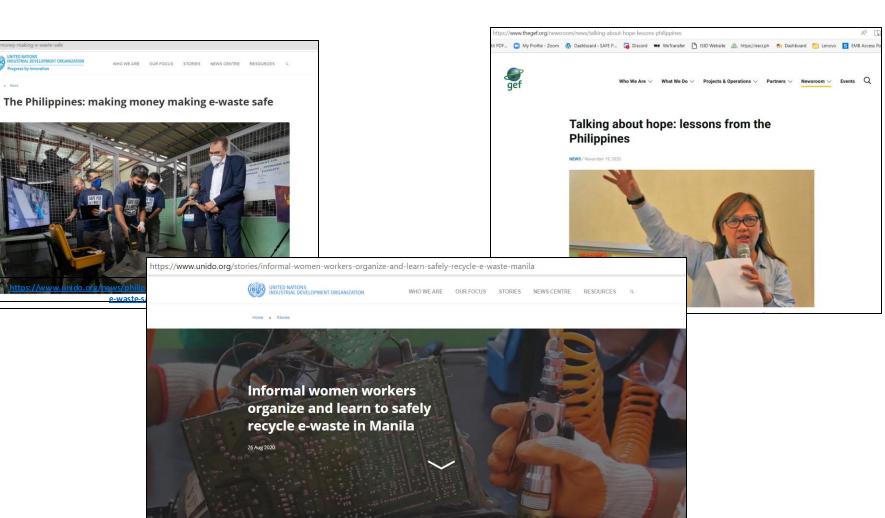




### **UNIDO / GEF WEBSITE FEATURES**



UNIDO DIRECTOR GENERAL'S SITE VISIT TO THE TSD FACILITY IN BAGONG SILANG (2022)



### **CHALLENGES**

- Issue on WEEE vs UEEE, some countries do not classify UEEE as hazardous waste and thus do not issue prior notifications before export
- Falls Declaration to bypass regulatory controls
- Limited number of registered service providers for the transport, treatment, storage, and final disposal of WEEE
- Illegal transboundary movement of WEEE and secondhand EEE
- Delayed CA reponses

### **Status of Response to the Amendments**

 The Philippines has not yet ratified the Basel Ban Amendment and currently conducting a cost-benefit analysis to assess its economic, environmental and regulatory impacts.

## Question? Clarifications?

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