

Fourteenth Asia Pacific Seminar on Climate Change September 21-24, 2004



Presentation outline

- Carbon Market & projects portfolio
- India and Kyoto protocol
- Indian CDM Project development
- Concerns in CDM





CDM Milestones

- CDM Registry : early 2005
- Registration : August 2004
- EU:ETS CDM LD Adopted
- 4 OEs designated (24/2)
- COP9 operationalizes
 LULUCF
- Several SSCPDDs for validation
- Several PDDs/PINs flying
- India No. 1: Investor's HC ranking destination for CDM under Point Carbon survey



Size of the CDM market?

Decline in price of carbon

Dilution of Kyoto commitments

Forest management 77.4 mtCO₂
258.7 mtCO₂

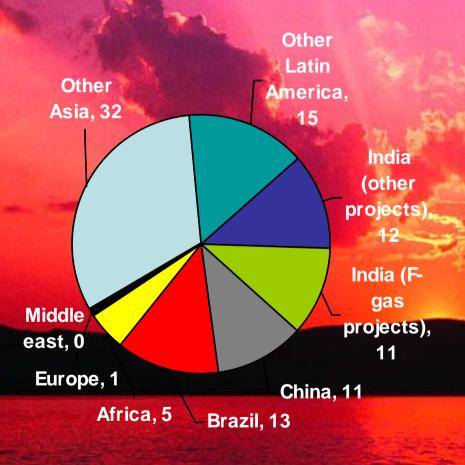
US withdrawal 1555.7 mtCO₂

Hot air 339.1 ntCO₂

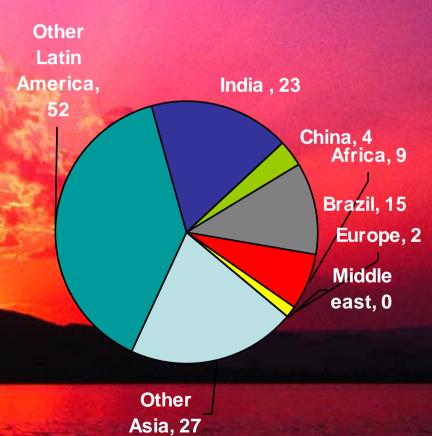


Projects distribution: CDM





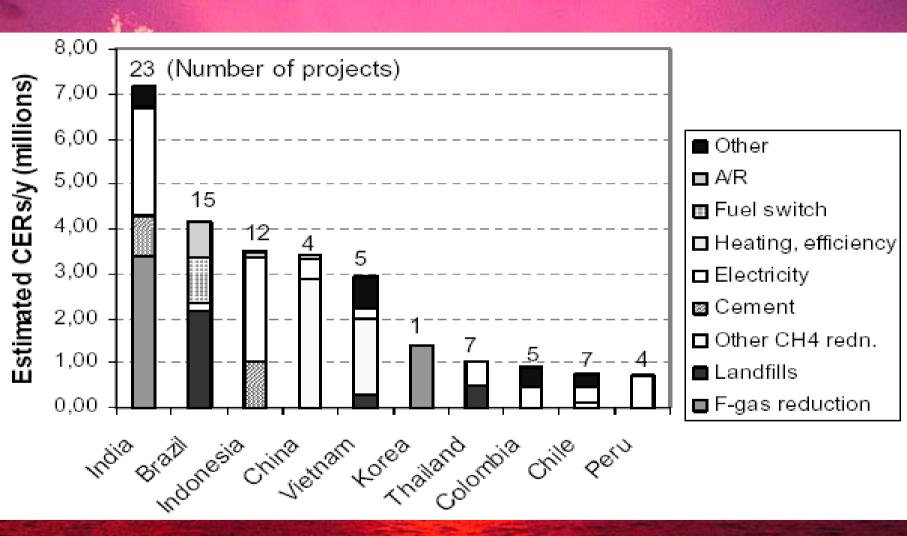
No. of projects





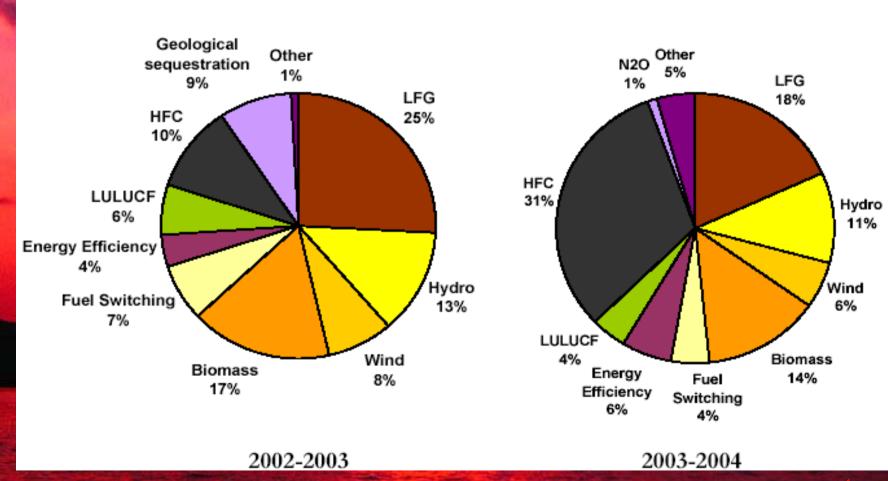
Source: OECD June '04

CDM Portfolio: Top 10 countries

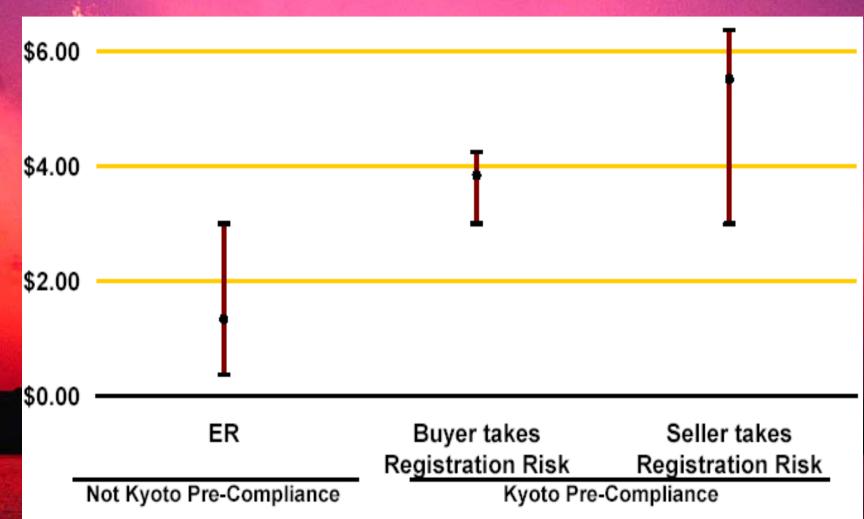




Technology share of projects 2003 - 2004 (%)



Prices for non-retail ERs (03-04)









India and the Kyoto Protocol

- Kyoto Protocol acceded in August 2002
- Hosted COP 8 (2002)
- Presidency of COP (2002-03)
- Climate Technology Bazaar & Conferences (2003)
- Establishment of DNA (December 2003)



CDM: Destination India

NATIONAL STRENGTHS

Large Democracy & A Free Press

On a fast Track of Growth

Large Skilled Human Resource Base

Independent Judiciary

ECONOMIC BASE

Strong Financial Markets

Strong
Industrialized
Base and
Record of
Entrepreneurship

Huge
Potential
in
Infrastructure
and Industrial
Development





Source: MoEF, GoI

National Strategy Study - India

Objectives

- Assess issues & opportunities presented by potential international markets for GHG offsets
- Evaluate processes & methodologies to facilitate CDM project cycle

Partners

- TERI
- IDFC & Legal expert
- INFRAS AG
- Ernst Basler+Partners Ltd.
- LASEN, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology

Tasks and activities

- Review of studies on national and sectoral CDM potential
- Modelling scenarios of international demand for GHG offsets
- Recommendations on institutional, legal, financial, and regulatory issues
- Pipeline of potential projects and methodological guidelines

Emphasis on capacity building and project development





Host Country Approval

Formats consistent with international Best practices

Submission of PCN & PDD
To DNA

Single Window Clearance

Review and Clarifications
If any

- About 60 days from submission to issuance of Approval
- Simple and straight forward documentation
- Meetings every
 Month or when there
 is project load
- 25 projects approved till June 2004

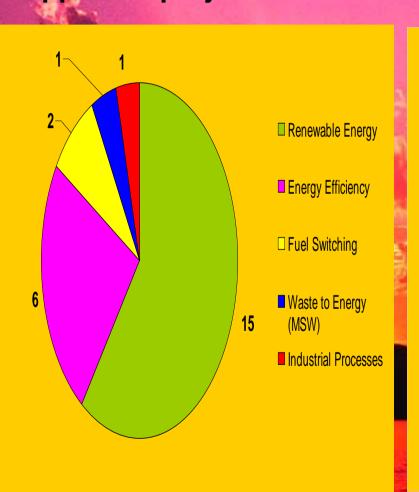
Issuance of Approval Letter

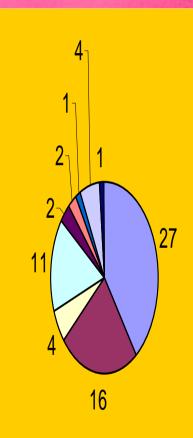


Indian update on CDM

DNA approved projects: 25 Nos.

NSS Call for PINs: 68 Nos.

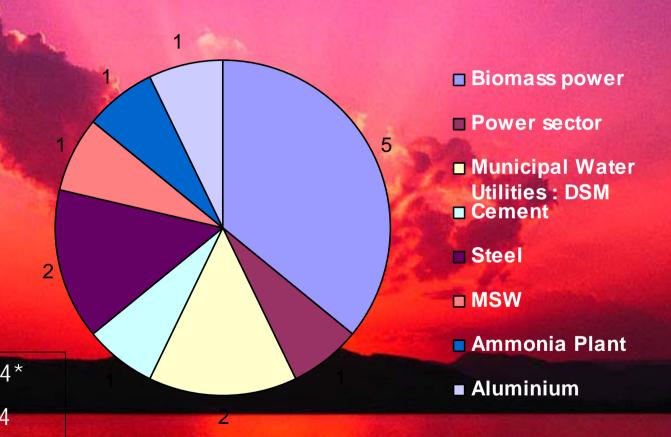




- Renewable Energy
- Energy Efficiency
- □ Power
- Waste to Energy
- Transport
- Building
- Agriculture
- ☐ Fuel Switch
- Industrial Waste Use



New methodologies submitted to CDM EB



Withdrawn: 1
Pending: 5

Approved

Rejected

* 2 with modifications





PDD development

- Largely consultant driven
- Different service packages
 (full fee, success fee, donors fund, buyers fund, loan facility, in-house)
- RE, EE in industries & hotels,
 Power sector
- All KP gases except SF6
- Enhanced corporate participation
- Mostly unilateral CDM

NSS Survey results:

- 25 PDD consultants involved in atleast 1 PDD
- 46 PDDs from 8 consultants
 (1.7 Mn CERs/yr)
- 40 PDDs by one consultant
- One PDD on HFC to yield close to one Mn CER/yr
- 25 PDDs under donor programme
- 150-200 PDDs being developed



Source: MoEF, GoI

Eligibility level

CDM Executive Board

- The Supreme court

(SSCP, PDD, DOE, New Methodologies, DNA)

National & Local level

Social

(Employment :quality, livelihood of poor, participatory, energy access, non-depriving, local awareness/capacity/skills etc.,)

Economic

(Employment :quantity, income, local economy, energy enhancement, net increase in foreign exchange etc.,)

Environmental

(Net +ve impacts, maintain status of natural resources & agricultural activity etc.,)

Technology

(Technology status, TT, Replicability, Skill levels etc.,)



Buyers perspective



100% CER ownership

Quality CERs? (WWF-Gold Standards)



500 EURO



Sellers wish list!

Reasonable price

Better price

Higher price

Advance payments (risky?)

Project participation

Debt facilitation

Bundling?

Technology Transfer

IMPORTANT LOOKOUT

Simplified National &

International procedures





Eligibility level
Buyers perspective
National & Local level

Sellers wish list



Sector level

Statewise CDM project pipeline?
Analysing existing project pipelin
Likelihood of implementation
High abatement potential at LAC
Similar projects
Replicability (Risky?)
Technical & financial competence

Technical & financial competence O&M, R&S capabilities

Local skills

Indigenous technology levels

Transfer of technology



CDM sectoral List: Indian scenario

Power Sector (EA 2003)

Renewable Energy (EA 2003)

Waste to Energy (SC order)

Energy Efficiency (ECA 2000)

Fuel Switching (picking-up)

Transport (no takers/complex)

LULUCF (Recent addition: COP9)

HFCs (large volume and cheap, SD?)

Agriculture (Unclear)



CDM and Rural electrification Destination: India

Rural electrification through Renewables

- ◆ 18000 villages by 2012 (balance 52000 through grid)
- Village Electrification Programme (VEP) by MNES,
 - **Budget allocation of 756 Million USD (2012)**
 - SPV, Biomass, Mini Hydro, Wind battery chargers
- Community development oriented VEP
 - Involvement of power utilities in rural electrification
- CDMability of such projects?





Investment Influencing factors

Project
Investment
decision

Host of
Non-CDM
factors viz.,
resource, technology,
investments, debt,
approvals etc.,



Investment Influencing factors

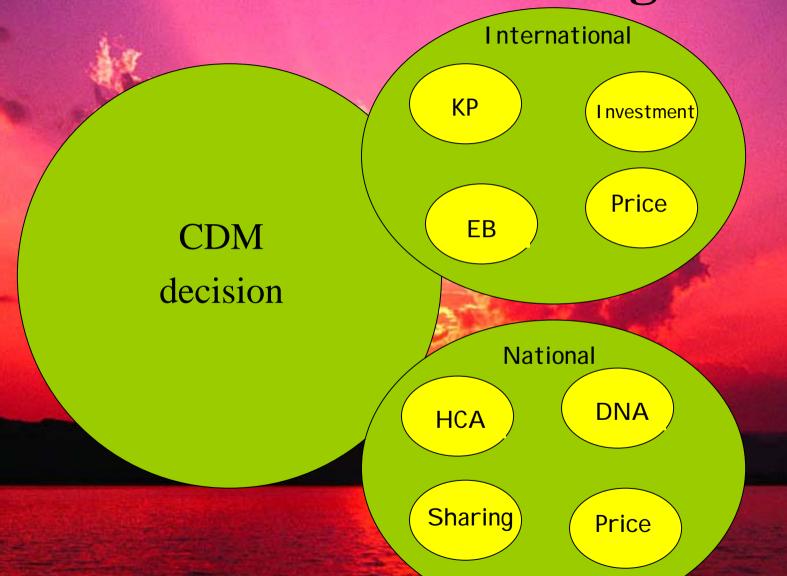
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Investment Influencing factors





NSS launch – feedback

- No prioritization of sectors
- No additional SD criteria
- DNA need of the hour
- Capacity enhancement of key stakeholders (Private sector, FIs, insurance,
 - regulators, industry associations, policy makers etc.,)
- Legal status, sharing, taxing of CERs
- Regulatory concerns : additionality







PDD developers' concerns



- Limited access to authentic data for BL development – DNA to facilitate the same
- Difficulties in convincing promoters
- Time consuming approval process at CDM EB
- Lack of clarity on additionality
- Frequently changing M&P
- Need for a national pool to promote SSC, unilateral projects etc.,
- Low price and less access to CDM finance
- National level CDM project development fund



SSC: Barriers/Challenges

- High transaction cost
- Difficult M & P (e.g monitoring)
- Additionality
- Lack of verifiable data / references
 / confidential data (financial)
- Lack of plausible BL scenarios
- Sustainable Development components
- Lack of bundling cases & institutions
- Unilateral projects?
- Financing / Risk mitigation options (e.g nondelivery)



SSC barriers: Mitigation

- Bundling & same DOE (waiver of 2 % AF)
- Sample monitoring methods (standards)
- Standard list of additional SSC projects
- Institutions to develop CDM data banks
- To follow approved BL scenarios
- Local SD aspects (economical benefits
 - > social or vice versa)
- Manufacturers / FIs as bundlers
- CDM EB should decide quickly on UL CDM
- Involving Insurance Cos (sell part CERs?)





Features of a successful PDD

- Addressing local needs
- Involvement of local community
- Authenticity and consistency in facts and arguments
- Crisp PDD (avoid story telling!)
- Analyse all possible baseline scenarios
- Follow CDM EB guidance on additionality
- High level of clarity with the promoter
- Use CER revenues for local developmental activities





Ongoing Donors programme Vs Sectors

Sector	Donor Agency							Under call for CDM tenders		
	GTZ India	Canada : Pembi na	FCO, UK: Ecosec urities	Japan : NEDO	EU : IT Power, ECN	IDFC :PCF	Rabo India	CERUPT	SICLIP (Sweden)	Finland
Renewable Energy			三秦	E		ا ي.	Sing.			
Wind Power				一個	èic.					
Small Hydro				-	1					
Biomass	4.		200							
Co-generation	Charles (罗月围								
Waste to Energy			- 8 Bit				ALC: SE			
Solar			-							
Energy Efficiency										
Fuel Switch										
Transport		STATE OF						Sinte &		
Coal Bed Methane				4 直升		450				
Power Sector				馬馬						



Enabling environment for CDM

- National CDM Authority Regulatory and promotional role
- Various legislations (energy and environment)
 additionality
- Role of states in encouraging CDM minimize conflicts and disincentives
- Entitlements of CERs
- Transaction costs
- Strengthening local operational entities, FIs, insurance sector
- Promotion of small and rural oriented projects
- Synergising bilateral & multilateral capacity building efforts in India (awareness, development, and facilitation)

TERI's initiatives in CDM

- **※ National Strategy Study : The World Bank**
- **© Country baseline for Ministry of Non-Conventional**
 - Energy Sources (MNES) (report posted for comments:http.//mnes.nic.in)
- Developing CDM projects in power sector for Ministry of Power
- Developing CDM projects for private sector
- Capacity building (brain storming, training programme, workshops)





Thanks for all your attention!

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