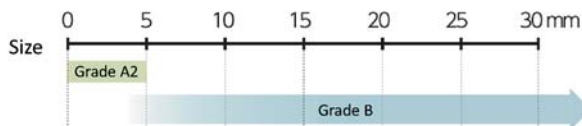


A nodule, which might also be called a lump, is an irregular density of thyroid cells.



Nodules

* The part circled with a dotted line is a nodule.

- Nodules may be benign or malignant (cancerous), and most are benign. Even if a detected nodule is 5.0 mm or smaller, if the Confirmatory Examination is considered to be necessary, the diagnosis is Grade B.
- It has been widely known that many cases of thyroid cancer are occult (latent), showing no symptoms or health effects over a lifetime. Occult thyroid cancer is 5.0 mm or smaller in most cases and it is considered to be disadvantageous for patients to detect and treat them. Accordingly, it is generally recommended not to conduct a detailed examination, such as cytological testing, for nodules of 5.0 mm or smaller.
- Therefore, in the Thyroid Ultrasound Examination conducted through the Fukushima Health Management Survey, the Confirmatory Examination is not performed for nodules of 5.0 mm or smaller; instead, an ultrasound examination (Primary Examination) is to be conducted in 2 to 5 years.

Prepared based on the Report on the Fukushima Prefecture's Fukushima Health Management Survey (FY2019)

A nodule, which might also be called a lump, is a thyroid cell with irregular density. Some nodules are malignant, but most are benign.

It has been known that thyroid cancer is often latent, presenting no symptoms or health effects over a lifetime. Thus, detecting all cancers and forcing patients to receive treatment may be sometimes rather disadvantageous, so a detailed examination, such as cytological testing, is not generally conducted for small nodules. In the Thyroid Ultrasound Examination conducted through the Fukushima Health Management Survey, the Confirmatory Examination is not performed for nodules of 5 mm or smaller; instead, the next regularly scheduled ultrasound examination (Primary Examination) is to be conducted.

In some cases, a person once diagnosed as Grade A1 is diagnosed as Grade A2 or Grade B in the next examination, or conversely, a person once diagnosed as Grade A2 is subsequently diagnosed as Grade A1.

Included in this reference material on March 31, 2013

Updated on March 31, 2021