

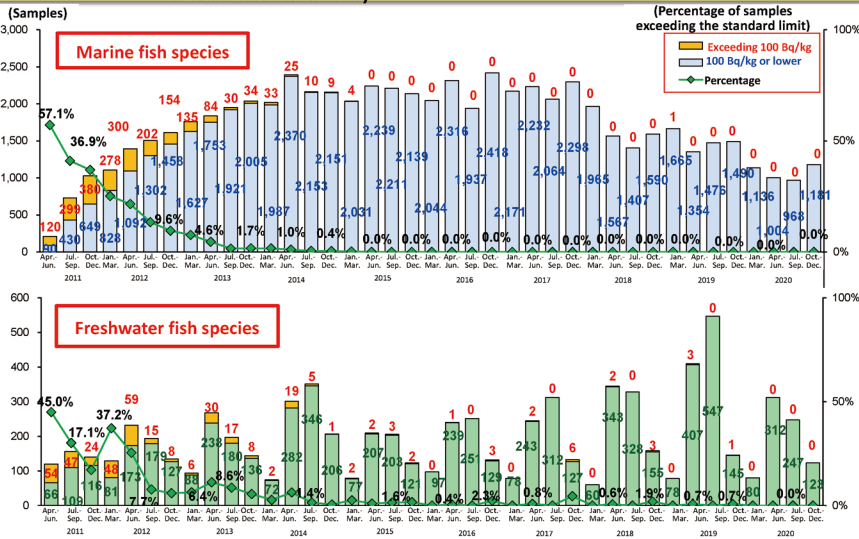
○ **Monitoring is conducted once a week or so based on the "Concepts of Inspection Planning and Establishment and Cancellation of Items and Areas to which Restriction of Distribution and/or Consumption of Foods Concerned Applies"**

- The fish species in which radioactive cesium exceeding 50 Bq/kg has been detected and major fishery products are intensively inspected.
- Inspection results of neighboring prefectures are taken into account.

Coastal fish (e.g., Japanese sand lance, seabass, flounders, etc.)	Sea areas off prefectures are divided into zones in consideration of catch landing, fishery management and seasons, etc. and samples are collected at major ports.
Migratory fish (e.g., Skipjack tuna, sardines and mackerels, Pacific saury, etc.)	Fishing grounds are divided into zones off each prefecture from Chiba to Aomori (by lines extending along the prefectural borders to the east) in consideration of migration of fish, etc., and samples are collected at major ports of each zone.
Inland water fish (e.g., YAMAME (land-locked cherry salmon), Japanese smelt, Ayu sweetfish, etc.)	Prefectural areas are divided into zones appropriately in consideration of fishery rights, and samples are collected in major zones.

Fishery Products

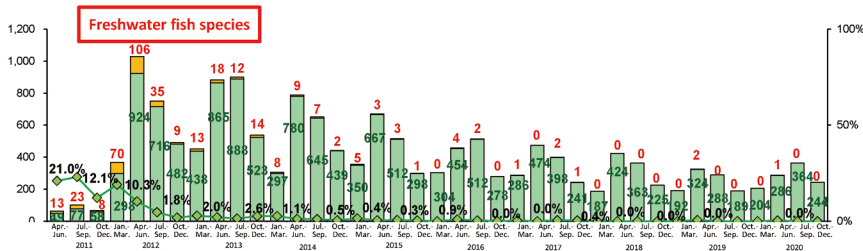
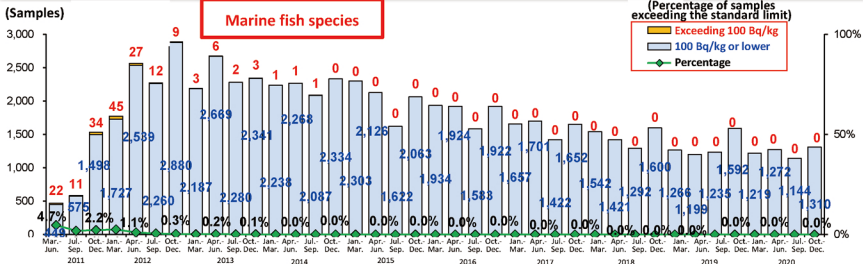
Inspection Results for Fishery Products (Marine Fish Species Caught off the Coast of Fukushima Prefecture and Freshwater Fish Species Caught in Fukushima Prefecture)



Survey results from March 24, 2011, to December 31, 2020, tabulated by the Fisheries Agency

Fishery Products

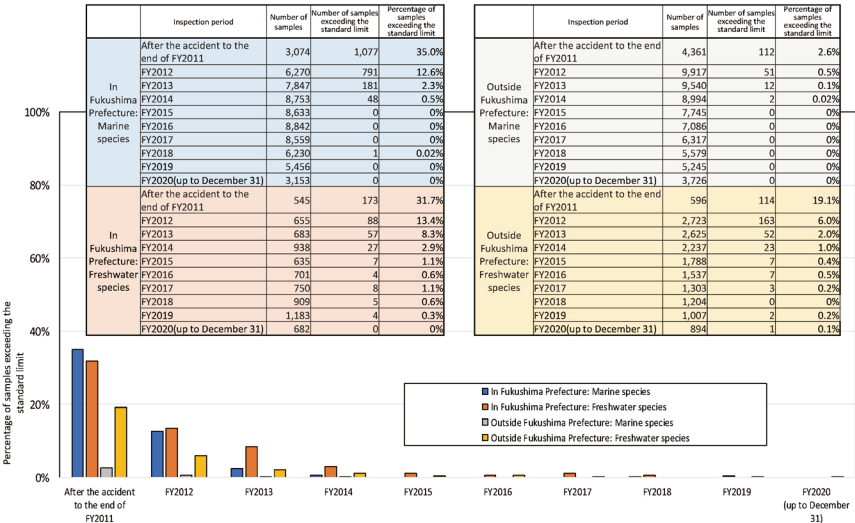
Inspection Results for Fishery Products (Marine Fish Species Caught on the Coast of Prefectures Other than Fukushima Prefecture and Freshwater Fish Species Caught in Prefectures Other than Fukushima Prefecture)



Survey results from March 24, 2011, to December 31, 2020, tabulated by the Fisheries Agency

MAFF

Chronological Changes in Inspection Results for Fishery Products



* Inspection results are tabulated on a nationwide basis.

Provision of Information on Place of Product Origin to Consumers

○ Since October 2011, it has been recommended to display places of origin of fresh fishery products, mainly those caught on the Pacific side of eastern Japan, by dividing the sea areas into 7 zones and clarifying these zone names.

Zones for migratory fish

[Migratory fish species]

Salmon shark, blue shark, shortfin mako shark, sardines, salmon and trout, Pacific saury, Japanese amberjack, Japanese jack mackerel, marlins, mackerels, bonito and tunas, Japanese flying squid, spear squid, and neon flying squid

Line of 200 nautical miles off the coast of Honshu

(i) Pacific Ocean off the coast of Hokkaido and Aomori

(ii) Off the coast of Sanriku (northern part)

(iii) Off the coast of Sanriku (southern part)

(iv) Off the coast of Fukushima

(v) Off the coast of Hitachi and Kashima

(vi) Off the coast of Boso

Due east line extending to the east from Nojimazaki, Chiba

(vii) Northern part in the Pacific Ocean (in Japanese waters) off the coast of Japan

Due east line extending from the border between Aomori and Iwate Prefectures

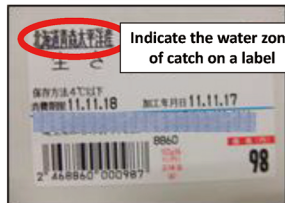
Due east line extending from the border between Iwate and Miyagi Prefectures

Due east line extending from the border between Miyagi and Fukushima Prefectures

Due east line extending from the border between Fukushima and Ibaraki Prefectures

Due east line extending from the border between Ibaraki and Chiba Prefectures

Display example



Indicate the water zone of catch on a label

