Basic Information on Thyroid Thyroid Exposure Evaluation of the Interim Report on Thyroid Cancer Compiled by the Expert Meeting on Health Management After the TEPCO's Fukushima Daiichi NPS Accident

The Expert Meeting* compiled the Interim Report (December 2014), wherein it considered the following points concerning the thyroid cancer cases found through the Preliminary Baseline Survey of Thyroid Ultrasound Examination conducted as part of the Fukushima Health Management Survey, and concluded that "no grounds positively suggesting that those cases are attributable to the nuclear accident are found at this moment."

* Expert Meeting on Health Management After the Fukushima Dailchi Nuclear Accident

- Thyroid exposure doses of residents after the accident at Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO)'s
 Fukushima Daiichi NPS are evaluated to be lower than those after the Chernobyl NPS Accident.
- ii) In the case of the Chernobyl NPS Accident, increases in thyroid cancer cases were reported four or five years after the accident and this timing is different from when thyroid cancer cases were found in the Preliminary Baseline Survey in Fukushima.
- iii) Increases in thyroid cancer cases after the Chernobyl NPS Accident were mainly observed among children who were infants at the time of the accident. On the other hand, the survey targets diagnosed to have or suspected to have thyroid cancer in the Preliminary Baseline Survey in Fukushima include no infants.
- iv) The results of the Primary Examination did not significantly differ from those of the 3-prefecture examination (covering Nagasaki, Yamanashi and Aomori Prefectures), although the cohort was much smaller in the latter.
- v) When conducting a thyroid ultrasound examination as screening targeting adults, thyroid cancer is generally found at a frequency 10 to 50 times the incidence rate.

Source: Interim Report (December 2014), Expert Meeting on Health Management After the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Accident (http://www.env.go.jp/chemi/rhm/conf/tyuukanntorimatomeseigohyouhannei.pdf, in Japanese)

The Expert Meeting on Health Management After the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Accident examines various measures concerning dose evaluation, health management and medical services from an expert perspective.

It publicized the Interim Report in December 2014 and concluded that regarding the thyroid cancer cases found through the Preliminary Baseline Survey of Thyroid Ultrasound Examination conducted as part of the Fukushima Health Management Survey, "no grounds positively suggesting that those cases are attributable to the nuclear accident are found at this moment."

The Expert Meeting points out the necessity to continue the Thyroid Ultrasound Examination as follows.

• The trend of the incidence of thyroid cancer, which is especially a matter of concern among the residents, needs to be carefully monitored under the recognition that radiation health management requires a mid- to long-term perspective in light of the uncertainties of estimated exposure doses.

(Related to p.142 of Vol. 2, "Thyroid Ultrasound Examination: Remarks on the Results of the Preliminary Baseline Survey")

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