Radioactive of Items ar		of Inspection Planning and Establishment and Cancellation nd Areas to which Restriction of Distribution and/or ion of Foods Concerned Applies	
		Local governments marked with ○ and ○ (those marked with ■ and △ should conduct inspections correspondingly)	
		Municipalities (exceeding half of the standard limits)	Other municipalities
	Exceeding half of th standard limits	3 or more samples	1 or more samples*1
	Beef meat Once every three months for each farm household*2		ch farm household*2
Milk		Periodically for each cooler station*3	
	Inland water fish  Marine fish  Periodically*4		lly*4
1: It is permissible to divide a prefecture into multiple zones across municipalities and conduct inspections for three or more samples in each of those			
22: For farm households whose feeding management has been recognized as appropriate by the relevant local government, it would suffice to conduct inspections once every 12 months or so.  37: This does not apply in cases where the relevant local government recognizes appropriate feeding management and there are no areas subject to distribution restrictions for raw milk and where inspection results for the latest three years are all below half of the standard limits.  48: Inspections of marine fish by Iwate Prefecture are to be conducted in consideration of the past inspection results.			

This table shows the required number of samples and frequencies of inspections for local governments whose inspections detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding the standard limits (those marked with  $\bigcirc$  ) and local governments whose inspections detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits (those marked with  $\bigcirc$  ).

Prepared based on the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare's website, "Measures for Radioactive Materials in Foods" 停车勞働省

The "Concepts of Inspection Planning and Establishment and Cancellation of Items and Areas to which Restriction of Distribution and/or Consumption of Foods Concerned Applies" (March 24, 2017) by the Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters specifies as follows.

"Regarding local governments that have detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits in any food under this food classification since April 2016, inspections should be conducted for three or more samples for each municipality in the areas where radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits were detected (marked with ⊚ in the table). In other areas (marked with ⊙ in the table), inspections should be conducted for one or more samples for each municipality (it is permissible to divide a prefecture into multiple zones across municipalities and conduct inspections for three or more samples in each of those zones).

Included in this reference material on March 31, 2013 Updated on February 28, 2018