Measures for Radioactive	Prefectures and Fo	od	Ite	ms	to	be	Ins	pec	ted	l (It	ems	fo	r wl	hich	1			
Materials in Foods	Cultivation/Feeding	Ma	nag	em	ent	is [	Diff	icul	t ar	nd L	og-	gro	wn	Mu	shr	oor	ns)	
Food items for which cultivation/feeding management is difficult and relevant prefectures to be inspected																		
		Aomori	Iwate	Akita	Miyagi	Yamagata	Fukushima	Ibaraki	Tochigi	Gunma	Chiba	Saitama	Tokyo	Kanagawa	Niigata	Yamanashi	Nagano	Shizuoka
Items with radioactivity concentrations exceeding the standard limits	Wild mushrooms and wild plants		•		0	0	0	•	0	0	•				0	0	0	0
	Wild bird and animal meat		0		0	•	0	0	0	0	•				•			
Items with radioactivity concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits but not exceeding the standard limits	Wild mushrooms and wild plants			•	•		•		•									
	Honey	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	1-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Marine fish		_		-		-	0	0	×	×	0	×	_	-	-	×	×	-
Inland water fish		-	0	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Log-grown mushrooms to be inspected and relevant prefectures to be inspected																		
		Aomori	Iwate	Akita	Miyagi	Yamagata	Fukushima	Ibaraki	Tochigi	Gunma	Chiba	Saitama	Tokyo	Kanagawa	Niigata	Yamanashi	Nagano	Shizuoka
Log-grown mushrooms		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	<b>A</b>	•	$\blacktriangle$	•	•	•
Classification based on inspection results for the latest one year (from April 1, 2016, to February 28, 2017)  • Items wherein radioactivity concentrations exceeding the standard limits were detected (for fishery products, those wherein radioactivity concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits were detected)  • Items wherein radioactivity concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits were detected) the standard limits were detected)  Items requiring inspections in consideration of the difficulties in management (wild mushrooms and wild plants), the mobility (wild bird and animal meat), or the status of distribution restrictions (marine fish)  • Items requiring cultivation management and monitoring based on the influence of radioactive materials on materials used for production  - Items that are not classified by relevant prefectures as those requiring inspections based on inspection results for the latest one year  × Nothing applicable													eding					
X:Nothing applicable																		

In FY2016, more than five years after the accident at Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO)'s Fukushima Daiichi NPS, radioactivity concentrations had decreased as a whole and food items with radioactivity concentrations exceeding the standard limits had become limited. Therefore, the national government reviewed inspection methods to make them more reasonable and efficient by reconsidering prefectures to be inspected, while ascertaining opinions of consumers and other related parties.

Based on the results of such review, inspections were streamlined centered on items whose cultivation/feeding is manageable to enhance efficiency. At the same time, as inspection results had been accumulated, the approach for deciding prefectures and items to be inspected and lifting distribution restrictions was reviewed and inspection targets are as shown in the table above as of FY2017.

With regard to items for which cultivation/feeding management is difficult, prefectures where inspections need to be continued are specified for each item in consideration of the difficulties in management therefor.

With regard to log-grown mushrooms, prefectures where inspections need to be continued are also specified considering the influence of radioactive materials on materials used for production.

Included in this reference material on February 28, 2018