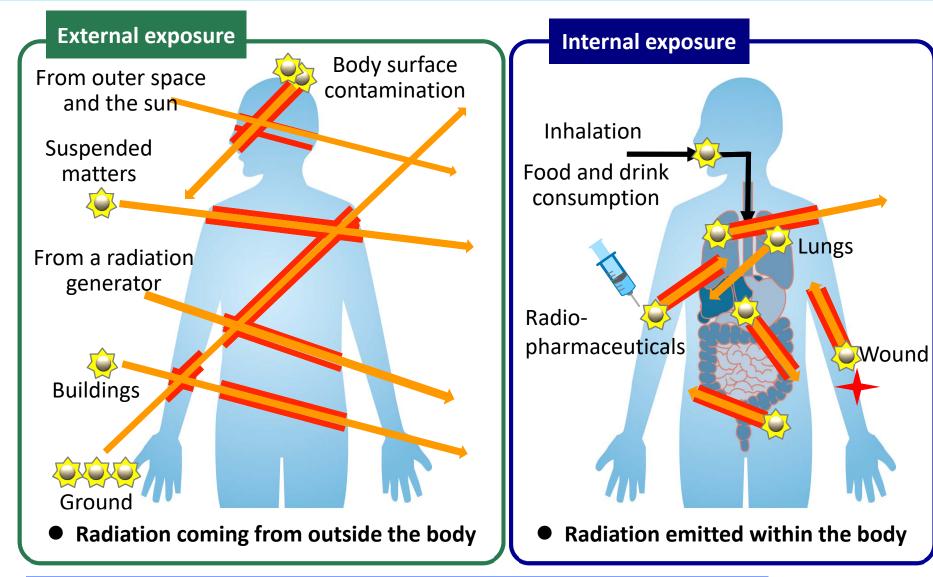
Internal and External Exposure



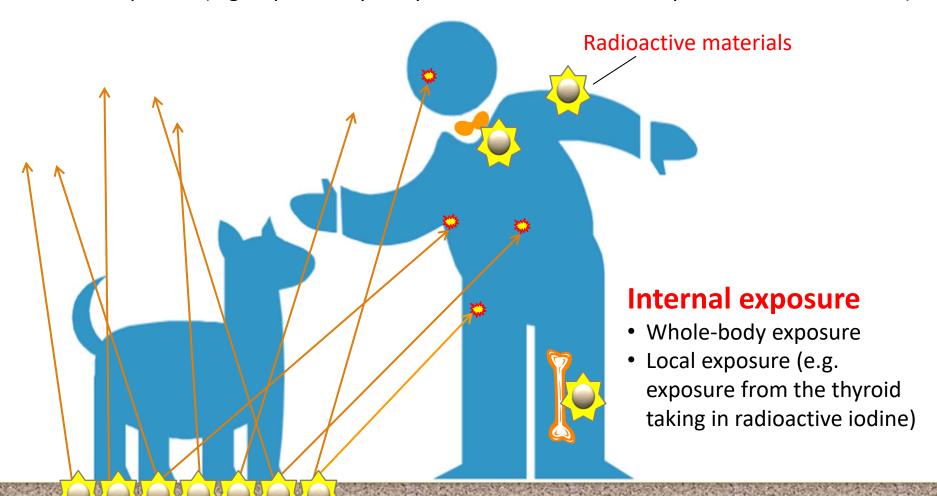
The body is equally exposed to radiation in both cases.



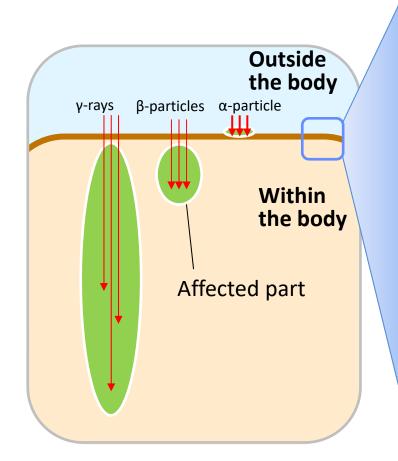
Various Forms of Exposure

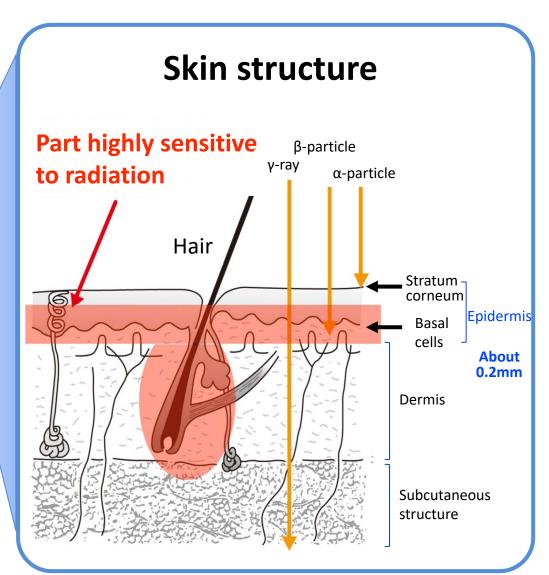
External exposure

- Whole-body exposure
- Local exposure (e.g. exposure by X-ray examination or local body surface contamination)



External Exposure and Skin





Internal Exposure

(i) Ingestion

From the mouth (swallowing)
Absorption through the digestive tract

(ii) Inhalation

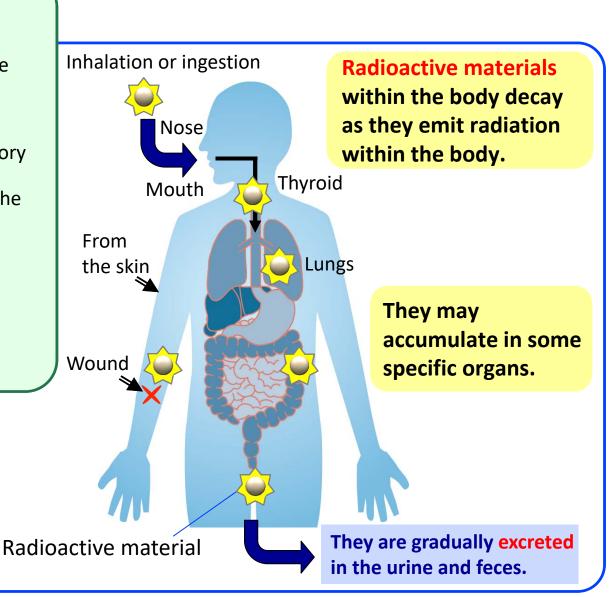
Incorporation from the respiratory airways
Absorption from the lungs and the surface of the airways

(iii) Percutaneous absorption

Absorption from the skin

(iv) Wound contamination

Contamination from a wound



Internal Exposure and Radioactive Materials

The characteristics of radioactive materials that especially cause problems in internal exposure

- (i) α -emitters > β -emitters or γ -emitters
- (ii) Materials that enter easily but are difficult to excrete
- (iii) Materials that are likely to accumulate in specific organs

Radioactive materials