Measures for Radioactive Materials in Foods Consumption of Foods Concerned Applies

	Local governments marked with 😳 and 😑 (those marked with 🔳 and 🔺 should conduct inspections correspondingly)	
	Municipalities (exceeding half of the standard limits)	Other municipalities
Exceeding half of the standard limits	3 or more samples"	1 or more samples
Beef meat	Once every three months for each farm household *2	
Milk	Periodically for each cooler station ⁺³	
Inland water fish Marine fish	Periodically	
of those zones. *2: For farm households whose feeding m conduct inspections once every 12 mo radioactive cesium has not been detec imported feed or feed produced in fiel	into multiple zones across municipalities and conduct inspection anagement has been recognized as appropriate by the relevant nths or so. However, inspections may be omitted for cattle (i) be ted at levels exceeding half of the standard limits for the last thr ids other than those subject to voluntary suspension of distribut ment confirms that measures are being taken to prevent use of a	local government, it would suffice to ing fed by farm households where ee years, (ii) being fed only with

: Local governments whose inspections detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding the standard limits (exceeding half of the standard limits for fishery products)
: Local governments whose inspections detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits (excluding those categorized above)

Local governments requiring cultivation management and monitoring based on the status of the influence of radioactive materials on materials used for production

I cocal governments designated as inspection targets in the Attachment to the "Concepts of Inspection Planning and Establishment and Cancellation of Items and Areas to which Restriction of Distribution and/or Consumption of Foods Concerned Applies" (March 30, 2023, Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters)

repared based on the "Concepts of Inspection Planning and Establishment and Cancellation of Items and Areas to which Restriction of Distribution and/or Consumption 🛛 🔗 厚生労働省

This table shows the required number of samples and frequencies of inspections for local governments whose inspections detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding the standard limits (those marked with \bigcirc) and local governments whose inspections detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits (those marked with \bigcirc).

The "Concepts of Inspection Planning and Establishment and Cancellation of Items and Areas to which Restriction of Distribution and/or Consumption of Foods Concerned Applies" (March 30, 2023) by the Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters specifies as follows.

• Regarding local governments that have detected radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits in any food under this food classification since April 2022, inspections should be conducted for three or more samples for each municipality in the areas where radioactive cesium concentrations exceeding half of the standard limits were detected, and for one or more samples for each municipality in other areas (it is permissible to divide a prefecture into multiple zones across municipalities and conduct inspections for three or more samples in each of those zones) (marked with ◎ and ○ in the table).

For the cancellation of items and areas to which restriction of distribution and/ or consumption of foods concerned applies, the following conditions are presented: inspection results within the latest one month are all below the standard limits for at least three locations per municipality, in principle; and for crops such as log-cultured shiitake mushrooms, for which cultivation management is especially required to keep radioactive cesium concentrations below the standard limits, factors causing contamination exceeding the standard limits are surely removed through management, etc.

Included in this reference material on March 31, 2013 Updated on March 31, 2024

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