Nissan Chemical Corporation

		Companies' approach
1	Background and purpose of accounting	 Nissan Chemical has promoted Responsible Care (RC) activities, that aim to secure environment, health and safety (EHS) performance on a voluntary basis throughout the entire process, from development of chemical substances to manufacture, distribution, use, final consumption and disposal / recycling and form communication with society through the announcement of their results. To ensure our EHS initiatives, we have selected "countermeasure to address climate change" as the material issue and calculated our indirect GHG emissions via value chain, from purchasing raw materials to use and disposal by customers. We'd like to set our targets for reducing GHG emissions based on "Paris Agreement" to declare that Nissan Chemical is a sustainable company, when disclosing ESG information to stakeholders involving investors.
2	Utilization of accounting results	 The accounting results have been applied to responding to CSR questionnaires from CDP and other organizations. We have disclosed the accounting results by our website pages to share with stakeholders and used them at dialogues.
3	Benefits of accounting	 The accounting results are helpful to comprehend the status of GHG emissions in the value chain and develop our policy for reducing GHG emissions. Ensuring social reliability for our company by disclosing information of accounting results, we could expect long term investments.

Nissan Chemical Corporation

		Companies' approach
4	Internal system for accounting	 Environment, Safety and Quality Assurance dept. collects data of amount of activities from following related business divisions and departments and calculates GHG emissions. Data for purchasing raw materials facility investments business trips and commutation (from the financial dept.), outsourcing production (from related business divisions) and logistics (from the subsidiary logistic company and related business divisions) are collected. CSR & Public Relations Office confirms the calculated data.
5	Efforts to reduce supply chain emissions	 To develop compact agrochemical formulations that contain a high concentration of active ingredients to reduce packaging materials, waste products and GHG emissions from manufacturing and delivering. To supply performance materials as our products to contribute to develop products with high environmental performance. To promote developments of environmentally friendly products. To reduce GHG emissions for logistics through measures such as promoting modal shifts, enhancement of transporting unit, improvement of load efficiency, replacing vehicles with energy-saving and practicing eco-driving. To encourage value chain to reduce GHG emissions with focus on contract manufacturers, based on calculated data of GHG emissions.
6	Issues in supply chain emissions accounting	 It is difficult to improve accuracy of calculated data since collecting actual data at upstream of value chain is limited. Social system which enables easier data collection and calculation is required. Further smart accounting system is required.

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Catagory	Accounting methods ※Accounting period : April 2019 - March 2020		
Category	Activity data	Emission factor	
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	Items and money amounts of all purchased goods and services	SC-DB [5] Emission rate based on inter- industry relations table (based on money amounts)	
Category 2: Capital goods	Facility investments	SC-DB [6] Emission rate for prices of capital goods	
Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities not included in Scope 1 or 2	Procurement volume for each category of energy	 SC-DB [7] Emission rate of electricity and energy use IDEAv2 	
Category 4: Transportation and delivery (upstream)	 GHG emission data annually reported by specific cargo owner in accordance with Energy Saving Act. Ton-kilometer of weight of the products purchased 	 Emission factor in accordance with Energy Saving Act. Emission rate for improved Ton-kilometer in accordance with Energy Saving Act. IDEAv2 	
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	Disposed amounts for each category of wastes	SC-DB [9] Emission rate for each category of wastes	
Category 6: Business travel	Amount of payments for traffic expenses	SC-DB [11] Emission rate for traffic expenses paid	
Category 7: Employee commuting	Number of employees and number of working days	SC-DB [14] Emission rate for number of employees and for number of working days	
Category 8: Leased assets (upstream)	N/A, involved in Scope 1 and 2		

SC-DB: Emission rate database for calculating GHG emissions through supply chain (Ver. 3.0)

IDEAv2: Inventory Database for Environmental Analysis V2.3 for calculating GHG emissions through supply chain

Nissan Chemical Corporation

Category	Accounting methods ※Accounting period : April 2019 - March 2020		
Category	Activity data	Emission factor	
Category 9: Transportation and delivery (downstream)	Sales amounts of Pesticide products	• IDEAv2	
Category 10: Processing of sold products	Calculated by sales amounts using GHG emission data at main customers		
Category 11: Use of sold products	Sales amounts of GHG products		
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products	 Container weights data responding to Containers and Packaging Recycling Act Sales amounts of chemical products requiring disposal 	SC-DB [9] Emission rate for each category of wastes	
Category 13: Leased assets (downstream)	Area of rental buildings	SC-DB [16] Emission rate for each use of buildings	
Category 14: Franchises	• N/A		
Category 15: Investments	• N/A		
Other	Nothing		

SC-DB: Emission rate database for calculating GHG emissions through supply chain (Ver. 3.0)

IDEAv2: Inventory Database for Environmental Analysis V2.3 for calculating GHG emissions through supply chain

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