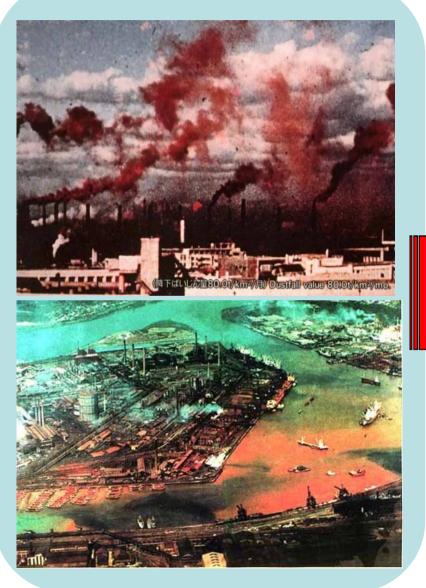


Creating Green Cities in Asia through Intercity Cooperation



Overcoming Severe Pollution: Kitakyushu's Experience

1960s



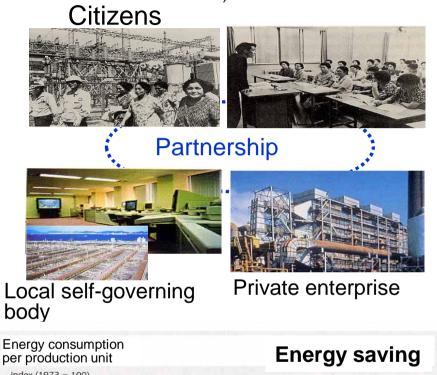
Today

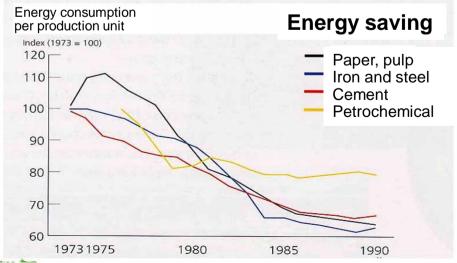


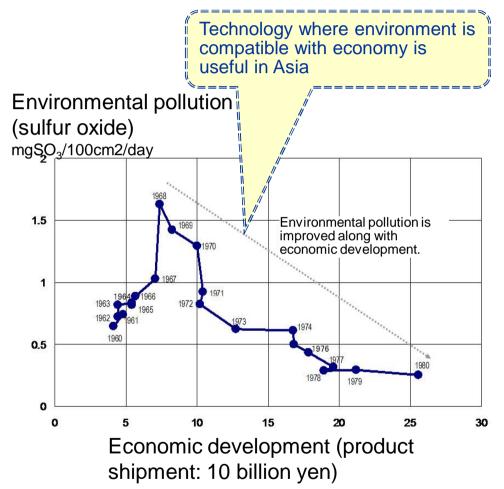


Factors of environmental improvement

Environmental pollution control is started by initiatives of citizens' groups, and conquered by measures taken in cooperation with enterprises, universities and administration. Throughout energy saving done by enterprises achieve both pollutant discharge elimination and production cost reduction (economical development and environmental conservation).







Source: World Bank MEIP "Experience Inspection of Japan"

Why Intercity Cooperation?

Building friendly relationships with Asia by taking advantage of our experience in overcoming pollution



No. of trainees to Kitakyushu: 8,207 from 156 countries

No. of experts sent overseas: 192 to 25 countries

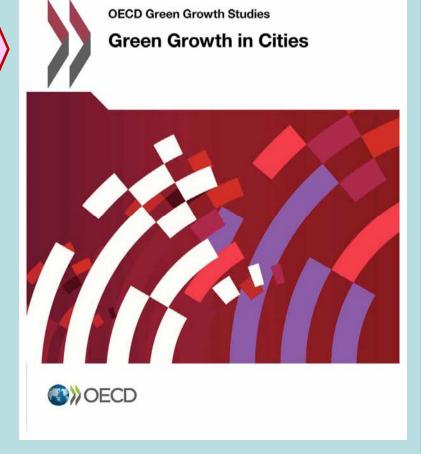
(As of the end of March 2016)

Promotion of environmental improvement projects

Selected as a Green Growth City by OECD

Together with Paris, Chicago, Stockholm!

Joint report on four cities



G7 Kitakyushu Energy Ministerial Meeting



Kitakyushu Initiative on Energy Security for Global Growth Joint Statement

- Energy Investment for Global Growth
 Gas Security
- Nuclear Energy and Safety
- Cyber Security ,Electricity Security
- Innovation and Development of Energy Technologies

Kitakyushu Asian Center for Low Carbon Society

Center established as engine for green growth activities

Concept: Developing interactions that place value on the relationship between cities and that will help Japan gain respect from international society in order to contribute to the creation of green cities in Asia



Compile the experiences and know-how of the city from the process of overcoming pollution and becoming an environmental city in order to Create the "Kitakyushu Model"

141 projects in cooperation with 106 Japanese companies and universities in 57 Asian cities

Exporting Green Cities Using the Kitakyushu Model

Create the "Kitakyushu Model," which is a systematic compilation of the technology and know-how of the city from the process of overcoming pollution to becoming an environmental city.

Support tools to create sustainable green cities that integrate waste, energy, water and sewage, and environmental protection.



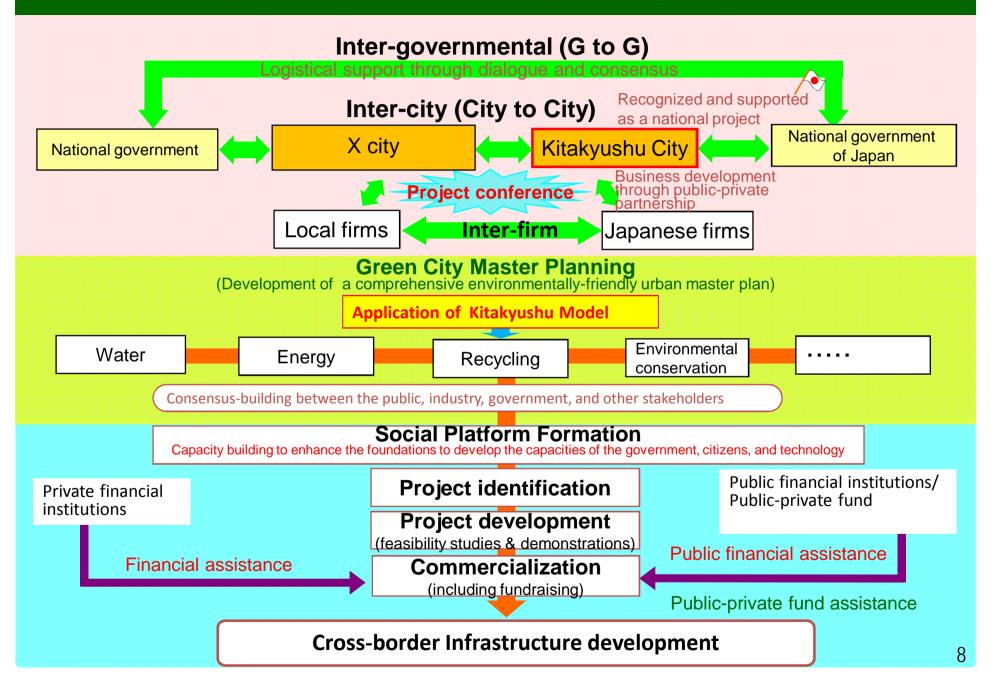




—Organization of the Kitakyushu Model— **Work Procedures** Kitakyushu's **Waste Management 1** Baseline and policy Review **Story** Sustainable **Energy Management** ②Developing a Strategy urban Overcoming pollution development **Water Management 3Technical Strategy** History as (Sustainability Development green city framework) Background of **4** Strategy Testing and Measurement Tools **Pollution Management** the Kitakyushu Model **Transportation Management** (5) Procurement and Financing

Kitakyushu's case

Development Scheme for Exporting Green Cities



Kitakyushu's Involvement in Large-Scale JCM Project Development

Promotion of low-carbon development of entire cities using intercity cooperation



<FY 2013- 2015 > Low Carbon City Planning Project in Surabaya, Indonesia Target areas: Energy, waste management, transportation, water resources

Participating Japanese companies: 13



Green Sister City agreement signed (Nov 2012



Haiphong, Viet Nam: Major port city in Viet Nam with a population of 1.9 million

<FY 2014-2016>Green Growth Promotion Plan of the City of Hai Phong

Target areas: Low-carbon city planning, energy, waste management,

conservation of Cat Ba island

Participating Japanese companies: 10



Sister city agreement signed (Apr 2014)



skandar, Malaysia: 2nd largest economic zone in Malaysia

<FY 2014-2016> GHG Emissions Reduction Project in Iskandar

Target areas: Waste-to-energy, energy savings and industrial waste recycling in an industrial estate

Participating Japanese companies: 4



Consultation with Mayor of Pasir Gudang City (Feb 2015)



Rayong Province, Thailand: Major heavy chemical industrial zone in Thailand with 2 large industrial parks

<FY 2015-2016>GHG Emissions Reduction Project in Rayong Province

Target areas: Waste-to-energy project, energy savings, total recycling of industrial waste in an industrial zone Participating Japanese companies: 4

MOU signed with Department of Industrial Works (Dec 2014)



Phnom Penh, Cambodia: Capital City of Cambodia with a population of 1.7 million

<FY 2016 > Action Plan for the climate change strategy in Phnom Penh Capital City

Target areas: Low-carbon city planning, energy

Participating Japanese companies: 4



Sister city agreement signed (Mar 2016)

Green Sister City: Surabaya, Indonesia

International cooperation for composting household waste started in 2004





- √ 30% reduction of waste
- Streets decorated with flowers
- ✓ Improvement of public environmental awareness

Building a relationship of trust



"Green Sister City" agreement was signed in November 2012 between Surabaya and Kitakyushu

Exporting "Green City" to Surabaya

Development of a green city master plan

Comprehensive urban development plan that incorporates the formation of a social system and the training of human resources in urban development

Kitakyus

Reinforcing the foundation that is the source of growth (local governmental strength, civic-mindedness, technological strength)

ırabaya

Intercity Cooperation (Learning together/mutually enhancing & intensifying linkages/expanding cooperation)



S

Application of Kitakyushu Model

Kitakyushu City systematically arranges information on the technologies and know-how of Kitakyushu from its experience in overcoming pollution to its quest as an environmental city

Waste treatment





Maintenance/improvement of sewage systems





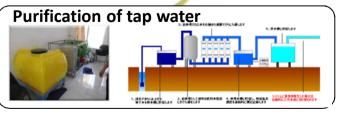
Export of green cities

Studies on quantification techniques to reduce CO₂ emissions

Co-generation and energy saving



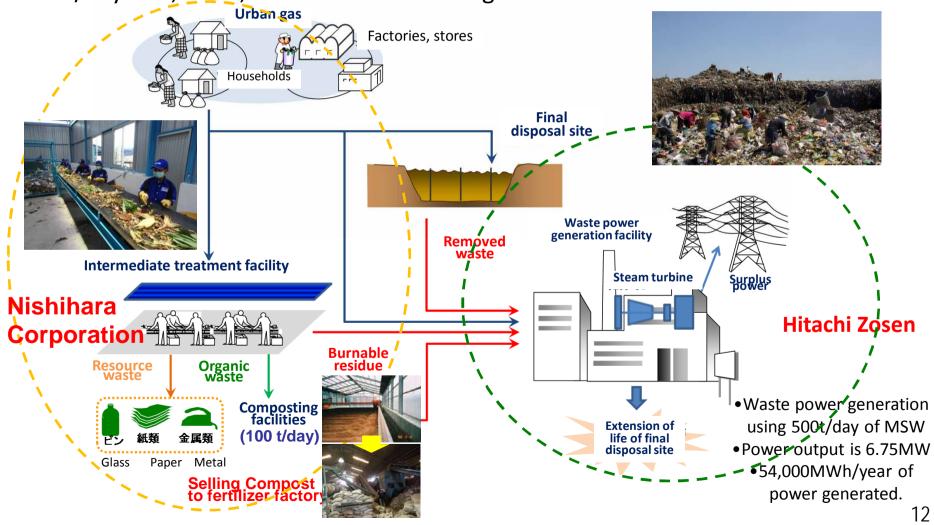




Intermediate Treatment Facility for Recycling & Power Generation from Urban Waste

Nishihara Corporation & Hitachi Zosen

➤ By combining high-calorie waste (Separation and composting of residue, waste removed by Nishihara Corporation) and general urban waste, it is anticipated that 500t/day of 1,500-2,000kcal waste can be guaranteed.



Energy Saving in Commercial Establishments

Introduction of High-Efficiency Air Conditioner System

This project was adopted as one of the financing program for JCM model projects in FY2015.

- ✓ Participating company: NTT FACILITIES, INC.
- ✓ Target: Tunjungan Plaza in Surabaya, Indonesia
- ✓ Business expenses: about 230 million yen







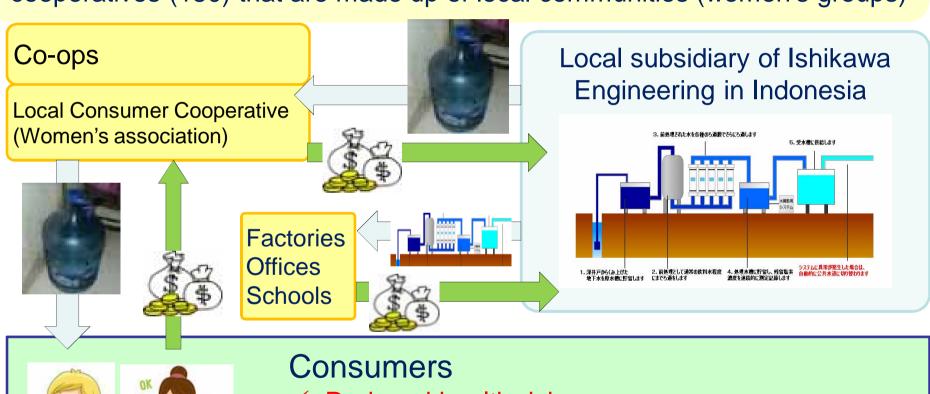


High-efficiency turbo, chiller, pumps, cooling towers, EMS

Drinking Water Supply

Ishikawa Engineering

Sale of inexpensive, good quality, and delicious drinking water through cooperatives (150) that are made up of local communities (women's groups)

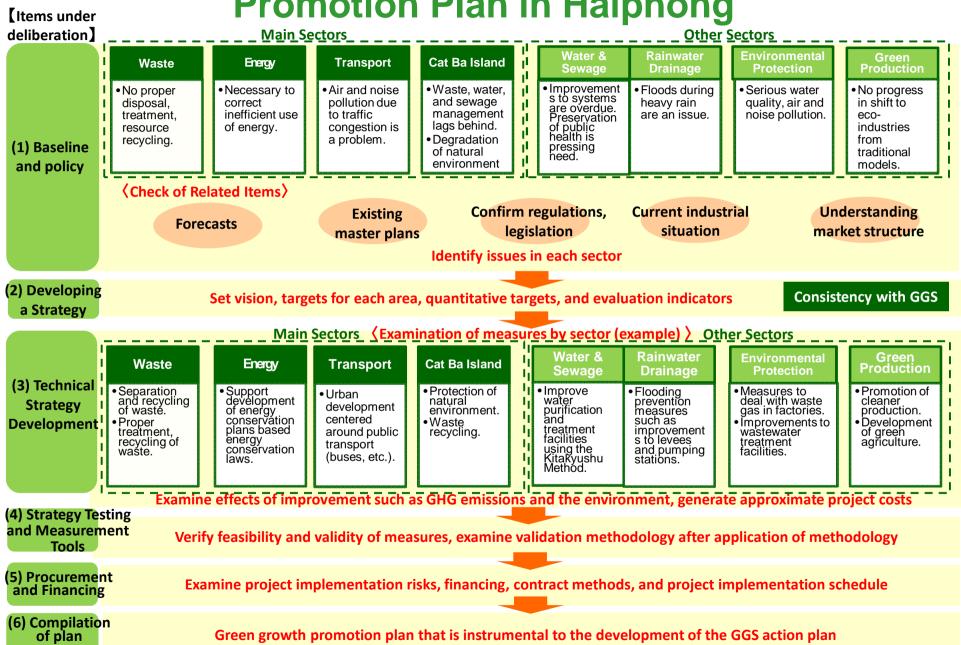






- ✓ Reduced health risks (tap water is not generally fit to drink)
- ✓ Reduced costs for drinking water

Support for Development of Green Growth Promotion Plan in Haiphong



Hai Phong Green Growth Promotion Plan



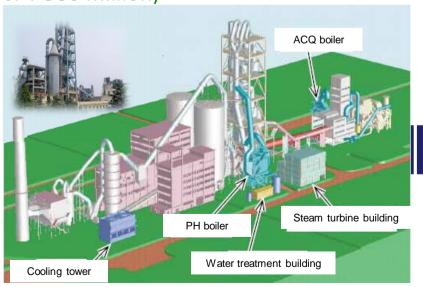
Promoting 15 Pilot Projects

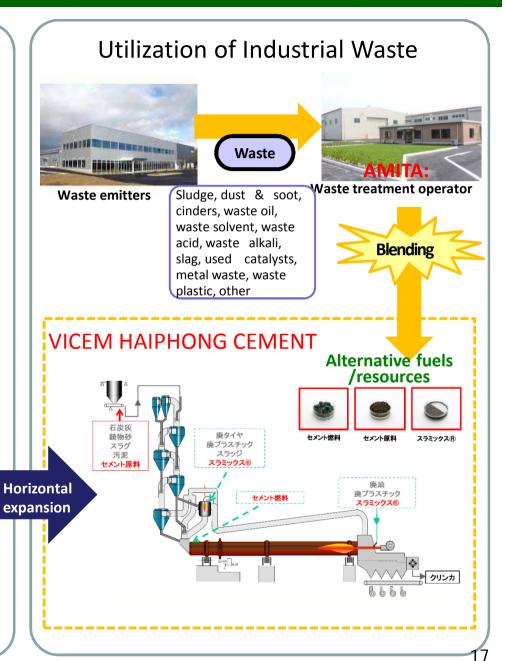
| (1) Separation and composting of household waste (2) Waste heat recovery power generation & utilization of industrial waste (3) Recycling of e-waste (4) Energy avings and introduction of decentralized energy systems in factories & buildings (5) Introduction of low-emission buses (6) Promotion of the use of public transportation (7) Development of comprehensive resource recycling system (8) Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island (9) U-BCF expansion project (9) Sewage, Rainwater Drainage (1) Introduction of sewerage registry system (1) Environmental Protection (1) Protection (1) Protection (1) Separation of household waste (1) Introduction of low-emission buses (1) Introduction of the use of public transportation (2) Promotion of the use of public transportation (3) Development of comprehensive resource recycling system (4) Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island (9) U-BCF expansion project (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4 | 100 | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|
| 3Recycling of e-waste Energy | | ①Separation and composting of household waste | dis |
| Energy (4) Energy savings and introduction of decentralized energy systems in factories & buildings (5) Introduction of low-emission buses (6) Promotion of the use of public transportation (7) Development of comprehensive resource recycling system (8) Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island (9) U-BCF expansion project (10) Sewage, Rainwater Drainage (11) Introduction of sewerage registry system (12) Environmental (13) Restoration of Tay Nam canal | Waste | ②Waste heat recovery power generation & utilization of industrial waste | |
| Transportation Solution of low-emission buses Solution of the use of public transportation The promotion of the use of public transportation Development of comprehensive resource recycling system Solution of the use of public transportation Development of comprehensive resource recycling system Solution of the use of public transportation The promotion of the use of public transportation Development of comprehensive resource recycling system Solution of the use of public transportation The promotion | | ③Recycling of e-waste | the same |
| Transportation © Promotion of the use of public transportation (a) Development of comprehensive resource recycling system (a) Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island Water & Sewage, Rainwater Drainage Environmental Protestices (a) Promotion of the use of public transportation (b) Development of comprehensive resource recycling system (c) U-BCF expansion project (d) Handicraft village wastewater measures (d) Introduction of sewerage registry system (d) Promotion of the use of public transportation | Energy | 4 Energy savings and introduction of decentralized energy systems in fac | tories & buildings |
| 6 Promotion of the use of public transportation 7 Development of comprehensive resource recycling system 8 Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island Water & Sewage, Rainwater Drainage Environmental Protection 6 Promotion of the use of public transportation 7 Development of comprehensive resource recycling system 8 Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island 9 U-BCF expansion project 10 Handicraft village wastewater measures 11 Introduction of sewerage registry system 12 Protection | Transportation | ⑤Introduction of low-emission buses | 100 |
| 8 Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island Water & Sewage, Rainwater Drainage Environmental Restoration of Tay Nam canal | | 6Promotion of the use of public transportation | |
| 8 Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island Water & Sewage, Rainwater Drainage 9U-BCF expansion project 10 Handicraft village wastewater measures 11 Introduction of sewerage registry system 12 Restoration of Tay Nam canal | Cat Ba Island | 7) Development of comprehensive resource recycling system | |
| Sewage, Rainwater Drainage In Introduction of sewerage registry system In Introduction of Tay Nam canal In Introduction of Tay Nam canal | | ®Energy savings and introduction of renewable energy and EV buses in Cat Ba Island | |
| Rainwater Drainage Unandiciant village wastewater measures | Sewage, Rainwater | 9U-BCF expansion project | WEST TO SERVICE STATE OF THE S |
| Drainage ①Introduction of sewerage registry system Environmental ②Restoration of Tay Nam canal | | | |
| Destartion | | ①Introduction of sewerage registry system | |
| Protection ③Development of air and noise monitoring systems | | ® Restoration of Tay Nam canal | |
| | | 13Development of air and noise monitoring systems | |
| Green (I)Installation of high-efficiency furnaces in foundries | Green Production | (1)Installation of high-efficiency furnaces in foundries | |
| Production (5) Promotion of green agriculture | | 15Promotion of green agriculture | |

Creation of Eco-Friendly Cement Factory

Waste Heat Recovery Power Generation

- NTT Data Institute of Management Consulting, Kawasaki Heavy Industries
- Siam City Public Company Limited (Saraburi Province, Thailand)
- Adopted as FY 2016 JCM equipment subsidy project
- Project scale: ~JPY 2.29 billion (subsidy of JPY 580 million)





Conservation Projects on Cat Ba Island

Demonstration run of EV bus in conjunction with solar power



Low-carbon technical innovation creation project for developing countries

Demonstration period: Dec 2015 to Feb 2020

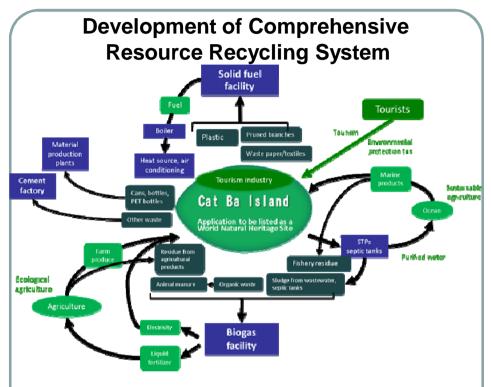
Joint development by local company, Soft Energy Controls, with a Chinese company (provider of technologies to control storage batteries)

Introduction of first EV bus in Viet Nam

- Temporary import measures → Approved by prime minister
- Demonstration run→Development of guidelines by the Ministry of Transport







- Production of biogas from wet waste and sludge
- Ecological agriculture using liquid fertilizer
- Processing solid fuel from dry waste



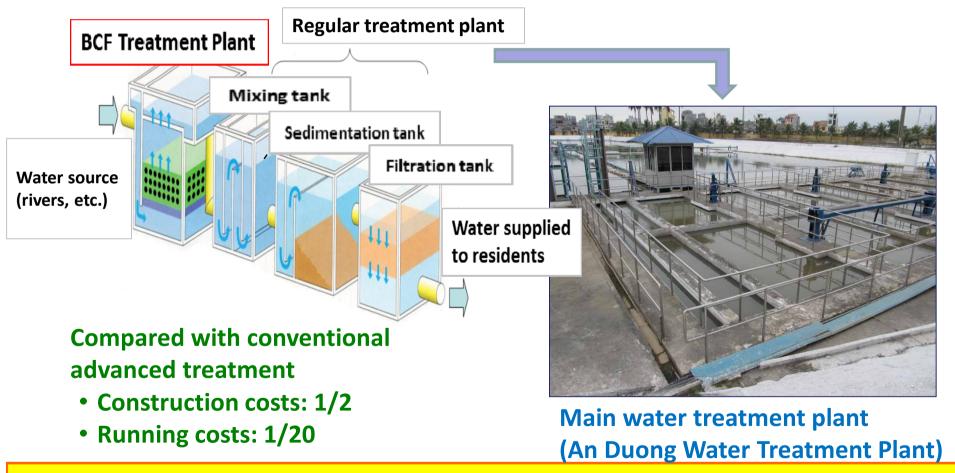






Introduction of U-BCF to Main Water Treatment Plant

Introduction of U-BCF from small-scale water treatment plant in Hai Phong to main water treatment plant (using grant aid)



Expansion throughout Viet Nam and other countries in Southeast Asia

The Phnom Penh Miracle: Creating a Sister City Relationship

Transfer of water distribution block technology (Phnom Penh, Cambodia)



Rate of non-revenue water (leakage, theft)
72%→8%



2005: Water declared potable (The Phnom Penh Miracle)

Visit by Prime Minister Hun Sen in July 2015
Proposal by the Prime Minister to "conclude a sister city relationship with Phnom Penh"

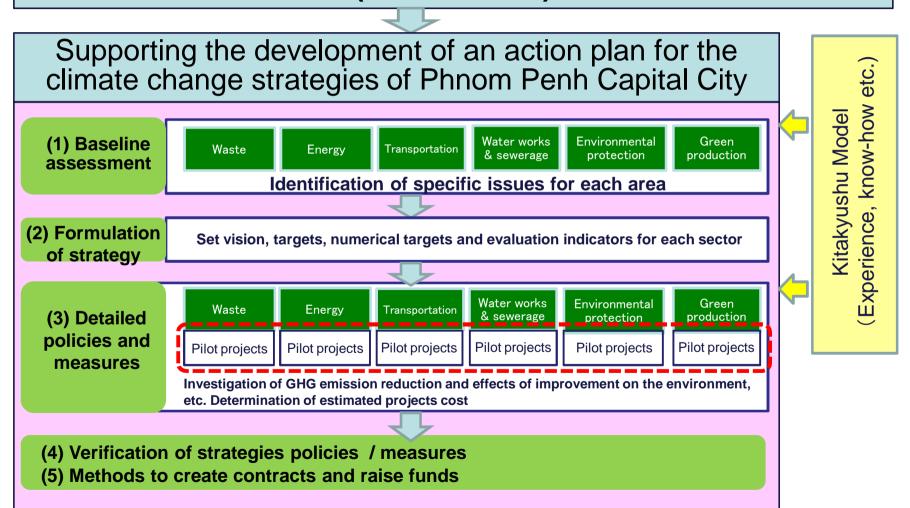


March 29, 2016 Linked as sister cities



Project with Phnom Penh Capital City

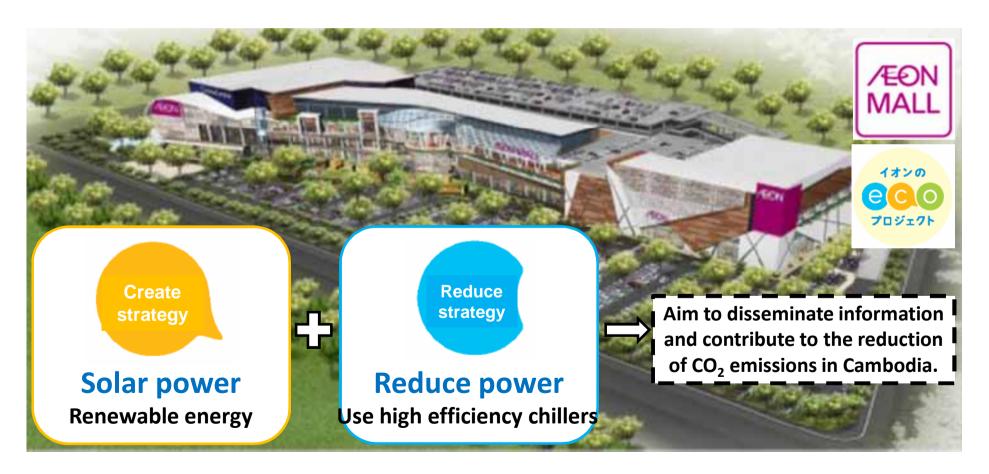
Cambodia Climate Change Strategic Plan (2014 – 2023)



Energy Savings in Large Shopping Mall

Aeon Mall Cambodia will introduce "solar power" and "high efficiency chillers" in Aeon Mall II Phnom Penh (PPC, tentative name, scheduled to open in summer 2018).

- Adopted as a FY 2016 JCM equipment subsidy project
- Project scale: ~JPY 580 million (subsidy of JPY 230 million)



Benefits of Using Intercity Cooperation Frameworks

Cities are the stage for exporting urban environmental infrastructure.

By taking advantage of intercity cooperation:



- ✓ It is possible to develop comprehensive projects from initial stages.
- ✓ Long-term follow-up can be carried out after the project ends.
- ✓ Direct access to partner city governments is possible and activities of Japanese companies can be supported.
- ✓ Human resources can be developed for the management and operations
 of urban environmental infrastructure.
- ✓ Objectives can be achieved in partner cities with fewer administrative costs by facilitating the entry of private companies through public-private partnerships (PPP).

Sharing Benefits as Part of Asia

Kitakyushu: Economic benefits

- Activate the local economy
- Create new industries by learning from Asia



Asian Cities: Social benefits

- Improved lifestyles
- Solutions for environmental issues
- Improved energy efficiency

A relationship of mutual learning and support!

