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現地ワークショップ発表資料

1. アグリツリー:ソーラーシェアリング実証事業の紹介（英）

Agritree

2025 October 29th

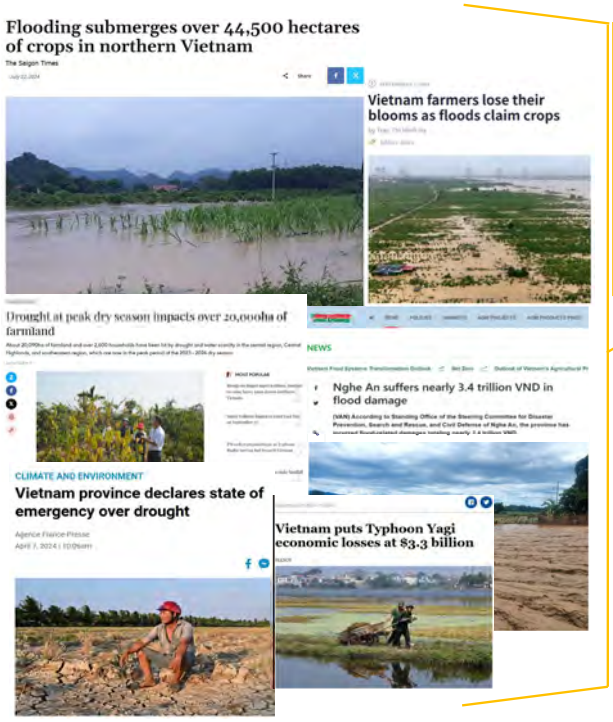
Agritree

Company Overview

Agritree

Company name: Agritree Co., Ltd.
Head office: 1-115 Imamitsu, Nakagawa-shi, Fukuoka prefecture
Founded: 2018 February 27th
Capital : 64,900,050JPY　　Capital reserves：50,000,000JPY
Stake holder: Koji Nishi, HIS, ENEOS Innovation partners、Toyota Boshoku, Toyota Gosei
BOD：Koji Nishi, Masatoki Koichi
Industry: Solar power, agriculture
Business：Solar project development, consultant, EPC, O&M

Climate change damage farms in Vietnam directly

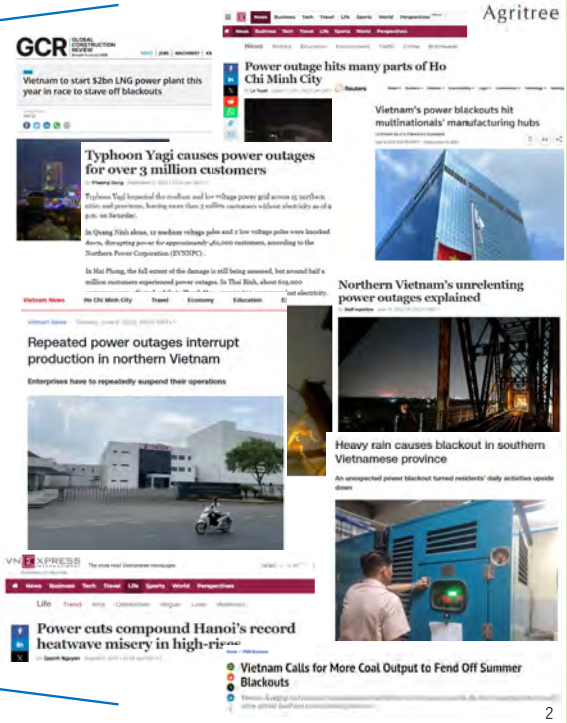


Farm damage

- Heavy rain
- Storm
- Drought

Power shortage

- Peak season
- Industrial zone
- City center
- Rural side



Solar Sharing, electricity power plant on farmland

Narrow panels to allow sunlight to shine through on the soil.

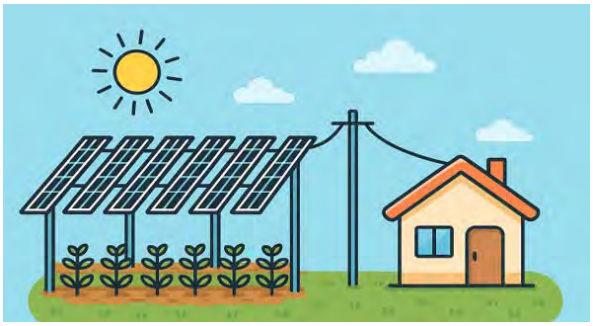
Install panel on top of the ground mounting structure.

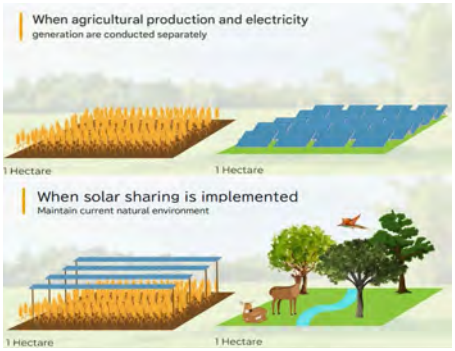
Build high enough to secure space for machineries to work.

3 meters tall

Advantage and potential of Solar Sharing

Grow crops and generate electricity





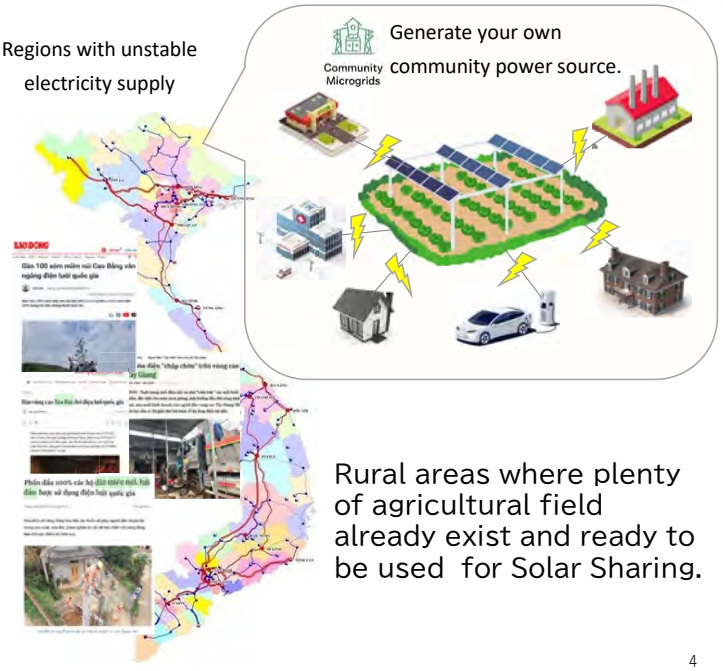
No new land necessary

Maintain current status

Maximize land usage

Strengthen community energy power source

Regions with unstable electricity supply



Rural areas where plenty of agricultural field already exist and ready to be used for Solar Sharing.

Vietnamese farmers electricity consumption and price increase

Electricity price in Vietnam will continue to increase every year.

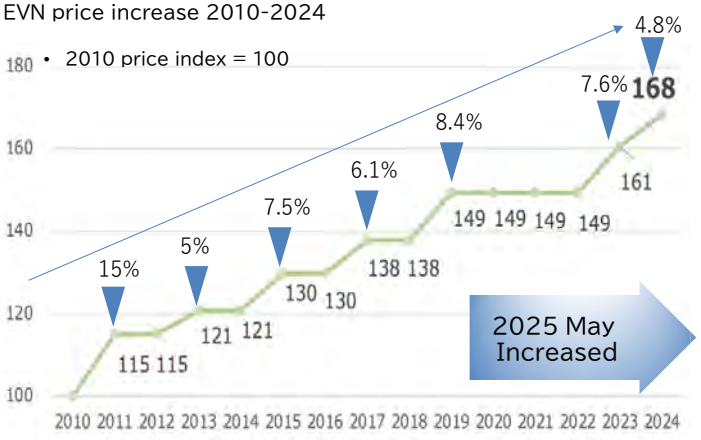
Electricity usage of interviewed farming companies

Farmer Name	Type of farm	Province	Electricity consumption kWh/1mth	Monthly electricity fee VND	Electricity average price VND/kWh
F1 Biotech	Labo-seed control	Lam Dong	167,514	339,480,000	2,020
BIM Foods JSC	Shrimp	Kien Giang	120,000	311,133,420	2,546
Tom Cong Loc Vang	Shrimp	Bac Lieu	96,093	190,957,500	1,986
Trong Duc Farm	Cacao	Dong Nai	94,182	176,196,570	1,867
Truc An Pharm	Shrimp	Bac Lieu	85,416	169,740,000	1,986
BIM Foods JSC	Shrimp	Lam Dong	70,000	176,308,938	2,546
Phuoc Lac	Tea	Lam Dong	107,143	155,566,710	1,451
Tang Vinh An	Tea	Lam Dong	50,000	69,508,530	1,392
Lambiang Farm	Large scale	Lam Dong	43,503	77,288,563	1,782
Individual farmer - Farmer Association	Tea	Lam Dong	9,000	15,556,671	1,697
Dang Gia Tinh	Chilled vegetable	Lam Dong	7,538	15,276,600	2,020
Thien Shinh Farm	Large scale	Lam Dong	6,800	15,480,288	2,275
Individual farmer - Farmer Association	Tea	Lam Dong	6,000	10,371,114	1,697
Son Dung	Tea	Tay Nguyen	4,700	12,445,337	2,648
Tien Yen	Tea	Tay Nguyen	3,600	9,334,003	2,546
Individual farmer - Farmer Association	Tea	Lam Dong	3,000	6,222,668	2,037
Trung Du Tan	Tea	Tay Nguyen	1,728	4,667,001	2,699
Agricultural extension and service center	fish, fruits, others	Tien Giang	628	1,331,101	2,122

EVN electricity price as of May 2025

EVN industrial price tier	Price phase by electricity amount			
	6kV	6kV-22kV	22kV-110kV	>110kV
Normal Time VND/kWh	1,987	1,899	1,833	1,811
Peak Time VND/kWh	3,640	3,508	3,398	3,266
Off-peak Time VND/kWh	1,300	1,234	1,190	1,146

EVN price increase 2010-2024



EVN price based on time used

- Normal time price index = 100

Industrial price	Off-peak	Normal	Peak	Normal	Peak	Normal	Off-peak
Time slots	AM4h30	AM4h30 - 9h30	AM9h30 - 11h30	AM11h30-PM17h00	PM17h00-20h00	PM20h00-22h00	PM22h00-
>110kV	63	100	180	100	180	100	63
22kV-110kV	65	100	185	100	185	100	65
6kV-22kV	65	100	185	100	185	100	65
6kV	65	100	183	100	183	100	65

Vietnam market: Direction of power development plan

VN government encourages self-consumption of solar power generation, and plans to install solar power in 50% of office buildings and homes by 2030.

In the phase 3 of the retail electricity market development, an electricity purchasing mechanism will be established.

Vietnam PDP8: National energy power source

Value: MW

Power source	2020 ratio		2022 ratio		2030 ratio		2050 ratio	
Fossil fuels	30,412	22%	35,112	22%	68,509	11%	52,962	5%
Others	572	0%	570	0%	34,800	6%	96,892	8%
Renewable	54,969	39%	61,589	39%	247,396	41%	509,269	44%
Hydro	20,774	15%	22,999	14%	40,667	7%	36,016	3%
Wind	518	0%	5,059	3%	55,061	9%	130,050	11%
Solar	16,656	12%	16,568	10%	73,416	12%	168,594	14%
Solar	8,871	6%	8,908	6%	12,836	2%	168,594	14%
Roof-top	7,785	6%	7,660	5%	60,580	10%	0	0%
Biomass	365	0%	395	0%	4,836	1%	6,015	1%

Development plan of Vietnam electricity market and actions taken by Vietnamese government

Phase 1

Power generation market 2005～2014

The business of EVN (Electric Power Corporation) was split up. Some power generation businesses were opened to private businesses. An environmental protection tax was introduced for power generation businesses that use fossil fuels such as coal mines.

Phase 2

Wholesale Electricity Market 2015～2021

Investment in solar power facilities is progressing towards the end of 2021, when the FIT system expires, with PV capacity increasing from 86MW in 2018 to 16,504MW in 2020. This will make it the No. 1 solar power facility in ASEAN and No. 8 in the world.

Phase 3

Electricity retail market 2021～

August 2022: PDP8 Power Development Plan announced

Nov. 2023: Creation of a renewable energy generation pricing framework

Jul 2024:Deregulation of direct electricity sales to meet large-scale electricity demand

Oct. 2024: Deregulation of self-generation and self-consumption rooftop solar power generation

2025 The Vietnam Electricity Regulatory Authority, under the Ministry of Industry and Trade, announced future trends, stating that "**legislation regarding electricity prices and sales mechanisms will be further advanced in order to create a competitive electricity market**."

Incentive of investment

Corporate income tax

First 4 yrs : no tax
Next 9 yrs : 5%
Next 3 yrs : 10%

Import tax

No tax on goods to produce equipment to become asset.

No tax on materials and goods that are not produced locally.

Land lease

No tax for maximum 3 yrs during the construction.
No tax maximum 15 years after the construction is complete.

Impact Metric: Market size and potential GHG reduction of Solar Sharing

Possible area to install Solar Sharing system in Vietnam

Potential area of agricultural field to install SS

All Vietnam 33,134,000ha

※5

Non-use 1,191kha

Non-farm 3,940kha

Agricultural use 27,994,000ha

Forestry, salt farm 17,994,000ha

Farm feld 10,000,000ha

11,000K ha Farm field × 10% (Agritree VN Theory) × 700kWp / ha (Agritree VN theory) =

Maximum potential power generation 770GW

Potential area of shrimp farm to install SS

All Vietnam on-land aqua farm 1,100,000ha

※6

Shrimp farm 730,000ha

Hi-tech shrimp farm 200,000ha

Hi-tech shrimp farm 200K ha ÷ 700kWp / ha (Agritree VN theory) =

Maximum potential power generation 140GW

Maximum potential of 910GW of solar sharing in Vietnam agri-shrimp farm

× VN typical solar power capacity factor **17%**

× 1 year **8,760 hours**

× Clean energy used **1,355,172,000MWh**

× Carbon emitted from national grid **0.7 tCO2/MWh**

= GHG emisasion reduction per year **948,620,400 tCO2/year**

× Price of carbon credit ※9 **$ 39.6/tCO2**

= Potential carbon credit value **$37.5billion /year**

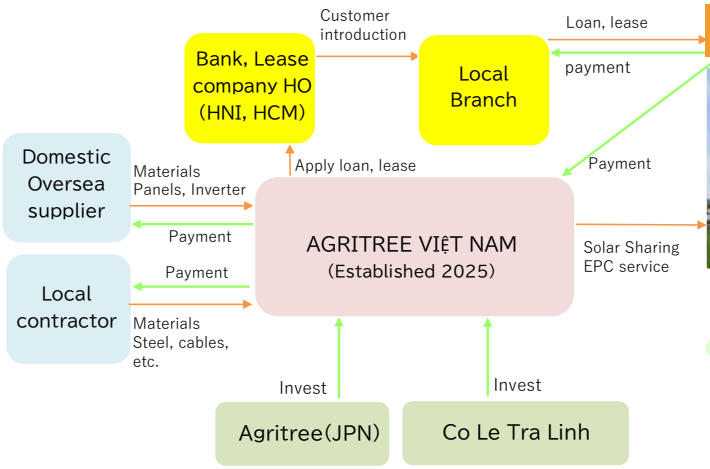
※5 Policy Research Institute, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Japan

※6 General Statistic of Vietnam Office

※9 JPX renewable energy price as of 2025/04/10

Solar Sharing, scheme for system investor

Solar Sharing investment requires finance, energy demand, farmland



Agricultural companies

Self generate
Self consumption

Invest 856 Million VND	Invest 2,347 Million VND
System capacity 400m2, 30.8kWp	System capacity 2500m2, 99.7kWp
Monthly electricity fee reduction 90 Million VND	Monthly electricity fee reduction 297 Million VND
Payback period 11.2 years	Payback period 7.2 years

Clean energy produced crops

Self-use→Increase profit

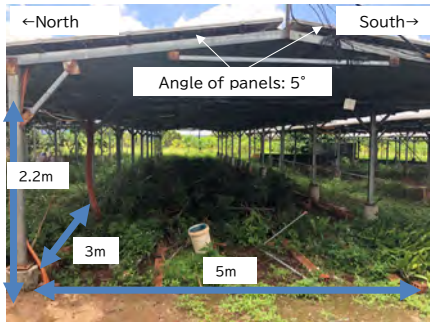
Current problem of agrivoltaics in Vietnam. Need of guidelines.

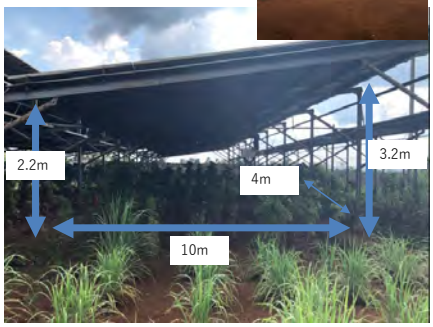
In Vietnam, many solar power plant were built on farmland during FIT program period around 2015-2021. After visiting and interviewing farm owners, we find these solar power owners only makes income through electricity sales to EVN. They have no income or activity to produce agricultural products. Purpose of the land is not appropriately used as well as inefficiency of farmland usage. In order to develop sustainable agrivoltaics, we recognize that we must build guidelines that can sustain agricultural activities after solar sharing is built on top of the farm field.

Pleiku case①

Pleiku case②

Binh Phuoc case③





All 3 sites plants same plants

Medicinal herb "Dinh Lang" planted under 70% of the rooftop area, as required by government policy for agricultural integration. planting is primarily to satisfy regulatory requirements. No actual cultivation or care (e.g., irrigation, fertilization) is provided

From planting, Ding Lang requires 7-8 years until harvest. Owners of these sites do not need to report to local authority about their agricultural integration for some years.

Develop solar sharing guideline in Vietnam

Agritree

Current legal framework and positioning of New SS Guide Line

Category covered by legal system when constructing photovoltaics		Law Issued by National Assembly	Decree Issued by Cabinet (government)	Circular Issued by Ministry	
Structural equipment	Installation of structures and buildings	No. 50/2014/QH13, No. 62/2020/QH14 Law on construction No. 61/2024/QH15 Law on electricity No. 72/2020/QH14 Law on Environmental Protection No. 02/2025/TT-BCT Law On Electricity Regarding Protection Of Electricity Works And Safety In Electricity Field	No. 06/2021/Nɒ-CP Conditions for Acceptance of construction work.	TCVN 12232-1:2018 Photovoltaic (PV) module safety qualification - Part 1: Requirements for construction TCVN 2737-2023 Load, basic wind pressure, Wo TCVN: 2737-1995 loads and actions for design standards	TCVN 7447-7-712:2019 Low voltage electrical installations - Part 7-712: Requirements for special installations or locations - Solar photovoltaic (PV) power supply systems TCVN 9386:2012 Ground conditions and earthquake effects. New SS Guide Line
	Ground installation				
	Installation on an inclined surface				
	Solar Sharing (Agri-Aqua)				
	Water installation				
Electrical equipment	PV Module			TCVN 10896:2015 Thin-film terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) modules - Design qualification and type approval	
	Other Equipment				
Construction Management	General		No. 58/2025/ND-CP Article 8. Time limit for solar power plant, wind power plant decommissioning		No. 1010/Qɒ-EVN Recognition Procedure for Solar Power Plants. No. 25/Qɒ-ɒTDL Testing and Monitoring Procedure.
Maintenance	Power generating power, safety	No. 61/2024/QH15 Law On Electricity Regarding Protection Of Electricity Works And Safety In Electricity Field	No. 02/2025/TT-BCT Protection Of Electricity Works And Safety In Electrical Sector No. 06/2021/ND-CP Preparation of a Maintenance Plan & Implementation of Construction Work	TCVN 7447-4-41:2010 Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-41: Protection for safety - Protection against electric shock	
	Maintain equipment				

2025 Project in Vietnam – research sites

Total 8 Solar Sharing sites in Vietnam at 3 national universities and tea farm as partners.

Hanoi, Vietnam National University of Agriculture

Evaluation of crop growth, yields and environment under solar sharing system.

Research the potential development of JCM methodology in reduction of methane gas emission from rice paddy field

SS area: 13.5m×13.5m each (2 sites)

Testing crops: Rice, Taro, Soybean

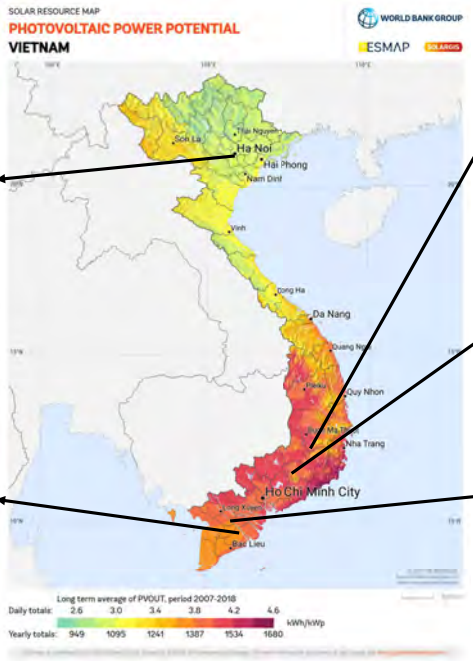
Mekong delta region, Can Tho University

Evaluation of crop/Shrimp growth, yields and environment under solar sharing system.

Research the potential development of JCM methodology in reduction of methane gas emission from rice paddy field

SS area: 27m×27m (paddy field), 192m×2m(Shrimp farm)

Testing crops: Shrimp, Rice



Da Lat University

Evaluation of crop growth, yields and environment under solar sharing system.

SS area: 13.5m×13.5m

Testing crops: Lettuce, carrot, Herbal

Bao Loc Tea farm, Tang Vinh An

Evaluation of crop growth, yields and environment under solar sharing system.

SS area: 9m×9m

Testing crops: Tea leaf, Matcha

Can Tho, Can Tho University

Evaluation of crop/shrimp growth, yields and environment under solar sharing system.

SS area: 13.5m×13.5m(crop field)
31.0m×12.0m(Shrimp pool)

Testing crops: Shrimp, Ginger, Sesame

2025 Solar Sharing pilot model, total 8 sites

Can Tho CTU shrimp pool
Power generation capacity: 24.75kWp
Battery capacity: 40.96kW

Can Tho CTU crop field
Capacity: 11.88kWp
Battery capacity: 20.48kW

Hau Giang CTU rice paddy field
Capacity: 55.4kWp
Battery capacity: 81.92kW

Soc Trang CTU shrimp farm
Capacity: 80.99kWp
Battery capacity: 81.92kW

Ha Noi VNUA rice paddy field
Capacity: 13.86kWp
Battery capacity: 20.48kW

Ha Noi VNUA crop field
Capacity: 13.86kWp
Battery capacity: 20.48kW

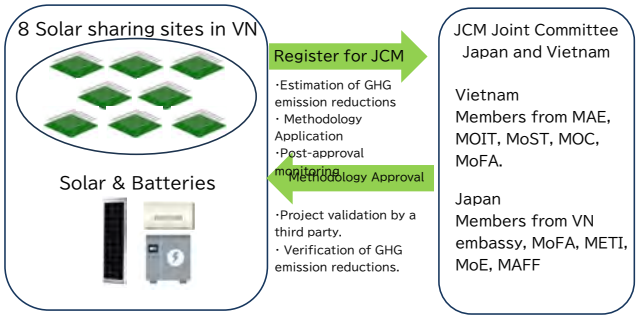
Da Lat University crop field
Capacity: 13.86kWp
Battery capacity: 20.48kW

Bao Loc tea farm
Capacity: 6.6kWp
Battery capacity: 10.24kW

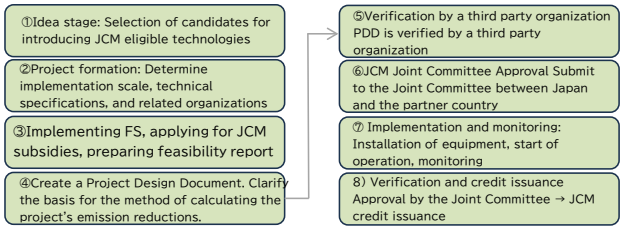
2025 Solar Sharing pilot model aim to issue carbon credit through JCM

- The PIN has been submitted, which is the first step in the process of measuring and calculating the amount of GHG emissions reduced through renewable energy and energy conservation at the demonstration project site and issuing carbon credits.

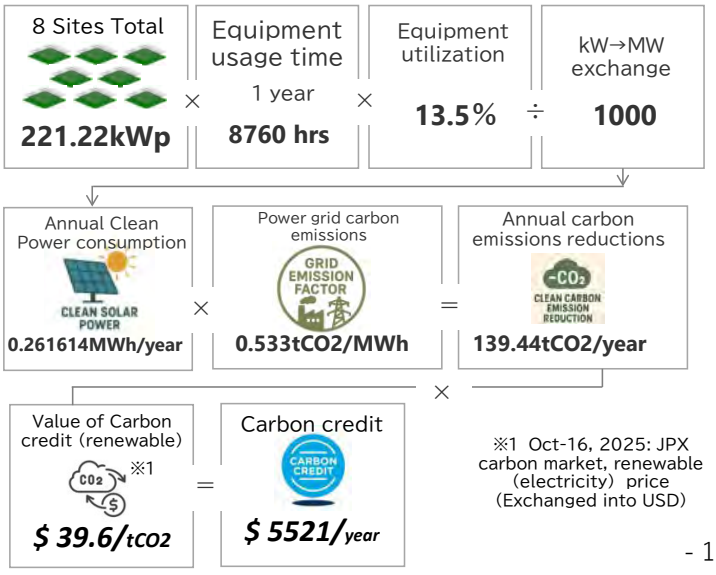
JCM projects



JCM project application procedure flow



The annual carbon emission reductions proposed in the submitted PIN



※1 Oct-16, 2025: JPX carbon market, renewable (electricity) price (Exchanged into USD)

現地ワークショップ発表資料

2. エム･アイ･エス:環境配慮型ボイラーの開発（英･越併記）

MIS Corporation

Introducing Our Solutions
MIS – Giới thiệu các giải pháp môi trường

V1.1

MIS Corporation
Tỉnh Fukuoka, Nhật Bản

October 29, 2025
Ngày 29/10/2025

Contents/ *Nội dung chính*

1. Company Profile / *Hồ sơ Công ty*

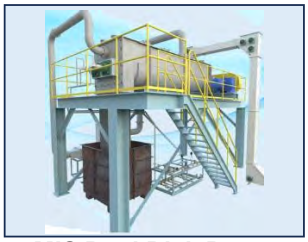
Corporate Name	MIS Corporation (Japan)
President	Yasuyuki Nakamura
URL	https://www.mis-r.co.jp/company.html
Phone	+81-92-834-5131
Address	5423-10 Imazu Nishi-ku Fukuoka-city Japan
Establish	2007
Capital	9,700k yen
Employee	15 people
Patent	"Combustion Equipment" Japan # 2020-34175

Products

- Biomass burner — *Đầu đốt sinh khối*
- Biomass Boiler — *Nồi hơi sinh khối*
- Decompressing Dryer — *Máy sấy giảm áp*
- Crushing Granulator — *Máy nghiền – tạo hạt (nhựa)*
- Hot Air Turbine Generator (under development) — *Máy phát điện tuabin khí nóng (đang phát triển)*
- Bait Machine for Fishery Farm — *Máy cho ăn dùng trong trang trại nuôi trồng thủy sản*
- Bait Machine for Ship — *Máy cho ăn dùng trên tàu thủy*

2. Product Lineup / Danh mục sản phẩm

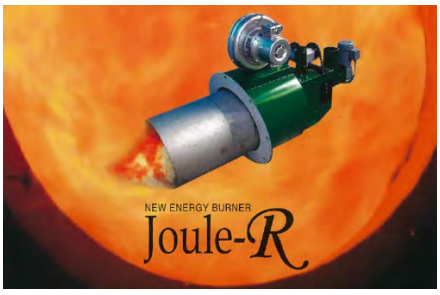
Our Own Products
Sản phẩm do MIS chế tạo



MIS Dual Disk Dryer
Máy sấy đĩa kép MIS

MIS Vacuum Dryer
Máy sấy chân không MIS

MIS Hot Air Dryer
Máy sấy khí nóng MIS



Our Alliance Products
Sản phẩm đồng chế tạo với đối tác

Tomoe Steam Boiler
Lò hơi Tomoe

Hagihara Compression Molding Machine
Máy ép nén Hagihara

INNERGY(Spain) ORC Generator
Máy phát điện ORC INNERGY (Tây Ban Nha)

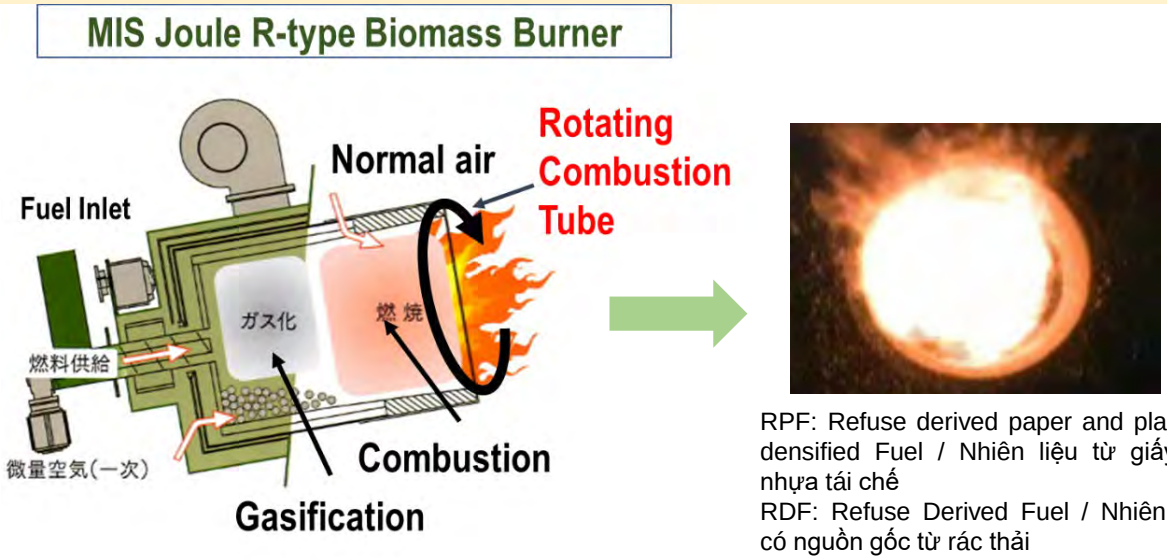
3. MIS's Business Policy

Our goal is **to reduce fossil fuel consumption and CO2 emissions** by utilizing our proprietary gasification and combustion equipment, supported by our patented technology.

Our combustion equipment, named **Joule-R Type**, is capable of efficiently combusting and recovering heat from a variety of organic waste materials, as well as fuels such as RPF and RDF, even if they are in powder form. As a result of our activities, we now have a customer base of over 60 companies.

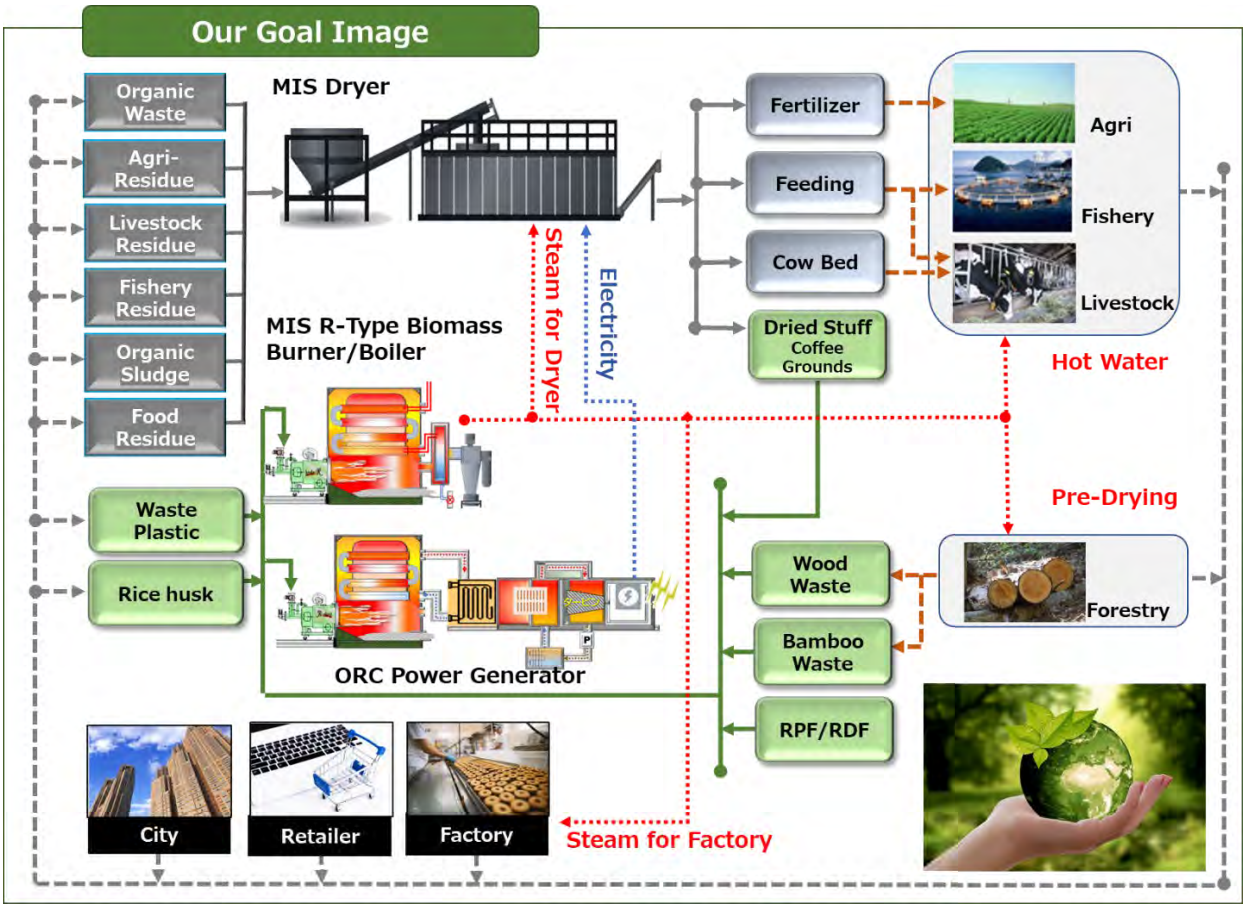
Mục tiêu của chúng tôi là **giảm mức tiêu thụ nhiên liệu hóa thạch và lượng khí thải CO2** bằng cách sử dụng thiết bị khí hóa và đốt cháy độc quyền của chúng tôi, được hỗ trợ bởi công nghệ được cấp bằng sáng chế của chúng tôi.

Thiết bị đốt cháy của chúng tôi, được gọi là **Joule-R Type**, có khả năng đốt cháy và thu hồi nhiệt hiệu quả từ nhiều loại chất thải hữu cơ, cũng như các loại nhiên liệu như RPF và RDF, ngay cả khi chúng ở dạng bột. Nhờ các hoạt động của mình, hiện tại đang có hơn 60 doanh nghiệp quan tâm và sử dụng các sản phẩm của MIS.



RPF: Refuse derived paper and plastics densified Fuel / Nhiên liệu từ giấy và nhựa tái chế
RDF: Refuse Derived Fuel / Nhiên liệu có nguồn gốc từ rác thải

5. MIS's Solutions – Various Usage of Biomass / *Giải pháp tận dụng sinh khối*

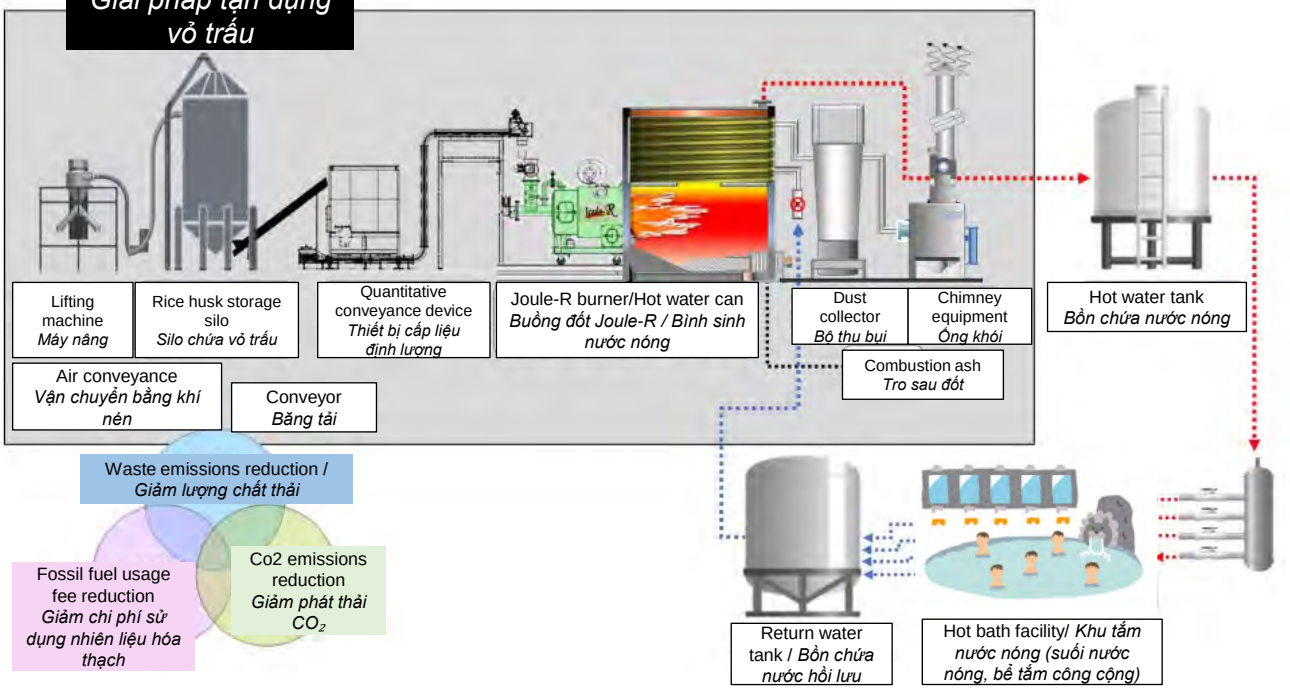


5. MIS's Solutions – Hot Water Boiler System

Hệ thống nồi hơi nước nóng



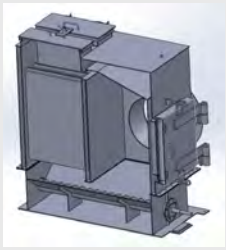
Examples of rice husk utilization / *Giải pháp tận dụng vỏ trấu*

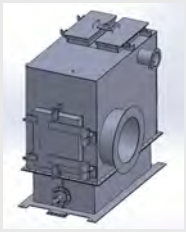


6. MIS's Achievements in Vietnam

TDH GROUP
SUSTAINABLE VALUE

6. MIS's Achievements in Vietnam / *Thành tựu tại Việt Nam*





3D CAD modeling
Mô hình 3D

Prototype production
Sản xuất thử nghiệm

Finished product image
Hoàn thiện sản phẩm

Thank you for your Attention!
Trân trọng Cảm ơn Quý vị đã chú ý lắng nghe!

MIS Corporation

現地ワークショップ発表資料

3. プロックスサプライ:ベトナム市場向け遮熱シートの紹介（英）

Introduction of Thermal Barrier Sheets customed for the Market in Vietnam

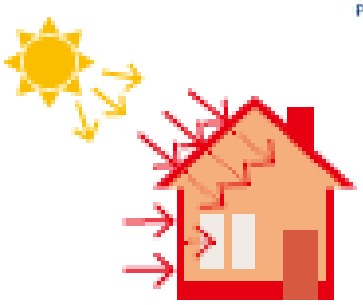
ProX Supply Corporation

Are you sure you can handle the heat?

- Considering a thermal barrier coating?
- Considering installing new or additional air conditioning?
- Considering heat retention?
- Suffering from heat stroke?
- Considering ways to reduce fuel costs?

- If yes to any of the above, we recommend that you take a look at our proposal.

What is Thermal barrier sheet/material ?



- **Thermal barrier materials** are thinner than insulation materials (in sheet form) and **reflect (block) radiant heat with aluminum foil on the surface**. In summer, it reflects (blocks) hot heat from the outside and keeps the interior comfortable.

- **Insulation** does not reflect (block) heat, but rather slows the transfer of heat. The reason why rooms are hot in summer even with insulation is that heat slowly enters the room over time, and furthermore, the heat is retained due to the heat storage effect.

Three elements of heat transfer

対流 Convection

Heat transfer caused by moving gases and liquids

伝導 Conduction

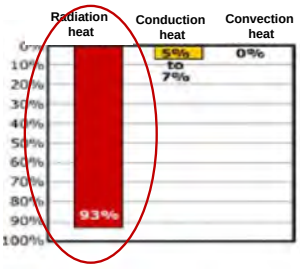
Heat transfer transmitted by bringing objects of different temperatures into contact with each other

輻射 Radiation

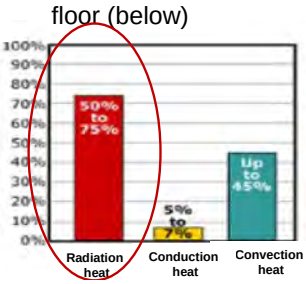
Heat transfer caused by an object emitting energy in the form of electromagnetic waves

There are three types of heat transfer: **convection heat**, **conduction heat**, and **radiation heat**.
In the graph below, the **radiation heat (red one) is the largest** in the roof, floor, and walls, accounting for **about 70%** of the total heat transfer.

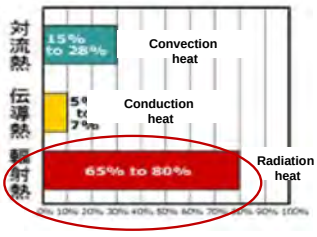
Heat transfer from roof (top)



Heat transfer from floor (below)



Heat transfer from wall (side)



When considering heat protection, blocking radiant heat is of utmost importance!

About ProX Thermal Barrier Sheet (1)

Product strengths

- ✓ **High heat shielding performance**
- ✓ **Thin and strong** 0.2㎜
- ✓ **High aluminum purity** 99%
- ✓ **Corrosion-resistant coating**
- ✓ **Noncombustible**
- ✓ **Durable/Sustainable**

About ProX Thermal Barrier Sheet (2)

Comparison with other products

	ProX TB Sheet	Company A	Company B
	Thin Coating / Aluminum foil — Surface emissivity(ε) = 0.03, Corrosion protection possible	Thick Coating / Aluminum foil — Surface emissivity (ε) = 0.60, Corrosion protection possible	No Coating / Aluminum foil — Surface emissivity (ε) = 0.03, Easily corroded
	ProX TB Sheet	Company A	Company B
Reflectance	97%	40%	97%
Emissivity	3%	60%	3%
With or without Corrosion Protection Coating	○ (Appropriate thickness)	△ (Too thick)	× (None)
durability	○	○	△
Waterproof, moisture-proof	○	○	○
	Coating layer, but still maintains high reflective and low radiative performance.	Thick coating layer reduces reflective and radiative performance	High reflectivity and low emissivity, but easy to corrosion since no coating layer

This material greatly contributes to the comfort of your work/life environment!!!

Our products

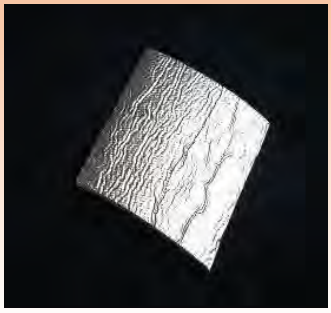
*High-performance, lightweight, easy-to-install, cost-effective thermal barrier sheet!

1.【PRX－PRO】

Non-inflammables

Standard ：T 0.23mm × W 1m × L 50m

Applications : Under roofs, under ceilings, walls, outdoor walls, machinery and equipment, etc.



1.【PRX－CH】

Standard : T 6mm x W 1m x L 35m

Applications ：Dew condensation countermeasure, under roof, ceiling, ceiling lining, wall, refrigerator, etc.

3.【PRX － Air】

Standard : T 0.23mm x W 1m x L 50m

A moisture-permeable Thermal Barrier Sheets with a vast number of tiny holes.

Applications ： Under roofs, inside walls, etc.

4.【PRX － FABW】

Standard : T 0.23mm x W 1.45m x L 50m

A fabric Thermal Barrier Sheets

Applications ：Curtains, roll screens, clothing, and more for your use!

About ProX Thermal Barrier Sheet (3)

【Incombustibility】

- Certified by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Japan as a noncombustible material through performance evaluation testing (acquired in April 2019).
  Can be installed inside factories, warehouses, etc.

（PRX-PRO)

About ProX Thermal Barrier Sheet (4)

【Patented Construction Method】

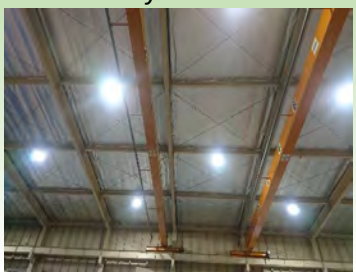
- Developed a construction method usiProX Thermal Barrier Sheet when constructing thermal barrier construction in factories and warehouses and obtained a Japanese patent for this method.

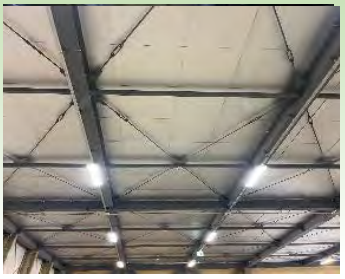
【Patented construction method】
ProX wire construction method

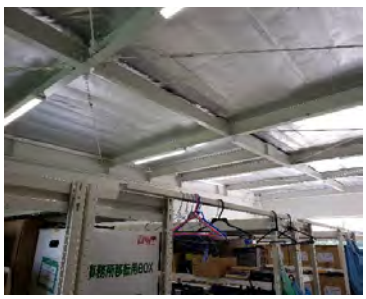
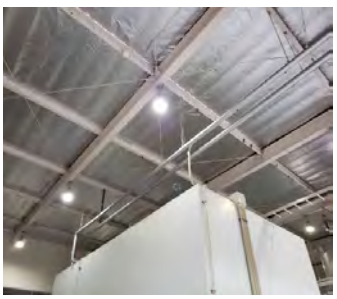
Example of thermal barrier sheet installation (1)

*Widely used in construction-related, factory/warehouse, livestock breeding, machinery and equipment, etc!

Directly attached under the roof of steel structure



Example of thermal barrier sheet installation (2)

For precision machine protection!

For reduction boiler fuel costs!

For drying furnace, environmental improvement for workers and energy-saving measures!

For inside of the ceiling! Increased effectiveness of air conditioning!
For measures against heat stroke too!

For the wooden shed room

For a tent warehouse
Prevents deterioration of products and improves the working environment!

Contact

We can solve your “heat” concerns with Thermal barrier sheets!

ProXSupply Corporation

Company：Prox Supply Corporation

現地ワークショップ発表資料

4. サニックスホールディングス:排水の浄化とリサイクル（英）

Creating a society where “not wasting” is the norm

～Wastewater purification and recycling～

October 29, 2025
SANIX HOLDINGS

Index

1. Company Profile

IPPUDO in Ho Chi Minh

We are from the Ramen Kingdom!

1. Company Profile

Better Life For The Next Generation

SANIX

- Since: 1975
- Sales: JPY45,353mil*
- Employees: 2,054*
- 142 sites in Japan*

*as of March 2025

- Group Companies
  - SANIX HOLDINGS
  - SANIX (Residential Environment Area)
  - SANIX ENGINEERING (Energy Area)
  - SANIX RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT GROUP (Resource Circulation Area)

2. Our Businesses

Sales Proportion by business area

- **Resource Circulation: 45%**
- **Residential Environment: 33%**
- **Energy: 22%**

Energy Area

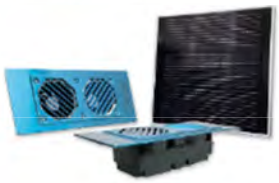
Creating a society where "energy with low environmental impact" is the norm.

Resource Circulation Area

Creating a society where "not wasting" is the norm.

Residential Environment Area

Creating a society where "connecting comfortable residential environments to the next generation" is the norm."



3. Resource Circulation Businesses

1. Wastewater Purification and recycling Business

2. Waste Plastic Recycling Business

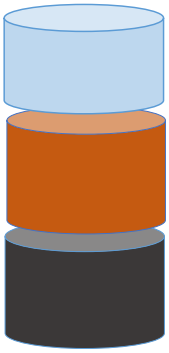
3. Wastewater Purification and Recycling

Organic sludge treatment

Grease Trap Sludge
from restaurants etc.

101,700 tons/year

Centrifugation



Oil-water
separation

Alternative
to heavy oil

Activated
sludge process

To the sewer
system

Dewatered
organic sludge

Alternative
to coal

Maximum throughout: 1,300tons/day

3. Waste Plastic Recycling

Waste Plastic

Thermal recycle

Compression packing

Particle sizing

Power generation
from 100% waste
plastics

Power output:52,300kW

Crush

250K to 300K tons/year

Pelletizing

Filament for 3D printer
and hanger, cutlery etc.

Material recycle

PET Bottle Cap

Medals

Flowerpots

Pest Control

Termite prevention and control

Chemical application under the floor

Ventilation system under the floor (solar power)

Other pests

EPC (Engineering, Planning and Construction) and OM (Operation and Maintenance) for Photovoltaic System

現地ワークショップ発表資料

5. 日本工営：工業団地の脱炭素化に関する環境ソリューションの紹介（英・越併記）

Introduction to Environment Solutions for Decarbonization of Industrial Parks

Giới thiệu về các Giải pháp Môi trường nhằm Giảm Phát thải Carbon tại Khu Công nghiệp

Ngày 29/10/2025

International Environment Dept./ *Phòng Môi trường quốc tế*
Nippon Koei

Outline*/ Nội dung chính*

1. Recent Trends in Decarbonization Efforts among Asian Countries
2. Importance of Promoting Decarbonization in Industrial Parks
3. Findings from Industrial Park Hearing Surveys
4. Characteristics of Industrial Parks in Vietnam
5. Decarbonization Technologies Applicable around Hanoi City (Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy, and Sustainable Fuels)
6. Role of City-to-City Cooperation Projects

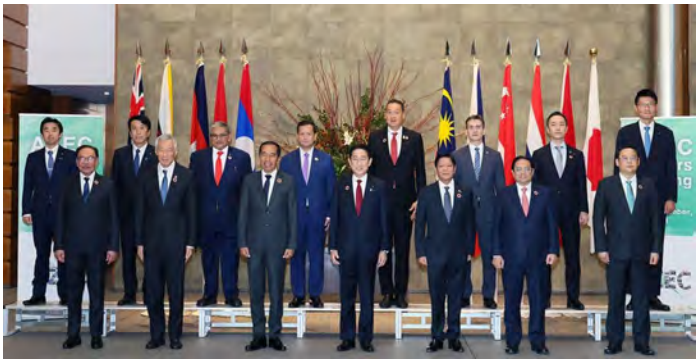
Recent Trends in Decarbonization Efforts among Asian Countries
Xu hướng gần đây trong nỗ lực giảm phát thải carbon của các quốc gia châu Á

In rapidly growing Asia, there has been an increasing demand in recent years to achieve both economic growth and diverse approaches to decarbonization.

Tại khu vực châu Á đang phát triển nhanh chóng, trong những năm gần đây, nhu cầu đạt được tăng trưởng kinh tế song song với các biện pháp giảm phát thải đa dạng ngày càng gia tăng.

AZEC
Asia Zero Emission Community

Established in 2023.
A total of 11 countries joined.
(Southeast Asian nations such as Vietnam, Indonesia, Thailand, and Philippines, as well as Australia and Japan)



AZEC: Asia's Various Pathways to Net Zero Co-Created by Japan | The Government of Japan - JapanGov -

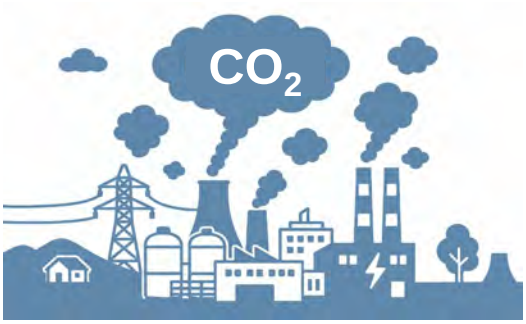
Importance of Promoting Decarbonization in Industrial Parks
Tầm quan trọng của việc thúc đẩy giảm phát thải carbon tại các KCN

Collaborating with industrial park operators in areas with concentrated manufacturing and high energy use can accelerate efficient decarbonization.

Hợp tác với các đơn vị vận hành khu công nghiệp tại những khu vực tập trung nhiều hoạt động sản xuất và có mức tiêu thụ năng lượng cao có thể thúc đẩy quá trình giảm phát thải carbon hiệu quả hơn

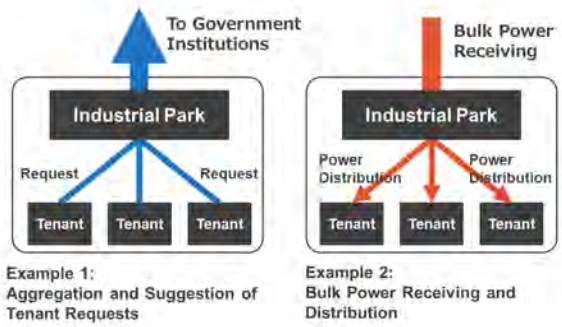
Industrial Park as areas with concentrated manufacturing and high energy use

KCN: là khu vực tập trung sản xuất và tiêu thụ năng lượng lớn



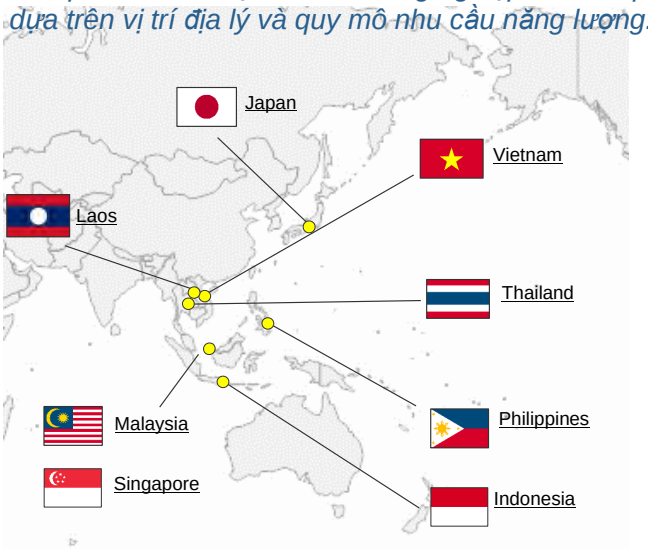
Industrial Park Operator as entities with integrated management functions

Đơn vị vận hành KCN: là tổ chức có chức năng quản lý tổng hợp trong KCN



Findings from Industrial Park Hearing Surveys
Kết quả khảo sát thực địa tại các khu công nghiệp

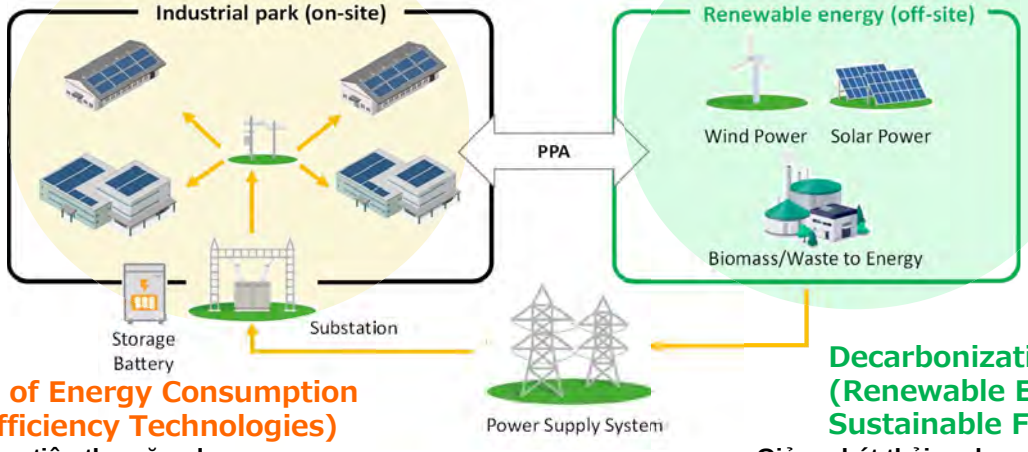
Hearings with industrial parks across Asia indicated that they can be broadly classified into four types based on location and demand scale.
Kết quả khảo sát tại các khu công nghiệp trên khắp châu Á cho thấy có thể phân loại chung thành bốn nhóm, dựa trên vị trí địa lý và quy mô nhu cầu năng lượng.



	Industrial Park/Industrial Classification	Country of Industrial Park
1	Small-scale Industrial Park	Laos
2	Conventional Industrial Park (Inland Industrial Park)	Vietnam
		Vietnam
		Philippine
	1,000 GWh/Year	
3	Electricity-intensive Industrial Park (Data Center, High-tech / Heavy industries)	Indonesia
		Malaysia
		Indonesia
4	Fuel-intensive Industrial Park (Costal Industrial Complex)	Thailand
		Malaysia

Characteristics of Industrial Parks in Vietnam
Đặc điểm của các khu công nghiệp tại Việt Nam

In Vietnam, several Conventional Industrial Parks have been identified where the scale of energy demand can be decarbonized through energy efficiency and Renewable Energy (RE), making it a feasible target.
Tại Việt Nam, một số KCN thông thường/ kiểu truyền thống có nhu cầu năng lượng đủ lớn để có thể thực hiện giảm phát thải carbon thông qua việc nâng cao hiệu quả năng lượng và áp dụng năng lượng tái tạo (RE) — điều này được xem là mục tiêu khả thi.

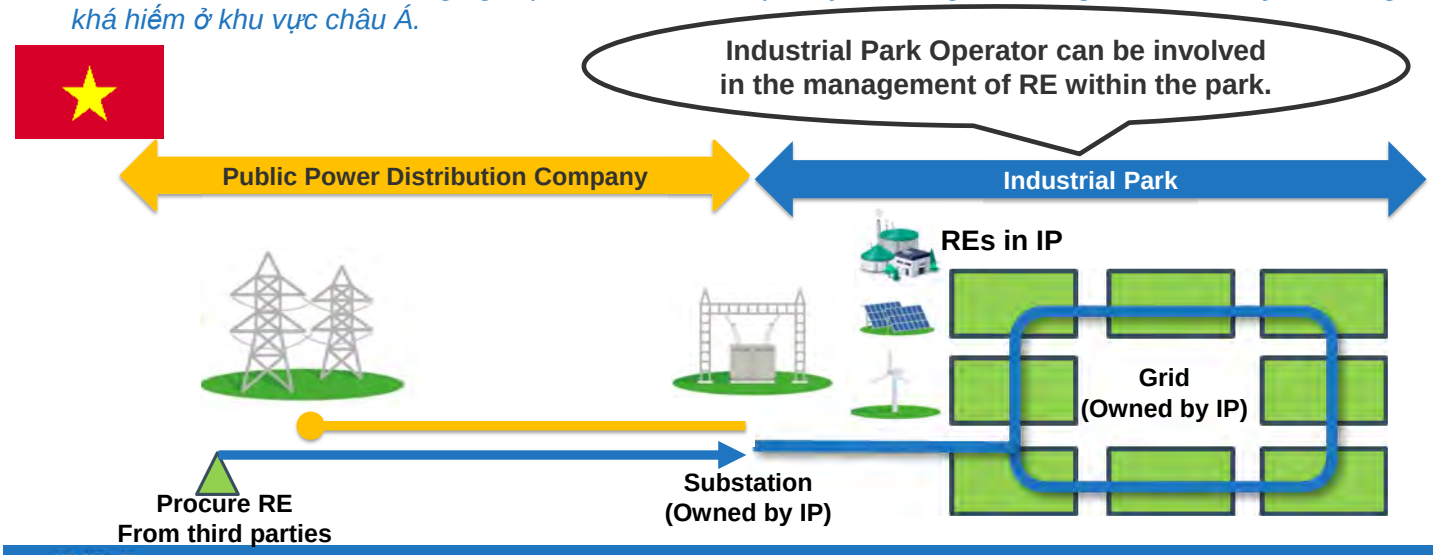


Reduction of Energy Consumption (Energy Efficiency Technologies)
Giảm tiêu thụ năng lượng
(Áp dụng công nghệ nâng cao hiệu quả sd năng lượng)

Decarbonization of Energy (Renewable Electricity and Sustainable Fuels)
Giảm phát thải carbon từ nguồn năng lượng
(Sử dụng điện tái tạo và nhiên liệu bền vững)

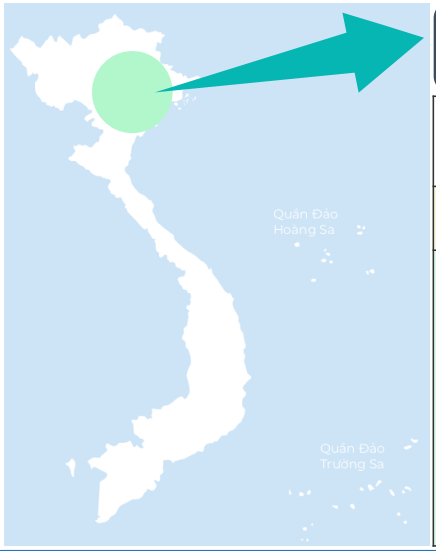
Characteristics of Industrial Parks in Vietnam
Đặc điểm của các khu công nghiệp tại Việt Nam

The feasibility of RE adoption depends on the entity responsible for power distribution. In Vietnam, several industrial parks operate and manage their own grids, which is a relatively rare situation in Asia.
Khả năng áp dụng năng lượng tái tạo (RE) phụ thuộc vào đơn vị chịu trách nhiệm phân phối điện năng. Tại Việt Nam, một số khu công nghiệp có vận hành và quản lý hệ thống điện riêng của mình, đây là trường hợp khá hiếm ở khu vực châu Á.



Decarbonization Technologies Applicable around Hanoi City
Các công nghệ giảm phát thải carbon có thể áp dụng tại khu vực Hà Nội
(Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy, and Sustainable Fuels)

Around Hanoi City, many conventional (inland) industrial parks host electronics and machinery factories, where demand for energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies is expected to grow.
Quanh Khu vực Hà Nội, có nhiều KCN truyền thống — nơi tập trung các nhà máy điện tử và cơ khí. Tại đây, nhu cầu áp dụng các công nghệ nâng cao hiệu quả năng lượng và năng lượng tái tạo được dự đoán sẽ tăng mạnh trong thời gian tới.



There is a high concentration of tenant companies engaged in *electronics*, *machinery manufacturing*.

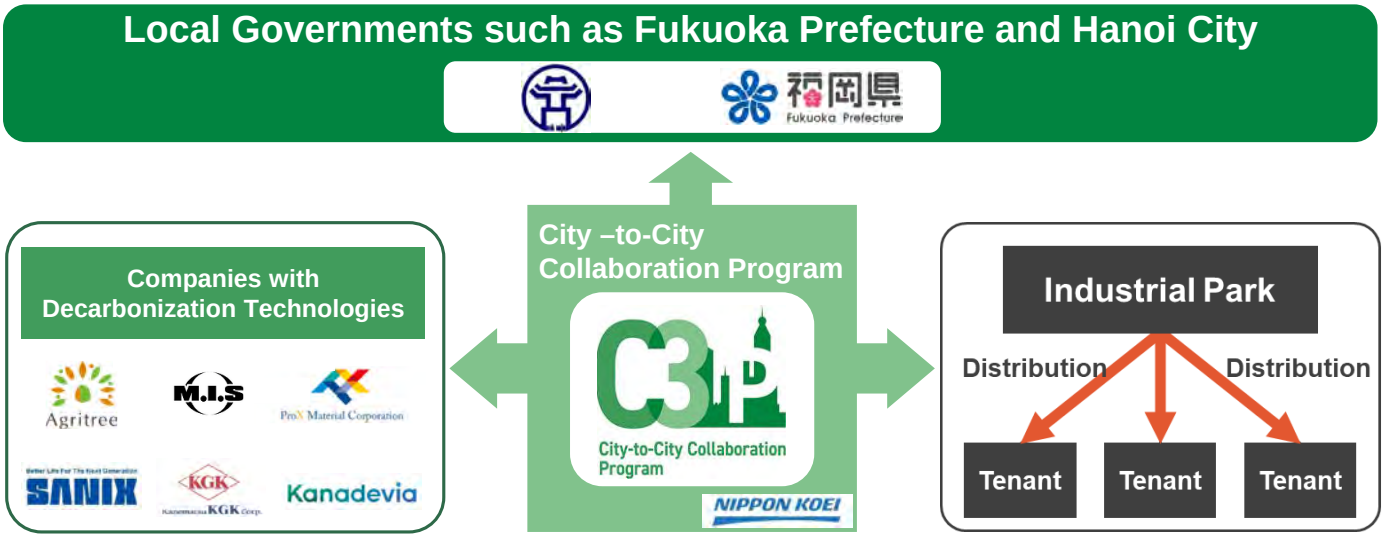
Type	Technologies Introduced in this Workshop	Electronics	Machinery * Include Precision Equipment	Applicability potential
Energy Efficiency	Thermal Barrier Sheet	△	○	○
RE and Sustainable Fuels	Solar Power	○	○	◎
	Biomass Boiler	○	○	◎
	Sludge-derived Recycled Oil	△	△	△ *Availability of facilities
	Plastic Waste-derived Fuel	△	△	△ *Availability of facilities
	Biogas	○	○	◎

Role of City-to-City Cooperation Projects

Vai trò của các dự án hợp tác giữa các đô thị

For companies, the deployment of environmental technologies in industrial parks offers business opportunities, while for industrial parks, it provides an efficient pathway to achieve decarbonization.

Đối với các doanh nghiệp, việc triển khai các công nghệ môi trường trong các KCN mang lại cơ hội kinh doanh, trong khi đối với các KCN, đây là một con đường hiệu quả để đạt được mục tiêu giảm phát thải carbon.



Thank you very much for your attention.

Trân trọng cảm ơn Quý vị đã chú ý lắng nghe.

ID&E
A member of Tokio Marine Group

NIPPON KOEI

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Phone:
(+84)-28-2221-7650

現地ワークショップ発表資料

6. 兼松 KGK ベトナム:再エネ事業(太陽光・小水力)の紹介 (英・越併記)

Technical Workshop for Zero Carbon Society In Hanoi City, Oct.29th , 2025

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

1.Company Outline

Giới thiệu công ty

2. Introduction of Joint Crediting Mechanism

Giới thiệu khung thể chế và các dự án nhận hỗ trợ thiết bị từ Dự án JCM

3.Our outlook in Vietnam

Triển vọng của chúng tôi về lĩnh vực năng lượng ở Việt Nam

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

29 th October 2025

1.Company Outline /*Giới thiệu công ty*

- ***Company Name:*** ***Kanematsu KGK Corp.***

  （Established in 1963, Tokyo,Japan）

- ***Business Field***: Machine Tools Business、Industrial Machinery Business, Energy Solution Business

- ***Consolidated Annual Turnover*** : Appx.400 million USD (500 employees as of Fis 2024.)

- ***Overseas subsidiaries***: 12 Branch Offices over 6 Countries

1.Company Outline /*Giới thiệu công ty*

Machine Tools/ *Máy công cụ*

Since 1963, we have been providing a wide range of lineup from CNC machines to the latest equipment for the electrical, mechanical, and automotive industries. We also contribute to solve various issues such as FA, IoT, DX, GX and so on.

Từ năm 1963, chúng tôi đã cung cấp nhiều dòng sản phẩm từ máy CNC đến thiết bị hiện đại nhất cho ngành điện, cơ khí và ô tô. Chúng tôi cũng đóng góp giải pháp cho nhiều vấn đề khác nhau như FA, IoT, DX, GX, v.v.

1.Company outline/*Giới thiệu công ty*

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

Industrial machines/*Máy công nghiệp*






1.Company Outline /*Giới thiệu công ty*

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

GX -Green Transformation/ *Chuyển đổi xanh*

We contribute to the realization of a decarbonized society by providing optimal solutions, together with our partners using our global network.

Chúng tôi góp phần hiện thực hóa xây dựng một xã hội không còn cacbon bằng cách cung cấp các giải pháp tối ưu cùng với các đối tác trong mạng lưới toàn cầu của chúng tôi.

106MW Solar Project in An Giang Province, Vietnam

2019/2020 JCM Model Project

Nhà máy điện mặt trời106MW tại tỉnh An Giang, Việt Nam

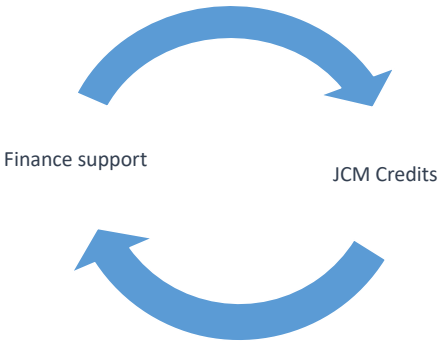
Dự án mẫu JCM 2019/2020

AN PHAT

Compostable Plastic

Nhựa phân hủy sinh học

2. Introduction of Joint Crediting Mechanism
Giới thiệu khung thể chế và các dự án nhận hỗ trợ thiết bị từ Dự án JCM



Partner Countries

2. Benefit of Joint Crediting Mechanism(JCM)/ *Lợi ích JCM*

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

By joining JCM financial program,
Khi tham gia Chương trình tài chính JCM, sẽ nhận được:

- ✓ **- Investment cost will be partially covered**
  Được hỗ trợ 1 phần chi phí đầu tư
- ✓ **- To be competitive**
  Có tính cạnh tranh
- ✓ **- Creating and expanding our new business opportunity**
  Sáng tạo và mở rộng cơ hội kinh doanh của chúng tôi
- ✓ **-Contribution to Sustainability**
  Đóng góp vào sự bền vững

2. Overview of Financial Support/*Tổng quan Hỗ trợ tài chính*

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

Number of already selected project(s) using a similar technology in each partner country	Percentage of financial support
None (0)	Up to 50% (determined by GEC)
Up to 3 (1 - 3)	Up to 40% (determined by GEC)
Up to 7 (4 - 7)	Up to 30% (determined by GEC)
Up to 9 (8 – 9)	Up to 20% (determined by GEC)
More than 10 (10 and more)	Not applicable

EX) .HPP and WPP in Vietnam and Philippines
Ví dụ: Thủy điện điện gió ở Việt Nam và Philippin

EX) .Solar Power Plant in Vietnam.
Ví dụ: Dự án điện mặt trời tại Việt Nam

OUR JCM MODEL PROJECTS

GIỚI THIỆU CÁC DỰ ÁN KIỂU MẪU JCM CỦA CHÚNG TÔI ĐÃ ĐƯỢC LỰA CHỌN

Introduction of 0.8MW Solar Power System and High Efficiency Refrigerator to Food Factory（2018）
/Thiết bị điện mặt trời + Máy lạnh hiệu suất cao (Năm 2018)

Thái lan/ Máy lạnh hiệu suất cao và pin mặt trời 0.8MW cho
nhà máy sản xuất thực phẩm.
THAI DELMAR CO.,LTD
Công ty đối tác: THAI DELMAR CO.LTD
Lượng giảm phát CO2 hàng năm : ~500 tấn/năm

GIỚI THIỆU CÁC DỰ ÁN ĐÃ ĐƯỢC LỰA CHỌN

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

49MW&57MW Solar Power Project in An Giang Province（2019,2020)
/Nhà máy điện mặt trời (Năm 2019, 2020)

Việt Nam/Dự án Nhà máy điện mặt trời tại tỉnh An Giang (Năm 2019, 2020)
SAO MAI GROUP CORPORATION
Công ty đối tác: Công ty cổ phần tập đoàn Sao Mai
Lượng giảm phát thải CO2 hàng năm: ~ 52,000 tấn/ năm

GIỚI THIỆU CÁC DỰ ÁN ĐÃ ĐƯỢC LỰA CHỌN

Kanematsu KGK Corp.

16MW Mini Hydro Power Plant Project in Binh Thuan Province/*Nhà máy thủy điện nhỏ 16MW tại tỉnh Bình Thuận*

Expected Co2 reduction ： Around 16,190t/year
Lượng CO2 dự kiến giảm phát thải khoảng 16,190 tấn/năm

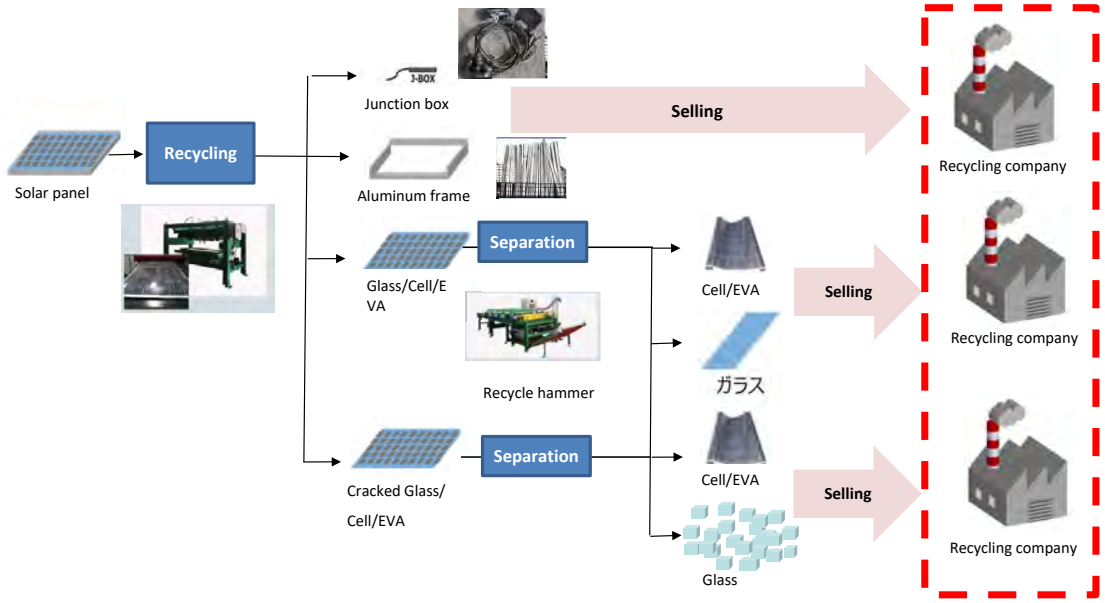
※Construction and installation will be completed by this year 2024.
Xây dựng và lắp đặt dự kiếm hoàn thành trong năm 2024

Our Business Outlook

For the energy field in Vietnam

Triển vọng kinh doanh về năng lượng tại Việt Nam

Solar Panel Recycling/ *Tái chế tấm quang năng*



現地ワークショップ発表資料

7. カナデビアベトナム:バイオガス技術・実績の紹介（英）

Hanoi – Fukuoka Technical Workshop

Kanadevia
Technology for people and planet

Our Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD) technologies

A Sustainable and circular economy solution

29. Oct. 2025
Kanadevia Corporation

Contents

1. Company Outline

From HITACHI ZOSEN to KANADEVIA (From October 1st, 2024)

Kanadevia Technology for people and planet = Kanaderu / “奏でる” (to play in harmony) + Via / “道” (way)

1881: Osaka Iron Works
1943: Hitachi Zosen
01/10/2024: Kanadevia

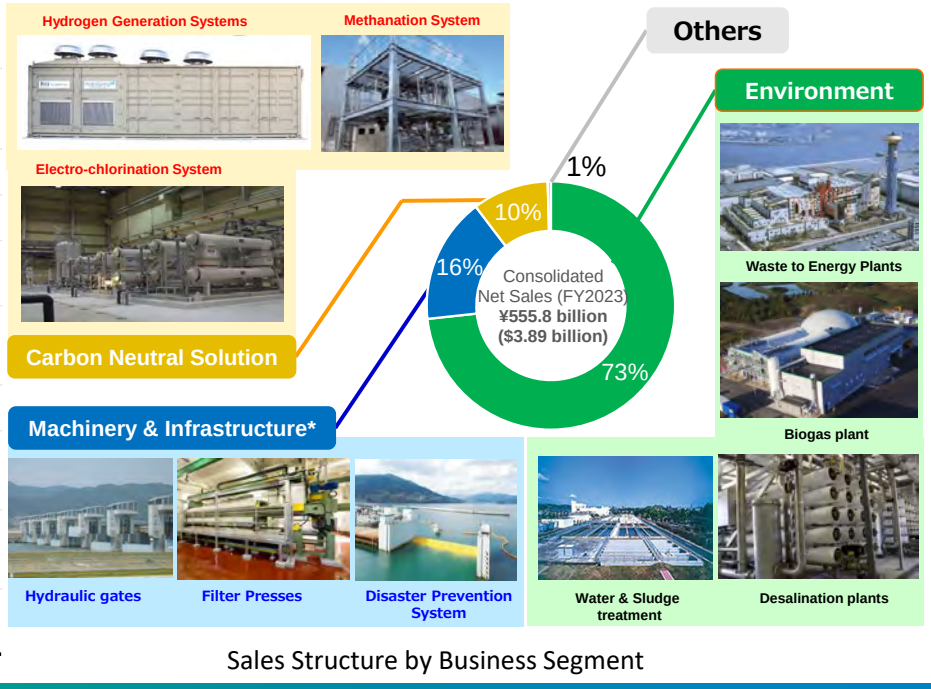
The brand concept of "striving for harmony between humanity and nature through the power of technology," we have chosen "Kanadevia" as our new identity, marking the beginning of a new chapter.

	Old	New
Trade name	HITACHI ZOSEN CORPORATION	KANADEVIA CORPORATION
Logo	Hitz Hitachi Zosen Corporation	Kanadevia Technology for people and planet
Email domain name	@hitachizosen.co.jp	@kanadevia.com
Company name in Vietnam	HITACHI ZOSEN VIETNAM CO., LTD.	Kanadevia VIETNAM CO.,LTD.

Introduction of Corporate

Company's Name	**KANADEVIA CORPORATION** (1/10/2024) HITACHI ZOSEN CORPORATION
Founded	1881 by Edward Hazlett Hunter (from UK)
Incorporated	1934
Headquarters	Osaka and Tokyo
Stock market	Listed on Tokyo Stock Exchange
Offices	162 (131 consolidated subsidiaries and 31 affiliates).
Employees	12,148 (consolidated)
Paid-in Capital	45.44 billion yen (≒ US$ 318 million)
Net Sales	555.8 billion yen (≒ US$ 3,89 million)
Net Income	18.9 billion yen (≒ US$ 132.3 million)

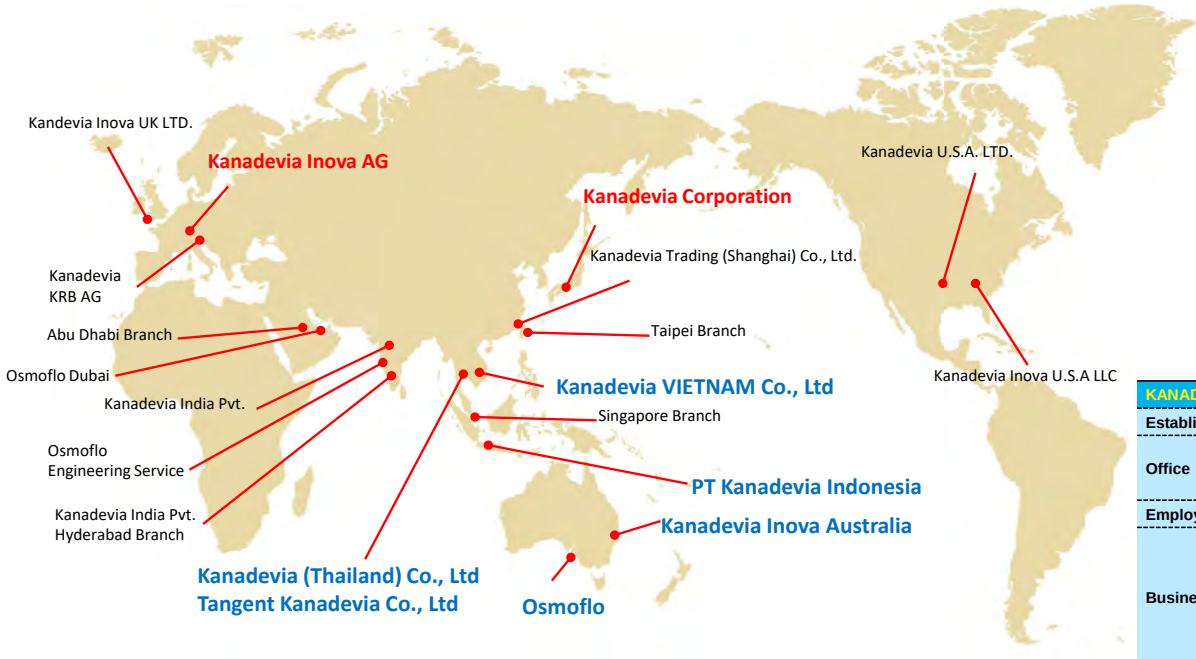
(As of 31/03/2024) 1 JPY = US$ 0.007



Sales Structure by Business Segment

* From April 2025, it is reorganized as Machinery Business HQ and Infrastructure Business HQ to enhance engagement toward each product

Major Overseas Offices & Subsidiaries



as of March, 2025

Japan
2 Head Offices
8 Domestic Offices
7 Works Locations

Overseas
42 Overseas Subsidiaries & Affiliates
15 Overseas Offices

KANADEVIA VIETNAM	
Establishment	2004
Office	• Ho Chi Minh city (Headquarter) • Hanoi (Branch)
Employees	Approx. 100
Business field	• Detailed engineering for Plant (CAD 2D drawing & 3D model) • Procurement • O&M business • Business supports

Major Business

	Business fields	Detail
	Environmental system	▪ Waste to Energy Plants ▪ Methane Fermentation Systems ▪ Desalination Plants ▪ Energy and Resource from Organic Waste, and Leachate Treatment System ▪ Eco-agriculture Systems / Waste to Biochar Plants (EFCaR) ▪ Material Recycling Systems ▪ Water, Sewage and Industrial Wastewater Treatment Systems
	Carbon Neutral Solution	• Hydrogen Generation Systems (HydroSpring) • Electro-chlorination Systems • SCR NOx Removal System • Nuclear Fuel Cycling-Related Equipment • Methanation Equipment (HiMethz) • Zeolite Membrane Separation System (HDS) • Pressure Vessels • Wind Power Generation
	Machinery & Infrastructure	Machinery Business - Electronic Control Equipment - GPS Remote Monitoring Systems - Food and Pharmaceutical Equipment (Sorting machine) / Sterilization systems / Filter Presses - Factory Automation / Film Manufacturing Equipment / Precision Casting Products Infrastructure Business - Hydraulic gates - Shield tunneling machine - Marine Civil Engineering - Flap-Gate Type Seawall against flood disaster - Steel structure - Bridges - Steel chimneys - Offshore Floating Structure
	Others	- All-solid-state Lithium-ion Batteries

Remark: Red color text: technologies introduced into the Vietnamese market

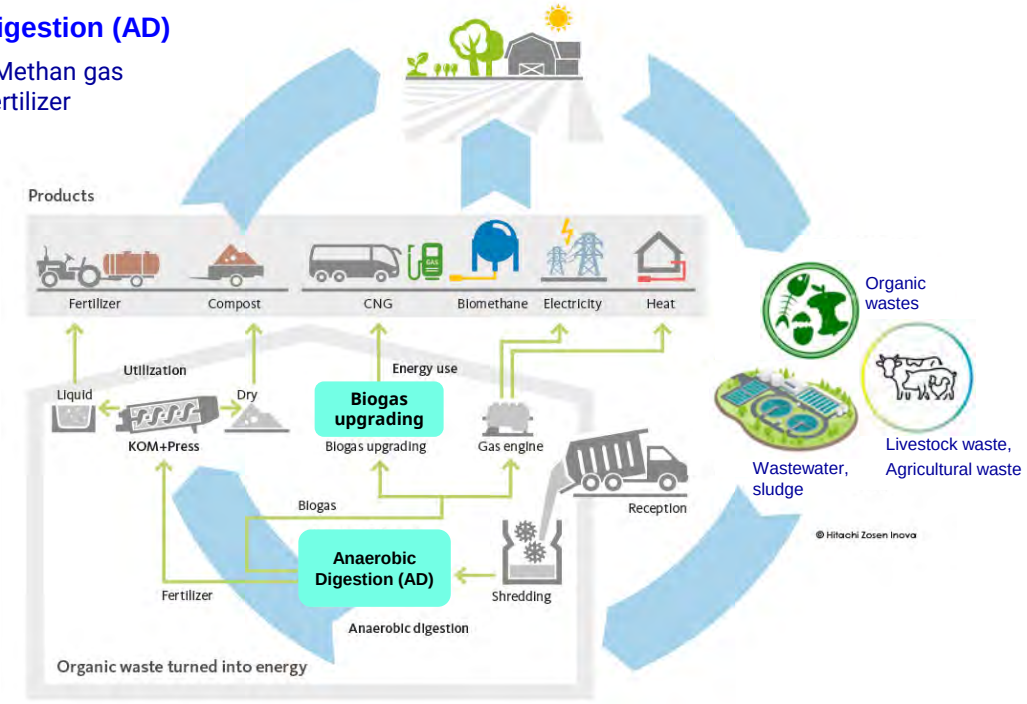
2. Our Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD) technologies

2.1. Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD)

What is Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD)

Biogenic wastes → Raw biogas / Methan gas and Natural Fertilizer

- ✓ Organic wastes
- ✓ Livestock waste, Agriculture waste
- ✓ Wastewater, Sludge

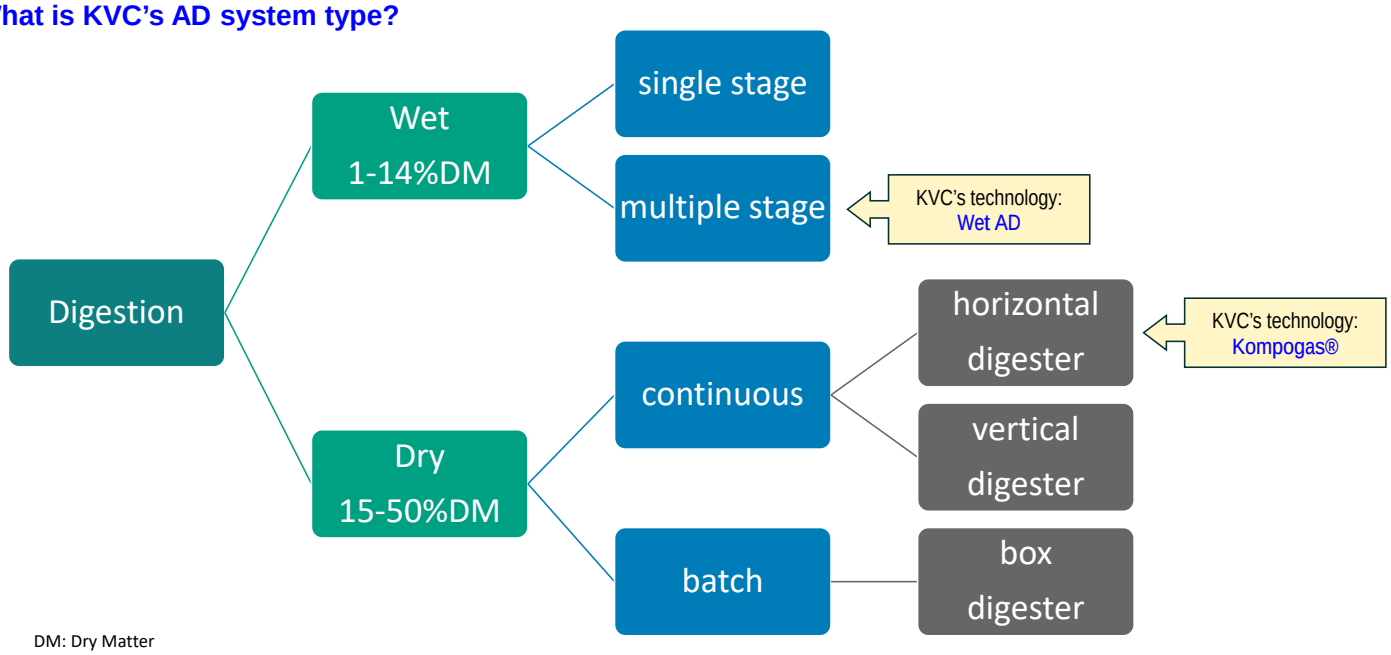


- This technology uses continuous anaerobic digestion to recycle biogenic waste, producing natural fertiliser and renewable energy in the form of green power and heat or biogas as the basis for alternative fuels
- By recycling organic waste into materials and energy, the process closes the environmental cycle cost-efficiently.

2.1. Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD)

What types of AD systems exist in the market?

What is KVC's AD system type?

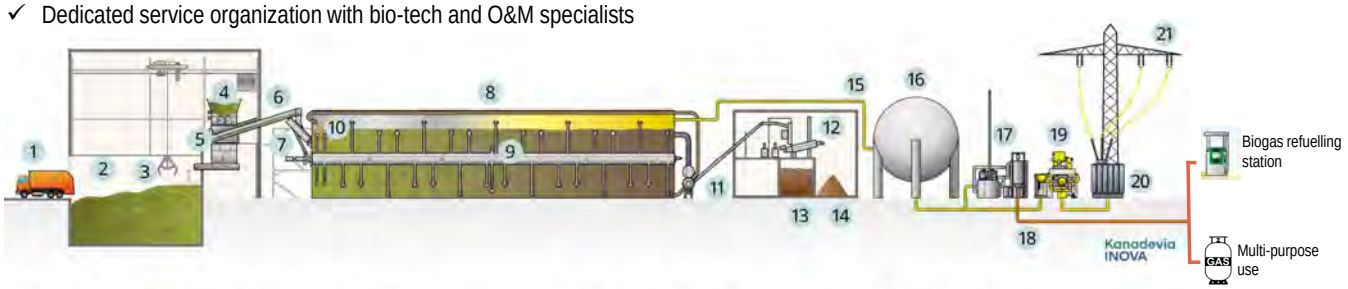


DM: Dry Matter

2.1. Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD)

(1) Dry Anaerobic digestion - Kompogas®

- ✓ Market and technology leader in dry Anaerobic Digestion (AD)
  (>75 reference plants, with >140 Kompogas AD modules)
- ✓ Mature technology, flexible component arrangements and largely automated processes guarantee long plant lifetimes, high efficiency and low maintenance costs.
- ✓ Dedicated service organization with bio-tech and O&M specialists



Pretreatment
1 Waste reception
2 Waste bunker
3 Waste crane
4 Shredder
5 Sieve

Anaerobic digestion
6 Conveyor
7 Feeding screw conveyor
8 Digester (Kompogas™)
9 Agitator
10 Inoculation pipe
11 Discharge system

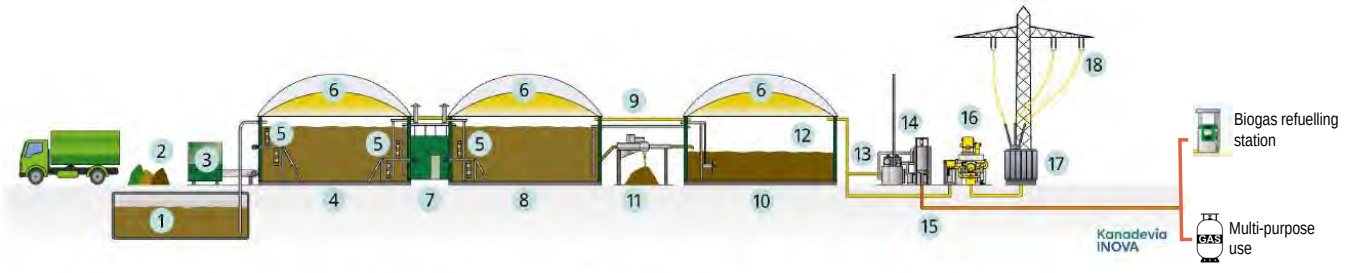
Digestate treatment
12 Screw press (KOM+Press)
13 Liquid digestate
14 Solid digestate

Energetic utilisation
15 Biogas piping
16 Gas storage
17 Biogas upgrading
18 Biomethane piping
19 Combined heat and power plant
20 Transformer
21 Grid connection

2.1. Biogas / Anaerobic Digestion (AD)

(2) Wet Annaerobic digestion

- ✓ Developed wet Anaerobic Digestion (AD) technology in Italy which is one of the most famous biogas market
- ✓ >70 reference plants in Italy and abroad



Waste reception
1 Reception pit (CALIX)
2 Drive-in silo
3 Dosing feeder

Anaerobic digestion
4 Digester (COCCUS™)
5 Agitator (REMEX™)
6 Biogas storage
7 Pump room
8 Post-digester (COCCUS™)

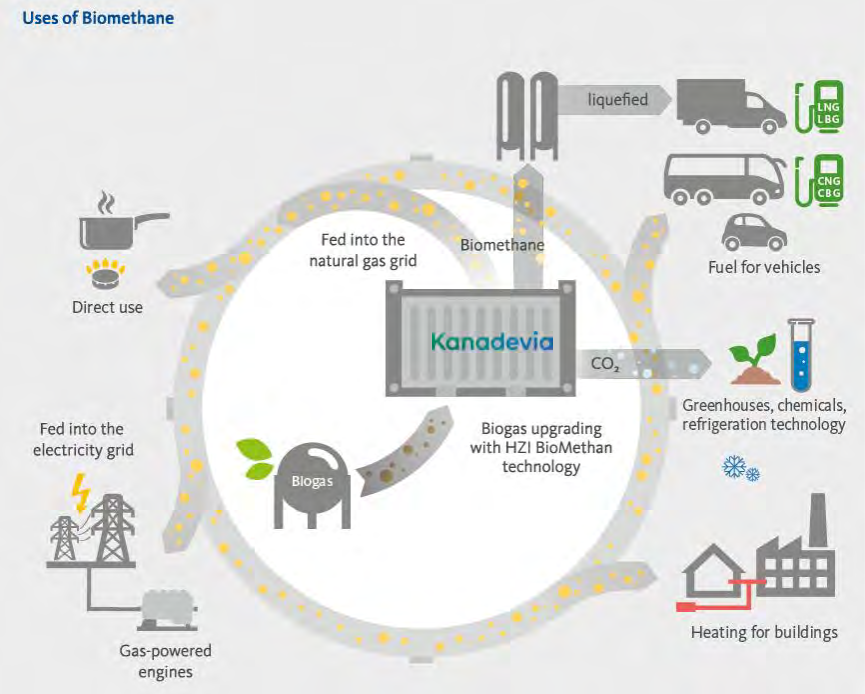
Discharge
9 Separator
10 Digestate storage tank
11 Solid Digestate
12 Liquid digestate

Energetic utilisation
13 Biogas piping
14 Biogas upgrading
15 Biomethane
16 Combined heat and power plant
17 Transformer
18 Grid connection

2.2. Purification of Biogas to Biomethane

Gas upgrading - BioMethan®

- This technology convert raw biogases into high-purity biomethane that can be used as a versatile energy source.
- The high-purity biomethane can be used for several purposes: (i) LNG, CNG for vehicles, (ii) daily direct use, (iii) generation of electricity, (iv) heating for building.
- A by-product of the process is carbon dioxide, which can be used to generate additional revenues in the form of gaseous, liquefied or solid carbon dioxide deployed as an industrial product gas



2.2. Purification of Biogas to Biomethane

	Amine scrubbing	Zeolite membrane separation
Outline	Chemical absorption Uses a reagent that chemically binds to the CO_2 molecule and separates it from the gas	Physical permeation Membranes retain the methane while the carbon dioxide physically permeates through the membrane
Electrical demand	0.1 $kW_e \cdot h/Nm^3$	0.23 kWh/Nm3 for 2 stage, 0.26 kWh/Nm3 for 3 stage
Heat demand	0.6 $kW_{th} \cdot h/Nm^3$	N/A
Purity of biomethane	> 99 %	> 96%
Methane slippage	0.1 %	< 2.0 % for 2-stage, < 0.2 % for 3 stage
Outlet pressure	0.1 – 0.15 bar	> 10 barA
Standard sizes (Nm^3/h biogas)	250, 500, 700, 1.000, 1.400, 2.000	Customize
Applicability and Achievement	• More than 10 years of experience in the RNG sector • More than 60 plants in operation from low to transport-pressure grids • Modular units design to combine with add-on equipment (CO2 recovery, CNG, LNG, Power-to-Gas) • Qualified and certified production chain	• Demonstration plant (India, 2025)
Decision factors for technology choice	• inexpensive heat source available • high biomethane purity required • high CO_2 purity required • fits to LNG requirements	• low & predicable electricity costs • small and fluctuating biogas flow • high outlet pressure required • fits to CNG requirements

2.3. Reference plants

Jönköping, Sweden (2020)
Dry AD + Amine Scrubbing

Công suất Capacity	40,125 t/năm (khoảng 110 t/ngày) 40,125 t/y (approx. 110 t/d)
Loại chất thải Input materials	Chất thải có nguồn gốc sinh học (được tách tại nguồn): thực phẩm/ rác vườn, bùn và dầu mỡ Biological waste (separated at source): food/garden waste, sludge and grease
Số lượng bể No. of digester	2
Loại bể Type of digester	PF1500 thép PF1500 steel
Sử dụng khí Biogas Use of biogas	Tinh chế thành khí mêtan sinh học (độ tinh khiết cao) → CNG upgrading into biomethane (high purity) → CNG
Diện tích đất Land area	0.75ha

2.3. Reference plants

Boston KY, USA (2025)
Wet AD + Amine Scrubbing

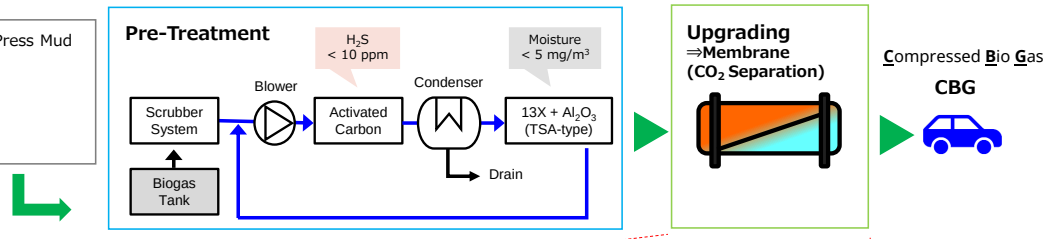
- Type of waste: Spent stillage (whiskey mash) from the distilling process
- Wet AD digester: 9,000 m3 steel digester
- No. of digesters: : 8 x 9,000 m3 tanks
- Type of upgrader: A Series, XL Model, 6,900 Nm3/h
- Biomethane produced: up to 4,100 Nm3/a
- Electricity generated: 18.3 MW electrical generation capacity equivalent for boiler operations

2.3. Reference plants

India (2025)

Zeolite Membrane Demonstration

Feed : Cow Dung/Chicken dropping/Press Mud
Capacity : 40Nm³/h
CH_4 : 55-60vol%
CO_2 : 38-42vol%
H_2S : 1,000ppm
H_2O : Saturated



Membrane Module (10 pieces/module)

Membrane Module Assembly

Kanadevia
Technology for people and planet

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Homepage

YouTube