Part 2: Radioactive Material Monitoring in the Water Environment in and around Fukushima Prefecture (FY2017)

1 Objective and Details

1.1 Objective

This monitoring was conducted in response to the Fukushima NPS Accident for the purpose of clarifying the distribution of the accident-derived radioactive materials in the water environment.

1.2 Details

(1) Locations

The survey was conducted mainly in and around Fukushima prefecture at around 600 locations for public water areas and at around 400 locations for groundwater. Specific locations are shown in Figure 1.2-1.

(2) Targets

For public water areas (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas), water and sediment were surveyed. Additionally, radioactivity in soil in the surrounding environment (riverbeds, etc.) near the sampling locations was also surveyed as reference.

Radioactivity in groundwater was also measured.

(3) Frequencies and periods

The monitoring for public water areas was conducted two to 10 times a year (varying by location). The monitoring for groundwater was conducted one to four times a year (varying by location).

(4) Conducted analyses

Primarily, analyses of Cs-134 and Cs-137 were conducted for the subject samples.

Additionally, analyses on Sr-89, Sr-90 and other artificial radionuclides were also conducted for some of the samples.

(5) Compilation and evaluation of results

The results of the measurement are compiled and released sequentially as preliminary reports on the Ministry of the Environment website.

This report is the compilation of the overall monitoring results, and the details of individual monitoring surveys are available on the following website.

http://www.env.go.jp/en/water/rmms/surveys.html

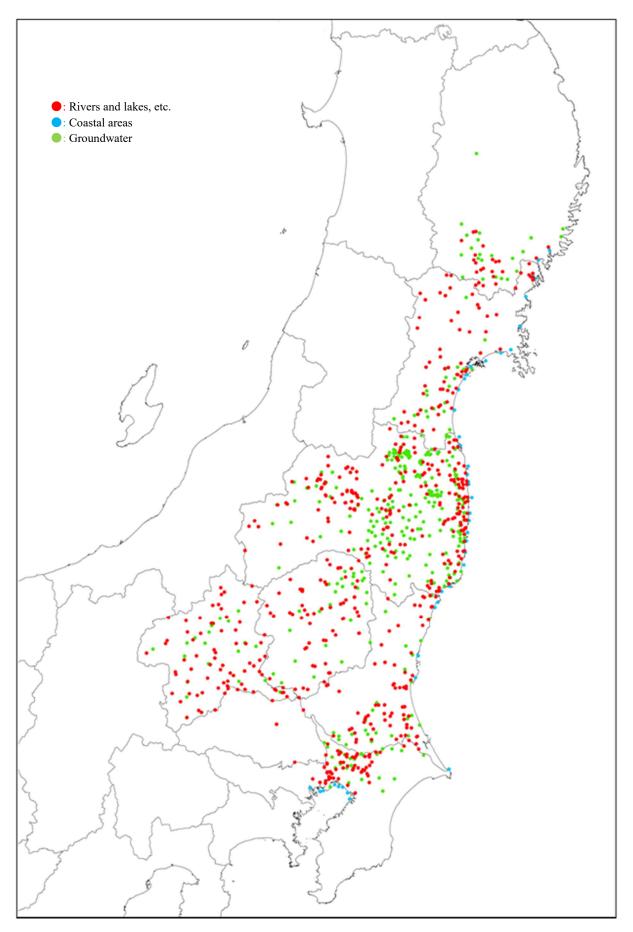


Figure 1.2-1 Map showing locations for the Post-Earthquake Monitoring in FY2017

2 Survey Methods and Analysis Methods

2.1 Survey methods

Samples were collected at predetermined locations (for public water areas and groundwater) and the following analyses of radioactive materials were conducted.

Samples were collected based on the following guidelines in principle, as outlined below.

- Water Quality Survey Method (Sep 30, 1971; Notice Kansuikan No. 30 issued by the Director General of the Water Quality Preservation Bureau, Ministry of the Environment)
- Sediment Survey Method (Aug 8, 2012; Notice Kansuitaisuihatsu No. 120725002 issued by the Director General of the Environmental Management Bureau, Ministry of the Environment)
- Groundwater Quality Survey Method (Sep 14, 1989; Notice Kansuikan No. 189 issued by the Director General of the Water Quality Preservation Bureau, Ministry of the Environment)
- Environmental Sample Collection Method (1983, MEXT's Radioactivity Measurement Method Series)
- Sample Pretreatment for Instrumental Analysis Using Germanium Semiconductor Detectors (1982, MEXT's Radioactivity Measurement Method Series)

2.2 Analysis methods

 γ -ray spectrometry measurements using a germanium semiconductor detector were conducted for water samples and sediment samples collected from public water areas and for groundwater samples, primarily targeting Cs-134 and Cs-137.

Additionally, analyses on Sr-89, Sr-90 and other artificial radionuclides were also conducted for some of the collected samples. Detected values were indicated with two significant digits in the unit of "Bq/L" in the case of water samples from public water areas and groundwater samples, and in the unit of "Bq/kg" in the case of sediment samples from public water areas. The measurement results were corrected for attenuation, and results were reported as activity concentrations at the time sampling was completed.

Adopted analysis methods were basically in line with the MEXT's Radioactivity Measurement Method Series. Detection limits are as shown in the table below.

Radionucl	ide	Public water areas (water)	Public water areas (sediment)	Groundwater
Radioactive c (Cs-134 and C		Approx. 1 Bq/L	Approx. 10 Bq/kg	Approx. 1 Bq/L
Radioactive	Sr-90	Approx. 1 Bq/L	Approx. 1 Bq/kg (0.16 to 2.9 Bq/kg)	Approx. 1 Bq/L
strontium	Sr-89	-	-	Approx. 1 Bq/L
Other artifi radionuclide		-	-	-
*1. Varias has trues at	C 1' 1' 1			

Table 2.2-1 Target values of detection limits for radionuclides in Post-Earthquake Monitoring

*1: Varies by type of radionuclides.

3 Outlines of the Results

The results of the Post-Earthquake Monitoring conducted in FY2017 are as outlined below.

3.1 Detection of radioactive cesium

Radioactive cesium (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) was detected as follows.

(1) Public water areas (water)

In FY2017, radioactive cesium activity concentrations were not all detectable in river water samples and coastal area water samples; from not detectable to 17Bq/L in lake water samples and had a detection rate of 1.7%.

Since FY2011, all prefectures have shown decreasing trends in the detection rate for river water samples (13,000 or more total samples) and lake water samples (8,100 or more total samples). In prefectures other than Fukushima Prefecture, radioactive cesium has not been detected since FY2013 (see Figure 4.1.1-1 and Figure 4.1.1-2). In addition, no survey has detected radioactive cesium in coastal area water samples (3,300 or more total samples) since FY2011.

(2) Groundwater

Radioactive cesium was not detected in any of the groundwater samples in FY2017.

Looking at the trend from FY2011 onward, radioactive cesium was detected in two samples from Fukushima Prefecture in FY2011 (detected values were 2 Bq/L and 1 Bq/L), and has not been detected in groundwater samples (6,500 or more total samples) since FY2012.

(3) Public water areas (sediment)

1) Overall trends

In FY2017, radioactive cesium activity concentrations ranged from not detectable to 6,720 Bq/kg and were detected with a detection rate of 85.0% in river sediment samples, from not detectable to 361,000 Bq/kg and with a detection rate of 99.3% in lake sediment samples, and from not detectable to 556 Bq/kg and at a detection rate of 79.0% in coastal area sediment samples.

Additionally, radioactive cesium activity concentrations were less than 200 Bq/kg in almost all areas in rivers and coastal areas (river: approx. 73%, coastal area: approx. 79%), and were less than 3,000 Bq/kg in almost all areas in lakes (approx. 77%) throughout the year.

2) Status by location

Because radioactive cesium was detected at many locations, its statuses in respective locations were compared. The status in respective locations were compared and relative concentration levels for detected values and their changes were statistically compiled as shown in "4.1-2 (3) Detection of radioactive materials by location."

Detected concentration levels were compiled as shown in Table 3.1-1.

Locations of Categories A and B (top 10 percentile of the whole) were observed in Hamadori District, Fukushima Prefecture as well as in Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture and in Ibaraki, Gunma, Chiba (all these were for rivers), and Miyagi Prefectures (for coastal areas).

Table 3.1-1 Categorization of detected concentration levels for sediment samples from public waterareas (FY2017) (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas)

<Rivers>

		Range						N	Jumber of	locations				-	
Category	Percentile (see Figure 4.1.2-7)	[coastal area sediments]	Iwate	Miyagi		Fukushima		Ibaraki	Tochigi	Gunma	Chiba	Saitama	Tokyo	Total	
	(see Figure 4.1.2 7)	[Bq/kg (dry)]	Iwate	iviiyagi	Hamadori	Nakadori	Aizu	тоатакі	Toenigi	Guillia	Ciniba	Sanama	Токуо	Number of location	Percentage
А	Upper 5 percentile	784 or more	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	0	6	0	0	19	4.8
в	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	367 - 784	0	0	6	3	0	3	0	1	7	0	0	20	5.1
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	135 - 367	0	9	12	10	1	10	1	0	17	0	1	61	15.4
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	45 - 135	3	15	8	14	5	26	6	8	12	0	1	98	24.7
Е	Lower 50 percentile	45 or less	19	19	15	17	20	13	49	39	5	2	0	198	50.0
	Tota	1	22	43	53	44	26	53	56	48	47	2	2	396	100.0

<Lakes>

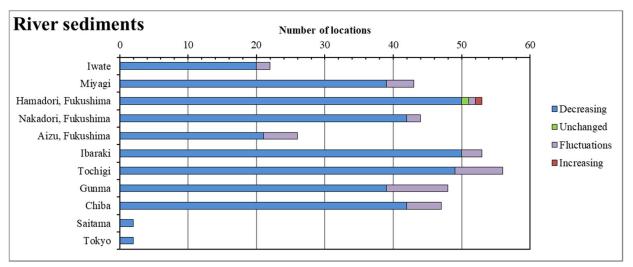
	D	Range					Numb	er of locat	ions			
Category	Percentile (see Figure 4.1.2-7)	[Lake sediments]	Miyagi		Fukushima	ı	Ibaraki	Tochigi	Gunma	Chiba	Total	
	(see 1 igure 4.1.2 7)	[Bq/kg (dry)]	wiiyagi	Hamadori	Nakadori	Aizu	IUdidki	Toenigi	Guiina	Chiba	Number of locations	Percentage
А	Upper 5 percentile	19,367 or more	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5.5
в	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	10,264 ~ 19,367	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	4.3
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	1,842 ~ 10,264	1	11	4	6	1	0	1	1	25	15.2
D	Upper 25 to 50 511 \sim 1,842		3	10	5	4	4	2	12	1	41	25.0
Е	E Lower 50 percentile 511 or less		17	4	3	21	14	6	11	6	82	50.0
	Total			41	12	31	19	8	24	8	164	100.0

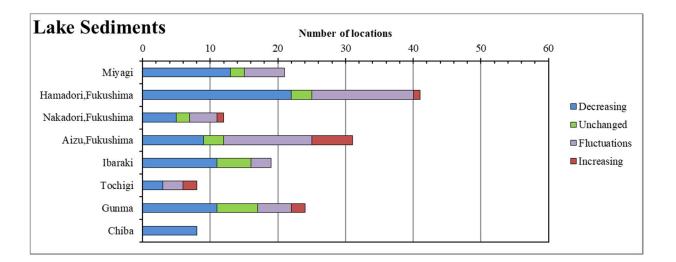
<Coastal areas>

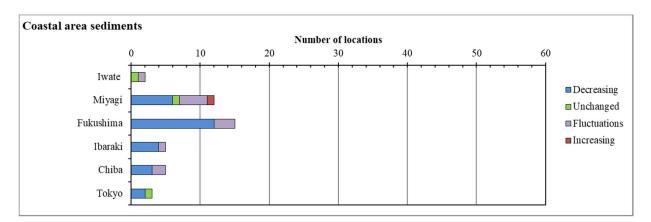
		Range				Number	of locations			
Category	Percentile (see Figure 4.1.2-7)	[coastal area sediments]	Iwate	Miyagi	Fukushima	Ibaraki	Chiba	Tokyo	Total	
	([Bq/kg (dry)]	Twate	wiiyugi	i ukusiiiina	Touruki	Chibu	TORYO	Number of location	Percentage
А	Upper 5 percentile	375 or more	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	4.8
в	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	261 ~ 375	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	4.8
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	132 ~ 261	0	2	2	0	0	2	6	14.3
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	30 ~ 132	0	3	7	0	0	1	11	26.2
Е	Lower 50 percentile	30 or less	2	5	4	5	5	0	21	50.0
	Total			12	15	5	5	3	42	100.0

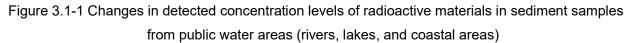
Changes in detected concentration levels were compiled as shown in Figure 3.1-1, which shows Table 4.1.2-48 (described later) graphically.

At most monitoring locations for rivers, a decreasing trend was observed. For lakes, a decreasing or unchanged trend was generally observed with some locations showing fluctuations. For coastal areas, a decreasing trend was generally observed with some locations showing fluctuations.









3.2 Detection of radionuclides other than radioactive cesium

(1) Sr-89 and Sr-90

Sr-90 was surveyed from FY2011 to FY2017 for sediment samples (approximately 770 samples in total) from public water areas (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas) and for groundwater samples (approximately 340 samples in total) (see Figure 4.2-1). Additionally, from FY2016 to FY2017, water samples (45 samples in FY2016 and three samples in FY2017) were also surveyed at those locations where relatively high concentrations were detected in sediment (1.0 Bq/kg or more in FY2016 and 10 Bq/kg or more in FY2017).

The results of the FY2017 survey were as follows: for public water area sediment samples, Sr-90 concentrations ranged from not detectable to 0.76 Bq/kg and had a detection rate of 33.3% in river sediment; from not detectable to 22 Bq/kg with a detection rate of 94.3% in lakes, and not detectable in coastal areas. As for water samples, Sr-90 was not detected in any public water areas or ground water locations (detection limit: 1 Bq/L for water and 1Bq/kg for sediment).

Sr-89 was not detectable in any of the monitoring surveys conducted for sediment samples from public water areas (a total of 22 samples collected from rivers and lakes in FY2011) or for groundwater samples (a total of approx. 340 samples surveyed from FY2011 to FY2017) (detection limit: 1 Bq/L for water and approximate 2 Bq/kg for sediment).

(2) Other artificial radionuclides

None have been detected since FY 2013.

4 Results

4.1 Radioactive cesium

4.1 -1 Water

(1) Public water areas

1) Rivers

Detection of radioactive cesium in river water samples is as shown in Table 4.1.1-1 and Figure 4.1.1-1.

According to the results, all prefectures have shown decreasing trends in the detection rate since FY2011. In FY2017, radioactive cesium was not detected in any locations.

Detected values (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) have also shown decreasing trends since FY2011 (detection limit: 1 Bq/L for both Cs-134 and Cs-137 and the same applies to lakes, coastal areas and ground water).

2) Lakes

Detection of radioactive cesium in lake water samples is as shown in Table 4.1.1-2 and Figure 4.1.1-2.

According to the results all prefectures have shown decreasing trends in the detection rate since FY2012. Radioactive cesium has not been detected in any locations other than Hamadori District, Fukushima Prefecture since FY2013.

Detected values (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) have also shown decreasing trends since FY2012. The measured values in FY2017 ranged from not detectable to 17 Bq/L.

3) Coastal areas

Detection of radioactive cesium in coastal area water samples is as shown in Table 4.1.1-3. According to the results, including the past years, radioactive cesium has not been detected in any locations.

(2) Groundwater

Detection of radioactive cesium in groundwater samples is as shown in Table 4.1.1-4.

According to the results, radioactive cesium has not been detected in any locations since FY2012 including FY2017.

<Reference>

 Specification and Standards for Food, Food Additives, etc. in Accordance with the Food Sanitation Act (Drinking Water) (Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare Public Notice No.130, Mar 15, 2012)

Radioactive cesium (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137): 10 Bq/kg

Target Values for Radioactive Materials in Tap Water (Management Target for Water Supply Facilities) (March 5, 2012; 0305 Notice No.1 from the Director of the Water Supply Division, Health Service Bureau, Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare)

Radioactive cesium (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137): 10 Bq/kg

				FY2017			FYZ	2011-2017			
Prefe	cture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range of measured values (Bq/L)	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	meas	ange o ured va (Bq/L)	alues
Iw	ate	79	0	0.0	ND	481	0	0.0		ND	
Yama	agata	0	0	-	-	10	0	0.0		ND	
Miy	yagi	195	0	0.0	ND	1294	3	0.2	ND	-	6.3
Fukus	shima	812	0	0.0	ND	5,317	59	1.1	ND	-	20
	Hamadori	326	0	0.0	ND	2,167	47	2.2	ND	-	20
	Nakadori	324	0	0.0	ND	2,149	12	0.6	ND	-	8.0
	Aizu	162	0	0.0	ND	1001	0	0.0		ND	
Iba	raki	212	0	0.0	ND	1402	0	0.0		ND	
Toc	higi	278	0	0.0	ND	1,822	1	0.1	ND	-	1.0
Gur	nma	214	0	0.0	ND	1371	0	0.0		ND	
Saita	ama	8	0	0.0	ND	50	0	0.0		ND	
Ch	iba	200	0	0.0	ND	1284	2	0.2	ND	-	1.3
Tol	куо	8	0	0.0	ND	55	0	0.0		ND	
То	otal	2,006	0	0.0	ND	13,086	65	0.5	ND	-	20

Table 4.1.1-.1 Detection of radioactive cesium in river water samples

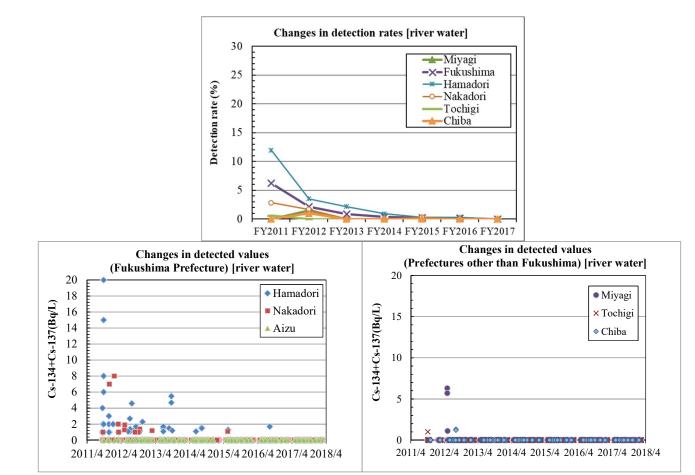
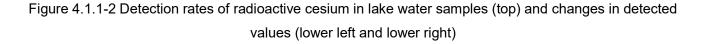
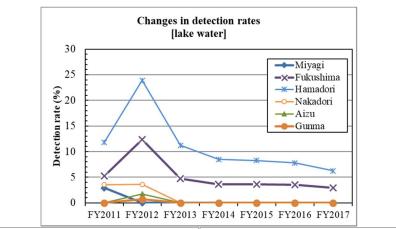


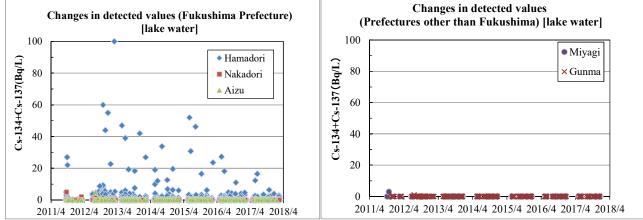
Figure 4.1-1 Detection rates of radioactive cesium in river water samples (top) and changes in detected values (lower left and lower right)

				FY2017					FY	2011-2017			
Prefe	ecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range o valu	of mea es (Bq		Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)		of mea ues (Bq	asured /L)
Yam	agata	0	0	-		-		4	0	0.0		ND	
Mi	yagi	111	0	0.0		ND		702	1	0.1	ND	-	3.0
Fuku	shima	757	22	2.9	ND	-	17	4,713	227	4.8	ND	-	100
	Hamadori	352	22	6.3	ND	-	17	2,070	218	10.5	ND	-	100
	Nakadori	99			ND		680	5	0.7	ND	-	5.0	
	Aizu	306	0	0.0		ND		1,963	4	0.2	ND	-	5.1
Iba	raki	144	0	0.0		ND		885	0	0.0		ND	
Тос	chigi	60	0	0.0		ND		392	0	0.0		ND	
Gu	nma	185	0	0.0		ND		1137	1	0.1	ND	-	1.0
Ch	niba	39	0	0.0		ND		298	0	0.0		ND	
Тс	otal	1,296	22	1.7	ND	-	17	8,131	229	2.8	ND	-	100

Table 4.1.1-2 Detection of radioactive cesium in lake water samples







		F	Y2017			FY2	011-2017	
Prefecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range of measured values (Bq/L)	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (B/A) (%)	Range of measured values (Bq/L)
Iwate	8	0	0.0	ND	53	0	0.0	ND
Miyagi	104	0	0.0	ND	708	0	0.0	ND
Fukushima	300	0	0.0	ND	1,805	0	0.0	ND
Ibaraki	40	0	0.0	ND	307	0	0.0	ND
Chiba	46	0	0.0	ND	292	0	0.0	ND
Tokyo	36	0	0.0	ND	218	0	0.0	ND
Total	534	0	0.0	ND	3,383	0	0.0	ND

Table 4.1.1-3 Detection of radioactive cesium in coastal area water samples

Table 4.1.1-4 Detection of radioactive cesium in groundwater samples

		-	FY2017			FY	2011-2017		
Prefecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range of measured values (Bq/L)	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	1 0	measured (Bq/L)
Iwate	22	0	0.0	ND	218	0	0.0	N	D
Miyagi	22	0	0.0	ND	265	0	0.0	N	D
Yamagata	0	0	-	-	79	0	0.0	N	D
Fukushima	771	0	0.0	ND	4,939	2	0.0	ND	- 2.0
Ibaraki	27	0	0.0	ND	305	0	0.0	N	D
Tochigi	27	0	0.0	ND	292	0	0.0	N	D
Gunma	21	0	0.0	ND	206	0	0.0	N	D
Chiba	23	0	0.0	ND	238	0	0.0	ND	
Total	913	0	0.0	ND	6,542	2	0.0	ND	- 2.0

(*) Detected in FY2011. Both Cs-134 and Cs-137 were detected at one site, and only Cs-137 was detected at another site, at a level of 1 Bq/L (detection limit: 1 Bq/L) (see the main text).

4.1-2 Sediment

Detection of radioactive cesium in sediment samples from public water areas (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas) is as outlined below.

(1) Detection status

1) Rivers

Radioactive cesium detected in river sediment samples is as shown in Table 4.1.2-1 and Figure 4.1.2-1.

According to the results, including the past years, the detection rate has ranged between 50 and 100% and has been slightly decreasing over time in many prefectures.

On the other hand, as for detected values (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) shown in Figure 4.1.2-1, the number of locations with high concentration levels has decreased while number of locations with low concentration levels has increased. When the detected values for FY2017 were observed by the concentration category, radioactive cesium was not detectable at 26 locations (approx. 7%), less than 100 Bq/kg at 194 locations (approx. 49%) and less than 100 to 200 Bq/kg at 67 locations (approx. 17%). The locations where their detected values were less than 200 Bq/kg accounted for approximately 73% of the total surveyed locations.

2) Lakes

Detection of radioactive cesium in lake sediment samples is as shown in Table 4.1.2-2 and Figure 4.1.2-2.

According to the results, including the past years, the detection rate has ranged between 83 and 100%. In FY2017, detection rates of 90% or more were observed in all prefectures.

Detected values (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) have increased at locations with lower concentrations, however, this trend is relatively moderate compared to those in rivers or coastal areas. The areas with higher concentrations still exist in many locations as in Hamadori District, Fukushima Prefecture where radioactive cesium was still detected at concentrations of 100,000 Bq/kg or more in FY2017. When the detected values for FY2017 are observed by the concentration category, radioactive cesium was not detectable at one location, less than 100 Bq/kg at 13 locations (approx. 8%), less than 100 to 1,000 Bq/kg at 78 locations (approx. 48%), and less than 1,000 to 3,000 Bq/kg at 35 locations (approx. 21%). The locations where their detected values were less than 3,000 Bq/kg accounted for approximately 77% of the total surveyed locations.

3) Coastal areas

Detection of radioactive cesium in coastal area sediment samples is as shown in Table 4.1.2-3 and Figure 4.1.2-3.

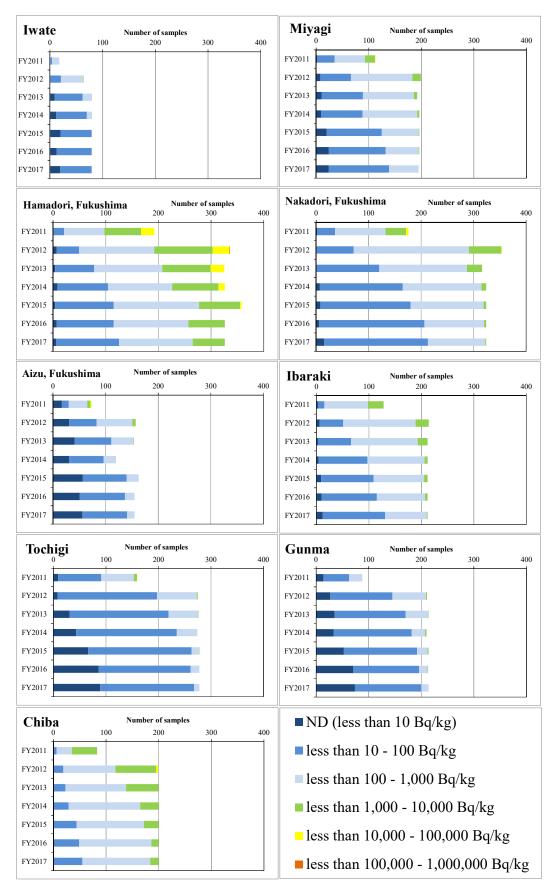
According to the results, including the past years, the detection rate ranged between 30 and 100% except for a small number of samples from Iwate Prefecture.

Coastal area locations showed lower detected values (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) than those in rivers or lakes. Radioactive cesium was not detected with a value of 1,000 Bq/kg or more in any prefectures in FY2017 same as in FY2016. When the detected values for FY2017 are observed by the concentration category, radioactive cesium was not detectable at nine locations (approx. 21%), less than 100 Bq/kg at 17 locations (approx. 41%), and less than 100 to 200 Bq/kg at seven locations (approx. 17%). The locations where their detected values were less

than 200 Bq/kg accounted for approximately 79% of the total surveyed locations.

		F	Y2017						FY2011-F	Y2017				
Prefecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	meas	ange ured Bq/k	values	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	meas	ange of ured values Bq/kg)	Range r:	of det ate (%	
Iwate	79	60	75.9	ND	-	75	481	407	84.6	ND	- 1,040	75.0	-	100.0
Yamagata	0	0	-		-		10	6	60.0	ND	- 132	60.0	-	60.0
Miyagi	195	171	87.7	ND	-	715	1,287	1,190	92.5	ND	- 11,100	87.7	-	98.2
Fukushima	805	728	90.4	ND	-	6,720	5,308	4,948	93.2	ND	- 165,000	90.4	-	95.5
Hamadori	326	320	98.2	ND	-	6,720	2,189	2,152	98.3	ND	- 165,000	97.5	-	99.5
Nakadori	324	309	95.4	ND	-	1,720	2,142	2,103	98.2	ND	- 30,000	95.4	-	100.0
Aizu	155	99	63.9	ND	-	584	977	693	70.9	ND	- 25,000	63.9	-	80.3
Ibaraki	212	200	94.3	ND	-	1,380	1,402	1,355	96.6	ND	- 5,800	94.3	-	98.6
Tochigi	278	189	68.0	ND	-	287	1,818	1,486	81.7	ND	- 4,900	68.0	-	97.1
Gunma	214	140	65.4	ND	-	880	1,364	1,057	77.5	ND	- 2,160	65.4	-	87.2
Saitama	8	4	50.0	ND	-	51	50	37	74.0	ND	- 540	50.0	-	100.0
Chiba	200	199	99.5	ND	-	2,270	1,282	1,277	99.6	ND	- 20,200	99.0	-	100.0
Tokyo	8	8	100.0	36	-	199	54	54	100.0	27	- 700		100.0	
Total	1,999	1,699	85.0	ND	-	6,720	13,056	11,817	90.5	ND	- 165,000	50.0	-	100.0

Table 4.1.2-1 Detection of radioactive cesium in river sed	liment samples
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Prefectures where only a small number of samples were collected are omitted.

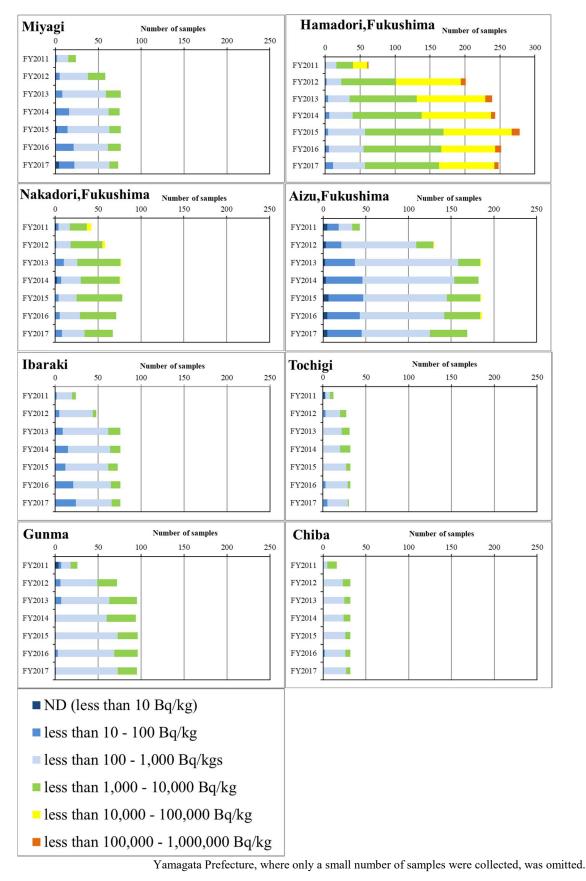
*Number of locations for each category in the maximum concentration values for 2017

ND: 26 locations (approx. 7%), less than 10 to 100 Bq/kg: 194 locations (approx. 49%), and less than 100 to 200 Bq/kg: 67 locations (approx. 17%)

Figure 4.1.2-1 Detection of radioactive cesium in river sediment samples (changes)

			FY2017						FY2	011-FY2	017				
Prefecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)			neasured Bq/kg)	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	0	Range of measured values (Bq/kg)		0	e of dete ate (%)	
Yamagata	0	0	-		-		2	2	100.0	34	-	470		100.0	
Miyagi	73	69	100.0	ND	-	2,350	458	450	98.3	ND	-	9,700	94.5	-	100.0
Fukushima	484	479	98.8	ND	-	361,000	3,072	3,039	98.9	ND	-	920,000	95.9	-	99.6
Hamadori	248	248	99.6	14	-	361,000	1,523	1,522	99.9	ND	-	920,000	99.6	-	100.0
Nakadori	67	67	100.0	14	-	8,930	469	466	99.4	ND	-	35,000	97.4	-	100.0
Aizu	169	164	97.3	ND	-	6,180	1,080	1,051	97.3	ND	-	15,400	88.4	-	98.9
Ibaraki	76	76	100.0	29	-	2,330	449	447	99.6	ND	-	5,400	98.7	-	100.0
Tochigi	30	30	100.0	47	-	1,120	196	194	99.0	ND	-	8,700	83.3	-	100.0
Gunma	95	95	100.0	28	-	2,760	574	570	99.3	ND	-	5,100	84.6	-	100.0
Chiba	32	32	100.0	136	-	3,010	208	208	100.0	66	-	8,200		100.0	
Total	790	781	99.3	ND	-	361,000	4,959	4,910	99.0	ND	-	920,000	83.3	-	100.0

Table 4.1.2-2 Detection of radioactive cesium in lake sediment samples



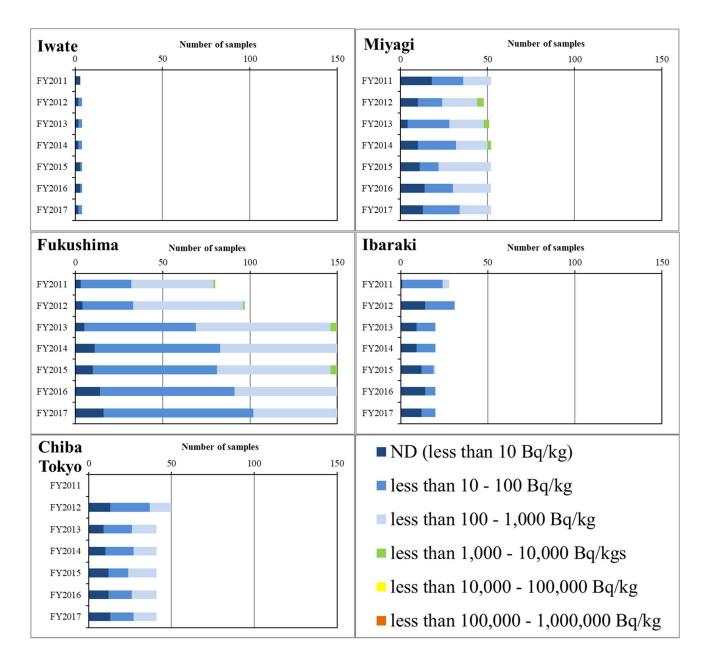
* Number of locations for each category in the maximum concentration values for 2017

ND: one location, less than 10 to 100 Bq/kg: 13 locations (approx. 8%), less than 100 to 1,000 Bq/kg: 78 locations (approx. 48%), and less than 1,000 to 3,000 Bq/kg: 35 locations (approx. 21%)

Figure 4.1.2-2 Detection of radioactive cesium in lake sediment samples (changes)

		F	Y2017						FY2011-FY	2017					
Prefecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)		of me es (Bq		Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	0		ieasured 3q/kg)	0	of de ate (%	
Iwate	4	2	50.0	ND	-	15	27	10	37.0	ND	-	46	0.0	-	50.0
Miyagi	52	39	75.0	ND	-	556	359	279	77.7	ND	-	2,040	65.4	-	92.2
Fukushima	150	134	89.3	ND	-	526	927	864	93.2	ND	-	2,950	89.3	-	96.7
Ibaraki	20	8	40.0	ND	-	58	159	88	55.3	ND	-	230	30.0	-	96.4
Chiba	23	10	43.5	ND	-	76	146	80	54.8	ND	-	315	43.5	-	64.5
Tokyo	18	18	100.0	43	-	307	109	106	97.2	ND	-	780	89.5	-	100.0
Total	267	211	79.0	ND	-	556	1,727	1,427	82.6	ND	-	2,950	0.0	-	100.0

Table 4.1.2-3 Detection of radioactive cesium in coastal area sediment samples



* Number of locations for each category in the maximum concentration values for 2017

ND: nine locations (approx. 21%), less than 10 to 100 Bq/kg: 17 locations (approx. 41%) and less than 100 to 200 Bq/kg: seven locations (approx. 17%)

Figure 4.1.2-3 Detection of radioactive cesium in coastal area sediment samples (Changes)

(2) Changes in concentration levels

Changes in overall concentration levels were evaluated based on the following method shown below by using data obtained at locations where continuous monitoring has been conducted.

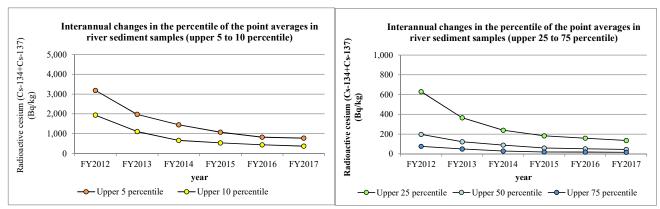
- Obtain the average value for each location where continuous monitoring has been conducted in order to
 evaluate changes in overall concentration levels of radioactive cesium each fiscal year (arithmetic average
 calculated by assuming ND to be zero; hereinafter referred to as the "average for each location").
 The analyzation of data from FY2011 was excluded, concerning a small number of samples and locations
 collected comparing to those in past years.
- Arrange all such averages for each location (separately for samples from rivers, lakes, and coastal areas) each fiscal year in descending order and set the following five categories depending on upper percentile ranges.
 - Upper 5 percentile of the entirety
 - Upper 10 percentile of the entirety
 - Upper 25 percentile of the entirety
 - Upper 50 percentile of the entirety
 - Upper 75 percentile of the entirety

(Incidentally, a correlation between the average for each location and the maximum value by fiscal year revealed a good correlation. Therefore, considering that the evaluation of the average for each location covers that of large detected values (maximum values) that emerge occasionally, the evaluation was conducted by using only the average for each location.)

1) Rivers

Interannual changes in the percentile values of the point averages in river sediment samples are as shown in Figure 4.1.2-4.

Since FY2012, all percentile values have been on a decreasing trend, and in FY2017, they had declined to a level of about 20% of FY2012.



In FY2017, 95% of the total (locations below the upper 5 percentile) was less than 1,000 Bq/kg.

Figure 4.1.2-4 Interannual changes in the percentile values of the point averages in river sediment samples

2) Lakes

Interannual changes in the percentile values of the point averages in lake sediment samples are as shown in Figure 4.1.2-5.

Since FY2012, most of the percentile values have been on a decreasing trend, and in FY2017, they had declined to the level of about half of Y2012.

In FY2017, 90% of the total (locations below the top 10 percentile) was less than about 10,000 Bq/kg, and 75% of the total (locations below the upper 25 percentile) was less than 2,000 Bq/kg.

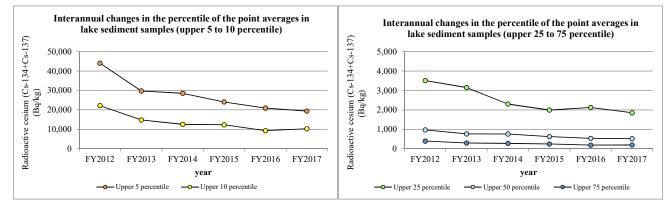


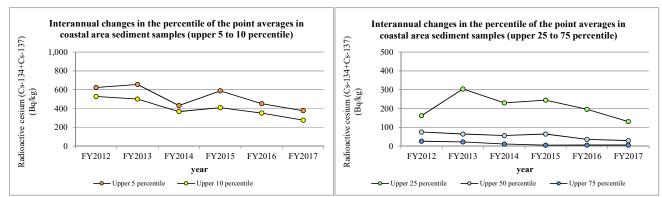
Figure 4.1.2-5 Interannual changes in the percentile values of the point averages in lake sediment samples

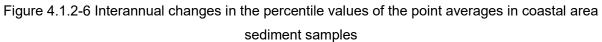
3) Coastal areas

Interannual changes in the percentile values of the point averages in coastal area sediment samples are as shown in Figure 4.1.2-6.

Since FY2012, the percentile values have generally been decreasing except for some locations that showed some fluctuations. In FY2017, they declined to about half of those in FY2012 (In coastal areas, the concentration levels were relatively lower than those in rivers or lakes, and the number of survey locations was very small. Therefore, the percentile values showed fluctuations. Of these, the increase in 25 percentile from FY2012 to FY2013 was due to the addition of three survey locations with relatively high concentration. Another partial increase of percentile values in FY2015 was considered to be due to the heavy rains in the Kanto and Tohoku regions occurring in September 2015. This increase was a transient trend and the percentile values have continuously seen decreasing trends since FY2016 as they used to be previously.

In FY2017, 95% of the total (locations below the upper 5 percentile) was less than 400 Bq/kg.





4.3 Detection of radioactive materials in sediment by location

(1) Evaluation policy

Circumstances where radioactive materials were detected were compiled in further detail by sampling location, while separately considering the property such as rivers, lakes and coastal areas.

Circumstances for each location were statistically analyzed from the following two perspectives by using all available data for each location. Locations where the survey was completed in a single fiscal year (including Yamagata Prefecture) and where the survey has not been conducted since FY2013, were excluded from the evaluation.

1) Relative detected concentration levels

- i. Obtain the average value for each location in FY2017 by using all survey results concerning concentrations of radioactive cesium (the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137) (arithmetic average calculated by assuming ND to be zero).
- ii. Arrange all such averages for each location (separately for samples from rivers, lakes, and coastal areas) in descending order and set the following five categories depending on upper percentile ranges (see Figure 4.1.2-7).
 - Category A: Upper 5 percentile of the entirety
 - Category B: Upper 5 to 10 percentile of the entirety
 - · Category C: Upper 10 to 25 percentile of the entirety
 - Category D: Upper 25 to 50 percentile of the entirety
 - Category E: Upper 50 to 100 percentile of the entirety (lower 50 percentile)

(Incidentally, a comparison between the average and the maximum value for each location in FY2017 revealed a good correlation (see lower right of Figure 4.1.2-7). Therefore, considering that the evaluation of the average for each location covers that of large detected values (maximum values) that emerge occasionally, the evaluation was conducted by using only the average for each location.)

2) Changes in detected values

- i. Changes in detected values were categorized based on the following policy in order to evaluate their changes over the years.
 - (i) Based on graphs showing changes in detected values of each location over the years, those negatively sloped are set as "decreasing" and those positively sloped are set as "increasing" respectively by eye measurement.
 - (ii) When eye measurement is difficult, a regression analysis is conducted to check the trend. Specifically, when the lower and upper 95% of the slope are both negative, it is judged as "decreasing," and when the lower and upper 95% of the slope are both positive, it is judged as "increasing."
 - (iii) When increasing or decreasing tendencies are unclear (either the lower or upper limit of 95% of the slope is negative or the other is positive), a coefficient of variation of 0.5 was used as a reference. When the coefficient of variation is less than 0.5, it is judged as "unchanged," and when the coefficient

of variation is 0.5 or higher, it is judged as "fluctuations."

ii. However, data may show fluctuations, depending on minor differences in sampling locations or properties of the samples, and it is considered to be too early to make judgments on changes in detected values at this point in time. Even if a certain location is categorized as an "increasing trend" based on the abovementioned policy, whether or not the trend is increasing in a particular location requires further continuous collection of data in order to make an informed judgment.

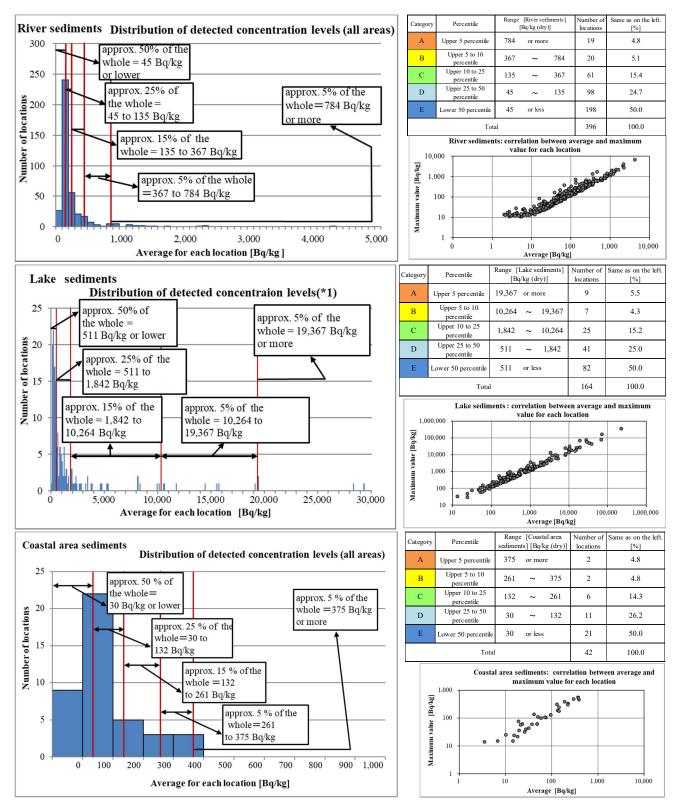


Figure 4.1.2-7 Categories based on the average for each location (left: picture showing means of categorization; upper right: results of categorization⁹; lower right: correlation between average and maximum value for each location)

*1: locations where the maximum value on the horizontal axis is exceeded are not shown.

⁹ Method of setting categorization boundary value: The boundary value of adjacent categories is the average value of the minimum value of the upper categorization and the maximum value of the lower categorization.

(2) Concentration levels in sediment samples from rivers, lakes, and coastal areas and their changes

- by prefecture
- (2)-1 Rivers
- 1) Iwate Prefecture

In Iwate Prefecture, surveys were conducted 13 to 25 times from December 2011 to February 2018 for river sediment samples collected at 22 locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from one location where the survey was conducted only in 2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, three locations were categorized as Category D and 19 locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-4 and Table 4.1.2-5).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 20 locations and were fluctuating at two locations.

Table 4.1.2-4 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (lwate Prefecture: river sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	0	(None)
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	3	No. 4, No. 16, No. 22
E	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	10	No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21

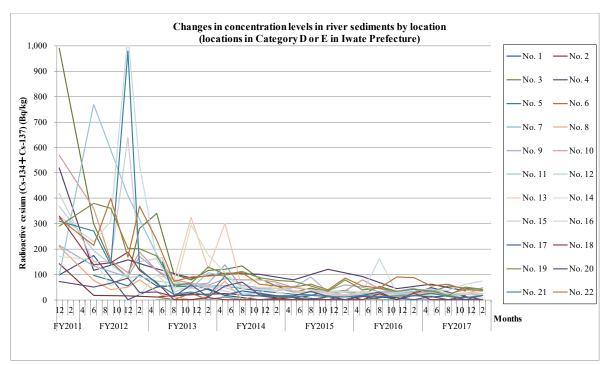


Figure 4.1.2-8 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (lwate Prefecture: river sediment)

		I	ocation			FY2017		FY2	2011 - FY2	017		Coefficient	Trends
No.		Water area	Location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	of variation	(*3)
1	Sa	akai River Lower Reaches	Sano Bridge	Ofunato City	14	49	32	0	176	39	\sum	1.29	\nearrow
2		Kesen River	Aneha Bridge	Rikuzentakada City	0	43	22	0	143	26	\Box	1.43	\nearrow
3	3 Okawa River		Prefectural border with Miyagi	Ichinoseki City	31	55	42	23	990	132	h	1.50	\nearrow
4	4 Tsuyagawa River		Chiyogahara Bridge	Ichinoseki City	36	62	49	36	520	126	L	0.97	\nearrow
5		Kurosawa River	Kawarada Bridge	Kanegasaki Town	17	22	20	17	99	46	N	0.62	\searrow
6		Isawa River	Oago Bridge	Oshu City	0	0	0	0	27	3.4	h_{-}	2.18	$\bigwedge \! \bigwedge \! \bigwedge$
7			Saijin Bridge	Oshu City	0	0	0	0	14	0.7		4.47	$\bigwedge \!\!\!\bigwedge$
8		Kitakami River	Fuji Bridge	Oshu City	0	15	3.8	0	210	29	him	1.55	\searrow
9		Shiratori River	Shiratori Bridge	Oshu City	23	26	24	23	215	68	M	0.74	\searrow
10		Koromo River	Koromogawa Bridge	Hiraizumi Town	24	42	34	24	570	99	h	1.22	\searrow
11		Ota River	Hitosuji Bridge	Hiraizumi Town	20	48	34	20	770	103	\wedge	1.63	\searrow
12	System	Iwai River Middle Reaches	Kamino Bridge	Ichinos eki City	20	34	26	20	370	65	$\$	1.17	\searrow
13	River S	Iwai River Lower Reaches	Kozenji Bridge	Ichinos eki City	24	29	26	12	326	69	Μ	1.29	\searrow
14	Kitakami B	Kitakami River	Chitose Bridge (Kozenji)	Ichinoseki City	0	26	14	0	294	63	m	1.15	\searrow
15	Kita	Sokei River	Unada Bridge	Ichinos eki City	14	26	20	14	640	86	M	1.69	\searrow
16		Sarusawa River	Kannon Bridge	Ichinos eki City	37	75	53	29	1,040	142	Λ	1.57	\searrow
17		Satetsu River	Oide Bridge	Ichinos eki City	0	18	11	0	149	26	han	1.22	\searrow
18		Succesu ruver	Kanzaki Bridge	Ichinos eki City	0	14	3.5	0	330	42	4	1.92	\searrow
19		Senmaya River Upper Reaches	Miyata Bridge	Ichinos eki City	18	51	37	18	380	111	~~~~~	0.92	\searrow
20		Kitakami River	Kitakamigawa Bridge	Ichinoseki City	0	13	3.3	0	85	26	MM	1.04	\searrow
21		Kinomi River	Higuchi Bridge	Ichinoseki City	10	27	17	10	980	91	1	2.21	\nearrow
22		Kinryu River	Tenjin Bridge	Ichinoseki City	38	62	49	38	400	120	M	0.88	\searrow
Tota	Total number of samples		480		0	75	23	0	1,040	72		-	Increasing
	Detection times 406					*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)							Varying
					А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-5 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Iwate Prefecture: river sediment)

2) Miyagi Prefecture

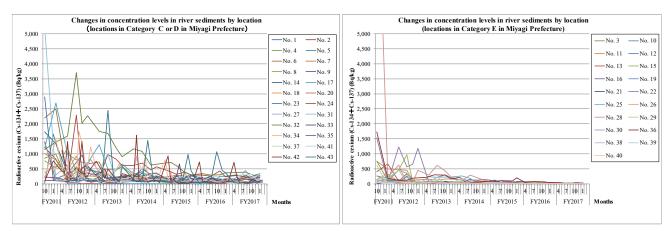
In Miyagi Prefecture, surveys were conducted 24 to 63 times from October 2011 to February 2018 for river sediment samples collected at 43 locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from 38 locations where the survey was conducted only in 2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, nine locations were categorized as Category C, 15 locations as Category D, and 19 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-6 and Table 4.1.2-7).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 39 locations and were fluctuating at four locations.

Table 4.1.2-6 Categorization of detected values at respective locations	
(Miyagi Prefecture: river sediment)	

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	9	No.5, No.14, No.18, No.23, No.24, No.31, No.32, No.33, No.41,
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	15	No. 1, No.2, No.4, No.6, No.7, No.8, No.9, No.17, No.20, No.27, No.34, No.35, No.37, No.42, No.43
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	19	No.3, No.10, No.11, No.12, No.13, No.15, No.16, No.19, No.21, No.22, No.25, No.26, No.28, No.29, No.30, No.36, No.38, No.39, No.40



Notes: For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures.

Figure 4.1.2-9 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Miyagi Prefecture: river sediment)

	Location					FY2017			FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.		w	ater area	Location	Municipality	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Changes	Coefficient of	Trends (*3)
110.			ater area	Location	within pairty	value	value	Average	value	value	Average	2	variation	(-)
1		Shi	shiori River	Kinzan Bridge		48	63	58	36	211	88	mm	0.51	
2				Namiita Bridge		66	80	72	28	1,220	231	ham	1.09	/
3				Tateyama-ohashi Bridge	Kesennuma	20	37	27	20	750	74	L	1.89	/
4		Ol	kawa River	Kamiyama Bridge	City	35	294	131	34	990	221	hn	1.17	\nearrow
5				Okawa River Estuary		201	299	256	0	1,660	124	Λ	2.69	/
6		On	nose River	Ozaki Bridge		74	156	117	44	2,500	387	h	1.56	\searrow
7			Arima River	Unanda Bridge		28	118	87	28	1,000	246	hum	0.95	\backslash
8			Kinryu River	Obata Bridge		78	110	98	78	1,190	270	M	0.94	/
9		Kitakami River Sanhasama River		Tome-ohashi Bridge (Tome)		17	104	50	17	199	78	Mar	0.63	/
10				Doman Bridge	Kurihara City	0	24	6.0	0	260	38	1	1.39	
11		-	Nihasama River	(Kurikoma Dam) Kajiya Bridge		0	38	21	0	750	147	5	1.28	/
12		Hasama üver Area		Hanayama Dam, inflow		0	0	0	0	135	14	Λ	2.25	/
13	ie ni	BUILD REAL PRIMARA RIVER		area		24	30	27	24	670	98	1. 1.	1.51	/
	Kitakami River System		and and relyed	Wakayanagi Vamayashida Pridaa	Toma City		301					N	1.20	/
14	Riv			Yamayoshida Bridge Todoroki Bridge	Tome City	111		167	34	1,730	323	M		1
15			Eai River	(Todoroki)	0.1	18	37	28	0	970	110	<u></u>	1.90	/
16		er Area	In Furukawa	Shimizu Komon Lock	Osaki City	0	11	5.3	0	330	34	/h	2.06	/
17		i River	In Furukawa District,Osaki City	Shinborisaihon, entrance		100	162	130	88	2,700	501	~~	1.13	/
18		Eai	Dekigawa River	Kogota Bridge	Misato Town	49	262	135	49	930	242	Mum	0.81	\searrow
19		Eai River		Oikawa Bridge (Tandai)	Wakuya Town	13	19	16	0	260	44	han	1.28	\nearrow
20	0 Kyu-Kitakami River		yu-Kitakami River	Kadonowaki	Ishinomaki City	0	122	77	0	240	89	\sum	0.83	\sim
21	1 Naruse River Onobashi Bridge (Ono)		Higashi- Matsushima	24	37	31	0	153	48	mm	0.71	\mathbb{N}		
22				Tagajozeki Weir		20	46	34	20	1,530	275	M	1.51	1
23		Sur	aoshi River	Nenbutsu Bridge	Tagajo City	28	197	135	17	2,900	363	1.	1.54	/
24			n-unga Canal	Teizan Bridge	Shiogama	193	282	230	95	2,280	496	1100	0.95	1
25		(Kyu-si	unaoshi River)	Nanakita Bridge	City/Shichiga	0	50	26	0	450	108	Am	1.14	
26	ita stem		Nanakita River	Fukuda-ohashi Bridge		0	0	0	0	60	11	M	1.48	/
27	Nanakita River System		Umeda River	Fukuda Bridge	Sendai City	50	76	63	44	1,350	210		1.42	^
28	Riv		Nanakita River	Takasago Bridge		0	11	2.8	0	11,100	571	M	3.77	/
20			Natori River		Sendai City	0	17	6.8	0	610	69	L	2.16	/
	ver		Natori Kiver	Yuriage-ohashi Bridge	/Natori City							V[/
30	Natori River System			Yakushi Bridge		13	19	16	13	220	39		1.07	/
31	Nat		Masuda River	Koyama Bridge	Natori City	59	456	189	0	5,200	380		2.64	>
32				Bishamon Bridge	Marumori	272	393	344	272	3,700	993	~~	0.82	/
33				Hadeniwa Bridge	Town	92	239	150	92	1,120	270	harnhum	0.66	>
34			Abukuma River	Marumori Bridge	Marumori Town	34	78	50	27	3,400	358	Maran_	1.44	/
35			1	Higashine Bridge	Kakuda City	21	104	52	21	301	95	hour	0.73	\searrow
36			Shiroishi River	Before the confluence with Kawaragosawa	Shiroishi City	30	48	39	30	1,730	180	L	1.85	\searrow
37	na tem	ihi rrea	Saikawa River	Etsubo Bridge	Shiroishi City	45	83	55	45	590	176	The	0.79	\searrow
38	Abukuma River System	Shiroishi River Aarea	Matsukawa River	Miya-ohashi Bridge	Zao Town	0	13	3.3	0	119	25	hm	1.08	\searrow
39	A Rive	S Riv	Arakawa River	Niragami Bridge	Murata Town/Ogawa	11	49	30	0	222	41	-M~	1.25	\mathbb{N}
40			Shiroishi River	Shirahata Bridge	Shibata Town	17	27	22	0	68	27	March	0.70	\searrow
41				Tsukinoki-ohashi Bridge	Kakuda City/Shibata	97	325	217	24	2,470	263	1,	1.53	/
42			Abukuma River	Abukuma-ohashi Bridge	Iwanuma	11	715	133	0	1,860	287	Marthan	1.39	
43				(Iwanuma) Abukuma River Estuary	City/Watari Iwanuma	21	72	46	21	2,450	280	A A	1.73	
-	43 (Watariohashi Bridge) City/Watari		City/Watari	0	715	83	0	11,100	218	_JWLW_		Increasing		
											1	1	Decreasing	
	Detection times 1,147			I	*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories according to 1) (i)									
						*3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)								
						А	В	С	D	Е				
<u> </u>														

Table 4.1.2-7 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Miyagi Prefecture: river sediment)

3) Fukushima Prefecture

(i) Hamadori

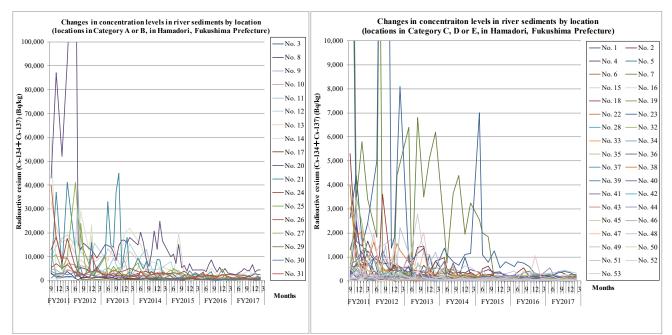
In Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 35 to 65 times from September 2011 to February 2018 for river sediment samples collected at 53 locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, 12 locations were categorized as Category A, six locations as Category B, 12 locations as Category C, eight locations as Category D, and 15 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-8 and Table 4.1.2-9).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 50 locations, were unchanged at one location, were fluctuating at one location, and were increasing at one location.

Table 4.1.2-8 Categorization of detected values at respective locations	
(Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)	

Category	gory Percentile Number of (percentile in all detected values) locations		Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	12	No.3, No.11, No.12, No.13, No.14, No.20, No.21, No.24, No.25, No.26, No.27, No.30
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	6	No.8, No.9, No.10, No.17, No29, No.31
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	12	No.2, No.4, No.7, No.15, No.18, No.22, No.23, No.32, No.36, No.39, No.44, No.48
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	8	No.6, No.28, No.33, No.35, No.38, No.41, No.45, No.53
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	15	No. 1, No.5, No. 16, No. 19, No.34, No.37, No.40, No.42, No.43, No.46, No.47, No.49, No.50, No.51, No.52



Notes: 1) For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. 2) Scales of the vertical axes differ in the left and right figures.

Figure 4.1.2-10 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)

No.	Water area	Location Location	Municipality	Minimum	FY2017 Maximum	Average	FY Minimum	2011 - FY2 Maximum	017 Average	Changes	Coefficient of	Trends (*3)
_				value	value	-	value	value	-	٨	variation	())
1	Jizogawa River	Hamahata Bridge	Shinchi Town	0	12	3.8	0	4,400	388	man	2.19	
2	Koizumi River	Koizumi Bridge		169	398	244	114	5,300	518	harm	1.61	
3		Hyakken Bridge	Soma City	1,000	1,350	1,205	46	2,900	984	mam	0.64	1/1/1
4	Udagawa River	Horisaka Bridge		135	236	174	135	2,300	504	n	0.87	
5		Hyakken Bridge		36	56	43	0	490	90	man	0.96	
6	Manogawa River	Ochiai Bridge	Minamisoma	34	156	111	34	4,000	353	L	1.65	<u> </u>
7	0	Majima Bridge	City	72	272	160	63	28,000	2,681	hem	1.83	/
8		Kusano	Iitate Village	123	662	412	123	5,700	1,163	When	1.03	/
9	Niida River	Komiya	Thate vhage	187	635	434	187	7,900	2,084	Mum	0.86	/
10	Iviida Kivei	Kidouchi Bridge		290	543	371	290	11,200	1,911	hum	1.01	/
11		Sakekawa Bridge		422	3,360	2,119	103	13,100	3,160	Limin	1.06	/
12		Ishiwatado Bridge		1,050	1,760	1,328	890	61,000	7,920	Im.	1.25	
13		Kaminouchi Bridge		662	1,360	1,026	662	33,000	6,608	hen.	1.03	<u> </u>
14	Ota River	Masuda Bridge	Minamisoma	821	4,030	2,204	620	60,000	8,339	1000	1.34	
15		JR Tetsudo Bridge	City	164	294	210	164	3,000	802	MA	0.98	<u> </u>
16		Maruyama Bridge		16	47	29	0	230	54	11	0.82	<u> </u>
17		Shimokawara Bridge		375	817	587	375	3,800	905		0.68	
	Odaka River	Zencho Bridge		122	214	158	122	3,600	444	A	1.29	
-										Nhanna		
19		Hatsukara Bridge		2 480	30	17	0	1,500	107	1	2.27	\vdash
20	Ukedo River			2,480	6,720	4,237	2,480	165,000	15,977	//	1.55	\vdash
21		Ukedo Bridge Before the confluence with Takasegawa		341	2,010	1,111	341	45,000	7,209	MWMmmm	1.43	\vdash
22	Furumichi River	River(Kodoshimohira,Miyakoji Town)	Tamura City	101	189	135	32	1,410	216	han	1.23	
23	Takase River	Keio Bridge	Namie Town	200	407	300	200	24,000	2,983	Uhm_	1.82	
24	Maeda River	National Route 6, west	Futaba Town	1,460	2,770	2,240	1,460	18,300	4,220	N	0.89	
25		Nakahama Bridge	Namie Town	797	1,800	1,251	132	23,900	3,521	Ann	1.17	
26	National Route 6, west	National Route 6, west	Okuma Town	270	1,440	846	270	7,100	1,962	Juni	0.84	
27	5	Mikuma Bridge		697	1,600	1,067	697	41,000	4,737	Am	1.55	/
28		Nabekura Bridge	Kawauchi	70	178	131	70	570	208	hum	0.51	
29	Tomioka River	Sakaigawa Bridge	Village	195	559	369	195	830	492	Mum	0.29	$\sim\sim$
30	I omoka Kiver	National Route 6, west	Tomioka	240	1,070	806	142	3,600	1,436	Month	0.64	/
31		Kobama Bridge	Town	424	1,140	732	424	40,000	3,843	Lange	1.75	/
32	Idegawa River	Motogama Bridge	Naraha Town	122	293	203	94	3,500	455	٨	1.37	
33	Kawauchi River	Before the confluence with Kidogawa	Kawauchi	86	149	106	39	290	143	hun	0.42	<u> </u>
34		River(Futamata Bridge) Nishiyama Bridge	Village	24	60	41	16	690	94	1	1.18	
35	Kidogawa River	Nagatoro Bridge		22	101	68	22	970	217	Ann	0.93	
36	-	Kidokawa Bridge	Naraha Town	77	210	146	68	2,500	382	ha.	1.21	<u> </u>
37	Asami River	Boda Bridge	Hirono Town	34	51	42	23	1,370	226	A	1.35	
-	Ohisa River	Kageiso Bridge	rmono rown	61	112	87	45	3,100	472	hu	1.43	
39	Kohisa River			97	214	153	92	460	195	W	0.47	
-	Konisa River	Rengo Bridge	Iwaki City							Whan		
40	Niida River	Kasumida Bridge		19	35	26	0	460	59	λ	1.38	\vdash
41		Matsuba Bridge		25	59	48	25	1,200	188	· Lun	1.33	\vdash
42		Kitanouchi Bridge	Ono Town	0	18	12	0	400	51	M	1.70	
43	Natsui River	Kyudayu Bridge		15	33	20	0	440	52	Mun	1.79	
44		Rokujumai Bridge		131	546	245	17	546	141	mont	0.76	
45	Yoshima River	Iwaanatsuri Bridge		42	66	57	28	620	152	Mul	0.99	
46		Before the confluence with Natsui River		15	33	23	0	480	79	Am	1.38	
47	Fujiwara River	Shima Bridge		16	30	24	13	1,280	122	s.l.	1.90	
48		Minato-ohashi Bridge	Iwaki City	320	453	365	20	2,220	440	Mm	0.98	
49	Samagawa Di	Idosawa Bridge		0	27	15	0	278	47	Man	1.38	
50	Samegawa River	Samegawa Bridge		25	51	44	0	440	71	human	0.95	
51	Shitoki River	Komuro Bridge	1	19	38	26	11	300	63	M	1.04	
52		Kobana Bridge	1	20	93	43	20	450	134	M	0.82	
53	Binda River	Binda Bridge		56	204	124	45	2,020	439	MM. A	1.23	
	number of samples	2,189		0	6,720	544	0	165,000	1,957	V'V handle		:Increasir
		2,107					Cs-134 and C			1		:Decreasi
Fota	Detection times	2 1 5 2		[™] 1 Detected								
ota	Detection times	2,152		*2 Average	values are a	arithmetic; ca		assuming NI		codes show	$\wedge \wedge \bullet$: Varying
ota	Detection times	2,152		*2 Average categories a	values are a ccording to	arithmetic; ca 1) (i)	alculated by	assuming NI	D=0; Color c	codes show	~~*	: Varying : Unchang

Table 4.1.2-9 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)

(ii) Nakadori

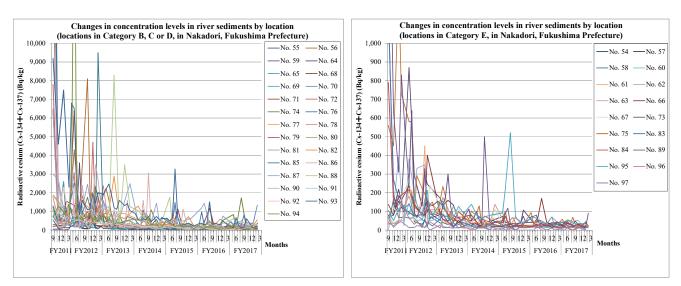
In Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 39 to 67 times from September 2011 to February 2018 for river sediment samples collected at 44 locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, three locations were categorized as Category B, 10 locations as Category C, 14 locations as Category D, and 17 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-10 and Table 4.1.2-11).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 42 locations and were fluctuating at two locations.

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	3	No.74, No.76, No.88
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	10	No.56, No.59, No.70, No.77, No.80, No.81, No.82, No.86, No.87, No.93
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	14	No.55, No.64, No.65, No.68, No.69, No.71, No.72, No.78, No.79, No.85, No.90, No.91, No.92, No.94
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	17	No.54, No.57, No.58, No.60, No.61, No.62, No.63, No.66, No.67, No.73, No.75, No.83, No.84, No.89, No.95, No.96, No.97

Table 4.1.2-10 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)



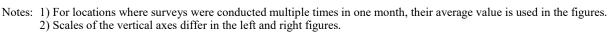


Figure 4.1.2-11 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)

		(Nak	adori, F	ukush	ima P	refect	ure: ri	ver se	dimer	nt)			
	r	Location	r		FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017		Coefficient	Trends	
No.	Water area	Location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	of variation	(*3)	
54	Abukuma River	Habuto Bridge	Nishigo Village	18	42	25	10	262	51	Am	0.98	\nearrow	
55	Abukuma Kivei	Tamachi-ohashi Bridge		11	112	47	11	1,010	92	human	1.61	/	
56	Yanta River	Before the confluence with Abukuma River	Shirakawa City	112	196	152	43	8,100	729	M	1.98	/	
57	Yashiro River	Yashirogawa Bridge	Tanagura Town	24	43	32	24	870	109	A.	1.33	/	
58	Kitasu River	Yanagi Bridge	Hirata Village	0	20	13	0	165	29	hun	1.02	/	
59	Imade River	Nekonaki Bridge		0	284	149	0	1,450	219	1	1.53	/	
60	Yashiro River	Oji Bridge	Ishikawa Town	13	27	20	11	145	45	MA	0.75	/	
61		Kawanome Bridge	Tamakawa	0	27	13	0	450	57	M.	1.27	1	
62	Abukuma River	Emochi Bridge	Village	0	22	6.8	0	390	61	M	1.78	/	
63		Sukagawa City water	Sukagawa City	21	55	39	11	182	70	Min Man	0.64	/	
64	Shakado River	intake point Before the confluence		16	377	68	14	3,600	175	Muham	2.70	7	
	Sautan Bium	with Abukuma River Shinbashi Bridge		17	78	55	17		330	um	1	7	
65	Sasahara River		Koriyama City					2,600		MM	1.65	/	
66	Yatagawa River	Yatagawa Bridge		0	21	14	0	400	74	Mun	1.20	/	
67	Otakine River	Funehiki Bridge Before the confluence	Tamura City	17	26	22	17	270	66	// han	0.90	/	
68		with Abukuma River	-	0	221	53	0	6,400	360	James .	2.86	/	
69		Before the confluence with Babagawa River		28	103	48	18	1,290	190	Ln	1.67	/	
70	Ouse River	Makunouchi Bridge	Koriyama City	104	1,340	357	104	1,340	298	home	0.83	/	
71		Before the confluence with Abukuma River		39	156	106	39	13,500	507	h	3.27	/	
72	Abukuma River	Akutsu Bridge		30	251	89	25	7,800	562	Mm.	2.45	\searrow	
73		After the confluence with Ishimuro River		15	37	25	15	1,210	79	L	2.39		
74	Gohyaku River	Kamisekishita Bridge		23	1,720	466	18	22,000	985		3.51	/	
75		Before the confluence with Abukuma River	Motomiya City	21	68	37	18	1,320	143	Maria	1.62	/	
76	Abukuma River	Takada Bridge		148	817	375	99	30,000	1,016		3.63	1	
77	Kuchibuto River	Kuchibutogawa Bridge	Nihonmatsu	65	222	141	65	1,880	572	Mn	0.87	/	
78	Utsushi River	Osegawa Bridge	City	46	158	94	24	2,380	318	When	1.30	/	
79	Mizuhara River	Getouchi Bridge		86	200	122	86	6,400	485	1	2.09	1	
80	Megami River	Tsurumaki Bridge		108	231	155	108	1,870	464	ha	0.90	7	
81	Abukuma River		1	89	350	220	28	6,500	370	1	2.10	7	
		Horai Bridge Before the confluence	-			220				L		1	
82	Nigori River	with Omori River	-	132	545		132	2,880	603	nohm	0.83	1	
83	Arakawa River	Hinokura Bridge		12	18	14	12	1,160	71		2.61	/	
84	Sukawa River	Sukawa Bridge	Fukushima City	15	37	25	14	790	82	human	1.55	<u></u>	
85	Arakawa River	Before the confluence with Abukuma River		26	155	68	26	9,500	324	m.l	3.66	>	
86	Matsukawa River	wan noukuma Kiver	4	14	426	168	14	15,200	803	lunuan	2.56	\searrow	
87	Hattanda River	Hattanda Bridge	4	135	604	300	135	4,300	945	Man	0.93		
88	Surikami River	Totsuna Bridge		300	608	403	94	8,300	719	mhin	1.92	M	
89		Before the confluence with Abukuma River		11	90	37	11	2,150	153	human	1.94	\searrow	
90	Abukuma River	Taisho Bridge	Date City	34	504	134	26	14,200	642	lan.	2.89	\searrow	
91	Iliana D'arra	Tatenokoshi Bridge	Kawamata Town	55	116	81	55	1,030	266	Mu	0.83	\searrow	
92	Hirose River	Jizogawara Bridge		17	101	46	17	2,300	332	N.	1.29	/	
93	Oguni River	Before the confluence with Hirose River	Date City	90	666	243	90	9,200	1,350	Men .	1.33	\searrow	
94	Hirose River	Before the confluence with Abukuma River	1	35	327	101	35	20,000	712	1	3.43		
95	Kurokawa River	Tochigisakai	Shirakawa City	33	53	40	23	522	96	A	0.88		
96		Matsuoka Bridge	Tanagura Town	0	13	7.5	0	150	21	An	1.27	× • •	
97	Kujigawa River	Takachihara Bridge	Yamatsuri	0	18	9.7	0	63	12	h	1.08	*	
	l number of samples	2,142	Town	0	1,720	112	0	30,000	377	hourse		Increasing	
			-							1	:Increasing :Decreasing		
	Detection times	2,103	1	*2 Average	values are ar	ithmetic; cak		137 (Bq/kg-d suming ND=0		s show	\sim	: Varying	
				categories according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)									
					-		-	-		,			
				Α	В	С	D	E					

Table 4.1.2-11 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(iii) Aizu

In Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 30 to 59 times from September 2011 to February 2018 for river sediment samples collected at 26 locations.

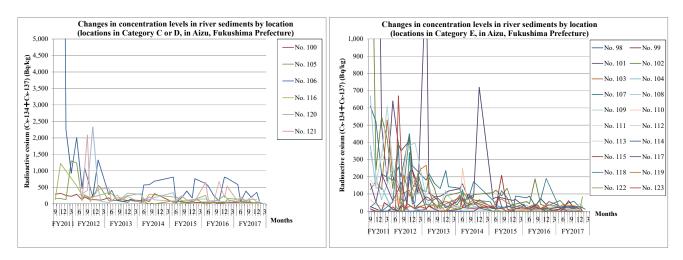
Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category C, five locations as Category D, and 20 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-12 and Table 4.1.2-13).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 21 locations and fluctuating at five locations.

 Table 4.1.2-12 Categorization of detected values at respective locations

 (Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	1	No.106
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	5	No. 100, No. 105, No. 116, No. 120, No. 121
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	20	No.98, No.99, No.101, No.102, No.103, No.104, No.107, No.108, No.109, No.110, No.111, No.112, No.113, No.114, No.115, No117, No.118, No.119, No122, No.123



Notes: 1) For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. 2) Scales of the vertical axes differ in the left and right figures.

Figure 4.1.2-12 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)

		Location		FY2017		FY	2011 - FY20	017				
No.	Water area	Location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
98		Tajima Bridge	Minamiaizu Town	0	0	0	0	50	1.8	λ	4.82	$\overline{)}$
99	Agano River	Okawa Bridge		0	0	0	0	27	2.1	Ma	3.11	
100		Takimi Bridge	Aizuw akamatsu	40	63	47	36	320	113	Manh	0.76	
101	Yukawa River	Shinyukawa Bridge	City	22	30	27	20	8,700	472		3.07	
102		Before the confluence with Agano River		18	62	32	0	2,300	190	human	2.05	
103	Miyakawa River	Saikuna Bridge		0	17	11	0	530	69	In	1.35	
104	Agano River	Miyako Bridge	Aizubange Town	0	13	2.6	0	380	21	L.	3.34	/
105	Nippashi River	Minami-ohashi Bridge	Kitakata City	25	138	62	0	1,300	144	M	1.70	
106	Kyu-yukawa River	Awanomiya Bridge	Yugawa Village	66	584	280	40	25,000	1,519	1	2.93	1
107	Kyu-miyakawa River	Josuke Bridge	Aizubange Town	12	57	32	0	610	150	Lunn	0.94	1
108		Ohashi		12	31	21	0	670	76	ha	1.61	/
109	Tatsuki River	Shimokawara Bridge		0	42	15	0	730	99	M	1.69	/
110	Nigori River	Nigorigawa Bridge	Kitakata City	0	0	0	0	249	22	nul	2.01	/
111	Nigori Kiver	Yamazaki Bridge		0	14	2.8	0	350	44	M	2.00	/
112		Aoyagi Bridge	Minamiaizu Town	0	0	0	0	10	0		6.08	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
113	Inagawa River	Kurosawa Bridge	Tadami Town	0	0	0	0	44	1.6	1	4.77	Ĺ
114	T. I Dissue	Nishitani Bridge	Kaneyama Town	0	0	0	0	19	0.5		5.92	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
115	Tadami River	Fuji Bridge	Aizubange Town	0	61	22	0	241	35	Mala	1.75	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
116	Agano River	Shingo Dam	Kitakata City	27	143	80	22	1,220	215	Ann	1.00	1
117	Sukawa River	Sukawano		13	26	22	12	218	52	Monham	0.93	\nearrow
118	Nagase River	Kogane Bridge		12	28	21	0	360	50	Manon	1.35	\nearrow
119	Takahashi River	Shinbashi Bridge	Inawashiro Town	22	39	30	16	267	68	M	1.01	\nearrow
120	Koguro River	Umeno Bridge		107	159	135	42	2,330	249	L	1.64	\checkmark
121	Hishinuma River	Sekido District		56	216	114	28	2,090	275	human	1.39	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
122	Funatsu River	Funatsu Bridge	Koriyama City	0	84	16	0	104	17	what	1.42	$\bigwedge \bigwedge$
123	Haragawa River	Estuary, front	Aizuwakamatsu City	0	13	2.2	0	670	34	L	3.37	\searrow
Tota	al number of samples	977		0	584	38	0	25,000	151		~	: Increasing
	Detection times	693		*2 Average according to *3 Results o	values are ari 1) (i) f the analysis	ithmetic; calc of trends at r	ulated by ass espective loc	ations using t	Color codes	show categories	$\overline{\mathbb{N}}$: Decreasing : Varying : Unchanged
				A	В	С	D	E				

Table 4.1.2-13 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture: river sediment)

4) Ibaraki Prefecture

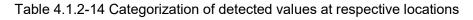
In Ibaraki Prefecture, surveys were conducted 23 to 29 times from August 2011 to February 2018 for river sediment samples collected at 53 locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from 40 locations where the survey was conducted only in 2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category A, three locations as Category B, 10 locations as Category C, 26 locations as Category D, and 13 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-14 and Table 4.1.2-15).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 50 locations and fluctuating at three locations.

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations					
А	Upper 5 percentile	1	No.36					
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	3	No.28, No.34, No.38					
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	10	No.13, No.29, No.31, No.32, No.33, No.37, No.39, No40, No.42, No.50					
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	26	No.1, No.2, No.6, No.7, No.11, No.12, No.14, No.16, No.17, No.18, No.19, No.20, No.21, No.22, No.23, No.24, No.25, No.26, No.27, No.30, No.41, No.44, No.46, No.48, No.49, No.51					
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	13	No.3, No.4, No.5, No.8, No.9, No.10, No.15, No.35, No.43, No.45, No.47, No.52, No.53					

Changes in concentration levels in river sediments by location (locations in Category A, B or C, in Ibaraki Prefecture)	Changes in concentratoin levels in river sediments by location (locations in Category D or E, in Ibaraki Prefecture)	
5000 4,000 4,000 4,000 5,500 2,500 0 1,500 1,5	4,500 4,	- No. 1 - No. - No. 3 - No. - No. 5 - No. - No. 7 - No. - No. 11 - No. - No. 14 - No. - No. 16 - No. - No. 16 - No. - No. 18 - No. - No. 22 - No. - No. 22 - No. - No. 24 - No. - No. 24 - No. - No. 30 - No. - No. 44 - No. - No. 48 - No. - No. 48 - No. - No. 51 - No. - No. 53 - No.



(Ibaraki Prefecture: river sediment)

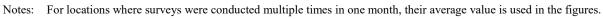


Figure 4.1.2-13 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Ibaraki Prefecture: river sediment)

Location FY2017 FY2017 FY2017														
			Location		Minimum	FY2017 Maximum		FY Minimum	2011 - FY20 Maximum	017	Changes	Coefficient	Trends	
No.		Water	area	Location	Municipality	value	value	Average	value	value	Average	Changes	of variation	(*3)
1			Satone	Yamagoya Bridge		30	93	51	23	2,000	186		2.13	/
2			River	Murayama Bridge		32	126	67	32	710	170	Mar .	1.01	
3	Taga River R System F F R		Hamana	Kurabeishi	Kitaibaraki City	19	32	27	19	250	61	\	0.81	
4			Hanazono River	Isonare Bridge		12	78	41	12	300	65		0.89	$\overline{}$
5					Takabagi City	18	43	31	0	3,100	163		3.68	/
			Okita River	Sakae Bridge	Takahagi City									~
6			Hananuki	Sakai Bridge	Kitaibaraki City	34	110	58	24	2,200	186	<u></u>	2.34	
7			River	Shinhananuki Bridge	Takahagi City	18	82	57	18	650	131	L	1.00	
8	Rujigawa Ruvei		Kujigawa	Yamagata	Hitachiomiya City	0	38	20	0	1,040	73	L	2.76	\searrow
9	System	stem	River	Sakaki Bridge	Hitachi City/Tokai Village	14	30	22	0	290	51	m	1.29	\searrow
10	Area	Area	Nakagawa River	Noguchi	Hitachiomiya City/Shirosato Town	0	14	9.5	0	169	27	V	1.66	\sim
11		Nakagawa River Area		Shimokunii	Mito City	31	180	73	12	5,500	311	\	3.41	\searrow
12		gawa I		Katsuta Bridge	Mito City/ Hitachinaka City	0	177	68	0	4,400	376		2.17	/
13	ver	Nakag	Nakamaru	Yanagisawa Bridge	Hitachinaka City	68	217	142	53	4,400	745	1	1.13	
14	Nakagawa River System		River Hinumamae	Nagaoka Bridge		51	64	55	20	510	132	1 10	1.01	^
15	akaga Sy	Himumagawa River Area	River Hinuma	Takahashi I	Ibaraki Town	0	12	3.0	0	480	50	. 1	2.18	
-	z		River Kansei											/ / / •
16			River	Kansei Bridge		18	114	50	18	167	68	* ~~~)	0.69	>>
17		-	Daiya River	Oya Bridge	Hokota City Mito City/Oarai	48	87	71	48	810	209	~V~~	0.90	<u>></u>
18			Hinuma River	Hinuma Bridge	Mito City/Oarai Town	70	156	113	36	1,260	317	-/~~	0.83	\searrow
19			Hokota River	Asahi Bridge		70	149	110	68	420	199	Mm	0.61	\searrow
20			Tomoe River	Shintomoegawa Bridge r Tazuka Bridge	Hokota City	35	150	70	35	690	204	Mr	0.92	<u> </u>
21		ca	Taiyo River			37	126	80	37	720	162	home	0.88	\searrow
22		Kitaura River Area	Takeda	Uchijuku-ohashi Dridan		66	102	82	66	630	201	V	0.65	
23		ıra Ri	River Yamada	Bridge Nioroshi Bridge		52	173	87	35	600	154		0.81	
24		Kitaı	River Kurakawa	Kurakawa Bridge	Namegata City	48	142	85	48	1,020	175	1	1.09	~
			River Gantsu									h.		
25			River Nagare	JA Yokohashi Bridge		57	127	77	53	320	137	· m	0.55	/
26			River Sonobe	Suhoi Bridge	Kashima City	82	163	113	82	1,260	292	h	0.93	<u>></u>
27			River Sanno River Koise River	Sonobeshin Bridge	Omitama City	39	93	67	11	1,370	273	M	1.18	
28				Tokoro Bridge		362	586	471	17	1,950	785	Mary	0.71	\searrow
29				Heiwa Bridge	Ishioka City	112	149	135	27	830	210	Ann	1.05	\searrow
30			Kajinashi River	Kamishuku Bridge	Namegata City	34	263	126	34	270	111	V	0.65	
31			Hishiki River	Hishiki Bridge	Kasumigaura City	170	199	187	170	1,320	448	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.65	
32			Ichinose	Kawanaka Bridge		206	407	286	206	1,870	596	Vma -	0.67	$\overline{\}$
33		aura	River Sakai River	Sakai Bridge/National		0	305	159	0	2,300	305	L	1.50	$\overline{}$
34		Kasumigaura River Arca	Shinkawa		fsuchiura City	595	666	641	595	5,500	1,992	140	0.72	/
	5	Ka R	River Sakura		Tsuchiura							∧ ~~		
35	a Riv		River	Eiri Bridge	City/Tsukuba City	0	34	22	0	270	70	N Vinn	0.88	~>
36	Fonegawa River System		Bizen River Hanamuro River	Bizengawa Bridge	Tsuchiura City	31	1,380	860	31	4,800	1,668	V	0.66	>
37	ē			Shinwa Bridge		178	314	219	29	1,390	538	v Jr James	0.74	
38			Seimei River	Katsuhashi Bridge	Ami Town	555	650	591	546	5,800	1,319	M	0.96	\searrow
39			Onogawa River	Okuhara-ohashi Bridge	Ryugasaki City/Ushiku City	251	390	313	220	990	495	shine	0.47	\searrow
40			Shintone River	Shintone Bridge	Inashiki City	76	276	195	11	440	263	\sim	0.37	
41		tachitone gawa ver Arca	Yorokoshi River	Horinouc hi Bridge		75	147	105	22	530	197	-Mm	0.65	
42		Hitachitone gawa River Arca	Maekawa	Ayame Bridge	Itako City	122	215	168	16	630	314	mr.	0.56	$\overline{\}$
43			River	Kawashima Bridge	Chikusei City	0	17	4.3	0	32	5.2	And .	1.77	<u>«</u>
44		Kinugawa River Area	Kinugawa River	-		27	110	60	11	380	103	Λ	0.85	/ V V •
-		inugar. Ar	Tagawa	Takishita Bridge	Moriya City							WM		~
45	╞╴╞	2	River	Tagawa Bridge	Chikusei City	13	34	25	0	1,080	78	~~	2.68	~
46		rea	Kokai River	Kuroko Bridge		63	204	107	13	620	166	homen	0.72	\searrow
47		iver A		Fumimaki Bridge	Toride City	26	30	28	26	500	97	Mn	1.18	\searrow
48		ı wa R	Yatagawa River	Maruyama Bridge		61	249	134	61	1,800	468	M	1.14	\searrow
49		Kokaigawa River Area	Nishiyata River	Sakaimatsu Bridge	Tsukuba City	44	143	72	30	1,160	302	Mm	1.05	\searrow
50			Inari River Tonegawa	Oguki Bridge		264	400	340	264	2,150	818	~~	0.71	
51		iver		Kurihashi Bridge	Koga City	0	107	48	0	1,440	105	\	2.47	<u> </u>
52		Tonegawa River Area		Fukawa	Tone Town	15	103	43	14	820	144		1.19	$\overline{\}$
53		onega	River	Sawara	Inashiki City	22	37	30	11	1,220	123	1 min	1.85	~
	tal num		1.272		City City							~~		
	Total number of 1,362			0	1,380	134	0	5,800	318	l		: Increasing : Decreasing		
D	etection	times	1,316	l		*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories								
						according to	1) (î)		-	-		-		: Unchanged
						*3 Results o	t the analysis	of trends at r	espective loc	ations using t	ne method er	cplained in 1) (ii)		
						А	в	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-15 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Ibaraki Prefecture: river sediment)

5) Tochigi Prefecture

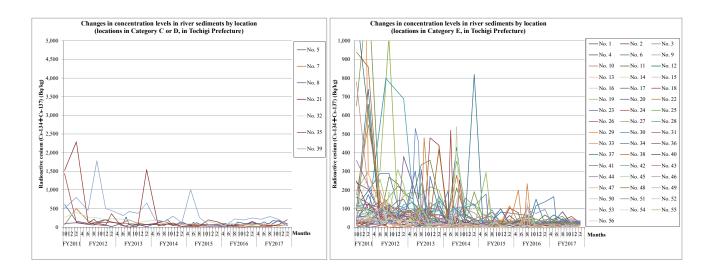
In Tochigi Prefecture, surveys were conducted 23 to 44 times from October 2011 to February 2018 at 56 locations (rivers) in public water areas (this analysis excludes the survey results from 49 locations where the survey was conducted only in 2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category C, six locations were categorized as Category D and 49 locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-16 and Table 4.1.2-17).

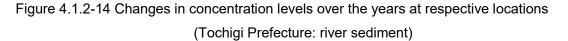
Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 49 locations and fluctuating at seven locations.

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile 0		(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile 0		(None)
С			No.39
D			No.5, No.7, No.8, No21, No.32, No.35
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	40	No.1, No.2, No.3, No.4, No.6, No.9, No.10, No.11, No.12, No.13, No.14, No.15, No.16, No.17, No.18, No.19, No.20, No.22, No.23, No.24, No.25, No.26, No.27, No.28, No.29, No.30, No.31, No.33, No.34, No.36, No.37, No.38, No.40, No.41, No.42, No.43, No.44, No.45, No.46, No.47, No.48, No.49, No.50, No.51, No.52, No.53, No.54, No.55, No.56

Table 4.1.2-16 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (Tochigi Prefecture: river sediment)



Notes: 1) For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. 2) Scales of the vertical axes differ in the left and right figures.



				Location	onigri ioi		FY2017			2011 - FY2	017			
No.		Water a	rea	Location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1			Nakagawa	Ikuyobashishita	N L'I C	0	35	12	0	96	24	V	1.13	\searrow
2			River	Komei Bridge	Nasushiobara City	20	33	27	11	250	48	han	1.07	
3			Takaomata River	Takaomata Bridge	Nasu Town	18	59	39	12	1,290	146	1	1.83	1
4			Yukawa River	Yukawa Bridge	nasu Iown	14	84	37	14	240	59	Lun	0.91	1
5			Nakagawa River	Kamikuroiso	Nasushiobara City/Nasumachi Town	40	178	85	11	178	65	man	0.55	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
6			Yosasa River	Yosasa Bridge		21	28	24	0	1,160	161	\A	1.75	1
7			Kurokawa River	Shinden Bridge	Nasu Town	33	85	59	30	500	96	A	0.94	1
8			Yosasa River	Kawada Bridge		38	173	118	21	610	124	henn	0.75	
9			Nakagawa River	Kurobane		16	40	26	15	102	35	Mun	0.56	
10			Matsuba River	Tributary	Otawara City	32	48	42	19	780	87	have	1.38	
11			Sabigawa River	Udagawa Bridge		22	36	29	10	660	121	M	1.25	1
12	Nakac	gawa River	Momura River	Momuranaka Bridge	-	26	67	40	21	290	100	Anna	0.70	
13		ystem		Yunohara		0	14	8.8	0	100	34	M. m	0.98	
14				Sekiba Bridge	Nasushiobara City	15	36	22	15	410	77	- A	1.03	1
15			Hokigawa River	Iwai Bridge		12	18	15	12	204	38	~1	1.11	
16				Hokigawa Bridge	Otawara City	0	24	13	0	165	26	L.	1.12	
17			Nakagawa	Shinnaka Bridge		0	24	12	0	107	22	white	1.02	<u> </u>
18	River Mumogawa River			Kosei Bridge	Nakagawa Town	0	16	7.7	0	43	14	Mar.A	0.72	~
19			RIVET	Saikachi Bridge	Shioya Town	21	34	28	14	1,020	151	J.	1.35	~
20			Arakawa River	Renjo Bridge	Sakura City	0	13	8.8	0	63	14	N	1.13	×
20				Tanaka Bridge	Yaita City	38	57	48	26	1,440	137	('mm	1.98	×
21			Uchikawa River	Asahi Bridge	Sakura City	29	34	31	18	279	61		0.87	~
22			Arakawa River	Mukada Bridge		0	15	12	0	740	45	1	2.49	×
23			Egawa River	Tributary	Nasu Karasuyama City	0	59	21	0	520	75	A	1.62	
24	Т			Kawaji Daiichi Power		15	33	23	0	75	27	-Min	0.63	/vv•
			Kinugawa River	Station, front		0	13	6.5	0	25	6.3		1.26	
26			Yunishi River	Maesawa Bridge				0.5			21			////*
27			Ojika River	Tributary		0	0		0	240			2.25	////*
28		Kinugawa River Kosagoe				11	43	22	11	800	128	/ h	1.87	~
29			Itaana River	Tributary	Nikko City	12	35	21	12	4,900	176		4.25	~
30			Yukawa River	Tributary		0	0	0	0	137	26	M	1.70	>
31			Daiya River Shidobuchi	Shinkyo Bridge		0	11	2.8	0	123	27	M	1.02	>>
32			River	Sujichigai Bridge		57	88	70	44	400	146	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.59	~
33			Daiya River	Kaishin Bridge (Harigai)		0	19	2.7	0	69	13	Amme	1.15	\searrow
34		ugawa River	Kinugawa River	Sanuki	Shioya Town	11	165	39	0	470	62	s.M.	1.55	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
35		System	Nishi-Kinugawa River	Nishi-Kinugawa Bridge	Utsunomiya City	11	201	74	0	2,290	270	1,1	2.13	\searrow
36			Kinugawa River	Kinugawabashi Bridge(Hoshakuji Temple)		0	0	0	0	31	6.4	Mr	1.55	~
37			-	Daidoizumi Bridge	Mooka City	0	15	3.8	0	95	17	M	1.34	\sim
38			Egawa River	Tributary	Shimotsuke City	11	14	12	0	550	72	Julia	1.57	\searrow
39			Akabori River	Nikko City Hall, front	Nikko City	55	287	192	49	1,780	380	Ann	0.97	~
40				Kiwadajima		14	47	28	14	380	69	-A-m	1.11	\searrow
41 42			Tagawa River	Ozobashi Bridge	Utsunomiya City	0	12	4.9	0	150	27	M	1.36	\searrow
42			Kamagawa River	Tsukushi Bridge		22	41	33	14	182	63	hh	0.74	\searrow
43			Tagawa River	Meiji Bridge	Kaminokawa Town	0	0	0	0	122	24	M	1.47	\searrow
44			- again a Rivel	Yanabashi Bridge	Oyama City	25	35	30	12	360	69	han	1.07	\searrow
45			Kurokawa	Kaijima Bridge	Kanuma City	0	0	0	0	109	15	hm	1.90	\searrow
46			River	Onari Bridge	Mibu Town	0	0	0	0	75	11	Mr. 1	1.78	\searrow
47		Omoi River	Oashi River	Akaishi Bridge	Kanuma Circ	0	0	0	0	53	5.5	m	2.08	$\wedge \! \wedge \! \wedge$
48		Area	Koyabu River	Koyabu Bridge	Kanuma City	16	33	23	0	940	112	\Box	2.19	\searrow
49	Area		Omri B'	Tamotsu Bridge	Tochigi City	0	12	3.0	0	119	13	M	2.35	\searrow
50	liver A		Omoi River	Otome-ohashi Bridge	Oyama City	0	17	2.4	0	540	42	m.L.	2.14	\searrow
51	Watarase River	Uzuma River Area	Uzuma River	Uzuma Bridge	Tochigi City	0	48	17	0	530	89	Amer.	1.22	\searrow
52	Watarase Watarase River Area Watarase Analytical Stratege Watarase Analytical Strategies A		Watarasegawa River intake weir at Sori Power Station	Nikko City	0	15	5.4	0	90	21	mly	0.91	\searrow	
53					0	19	10	0	80	19	A	1.06	\searrow	
54			Nakabashi Bridge	Ashikaga City	0	0	0	0	300	20	Λ.	3.02	\searrow	
55				Tatebayashi City	0	26	6.5	0	310	69	MAR A	1.44	<u> </u>	
56			Tochigi City	0	12	4.7	0	164	27	L	1.33			
Total n		1,769		-		0	287	25	0	4,900	66	~~h.h.h.		: Increasing
of sar Detec	tion	1,442										J	<	: Decreasing
times 1,4442						*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories NVV : Varying								
						according to *3 Results of		of trends at r	espective loca	tions using th	e method exp	plained in 1) (ii)	~~~	: Unchanged
						A	В	С	D	E				

Table 4.1.2-17 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Tochigi Prefecture: river sediment)

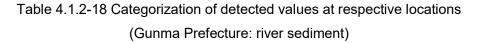
6) Gunma Prefecture

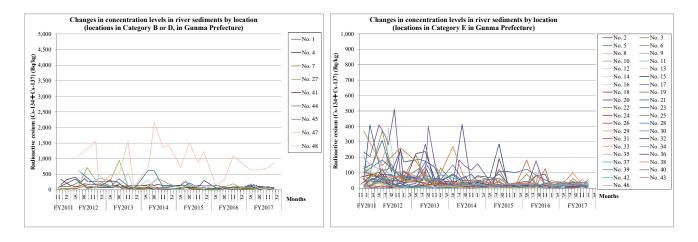
In Gunma Prefecture, surveys were conducted 14 to 44 times from November 2011 to January 2018 at 48 locations (rivers) in public water areas (this analysis excludes the survey results from eight locations where the survey was conducted only in 2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category B, eight locations as Category D, and 39 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-18 and Table 4.1.2-19).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 39 locations and fluctuating at nine locations.

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	1	No. 47
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	0	(None)
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	8	No.1, No.4, No.7, No.27, No.41, No.44, No.45, No.48
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	39	No.2, No.3, No.5, No.6, No.8, No.9, No.10, No.11, No.12, No.13, No.14, No.15, No.16, No.17, No.18, No.19, No.20, No.21, No22, No.23, No.24, No.25, No.26, No.28, No.29, No.30, No.31, No.32, No.33, No.34, No.35, No.36, No.37, No.38, No.39, No.40, No.42, No.43, No.46





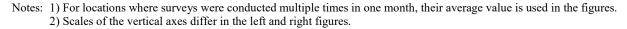


Figure 4.1.2-15 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Gunma Prefecture: river sediment)

			Location			FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017				
No.	W	/ater area	Location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)	
1		_	Hirose Bridge		18	131	64	18	350	97	han	0.88		
2		Tonegawa River	Tsukiyono Bridge	Minakami Town	11	23	16	11	115	38	Thomas	0.66	~	
3		Akaya River	Kosode Bridge		15	56	32	11	113	36	M	0.79	/	
4	Sakura River Katashina River Agatsuma River Agatsuma River Agatsuma River Nakuta River Agatsuma River Tonegawa River	In Ooaza Yachi	Kawaba Village	74	182	109	74	500	179	Ampli	0.52	\searrow		
5			Kirinoki Bridge	Katashina Village	0	11	5.5	0	159	26	An	1.26	/	
6		Katashina River	Tonemachitakatoya		0	28	4.0	0	58	7	miller	1.92	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	
7	Area		Futae Bridge	Numata City	14	158	53	14	161	58	Mulh	0.71	>	
8	River /	Agatsuma River	Shinto Bridge	Naganohara Town	0	0	0	0	187	16	$\Lambda_{}$	2.48	1	
9	gawa]	Shirasuna River	Shuttatsu Bridge	Nakanojo Town	0	14	6.0	0	19	4		1.55	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	
10	Tone	Agatsuma River	Downstream of Azuma Bridge	Higashi-Agatsuma Town	0	0	0	0	22	2	ALA	2.43	/	
11		Nakuta River	Tonoda Bridge	Takayama Village	24	37	28	15	215	49	h	0.96	~	
12		Agatsuma River	Agatsuma Bridge		0	14	2.0	0	610	37	Ja .	2.60	\searrow	
13		Tonegawa River	Taisho Bridge	Shibukawa City	0	17	9.3	0	147	26	Maria	0.98	~	
14		Takizawa River	Shintakizawa Bridge	Shibukawa City/ Yoshioka Town	0	13	8.8	0	245	46	V	1.27		
15			Gunma-ohashi Bridge	Maebashi City	12	19	16	0	410	69	Andrea	1.33		
16		Tonegawa River	Fukushima Bridge	Tamamura Town	0	23	9.3	0	112	29	Lon	1.04	\searrow	
17		Nagai River	Kamigonda Bridge		19	42	26	15	310	88	M	0.90	\searrow	
18		Karasu River	Karasugawa Bridge	Takasaki City	0	16	7.0	0	88	26	1	0.85		
19			Nakase Bridge	Annaka City	0	20	14	0	370	61	Λ	1.24	~	
20		Usui River	Hanataka Bridge	Takasaki City	11	22	17	0	82	25	M	1.11		
21			Tadakawa Bridge	Shimonita Town	0	0	0	0	56	7	A	1.79		
22 		Kabura River	Kaburagawa Bridge	Takasaki City/	0	62	21	0	214	50	~~~M	1.12		
22 23 24 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	Area	Ogawa River	Kinzan Bridge	Fujioka City Kanra Town	0	18	11	0	90	24	1	1.01		
24 Nager			Ozawa Bridge	Nanmoku Village	0	12	5.5	0	68	7	1	1.99		
25 Jones	arasu l	Someya River	Yakushi Bridge	Shinto Village	16	41	25	11	142	42	n.	0.89	~	
26	×	Inogawa River	Kamakura Bridge	Takasaki City	0	25	6.3	0	125	19	1	1.44	<u>^</u>	
27		Karasu River	Iwakura Bridge	Takasaki City/	0	120	47	0	950	182	Ma	1.25	~	
28		Kanna River	Shinkaname Bridge	Tamamura Town Ueno Village	0	0	0	0			1	1.25	~	
_				-				0	37	6			$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	
29		Kanna River	Morito Bridge	Kanna Town Fujioka City/	0	0	0		13			4.00		
30		Kanna River	Tobukyo Bridge	Kamikawa Town	0	0	0	0	43	4		3.11	/ / / *	
31	_	Kanna River	Kannagawa Bridge	Kamisato Town	0	13	6.5	0	107	21		1.48	////*	
32		Akagishirakawa	Bando-ohashi Bridge	Honjo City	0	16	4.0	0	252	57	Mm	1.38	~	
33		River	In Shimohosoi Town		0	23	11	0	108	29	mm	0.89	~	
34	er Area	Momonoki River	Utsuboi Bridge	Maebashi City	0	14	3.5	0	75	12	Am	1.41	~	
35	River A		Okuhara Bridge		0	0	0	0	48	5	<u> </u>	2.35		
36	gawa R		Hozumi Bridge		0	15	3.8	0	413	49	M	1.96	////	
37	Tonegawa	Hirose River	Nakajima Bridge	Isesaki City	0	23	9.3	0	83	24	M	0.89	~	
38		Hayakawa River	Hayakawa Bridge		21	100	45	21	370	93	Man	1.00	~	
39			Maejima Bridge	Ota City China da Tamarí	29	38	34	29	183	80	Mm	0.55	>	
40		Tonegawa River	Tone-ozeki Weir	Chiyoda Town/ Gyoda City	0	18	12	0	640	105	Mm	1.35	~	
41		Koguro River	Kayano Bridge	Kiryu City	41	75	57	26	340	96	When	0.73	>	
42		Watarase River	Takatsudo	Midori City	18	46	27	16	89	46	han	0.50	\searrow	
43	RiverArea		Intake for Akaiwayosui water channel	Kiryu City	21	56	35	15	121	51	monto	0.50	\searrow	
44	se Rive	Tatara River	Ejiri Bridge	Oura Town	39	160	85	19	640	169	When	1.17	/	
45	Watarase	Viran Piror	Kannon Bridge	Kiryu City	42	84	58	25	240	89	M	0.64	1	
46	1	Kiryu River	Sakai Bridge	Kiryu City/ Ashikaga City	12	35	20	0	243	70	h	0.94		
47		Tsuruuda River	Lake Jonuma	Tatebayashi City	641	880	719	92	2,160	907	www	0.58	$\overline{\mathbb{N}}$	
48	1	Yatagawa River	Togoda Bridge	Meiwa Town/Itakura	22	204	83	0	640	140	When	1.32	\searrow	
Total nu of sam		1,356			0	880	37	0	2,160	68		:i	ncreasing	
Detect	ion	1,051							37 (Bq/kg-dry		-	:Decreasing		
times					*2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories according to 1) (i)							· Varying · Unchanged		
							of trends at r	espective loca	ations using th	e method ex	plained in 1) (ii)	/~~~ :I	Suchanged	
					А	В	С	D	Е					
										L				

Table 4.1.2-19 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Gunma Prefecture: river sediment)

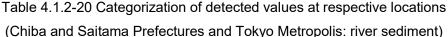
7) Chiba and Saitama Prefectures and Tokyo Metropolis

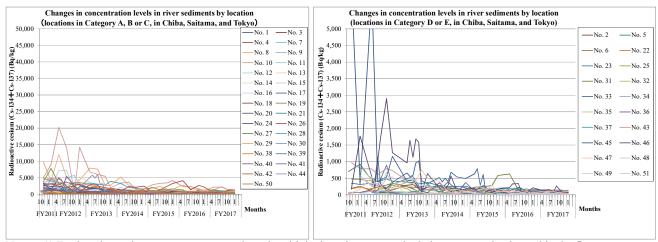
In Chiba and Saitama Prefectures and Tokyo Metropolis, surveys were conducted 24 to 43 times from October 2011 to January 2018 at 51 locations (rivers) in public water areas (47 locations in Chiba Prefecture, two locations in Saitama Prefecture, and two locations in Tokyo Metropolis).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, six locations were categorized as Category A, seven locations as Category B, 18 locations as Category C, 13 locations as Category D, and seven locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-20 and Table 4.1.2-21).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 46 locations and fluctuating at five locations.

	(Chiba and Salama Trefectures and Tokyo Metopolis. Iver sediment)										
Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations								
А	Upper 5 percentile	6	No.8, No.10, No.15, No.19, No.26, No.28								
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	7	No.1, No.11, No.12, No.14, No.18, No.20, No.29								
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	18	No.3, No.4, No.7, No.9, No.13, No.16, No.17, No.21, No.24, No.27, No.30, No.38, No.39, No.40, No.41, No.42, No.44, No.50								
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	13	No.5, No.22, No.23, No.25, No.31, No32, No.33, No.36, No.37, No.43, No.46, No.47, No.51								
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	7	No.2, No.6, No.34, No.35, No.45, No.48, No.49								





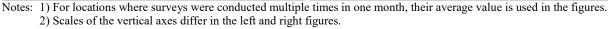


Figure 4.1.2-16 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Chiba and Saitama Prefectures and Tokyo Metropolis: river sediment)

			Locatio			Minimum	FY2017 Maximum		FY Minimum	2011 - FY2 Maximum		Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends
No.	Prefecture		Water area	Location	Municipality	value	value	Average	value	value	Average	~~~	variation	(*3)
1			Shogen River	Fukama-ohashi Bridge	Inzai City/Sakae Town	703	824	762	590	1,910	1,193	V	0.35	>
2				Shinbei Bridge		16	25	22	0	149	40	Ann	0.76	\searrow
3		Tonegawa		Intake at Maeshinden Water		318	411	365	171	1,230	460	have	0.56	\searrow
4		River System	Nagato River	Nagato Bridge	Sakae Town	71	239	162	71	660	253	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.56	/
5		System		Fujimi Bridge		106	146	127	106	920	301	1	0.65	~>
6			Ryudai River	Ryumatsuno Bridge		25	50	34	25	350	117	Nim	0.81	\checkmark
7			Nekona River	Shinkawa Floodgate	Narita City	69	511	365	69	2,300	845	mm.	0.61	
8			Ohori River	Kitakashiwa Bridge	Kashiwa City	747	2,270	1,409	747	12,000	3,457	M	0.83	
9				Sanno Bridge, under	Kamagaya City	269	483	352	269	3,900	790	la	0.98	$\overline{}$
10			Otsu River	Kaminuma Bridge		1,000	2,180	1,630	380	20,200	4,606	Δ.	1.04	~
		Feeder rivers of	a 11 - 11	-	Kashiwa City							10		
11		Lake Teganuma	Someiriotoshi	Someishinbashi Bridge Downstream of	Kamagaya City/Shiroi	287	645	464	24	5,700	1,355	N	1.18	~
12		r egununu	Kanayamaotoshi	Karuizawasakai Bridge	City	414	764	569	305	7,200	1,265	1	1.44	~
13				Nauchi Bridge	Shiroi City	274	408	349	129	2,400	803	~~~	0.75	
14			Kamenari River	Kamenari Bridge	Inzai City	291	485	373	162	5,300	829	<u> </u>	1.46	$\wedge \wedge \vee$
15			Igusasuiro Channel	Downstream of Igusasuiro	Kamagaya City	695	1,120	1,001	695	4,100	1,648	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.65	\searrow
16			Futae River	Tomigaya Bridge	Funabashi City/Shiroi City	291	475	362	291	3,300	899	h	0.85	\searrow
17			Kanzaki River	Kanzaki Bridge	Yachiyo City/Inzai City	253	447	334	97	2,800	864	m	0.85	\searrow
18			Kanno River	Kanno Bridge		419	617	494	58	5,000	1,047	M.	1.15	\searrow
19		Food	Inba Discharge Channel	Yachiyo Bridge	Yachiyo City	970	1,340	1,190	106	7,800	1,583	1	0.96	\sim
20		Feeder rivers of	(upperreaches) Teguri River	Mumei Bridge	Sakura City	577	910	745	577	3,600	1,447	~	0.66	$\overline{}$
20		Lake Inbanuma	Moroto River	Moroto Bridge	Inzai City	153	292	204	145	2,330	748	 VI	0.00	~ /
				-	Thizar City					-		·		~
22			Kashima River	Iwatomi Bridge		43	60	54	43	307	135	···· ~~~	0.55	/
23	Chiba		Takasaki River	Ryuto Bridge	Sakura City	91	141	124	91	890	243	-Mn	0.73	
24	Prefecture		Kashima River	Kashima Bridge		17	316	216	0	1,080	203	Am	1.06	
25			Inbasuiro Channel	Tsurumaki Bridge	Inzai City	83	122	105	20	470	157	Sharen and the second s	0.79	\searrow
26			Toneunga Canal	Unga Bridge	Nagareyama City/Noda City	404	1,340	875	404	4,130	2,036	$\sim\sim\sim\sim\sim\sim$	0.45	\searrow
27			Edogawa River	Nagareyama Bridge	Nagareyama City/Misato City	32	254	153	32	520	224	Mar	0.56	\searrow
28			Sakagawa River	Benten Bridge		613	1,040	824	613	4,900	2,065	~~	0.63	/
29			Shinsaka River	Sakane Bridge	Matsudo City	681	830	727	681	4,600	1,731	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.71	/
30				Shinkatsushika Bridge	Matsudo Citu/Katurahiha Citu	167	263	229	149	1,360	604	m	0.59	\searrow
31				Ichikawa Bridge	City/Katsushika City	33	93	70	33	629	210	imat	0.71	
32			Edogawa River	Vicinity of Keiyo Road	Ichikawa City/Edogawa City	34	111	63	34	380	135	M.	0.68	$\overline{}$
33				Gyotokukadozeki Weir		28	110	58	21	1,140	347	May	0.87	~
				(upperreaches) Shingyotokubashi	Ichikawa City							1 March		~
34		Edogawa		Bridge Edogawa Floodgate,		0	16	11	0	104	27	· Munim	0.87	~>
35		River System		down 8 km Point to the	Ichikawa	19	22	21	15	850	83		2.02	
36			Kyu-Edogawa River	estuary	City/Edogawa City	56	154	100	30	368	148	MM	0.70	
37			-	Imai Bridge		19	153	68	18	323	79	MM	0.87	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
38				Urayasu Bridge	Urayasu City/Edogawa City	183	361	262	29	2,050	563	Maria	0.72	\searrow
39			Mamagawa River	Nemoto Floodgate		128	191	163	128	1,100	393	~	0.75	
40			Kokubu River	Suwada Bridge	Ichikawa City	252	346	287	223	5,400	862	Λ	1.25	\searrow
41			Haruki River	Before the confluence with Kokubu River		156	308	229	134	1,380	476	~	0.78	\searrow
42			Hasen-okashiwa River	Downstream of	Kamagaya City/Johikawa City	188	221	201	56	1,220	321	2~~~	0.78	/
43			Okashiwa River	Nakazawashinbashi Sengen Bridge	City/Ichikawa City	113	136	127	113	970	314	×.	0.88	·
44			Mamagawa River	Mitomae Bridge	Ichikawa City	226	445	341	34	5,900	1,164	nΛ	1.42	$\overline{}$
45		Ebigawa Riv		Yachiyo Bridge	Funabashi City	220	60	40	21	6,400	682	M	2.41	~
		•	rge Channel	Shinhanamigawa	a unaoasin City							vh		/
46		(lowerreach	es)	Bridge	Chiba City	67	266	131	67	2,900	517	Man	1.26	>
47		Miyako Rive	er Arakawa River Middle	Miyako Bridge		38	100	68	37	750	173	M	1.05	/
48	Saitama Prefecture		Reaches	Onari Bridge	Konosu City	0	0	0	0	38	11	Mr	1.28	$\overline{)}$
49	rielecture	Arakawa River	Arakawa River Lower	Sasame Bridge	Toda City	11	51	33	11	540	120	VI	1.37	1
50	Tokyo	System	Reaches	Kasai Bridge	Koto City/Edogawa City	110	199	163	75	700	281	hom	0.49	\searrow
51	Metropolis		Sumida River	Ryogoku Bridge	Chuo City	36	100	64	27	670	226	When	0.78	\checkmark
Тс	otal number o	f samples	1,386			0	2,270	328	0	20,200	762		>:	Increasing
Detection times 1,368				*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry).							Decreasing			
					*2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories									
						according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)								
						А	В	С	D	Е				I
						~ ~	5	C I	5					

Table 4.1.2-21 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Chiba and Saitama Prefectures and Tokyo Metropolis: river sediment)

(2)-2 Lakes

1) Miyagi Prefecture

In Miyagi Prefecture, surveys were conducted 13 to 25 times from October 2011 to December 2017 for lake sediment samples collected at 21 locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category C, three locations were categorized as Category D and 17 locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-22 and Table 4.1.2-23).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 13 locations, unchanged at two locations, and fluctuating at six locations.

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	1	No. 16
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	3	No. 9, No. 13, No. 17
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)		No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 14, No. 15, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21

Table 4.1.2-22 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (Miyagi Prefecture: lake sediment)

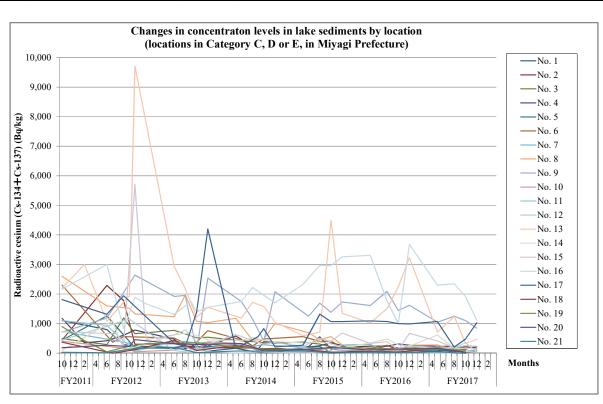


Figure 4.1.2-17 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Miyagi Prefecture: lake sediment)

		Location				FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Wate	er area	Location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1		Kurikoma Dam	Dam site		10	111	52	10	1,100	194	Luc	1.37	\checkmark
2		Hanayama Dam	Dam site	Kurihara City	150	217	175	123	2,290	359	Λ	1.47	\swarrow
3	Kitakami River System	Narugo Dam	Dam site		130	159	145	130	1,190	383	M	0.67	\checkmark
4		Lake Naganuma	Dam site	Osaki City	135	232	203	133	1,180	353	hm	0.66	\checkmark
5		Shukunosawata meike Pond	Pond exit	Kurihara City	41	113	76	10	1,260	189	1	1.33	\swarrow
6		Futatsuishi Dam	Dam site	Kami Town	96	186	134	81	2,300	434	L	1.05	\swarrow
7	Naruse River System	Urushizawa Dam	Dam site	Kami Town	89	226	141	51	700	254	V	0.59	\swarrow
8		Minamikawa Dam	Dam site	Taiwa Town	112	277	173	103	2,600	780	M	0.87	\swarrow
9	Sunaoshi River System	Sonoseki Dam	Dam site	Rifu Town	844	1,250	1,061	88	2,640	1,456	Mun	0.43	\sim
10	Nanakita River System	Nanakita Dam	Dam site		0	34	13	0	400	100	M	1.22	\swarrow
11	Marutazawa	tameike Pond	Pond exit	Sendai City	123	250	194	69	1,100	247	Jun	1.04	\swarrow
12	Natori River System	Okura Dam		Sendar City	0	75	32	0	1,150	128		1.95	\swarrow
13	Lake A	manuma	Lake exit		332	1,240	687	332	9,700	1,969	An	0.96	\sim
14	Natori River System	Kamafusa Dam	Dam site	Kawasaki Town	150	613	274	85	1,090	387	M	0.59	\bigwedge
15	Abukuma	Kawarago Dam	Dam site	Shiroishi City	36	415	246	36	5,700	637		1.68	\sim
16	River System	Shichikashuku Dam	Dam site	Shichikashuku Town	1,110	2,350	1,918	840	3,680	2,086	m	0.36	\sim
17	Lake Ba	gyunuma	Lake exit	Shiroishi City	207	1,070	696	160	4,200	1,028	$\sim\sim\sim\sim$	0.83	\sim
18	Abukuma River System	Murata Dam	Dam site	Murata Town	29	141	85	0	430	139		0.96	$\bigwedge \!\!\! \bigwedge$
19	Kitakami River System	Lake Izunuma	Lake exit	Tome City	97	130	114	48	900	252	\bigvee	0.80	\checkmark
20	Natori River System	Tarumizu Dam	Dam site	Natori City	34	158	96	34	460	208	M	0.56	\checkmark
21	Naruse River System	Miyatoko Dam	Dam site	Taiwa Town	0	48	24	0	195	56	Shin	1.09	\mathbb{N}
To	otal number of samples	458			0	2,350	344	0	9,700	597			: Increasing
D	Detection times 450					values are a according to	arithmetic; ca 1) (i)	alculated by	Cs-137 (Bq/k assuming NI locations usi	D=0; Color o	odes show		: Decreasing : Varying : Unchanged
					А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-23 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Miyagi Prefecture: lake sediment)

2) Fukushima Prefecture

(i) Hamadori

In Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 25 to 64 times from September 2011 to February 2018 for lake sediment samples collected at 41 locations.

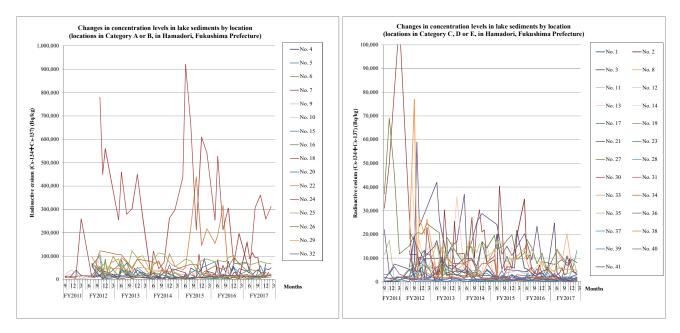
Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, nine locations were categorized as Category A, seven locations as Category B, 11 locations as Category C, 10 locations as Category D, and four locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-24 and Table 4.1.2-25).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 22 locations, were unchanged at three locations, were fluctuating at 15 locations, and were generally increasing at one location.

 Table 4.1.2-21 Categorization of detected values at respective locations

 (Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	9	No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 9, No. 10, No. 18, No. 20, No. 24, No. 25
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	7	No. 7, No. 15, No. 16, No. 22, No. 26, No. 29, No. 32
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	11	No. 3, No. 8, No. 11, No. 13, No. 17, No. 21, No. 27, No. 28, No. 30, No. 33, No. 35
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	10	No. 1, No. 2, No. 23, No. 31, No. 34, No. 36, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	4	No. 12, No. 14, No. 19, No. 37



Notes: 1) For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. 2) Scales of the vertical axes differ in the left and right figures.

Figure 4.1.2-18 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

	L	ocation			FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Water a	irea	Location	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1	Soso	Takei	Shinchi Town	1,080	2,200	1,828	129	6,300	2,557	Mm	0.59	\bigwedge
2	(farm pond)	Uchizawa	Sama City	241	940	516	45	2,140	556	Amman.	0.78	$\bigwedge \! \bigwedge$
3	Matsugabo Dam (L	ake Utagawa)	Soma City	6,850	9,500	8,062	3,600	59,000	17,589	hm	0.67	\mathbb{N}
4	Mano Dam			13,500	50,300	33,850	42	90,000	30,261	mamulan	0.56	>
5	Soso (farm pond)	Ainosawa		9,100	73,100	28,300	334	103,000	28,693	Imm	0.92	\mathbb{N}
6	Ganbe Dam Reserve	oir	Iitate Village	36,400	43,500	38,700	8,200	123,000	60,475	m	0.49	~~~
7	Soso	Fugane Dam	•	6,940	18,200	11,686	1,930	41,000	16,027	Muhr	0.65	/
8	(farm pond)	Sasatoge	1	1,260	20,200	9,876	384	20,200	3,713	m- M	1.17	
9	Takanokura Dam R	eservoir		10,100	28,100	19,367	960	39,000	21,916	Mmm	0.43	~~~
10	Yokokawa Dam Re	servoir		9,400	26,400	19,367	1,240	125,000	25,428	1.000	0.86	
11		Tarayachi	Minamisoma City	1,580	2,450	2,222	420	20,500	3,880		1.03	
12		Takeshiyachi	City	16	238	106	0	1,340	483	MAN	0.87	/
13		Ryugasaku	+	4,670	11,300	8,225	900	47,000	10,409	Lat .	0.93	<u>×</u> AAA
14	Soso	Uwatashiro	Kawamata	14	235	114	14	5,100	680	1	1.75	
15	(farm pond)	Koakuto	Town Namie Town	1,380	67,400	19,072	1,380	67,400	19,131	MA AL	1.03	$\Lambda \Lambda \Lambda$
		Yosouchi		910	31,500	10,444	520	84,000	15,262	V VM	1.28	
16 17		Myobusaku	Iitate Village Minamisoma	800		2,095	294	14,000	3,499	Vhnu	0.88	>
	0. U.D.	No. 2	City		3,520					Whan		
18	Ogaki Dam		Namie Town Katsurao	9,470	160,000	72,008	740	260,000	30,175	Munut	1.53	/\\\
19		Uenokawa	Village	158	683	290	114	21,200	1,798	<u>h</u>	2.18	
20	Soso (farm pond)	Heigoiri Mekurasawa	Iitate Village	5,570	58,800	29,258	1,910	58,800	21,018	M	0.86	
21	(imm pond)	No. 2	Namie Town	1,240	24,800	8,088	1,240	24,800	9,302	~~~M	0.62	////
22		Joroku		6,100	25,500	15,683	6,100	439,000	85,174	M	1.13	////
23	Furumichigawa Pov	ver Plant Dam	Tamura City	185	1,460	783	87	11,000	3,025	Fhrm	1.15	<u></u>
24	Soso(farm pond)	Sawairi No. 1	Futaba Town	43,600	361,000	225,450	20,500	920,000	330,915	mm	0.66	\mathbb{N}
25		Suzunai No. 4	Okuma Town	63,000	76,800	69,517	27,700	123,000	75,420	MMm	0.30	~~~*
26		Nishihaguro	Futaba Town	4,000	21,800	10,505	1,880	87,000	20,976	Mun	0.93	\nearrow
27	Sakashita Dam		Okuma Town	7,800	13,700	10,083	350	69,000	17,005	Lom	0.69	\nearrow
28	Soso	Atamamori 2		54	13,300	3,355	54	13,300	3,704	thouse	0.90	\nearrow
29	(farm pond)	Yonomori	Tomioka Town	9,100	20,300	15,450	8,200	62,000	30,117	www	0.55	\nearrow
30	Takikawa Dam		Kawauchi Village	2,170	9,700	4,501	630	110,000	14,208	Amar	1.35	\checkmark
31		Takinosawa	Tomioka Town	92	2,860	1,233	92	13,200	4,635	My	0.83	/
32	Soso(farm pond)	Kamisigeoka No. 1		13,600	16,700	14,317	590	67,000	14,315	hahn	0.97	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
33		Shimoshigeok	Naraha Town	4,630	5,950	5,237	650	77,000	10,153	han	1.29	\searrow
34	Komachi Dam	a	Ono Town	932	1,550	1,226	142	8,200	2,548	M	0.75	/
35	Kido Dam			3,550	9,000	5,102	290	18,700	9,340	1 mm	0.52	
36	Soso(farm pond)	Otsutsumi	Naraha Town	1,220	2,040	1,592	1,200	19,300	4,728	MA.	0.81	/
37	Iwaki(farm pond)	Shinike		19	408	160	18	1,780	303	A	1.08	
38	Kodama Dam Reser		ł	619	1,900	1,177	213	4,000	1,618	Am	0.58	/
39	Kodama) Iwaki	Kanoritsutsum	Iwaki City	28	1,790	828	28	5,000	1,074	IA I.	1.19	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\Lambda}}$
40	(farm pond) Takashiba Dam Res	ishita ervoir (Lake		605	871	734	605	1,940	947	M. And	0.34	/ V V ¶
40	Takashiba) Shitoki Dam Reserv	oir	+	663	1,130	923	663	6,400	1,562	Λ	0.63	/
							003			hum		- Incerna -
	l number of samples	1,523		14	361,000	17,987		920,000	22,688	l		: Increasing : Decreasing
	Detection times	1,522]	*2 Average categories a	values are a ccording to	rithmetic; ca 1) (i)	lculated by a	s-137 (Bq/kg assuming ND locations usii	=0; Color co	odes show od explained in 1	~~	: Varying : Unchanged
				А	в	С	D	Е				
				А	В	C C		Ľ				

Table 4.1.2-25 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

(ii) Nakadori

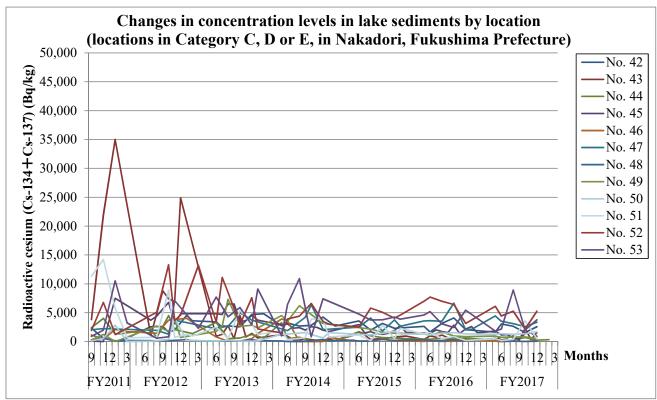
In Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 32 to 54 times from September 2011 to February 2018 for lake sediment samples collected at 12 locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, four locations were categorized as Category C, five locations as Category D, and three locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-26 and Table 4.1.2-27).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at five locations, unchanged at two locations, fluctuating at four locations, and were generally increasing at one location.

Table 4.1.2-26 Categorization of detected values at respective locations	
(Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)	

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	4	No. 42, No. 47, No. 52, No. 53
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	5	No. 43, No. 45, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	3	No. 44, No. 46, No. 48



Notes: For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. Figure 4.1.2-19 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

	Location			FY2017		FY.	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Water area	Location	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
42	Surikamigawa Dam	Fukushima City	1,570	3,040	2,290	104	4,800	2,665	mm	0.42	~~~
43	Lake Handanuma (farm pond)	Kori Town	241	2,270	892	176	35,000	2,865	M	2.27	\checkmark
44	Oike Pond (farm pond)	Motomiya City	242	693	370	71	5,700	1,167	Mhan	1.08	\checkmark
45	Miharu Dam	Miharu Town	490	1,810	1,127	0	7,500	2,614	Mhunn	0.65	\checkmark
46	Hounokusa (farm pond)	Koriyama City	14	149	60	0	4,000	781	$\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{M}}$	1.56	\checkmark
47	Lake Hatori	Tenei Village	2,570	4,430	3,388	1,270	6,640	3,114	-n Mark	0.41	~~~
48	Hirodaira (farm pond)	Sukagawa City	29	549	158	0	570	182	hand	0.73	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
49	Sengosawa Dam Reservoir	Ishikawa Town	546	960	767	17	7,300	2,156	M	0.77	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
50		Yabuki Town	1,250	1,690	1,378	17	4,100	1,035	Num	0.82	7
51	Izumikawa (farm pond)	Shirakawa City	181	3,590	1,026	153	14,200	2,356	Uman	1.32	\checkmark
52	Hokkawa Dam	Nishigo Village	2,160	6,110	4,642	1,210	13,300	5,203	Mum	0.56	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
53	Lake Nanko	Shirakawa City	1,830	8,930	3,738	580	10,900	4,457	MMm	0.64	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
	amples 469		14	8,930	1,576	0	35,000	2,376		7	: Increasing
Dete	ction times 466		*2 Average categories a	values are a coording to	urithmetic; ca 1) (i)	alculated by	Cs-137 (Bq/k assuming NI locations us	D=0; Color c	odes show	₩ ~~	: Decreasing : Varying : Unchanged
			А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-27 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

(iii) Aizu

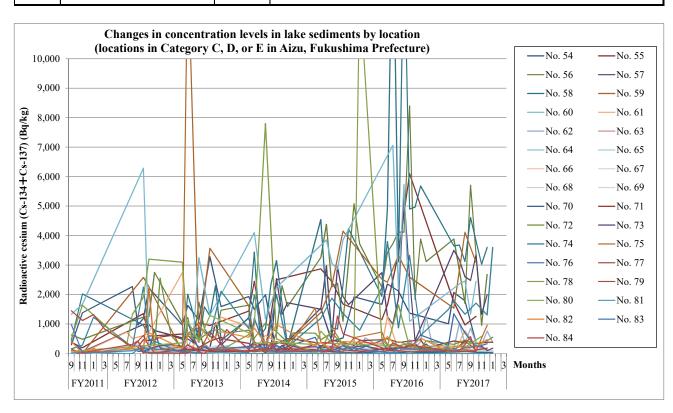
In Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 22 to 58 times from September 2011 to January 2018 for lake sediment samples collected at 31 locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, six locations were categorized as Category C, four locations were categorized as Category D and 21 locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-28 and Table 4.1.2-29).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at nine locations, unchanged at three locations, fluctuating at 13 locations, and increasing at six locations.

	(A	lizu, Fuku	ishima Prefecture: lake sediment)
Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	6	No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 74
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	4	No. 54, No. 55, No. 62, No. 76
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	21	No. 61, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 75, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84

Table 4.1.2-28 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)



Notes: 1) For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. Figure 4.1.2-20 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

55 L 56 L 57 L 58 L 59 L 60 L 61 Å 62 - 63 - 64 - 65 - 66 - 71 - 72 - 73 - 74 H 75 - 76 N 77 R 79 O 81 N	Vicchu Dam .ake Sohara .ake Hibara .ake Onogawa .ake Akimoto .ake Bishamonn .ake Oguninum Vizu farm pond)	Water area	Location Kitakata City Kitashiobara Village	Minimum value 377 970 960	FY2017 Maximum value 2,070 1,920	Average 1,312	Minimum value	2011 - FY2 Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
55 L 56 L 57 L 58 L 59 L 60 L 61 Å 62 - 63 - 64 - 65 - 66 - 71 - 72 - 73 - 74 H 75 - 76 N 77 R 79 O 81 N	.ake Sohara .ake Hibara .ake Onogawa .ake Akimoto .ake Bishamonr .ake Oguninum Aizu		Kitashiobara	970	-	1,312						
56 L 57 L 58 L 59 L 60 L 61 Å(f 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 Ir 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 N 77 78 78 0 80 T 81 N	_ake Hibara _ake Onogawa _ake Akimoto _ake Bishamonn _ake Oguninum. Aizu				1 920		43	3,280	1,468	mybr	0.56	$\wedge \wedge \bullet$
57 L 58 L 59 L 60 L 61 Å(f) 62 63 64 65 66 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 0 80 T 81 M	Lake Onogawa Lake Akimoto Lake Bishamonn Lake Oguninum Aizu			960	1,720	1,433	130	6,100	1,663	m	0.78	>
58 L 59 L 60 L 61 Å 62 63 64 65 66 L 69 70 71 72 73 74 74 H 75 76 77 78 79 0 80 T 81 M	ake Akimoto ake Bishamonn ake Oguninum				6,180	3,126	192	8,400	2,313	month	0.77	\nearrow
59 L 60 L 61 Å 62 63 64 65 66 7 68 Ir 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 L 76 N 77 78 78 0 80 T 81 M	.ake Bishamonn .ake Oguninum Aizu			1,330	4,610	2,743	57	5,370	1,492	manth	0.84	>
60 L 61 Å (f 62 (f 63 (f 63 (f 64 (f 65 (f 66 (f 67 L 68 (f 70 (f 71 (f 72 (f 73 (f 74 (f 75 (f 76 (f) 77 (f) 78 (f) 80 (f) 81 (f)	ake Oguninum		Inawashiro Town	2,270	5,030	3,645	177	15,400	2,924	_muth	1.05	\nearrow
61 A (f 62 63 63 64 65 66 67 L 68 17 70 71 72 73 74 H 75 L 76 N 77 78 78 0 80 T 81 M	Aizu	iuma	Kitashiobara	400	4,110	2,570	0	13,400	2,309	the	1.17	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
61 (f 62 63 63 64 65 66 67 L 68 Ir 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 78 A 79 0 80 T 81 M		a	Village	1,340	2,460	2,153	198	10,200	2,790	Lon	0.79	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
63 64 65 66 67 L 68 67 70 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81		Lake Onuma	Nishiaizu Town	22	773	263	0	2,740	457	Mar	1.23	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81		Center	Aizuwakamatsu City	160	1,040	524	0	1,260	246	mmmMM	0.97	\nearrow
65 66 67 L 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81		Takahashi River Estuary		58	133	83	58	300	149	MM	0.44	\checkmark
66 67 L 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 77		Oguro River Estuary		46	58	52	46	245	97	M	0.45	\checkmark
67 L 68 Ir 69 70 70 71 72 73 74 H 75 L 76 N 77 78 78 O 80 T 81 N		Tenjinhama Beach	Inawashiro Town	46	84	66	39	208	100	Mm	0.43	\checkmark
L L 68 Ir 70 7 70 7 71 7 72 73 74 H 75 7 76 N 77 7 78 A 79 0 80 T 81 N		Hishinuma River Estuary		20	30	24	12	108	43	Murr	0.59	\checkmark
68 69 69 70 71 72 73 73 74 H 75 76 77 78 78 A 79 0 80 T 81 M	ake	Intake of Asakasosui		64	181	107	59	440	183	mm	0.41	~~~*
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 N 77 78 8 A 79 0 80 T	nawashiro	Hamajihama Beach		80	145	123	80	242	173	www	0.22	\searrow
71 72 73 74 H 75 76 L N 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M		Funatsu Port	Kanimur Cita	100	136	115	100	382	171	hum	0.38	\checkmark
72 73 74 H 75 76 N 77 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M		Offshore of Funatsu River Estuary	Koriyama City	23	82	46	13	800	105	Lum	1.32	\checkmark
73 74 H 75 76 L N 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M		Seishogahama Beach		335	425	375	174	620	405	Mmm	0.28	~~~*
74 H 75 76 N 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M		Haragawa River Estuary	Aizuwakamatsu City	309	552	416	45	2,560	516	home	0.82	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
75 76 L. 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M		Koishigahama Floodgate	Inawashiro Town	100	273	207	22	389	204	pulliments	0.39	~~~^
76 N 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M	ligashiyama Da	m Reservoir	Aizuwakamatsu City	1,310	3,600	1,873	18	3,800	1,329	Mann	0.76	\nearrow
76 N 77 78 A 79 O 80 T 81 M		Center		88	961	300	45	2,210	296	Intru	1.56	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
78 A 79 O 80 T	.ake Numazawa	Midpoint between the center of the lake and off the estuary	Kaneyama Town	212	1,350	573	37	1,350	347	Und	1.06	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
79 O 80 T 81 ^M		Offshore of Maenosawa River Estuary		100	430	201	15	430	136	~~~^	0.59	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
80 T	Aizu (farm pond	1)	Aizumisato Town	126	362	247	41	12,300	1,368	mh	1.88	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
81 M	Okawa Dam Re	servoir	Aizuwakamatsu City	50	95	73	14	1,450	313	ham	1.19	\searrow
	Гagokura Reser	voir	Tadami Town	218	583	325	90	1,290	429	Man	0.68	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
	Ainamiaizu farm pond)	Fukui	1 adami 10wii	0	0	0	0	270	18	Im	2.88	\searrow
82 T	Fajima Dam Res	servoir (Lake Funehana)	Minamiaizu Town	59	475	249	0	1,000	390	Mon	0.69	\mathbb{N}
83 0	Okutadami Rese	ervoir	Tadami Town	99	274	185	18	980	166	Low	0.97	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
84 L	ake Ozenuma		Hinoemata Village	41	840	275	0	1,380	267	Lula	1.20	\mathbb{N}
	-1	1,080		0	6,180	850	0	15,400	724		7	: Increasing
Dete	al number of samples	1,051		*2 Average categories a	d values are a values are a according to of the analysi	rithmetic; ca 1) (i)	alculated by a	assuming NI	0=0; Color c	odes show	~~~	: Decreasing : Varying : Unchanged

Table 4.1.2-29 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture: lake sediment)

3) Ibaraki Prefecture

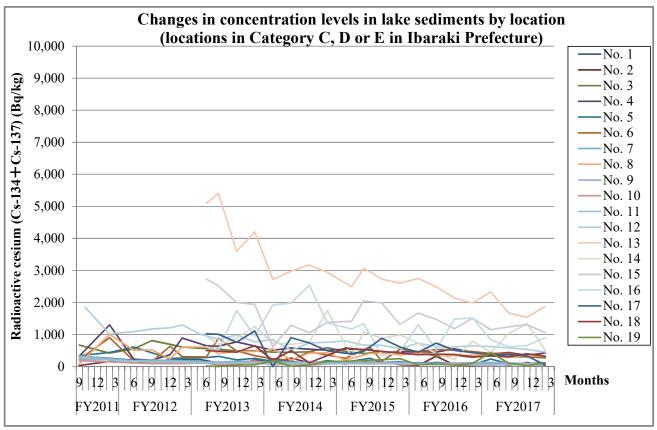
In Ibaraki Prefecture, surveys were conducted 17 to 26 times from September 2011 to February 2018 for lake sediment samples collected at 19 locations.

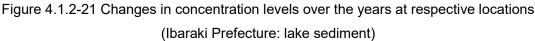
Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category C, four locations as Category D, and 14 locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-30 and Table 4.1.2-31).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 11 locations, unchanged at five locations, and fluctuating at three locations.

Table 4.1.2-30 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (Ibaraki Prefecture: lake sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	1	No. 13
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	4	No. 12, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	14	No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19





		Location			FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Wat	er area	Location	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1		Hiroura		54	73	65	54	320	136	V~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.49	\swarrow
2	Hinuma	Miyamae	Ibaraki Town	40	127	78	23	319	116	mh	0.63	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
3		Oyazawa		274	355	308	274	810	467	×	0.29	
4		Offshore of Tamatsukuri	Namegata City	350	441	404	201	1,300	525	A~~~~~	0.42	~~~
5	Lake	Offshore of Kakeuma	Ami Town	91	235	135	62	610	215	Anna	0.61	\nearrow
6	Kasumigaura	Center	Miho Village	304	413	359	151	900	409	Mm	0.48	$\stackrel{\scriptstyle <}{\stackrel{\scriptstyle <}{}}$
7		Offshore of Aso	Inashiki City	84	94	88	84	330	144	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.38	\swarrow
8	Lake Kitaura	Offshore of Kamaya	Namegata City	286	372	331	90	1,000	413	Arm	0.42	~~~
9	Lake Kitaura	Jingu Bridge	Itako City	68	125	102	53	220	118	L	0.32	\swarrow
10	Hitachitone	Lake Sotonasakaura		34	75	50	34	184	86	mm	0.41	\checkmark
11	River	Ikisu	Kamisu City	55	61	59	51	290	104	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.52	\swarrow
12	Lake Ushikunuma	Center of Lake Ushikunuma	Ryugasaki City	454	624	549	454	1,840	829	Lun	0.37	\checkmark
13	Mizunuma Dam		Kitaibaraki City	1,540	2,330	1,855	1,540	5,400	2,889	have	0.36	\checkmark
14	Koyama Dam		Takahagi	440	1,340	830	220	1,750	822	M	0.45	~~~
15	Hananuki Dam		City	1,060	1,310	1,190	610	2,730	1,544	hm	0.34	\swarrow
16	Jyuou Dam	Center	Hitachi City	613	900	752	346	2,540	1,140	Mm	0.53	\bigwedge
17	Ryuji Dam		Hitachiota City	47	373	281	0	1,110	581	M	0.53	
18	Fujiigawa Dam		Shirosato Town	306	399	341	117	650	389	~~~~	0.34	~~~
19	Iida Dam		Kasama City	29	429	167	0	429	114	M	0.91	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
Tot	al number of samples	449		29	2,330	418	0	5,400	537		7:	Increasing
Det	ection times	447		*2 Average categories a	values are a according to	urithmetic; ca 1) (i)	alculated by	Cs-137 (Bq/k assuming NI locations us	D=0; Color d	odes show	······································	Decreasing Varying Unchanged
				А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-31 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Ibaraki Prefecture: lake sediment)

4) Tochigi Prefecture

In Tochigi Prefecture, surveys were conducted 22 to 26 times from October 2011 to December 2017 for lake sediment samples collected at eight locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, two locations were categorized as Category D, and six locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-32 and Table 4.1.2-33).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at three locations, fluctuating at three locations, and increasing at two locations.

 Table 4.1.2-32 Categorization of detected values at respective locations

 (Tochigi Prefecture: lake sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	0	(None)
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	2	No. 1, No. 7
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	6	No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 8

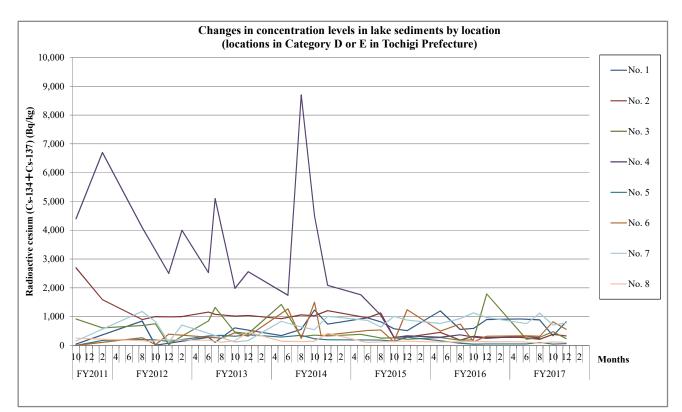


Figure 4.1.2-22 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Tochigi Prefecture: lake sediment)

		Location				FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Water area	Location		Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1	Nakagawa	Miyama Dam Reservoir	Center	Nasushiobara	338	920	742	11	1,230	630	wh	0.54	\nearrow
2	River System	Shiobara Dam Reservoir	Center	City	213	388	303	185	2,700	839	L	0.66	
3		Kawaji Dam Reservoir	Center		211	479	302	25	1,790	521	M	0.82	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
4		Ikari Dam Reservoir	Center		248	322	285	248	8,700	2,474	m	0.92	\bigwedge
5	Kinugawa River System	Kawamata Dam Reservoir	Center	Nikko City	47	99	65	0	370	183	\sim	0.61	\searrow
6		Lake Yuno	Center		315	820	507	0	1,500	478	man	0.81	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
7		Lake Chuzenji	Center		708	1,120	842	115	1,180	703	M	0.47	>
8	Watarase River System	Watarase Reservoir	Center	Tochigi City	81	130	109	81	460	165	~~M~~~	0.55	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
T	otal number of samples	196			47	1,120	402	0	8,700	746		7	Increasing
I	Detection times	194			*2 Average categories a	I values are t values are a according to I of the analysi	rithmetic; ca	lculated by a	issuming ND	=0; Color co	odes show		Decreasing: Varying Unchanged
					A	В	С	D	E		L .	/	

Table 4.1.2-33 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Tochigi Prefecture: lake sediment)

5) Gunma Prefecture

In Gunma Prefecture, surveys were conducted 20 to 26 times from November 2011 to December 2017 for lake sediment samples collected at 24 locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category C, 12 locations were categorized as Category D and 11 locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-34 and Table 4.1.2-35).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 11 locations, unchanged at six locations, fluctuating at five locations, and increasing at two locations.

Table 4.1.2-34 Categorization of detected values at respective locations
(Gunma Prefecture: lake sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	1	No. 2
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	12	No. 1, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 9, No. 10, No. 12, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 21, No. 22
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	11	No. 3, No. 4, No. 8, No. 11, No. 13, No. 14, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 23, No. 24

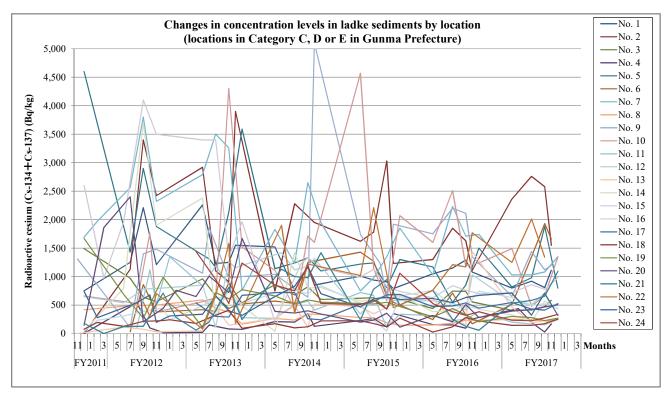


Figure 4.1.2-23 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Gunma Prefecture: lake sediment)

		Location		(FY2017				017			
		Location			Miniarrow				2011 - FY2	J1/	Changes	Coefficient	Trends
No.	Water area	Location	-	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	of variation	(*3)
1		Lake Okutone (Yagisawa Dam)	Center		800	1,110	909	750	2,260	1,161	Man	0.34	\checkmark
2		Lake Naramata (Naramata Dam)	Center	Minakami Town	1,550	2,760	2,313	0	3,900	1,901	Mun	0.48	~~~*
3		Lake Dogen (Sudagai Dam)	Center		409	584	470	409	1,490	662	mm	0.36	\searrow
4		Lake Marunuma (Marunuma Dam)	Center	Katashina Village	28	439	209	0	540	180	him	0.75	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
5	Tonegawa River	Lake Fujiwara (Fujiwara Dam)	Center	Minakami Town	798	1,880	1,119	548	4,600	1,539	hhm	0.61	\searrow
6		Lake Tanbara (Tanbara Dam)	Center	Numata City	508	1,930	1,362	33	1,930	757	m	0.68	\nearrow
7		Lake Akaya (Aimata Dam)	Center	Minakami Town	1,030	1,350	1,123	750	3,800	1,858	Mm	0.46	\searrow
8		Lake Sonohara (Sonohara Dam)	Center	Numata City	220	251	239	146	590	305		0.41	\searrow
9		Lake Akagionuma	Center	Maebashi City	651	1,440	1,103	104	5,100	1,422	m	0.66	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \blacksquare$
10		Lake Okushima (Shimagawa Dam)	Center	Nakanojo Town	481	1,490	995	380	4,570	1,420	Mm	0.77	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
11	Agatsuma River Area	Lake Shimako (Nakanojo Dam)	Center	rtakanojo rown	155	249	193	94	1,350	491	Mm	0.73	\searrow
12		Lake Tashiro (Kazawa Dam)	Center	Tsumagoi Village	484	708	565	110	1,420	756	-Mr	0.45	~~~*
13		Lake Haruna	Center	Takasaki City/Higashi-	190	464	267	0	1,440	335	m	0.92	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
14		Lake Kirizumi (Kirizumi Dam)	Center	Annaka City	213	568	386	38	3,700	801	M	1.02	\checkmark
15		Lake Usui (Sakamoto Dam)	Center		714	980	832	215	4,100	1,484	$\sqrt{\gamma}$	0.72	\searrow
16	Karasu River	Lake Arafune (Dodairagawa Dam)	Center	Shimonita Town	442	633	524	37	840	499	m	0.43	~~~*
17		Lake Oshio (Oshio Dam)	Center	Tomioka City	318	713	517	196	1,170	564	yan w	0.38	~~~*
18		Lake Kanna (Shimokubo Dam)	Center	Fujioka City/Kamikawa	143	254	180	26	410	187	Mrs	0.45	~~~*
19		Lake Hebikami (Shiozawa Dam)	Center	Kanna Town	227	300	270	111	1,670	524	W	0.61	\searrow
20	Watarase River	Lake Kusaki (Kusaki Dam)	Center	Midori City	393	504	447	115	2,400	591	An	0.95	\searrow
21	Area	Lake Umeda (Kiryugawa Dam)	Center	Kiryu City	532	1,093	716	0	1,420	531	M	0.76	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
22	Nakatsu River	Lake Nozori (Nozori Dam)	Center	Nakanojo Town	1,250	2,010	1,533	82	2,210	1,037	MM	0.60	\nearrow
23	Watarase River	Lake Jonuma	Center	Tatebayashi City	412	545	479	241	720	502	\sim	0.30	~~~*
24	Area	Lake Tataranuma	Center		226	337	268	226	1,440	638	Mr	0.57	\searrow
Т	otal number of samples	574			28	2,760	700	0	5,100	840			:Increasing
Г	Detection times	570			*2 Average categories a	values are a ccording to 1	rithmetic; ca l) (i)	lculated by a	s-137 (Bq/kg issuming ND locations usir	=0; Color co	odes show od explained in 1		: Decreasing : Varying : Unchanged
					А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-35 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Gunma Prefecture: lake sediment)

6) Chiba Prefecture

In Chiba Prefecture, surveys were conducted 26 times from November 2011 to February 2018 for lake sediment samples collected at eight locations.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category C, one location into Category D, and six locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-36 and Table 4.1.2-37).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at all eight locations.

Table 4.1.2-36 Categorization of detected values at respective locations (Chiba Prefecture: lake sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	1	No. 4
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	1	No. 3
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	6	No. 1, No. 2, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8

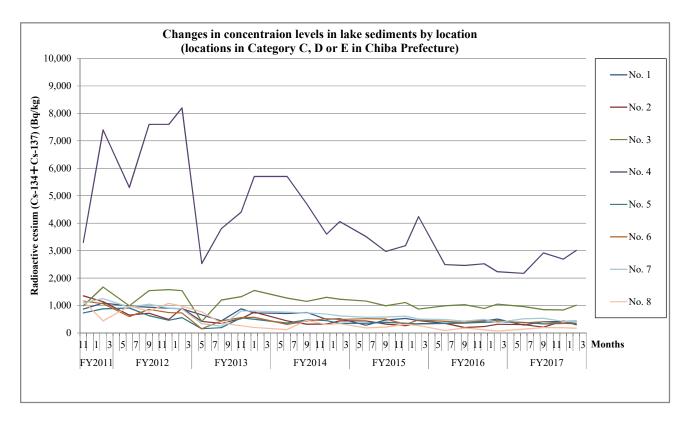


Figure 4.1.2-24 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Chiba Prefecture: lake sediment)

		Location			FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Ι	location	Municipality	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1		Fusashita	Inzai City	285	433	386	283	1,090	608	\sim	0.39	\checkmark
2	Lake	Shimoteganuma Chuo	Inzai City	213	441	315	197	1,350	483	h	0.59	\checkmark
3	Teganuma	Teganuma Chuo	Abiko City/Kashiwa	838	1,013	915	420	1,670	1,135	M~~~~~	0.25	\checkmark
4		Nedoshita	City	2,170	3,010	2,698	2,170	8,200	4,165	M	0.44	\swarrow
5		Kita-Inbanuma Chuo	Inzai City/Narita City	333	388	352	151	910	444	\sim	0.40	\checkmark
6	Lake	Ipponmatsushita	Inzai City	354	415	387	152	1,160	528	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.43	\checkmark
7	Inbanuma	Lower area of Josuido water	Sakura City	417	535	472	251	1,250	657	\sim	0.38	\checkmark
8		Asobashi Bridge	Yachiyo City	136	196	174	66	1,160	400	M	0.84	\nearrow
	number of amples	208		136	3,010	712	66	8,200	1,052		7:	Increasing
	ction times	208		*2 Average categories a	d values are a values are a according to of the analysi	urithmetic; ca 1) (i)	alculated by	assuming NI	D=0; Color c	odes show		Decreasing Varying Unchanged
				А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-37 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Chiba Prefecture: lake sediment)

(2)-3 Coastal areas

1) Iwate Prefecture

In Iwate Prefecture, surveys were conducted 13 times from January 2012 to November 2017 for coastal area sediment samples collected at two locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from one location where the survey was conducted only in FY2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, both locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-38 and Table 4.1.2-39).

Concentration levels were unchanged at one location and fluctuating at the other location.

Table 4.1.2-38 Categorization of detected values at respective locations
--

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	0	(None)
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	0	(None)
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	2	No. 1, No. 2

(Iwate Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

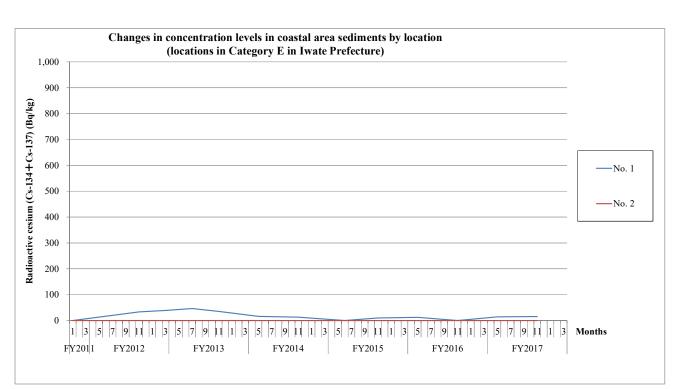


Figure 4.1.2-25 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Iwate Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

Loc	ation		FY2017		FY	2011 - FY20	017			
No.	Location	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1	Ofunato Bay (A)	14	15	15	0	46	18	$\langle \rangle$	0.86	\bigwedge
2	Hirota Bay	0	0	0	0	0	0		-	~~~
Total number of samples	26	0	15	7.3	0	46	9.0		7	: Increasing
Detection times										: Decreasing : Varying : Unchanged
A B C D E										

Table 4.1.2-39 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Iwate Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

2) Miyagi Prefecture

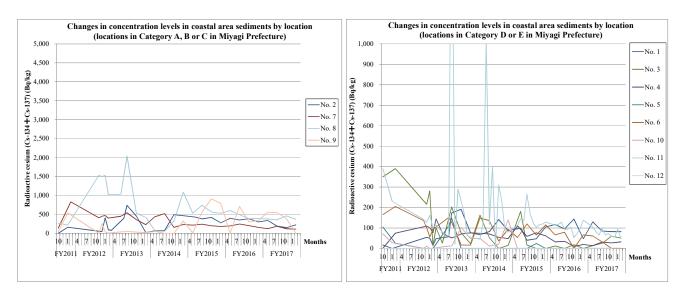
In Miyagi Prefecture, surveys were conducted 13 to 57 times from October 2011 to February 2018 for coastal area sediment samples collected at 12 locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from 28 locations where the survey was conducted only in FY2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category A, one location into Category B, two locations as Category C, three locations as Category D, and five locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-40 and Table 4.1.2-41).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at six locations, unchanged at one location, fluctuating at four locations, and increasing at one location.

Table 4.1	.2-40 Categorization of detected values at respective locations
	(Miyagi Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	1	No. 8
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	1	No. 9
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	2	No. 2, No. 7
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	3	No. 1, No. 3, No. 11
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	5	No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 10, No. 12



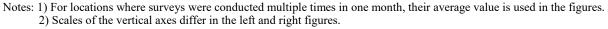


Figure 4.1.2-26 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Miyagi Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

	Locatio	on		FY2017		FY2	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Loca	ation	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1	Kesennuma Bay (B)	Offshore of Hachigasaki	82	130	95	0	191	82	~~~~	0.57	$\bigwedge \!\!\!\bigwedge$
2	Kesennuma Bay (C)	Offshore of Oshimakita	150	339	225	0	740	282	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.65	$\bigwedge \bigwedge \bullet$
3	All other neighboring sea areas	Oppa Bay (Jyusanhama Beach)	14	60	37	0	390	88	m	1.30	\checkmark
4	Neighboring sea area of Ishinomaki (C)	Lake Mangokuura, M-6 (center)	14	32	26	0	145	59	/h~	0.59	\checkmark
5	Neighboring sea area of Ishinomaki (B-3)	Offshore of Kitakami River Estuary	0	0	0	0	148	16	\mathcal{A}	2.51	\checkmark
6	Neighboring sea area of Ishinomaki (C)	Offshore of Naruse	0	61	23	0	205	82	\sim	0.68	\checkmark
7	Matsushima Bay (B)	Nishihama Beach	110	187	135	110	830	300	M	0.58	
8	Neighboring sea area of Sendai Port(A)	Naiko Inner Port, 4-Nai	356	459	390	54	2,040	669	$\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{M}}$	0.75	\checkmark
9	Neighboring sea area of Sendai Port (B)	Gamo-3	0	556	372	0	910	250	m	1.15	\nearrow
10	All other neighboring sea areas	Ido-5	0	0	0	0	140	19	\mathcal{N}	1.84	$\bigwedge \!\!\!\bigwedge$
11	Offshore of Abukuma River Estuary		48	105	75	0	2,030	173	James	1.67	$\bigwedge \!\!\!\bigwedge$
12	Offshore of Tsuyagawa River Estuary		0	0	0	0	0	0		-	~~~*
1	otal number of samples	330	0	556	115	0	2,040	175		7	:Increasing
	Detection times	264					Cs-137 (Bq/k				: Decreasing
			*2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)								
			А	В	С	D	Е				

Table 4.1.2-41 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Miyagi Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

3) Fukushima Prefecture

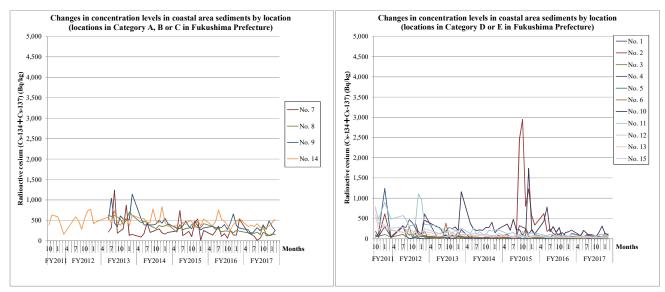
In Fukushima Prefecture, surveys were conducted 50 to 63 times from October 2011 to February 2018 for coastal area sediment samples collected at 15 locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from 11 locations where the survey was conducted only once in FY2011).

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, one location was categorized as Category A, one location into Category B, two locations as Category C, seven locations as Category D, and four locations as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-42 and Table 4.1.2-43).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at 12 locations and fluctuating at three locations.

Table 4.1.2-42 Categorization of detected values at respective locations
(Fukushima Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	1	No. 14
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	1	No. 9
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	2	No. 7, No. 8
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	7	No. 2, No. 4, No. 6, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 15
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	4	No. 1, No. 3, No. 5, No. 13



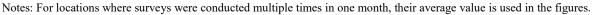


Figure 4.1.2-27 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Fukushima Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

]	Location		FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.		Location	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1	Neighboring sea area of Soso	Approx. 2,000 m offshore of Tsurushihama Fishing Port	0	0	0	0	1,240	33	h	4.83	\mathcal{I}
2	Matsukawaura sea area	Around center of Fishing Right Area-1 in Matsukawaura sea area	0	109	50	0	2,950	210	m	2.40	\bigwedge
3	Neighboring sea area of Soso	Approx. 2,000 m offshore of Manogawa River	0	15	6.8	0	300	31	manne	1.44	\nearrow
4	Neighboring sea area	Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Niida River	37	99	59	0	610	109	Maran	1.12	
5	of Haramachi City	Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Ota River	11	36	20	10	81	29	Muhm	0.55	\checkmark
6		Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Odaka River	15	137	42	0	380	51	nholm	1.20	\sim
7	Neighboring sea area	Approx. 2,000 m offshore of Ukedo River	12	246	144	12	1,240	253	Malpar	0.86	\checkmark
8	of Soso District	Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Kumagawa River	120	392	190	120	700	347	Normand	0.43	\mathbb{Z}
9		Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Tomioka River	155	484	298	155	1,600	427	bhunda	0.53	\checkmark
10	Neighboring sea area of Naraha Town	Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Kidogawa River	52	309	130	20	1,740	277	vulations	0.97	\bigwedge
11	Approx. 1,000 m offsh	ore of Asami River Estuary	51	108	71	41	1,110	226	Mahaman	0.99	
12	Approx. 1,000 m offsh	ore of Ohisa River Estuary	22	44	32	22	520	97	Lurm	0.99	\nearrow
13	Neighboring sea area of Iwaki City	Approx. 1,500 m offshore of Natsui River	14	22	18	14	590	72	homen	1.21	
14	Onahama Port	Approx. 400 m north of Nishibouhatei No. 2	282	526	378	156	830	469	Manalin	0.29	1
15	Joban coastal sea area	Approx. 1,000 m offshore of Binda River	40	61	48	38	800	121	L	0.94	
To	tal number of samples	883	0	526	99	0	2,950	178		7	:Increasing
	Detection times	*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)								: Varying	

Table 4.1.2-43 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Fukushima Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

4) Ibaraki Prefecture

In Ibaraki Prefecture, surveys were conducted 27 to 29 times from October 2011 to February 2018 for coastal area sediment samples collected at five locations (this analysis excludes the survey results from 18 locations where the survey was conducted only once in FY2011).

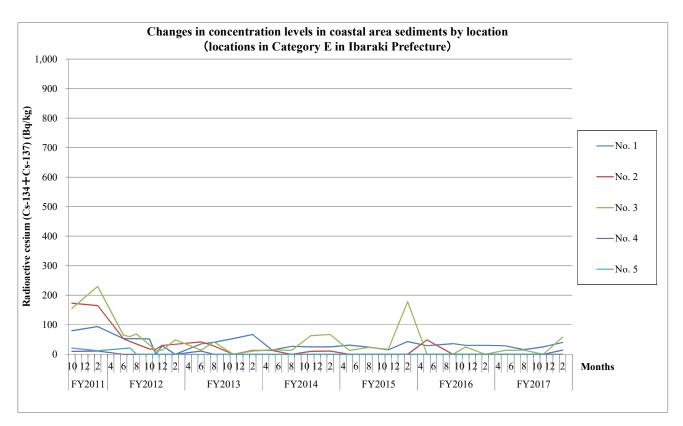
Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, all five locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-44 and Table 4.1.2-45).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at four locations and fluctuating at one location.

 Table 4.1.2-44 Categorization of detected values at respective locations

 (Ibaraki Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	0	(None)
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	0	(None)
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	5	No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5



Note: For locations where surveys were conducted multiple times in one month, their average value is used in the figures. Figure 4.1.2-28 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations (Ibaraki Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

Table 4.1.2-45 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations (Ibaraki Prefecture: coastal area sediment)

	Location		FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			T 1
No.	Location	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1	Offshore of Satone River Estuary	16	40	28	0	94	35	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.61	\checkmark
2	Offshore of Okita River Estuary	0	0	0	0	173	24	\sum	1.85	\checkmark
3	Offshore of Momiya River/Kujigawa River	0	58	21	0	230	43	mal	1.29	
4	Neighboring water body of Ken-o Offshore of	0	14	3.5	0	14	1.6	11	2.57	$\bigwedge \bigwedge $
5	Offshore of Tonegawa River Estuary	0	0	0	0	25	2.6	М	2.64	\nearrow
Total number of samples	141	0	58	10	0	230	21		7:	Increasing
Detection times	71	*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show categories according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii) : Decreasing the specific terms of terms of the specific terms of the specific terms of terms of the specific terms of								
		А	В	С	D	Е				

5) Chiba Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis

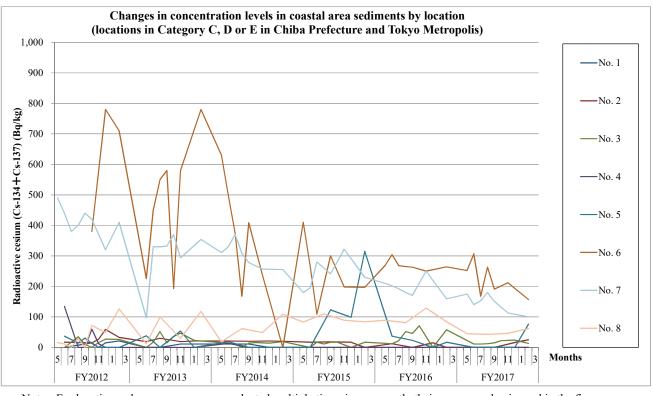
In Chiba Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis, surveys were conducted 25 to 43 times from May 2012 to February 2018 for coastal area sediment samples collected at eight locations in total.

Regarding the concentration levels of detected values, two locations were categorized as Category C, one location was categorized as Category D and five locations were categorized as Category E (see Table 4.1.2-46 and Table 4.1.2-47).

Concentration levels were generally decreasing at five locations, unchanged at one location and fluctuating at two locations.

Table 4.1.2-46 Categorization of detected values at respective locations(Chiba Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis: coastal area sediment)

Category	Percentile (percentile in all detected values)	Number of locations	Locations
А	Upper 5 percentile	0	(None)
В	Upper 5 to 10 percentile	0	(None)
С	Upper 10 to 25 percentile	2	No. 6, No. 7
D	Upper 25 to 50 percentile	1	No. 8
Е	Upper 50 to 100 percentile (lower 50%)	5	No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5



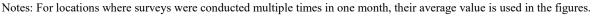


Figure 4.1.2-29 Changes in concentration levels over the years at respective locations

(Chiba Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis: coastal area sediment)

		Location			FY2017		FY	2011 - FY2	017			
No.	Prefecture	Locatio	Location		Maximum value	Average	Minimum value	Maximum value	Average	Changes	Coefficient of variation	Trends (*3)
1		Tokyo Bay 7	Offshore of Yorogawa River Estuary	0	0	0	0	21	3.8	$M \sim$	1.71	\checkmark
2		Tokyo Bay 5	Offshore of Miyako River Estuary	0	25	10	0	59	18	J	0.72	\checkmark
3	Chiba Prefecture	Coastal sea area of Makuhari	Offshore of Inbanuma Discharge Channel	11	24	15	0	71	20	mm	0.85	$\bigwedge \!\! \bigwedge$
4		Approx. 1 km offshore of Ebigawa River Estuary	Coastal area of Keiyo Port (Ebigawa River Estuary)	0	0	0	0	134	8.1	h	3.43	\searrow
5		Approx. 1 km offshore of Edogawa River Estuary		0	76	19	0	315	33	-	1.96	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
6		Approx. 1 km offshore of Kyu-Edogawa River Estuary	Offshore of Kyu- Edogawa River Estuary	157	307	221	0	780	336	Mymm	0.55	\searrow
7	Tokyo Metropolis	St-8	Offshore of Arakawa River/Kyu-Edogawa	100	180	145	97	490	269	Murr	0.38	\searrow
8		Southwestern area of Toyosu Wharf	Offshore of Sumida River Estuary	43	62	49	0	129	62	Mm	0.63	~~~
	l number of samples	255		0	307	73	0	780	112		7	: Increasing
Dete	ection times	186		*1 Detected values are the total of Cs-134 and Cs-137 (Bq/kg-dry). *2 Average values are arithmetic; calculated by assuming ND=0; Color codes show W : Varying								
				categories according to 1) (i) *3 Results of the analysis of trends at respective locations using the method explained in 1) (ii)								
			А	В	С	D	Е					

Table 4.1.2-47 Detection of radioactive cesium at respective locations

(Chiba Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis: coastal area sediment)

2)-4 Conclusion

The concentration levels of detected values for sediment samples from public water areas (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas) from FY2011 to FY2017 and their changes shown so far are summarized as follows (see Figure 4.1.2-30 and Table 4.1.2-48).

1) Concentration levels of detected values

Rivers

Out of all surveyed locations (396 locations), the number categorized as Categories A and B, which fall under the upper 10%, was the largest in Hamadori in Fukushima Prefecture (18 locations). Other such locations were also found in Nakadori in Fukushima Prefecture, Ibaraki Prefecture, Gunma Prefecture and Chiba Prefecture.

Lakes

Out of all surveyed locations (164 locations), locations categorized as Category A or B were found in Hamadori in Fukushima Prefecture.

Coastal areas

Out of all surveyed locations (42 locations), locations categorized as Category A or B were found in Miyagi and Fukushima Prefectures.

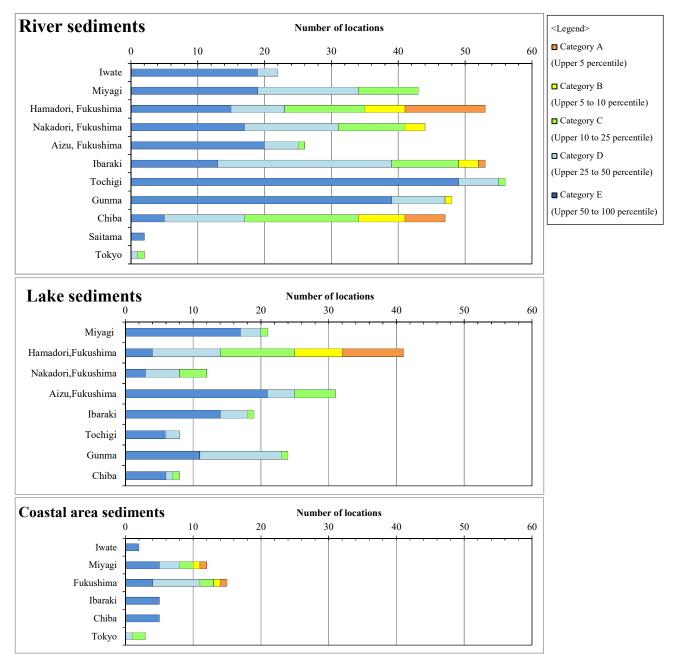


Figure 4.1.2-30 Categorization by concentration levels of detected values for sediment samples

(upper: rivers; middle: lakes; lower: coastal areas)

(* Figure 4.1.2-30 shows the aforementioned Table 3.1-1 graphically.)

2) Changes in detected values

Rivers

A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.

Lakes

Mostly a decreasing or an unchanged trend was observed but some locations showed fluctuations.

Coastal areas

Mostly a decreasing trend was observed but some locations showed fluctuations.

Table 4.1.2-48 Changes in detected values for sediment samples from public water areas (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas)

<Rivers>

		Number of locations												
Trends			Fukushima								Total			
Iwate	Miyagi	Hamadori	Nakadori	Aizu	Ibaraki	Tochigi	Gunma	Chiba	Saitama	Tokyo	Number of locations	Percentage		
Decreasing	20	39	50	42	21	50	49	39	42	2	2	356	89.9	
Unchanged	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.3	
Fluctuations	2	4	1	2	5	3	7	9	5	0	0	38	9.6	
Increasing	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.3	
Total	22	43	53	44	26	53	56	48	47	2	2	396	100.0	

<Lakes>

	Number of locations												
Trends		Fukushima							Total				
Miyagi	Hamadori	Nakadori	Aizu	Ibaraki	Tochigi	Gunma	Chiba	Number of locations	Percentage				
Decreasing	13	22	5	9	11	3	11	8	82	50.0			
Unchanged	2	3	2	3	5	0	6	0	21	12.8			
Fluctuations	6	15	5	13	3	3	5	0	50	30.5			
Increasing	0	1	0	6	0	2	2	0	11	6.7			
Total	21	41	12	31	19	8	24	8	164	100.0			

<Coastal areas>

	Number of locations										
Trends							Total				
	Iwate	Miyagi	Fukushima	Ibaraki	Chiba	Tokyo	Number of locations	Percentage			
Decreasing	0	6	12	4	3	2	27	64.3			
Unchanged	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	7.1			
Fluctuations	1	4	3	1	2	0	11	26.2			
Increasing	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2.4			
Total	2	12	15	5	5	3	42	100.0			

3) Summary by prefecture

Concentration levels of detected values and their changes are summarized by prefecture as follows (see Figures 4.1.2-31 to 4.1.2-33).

(i) Iwate Prefecture

- For rivers, all the 22 surveyed locations were categorized as either Category D or E. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
- For coastal areas, the two surveyed locations were categorized as Category E. An unchanged trend was observed at most locations except for some locations that showed fluctuations.

(ii) Miyagi Prefecture

- For rivers, of the 43 surveyed locations, some locations in the lower reaches were categorized as Category C, but over 80% of the surveyed locations were categorized as Category D or E. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
- For lakes, of the 21 surveyed locations, most locations were categorized as Category D or E, while one location was categorized as Category C. Concentration levels were generally decreasing except for some locations that showed fluctuations.
- For coastal areas, approximately 70% of the 12 surveyed locations were categorized as Category D or E, rest of them were categorized as Category A, B or C. There was a location categorized as Category A in the Sendai Port. Although concentration levels were fluctuating at some locations, most other locations showed decreasing or unchanged trends.
- (iii) Hamadori, Fukushima Prefecture
 - For rivers, approximately 60% of the 53 surveyed locations were categorized as Category A, B or C.
 - Many locations categorized as Category A or B were found near to or between the northern and northwest of Fukushima Daiichi NPS, while locations categorized as Category C were seen in the southern parts of the district. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
 - For lakes, approximately 70% of the 41 surveyed locations were categorized as Category A, B or C.
 - Many locations categorized as Category A or B were found northwest of Fukushima Daiichi NPS. Mostly a decreasing or an unchanged trend was observed except for some locations that showed fluctuations.
 - For coastal areas, approximately 70% of the 15 surveyed locations were categorized as Category D or E, and the rest were categorized as Category A, B, or C. One location categorized as Category A was seen in Onahama port. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.

(iv) Nakadori, Fukushima Prefecture

- For rivers, more than 70% of the 44 surveyed locations were categorized as Category D or E, and the rest were categorized as Category B or C. Many locations categorized as Category B or C were found between the center and the northern part of the Abukuma River system. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
- For lakes, eight of the 12 surveyed locations were categorized as Category D or E, and the remaining four locations were categorized as Category C. The locations categorized as Category C were seen in the upper and lower reaches of the Abukuma River basin. A decreasing or an unchanged trend was observed at most

locations except for some locations that showed fluctuations.

- (v) Aizu, Fukushima Prefecture
 - For rivers, one of the 26 surveyed locations was categorized as Category C, and all the remaining locations were categorized as Category D or E. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
 - For lakes, six of the 31 surveyed locations were categorized as Category C, and approximately 80% of the locations were categorized as Category D or E. Although concentration levels were fluctuating at some locations, decreasing or unchanged trends were mostly observed at rest of the locations.
- (vi) Ibaraki Prefecture
 - For rivers, approximately 70% of the 53 surveyed locations were categorized as Category D or E, and the rest were categorized as Category A, B, or C. The locations categorized as Category A or B were found in rivers flowing into Lake Kasumigaura. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
 - For lakes, out of the 19 surveyed locations, one in the northern part of the prefecture was categorized as Category C, and the remaining locations were categorized as Category D or E. A decreasing or an unchanged trend was observed at most locations.
 - For coastal areas, all the five surveyed locations were categorized as Category E. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
- (vii) Tochigi Prefecture
 - For rivers, one of the 56 surveyed locations was categorized as Category C, and the remaining locations were categorized as Category D or E. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
 - For lakes, all eight locations were categorized as Category D or E. Concentration levels were fluctuating at many of the locations, and rest of the locations showed a variety of trends.

(viii) Gunma Prefecture

- For rivers, out of the 48 surveyed locations, some locations in the lower reaches of the Watarase River basin were categorized as Category B, and all the remaining locations were categorized as Category D or E. Mostly a decreasing trend was observed.
- For lakes, one of the 24 surveyed locations were categorized as Category C, and the remaining locations were all categorized as Category D or E. Mostly a decreasing or an unchanged trend was observed.
- (ix) Chiba and Saitama Prefectures and Tokyo Metropolis
 - For rivers, over 60% of the 51 surveyed locations were categorized as Category A, B, or C. The locations categorized as Category A or B were found in rivers flowing into Lake Teganuma or Lake Inbanuma, the Edogawa River system and a part of the Tonegawa River system. A decreasing trend was observed at most locations.
 - For lakes, one of the eight surveyed locations, in Lake Teganuma, was categorized as Category C, and all the remaining locations were categorized as Category D or E. A decreasing trend was observed at all locations.
 - For coastal areas, one of the eight surveyed locations, the mouth of the Kyuedogawa River, was categorized as Category C, and all remaining locations were categorized as Category D or E. Mostly a decreasing trend was observed except for some locations showing fluctuations.

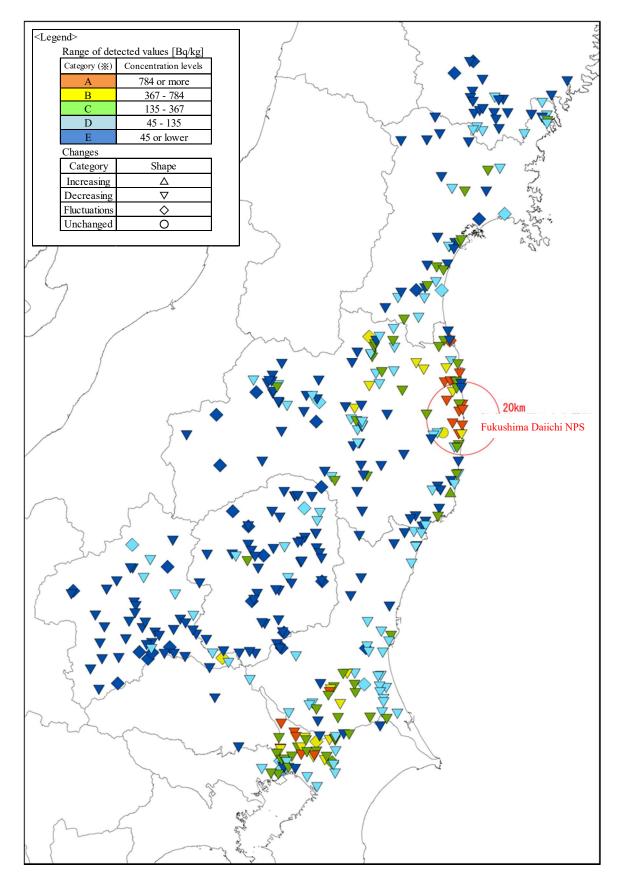


Figure 4.1.2-31 Categorization of and changes in concentration levels for river sediment samples from public water areas

(*) Categories A to E show relative concentration levels for river sediment samples and cannot be compared with those for lake sediment samples or coastal area sediment samples.

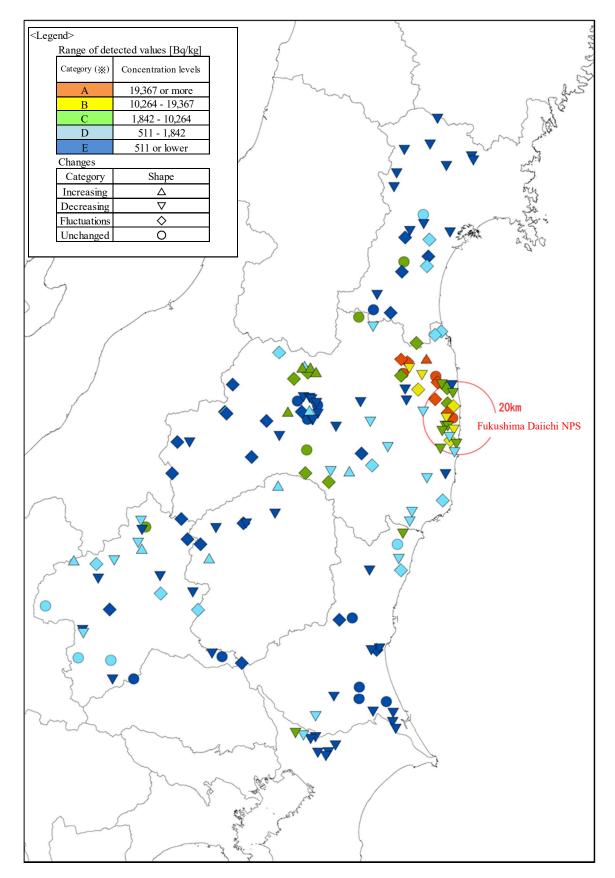


Figure 4.1.2-32 Categorization of and changes in concentration levels for lake sediment samples from public water areas

^(*) Categories A to E show relative concentration levels for lake sediment samples and cannot be compared with those for river sediment samples or coastal area sediment samples.

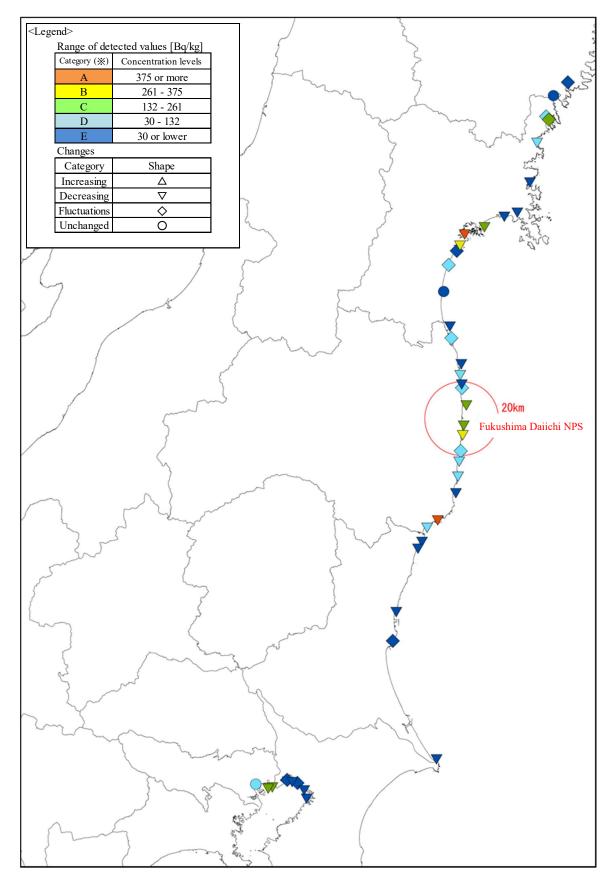


Figure 4.1.2-33 Categorization of and changes in concentration levels for coastal area sediment samples from public water areas

(*) Categories A to E show relative concentration levels for coastal area sediment samples and cannot be compared with those for river sediment samples or lake sediment samples.

5 Results (Radionuclides other than radioactive cesium)

5.1 Radioactive strontium (Sr-90 and Sr-89)

(1) Public water areas

In principle, radioactive strontium was measured at locations where the radioactive cesium concentration in the sediment was high. (detection limit: approx.1 Bq/kg for Sr-90 and approx. 2 Bq/kg for Sr-89, both for sediment samples).

From FY2016 to FY2017, Sr-90 was surveyed (detection limit: approx. 1 Bq/L for Sr-90 for water samples) for the water samples collected on the same day from the same public water area (lakes) sediment samples where Sr-90 concentration levels were relatively high (1.0 Bq/kg or more in FY2016 and 10 Bq/kg or more in FY2017). On the other hand, a survey was conducted for Sr-89 on 22 samples (13 river sediment samples and nine lake sediment samples) in FY2011, Sr-89 was not detectable in any of them, and the survey has not been conducted since FY2012.

1) Sediment

(i) River sediment

Sr-90 was detected at eight out of 24 river sediment samples surveyed in FY2017 (detection rate: 33.3%). Detected values were less than 1 Bq/kg (see Table 4.2-1).

Sr-90 has been continuously detected since FY2011 at some locations in Ota River and Ukedo River in Fukushima Prefecture, but the detected values have gradually decreased to fall below 2 Bq/kg from FY2014 on (see Figure 4.2-1).

(ii) Lake sediment

In FY2017, 70 lake sediment samples were surveyed for Sr-90; Sr-90 was detected at 66 samples (detection rate: 94.3%) (see Table 4.2-1).

Sr-90 has been continuously detected until FY2017 in each prefecture surveyed.

When reviewed location by location, detected values have basically been at relatively low levels, and the range of measured values in FY2017 was from not detectable to 22 Bq/kg (see Figure 4.2-1).

(iii) Coastal area sediment

In FY2017, 32 coastal area sediment samples were surveyed; Sr-90 was not detectable in any of them (see Table 4.2-1).

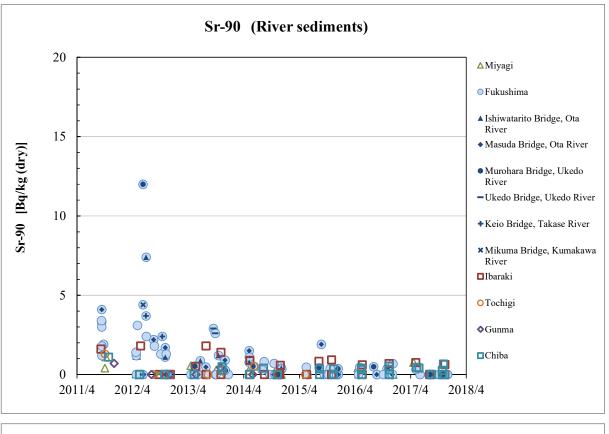
2) Water

Surveys for Sr-90 on three samples collected from water area (lakes) were conducted in FY2017. Sr-90 was not detectable at any surveyed locations even in measurements at the lower limit value (0.038 to 0.047 Bq/L) which was even lower than 1 Bq/L.

				FY2017					FY	2011 - FY2	2017	Range of measured values [Bq/kg] ND - 1.2 ND - 12 ND - 1.8 ND - 1.3 ND - 1.1 ND - 1.1 ND - 1.1 ND - 12 ND - 1.2 ND - 1.3 ND - 1.1 ND - 12 ND - 12 ND - 12 ND - 12 ND - 150 ND - 7.0	
Property	Prefecture	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range o value	of me s [Bq		Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	U U		
	Miyagi	2	1	50.0	ND	-	0.76	24	11	45.8	ND	-	1.2
	Fukushima	10	1	10.0	ND	-	0.32	92	51	55.4	ND	-	12
	Ibaraki	4	2	50.0	ND	-	0.75	29	15	51.7	ND	-	1.8
Rivers	Tochigi	-	-	-		-		8	3	37.5	ND	-	1.3
	Gunma	-	-	-				6	2	33.3	ND		0.70
	Chiba	8	4	50.0	ND	-	0.65	33	14	42.4	ND	-	1.1
	Total	24	8	33.3	ND	-	0.76	192	96	50.0	ND	-	12
	Miyagi	7	6	85.7	ND	-	1.2	38	33	86.8	ND	-	2.2
	Fukushima	38	38	100.0	0.56	-	22	236	235	99.6	ND	-	150
	Ibaraki	7	5	71.4	ND	-	1.8	39	31	79.5	ND	-	7.0
Lakes	Tochigi	1	1	100.0	1.2	-	1.2	12	11	91.7	ND	-	2.2
	Gunma	13	13	100.0	0.68	-	2.0	39	38	97.4	ND	-	2.6
	Chiba	4	3	75.0	ND	-	0.57	23	17	73.9	ND	-	4.4
	Total	70	66	94.3	ND	-	22	387	365	94.3	ND	-	150
	Miyagi	2	0	0.0		ND		14	0	0.0		ND	
Coastal	Fukushima	30	0	0.0		ND		171	8	4.7	ND	-	0.78
areas	Tokyo	-	-	-		-		2	0	0.0		ND	
	Total	32	0	0.0		ND		187	8	4.3	ND	-	0.78

Table 4.2-1 Detection of Sr-90 in sediment samples from public water areas (rivers, lakes, and coastal areas)

o Sr-90



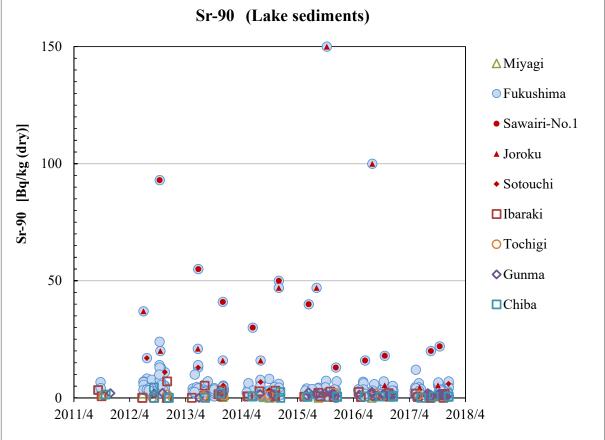


Figure 4.2-1 Detection of Sr-90 in sediment samples from public water areas (upper: rivers; lower: lakes)

(2) Groundwater

Surveys for Sr-89 and Sr-90 were conducted on approximately 340 groundwater samples collected in Fukushima Prefecture between January 2012 and November 2017.

An outline of these survey results is as shown in Table 4.2-2. Detected values of Sr-89 and Sr-90 were all below the detection limit (1 Bq/L).

			Sr-90		Sr-89					
Year (FY)	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range of measured values (Bq/L) (*1)	Number of samples	Detection times	Detection rate (%)	Range of measured values (Bq/L) (*1)		
FY2011	8	0	0.0	ND	8	0	0.0	ND		
FY2012	60	0	0.0	ND	60	0	0.0	ND		
FY2013	77	0	0.0	ND	77	0	0.0	ND		
FY2014	48	0	0.0	ND	48	0	0.0	ND		
FY2015	48	0	0.0	ND	48	0	0.0	ND		
FY2016	48	0	0.0	ND	48	0	0.0	ND		
FY2017	48	0	0.0	ND	48	0	0.0	ND		
Total	337	0	0.0	ND	337	0	0.0	ND		

*1: Results were compiled by setting the detection limit at 1 Bq/L.

Additionally, the detection limit of Sr-90 was 0.0002 Bq/L in FY2011, and 1 Bq/L thereafter, and similarly, the detection limit of Sr-89 was 0.001 Bq/L in FY2011, and 1 Bq/L thereafter.

In the FY2011 survey (calendar year 2012), Sr-90 was detected in all eight samples, with detected values ranging from 0.0004 to 0.0029 Bq/L. Similarly, while the detection limit for Sr-89 was 0.001 Bq/L in FY2011 (calendar year 2012), Sr-89 in all eight samples was below the detection limit.

5.2 Other γ-ray emitting radionuclides

Apart from the aforementioned radionuclides (Cs-134, Cs-137, Sr-89 and Sr-90), measurement results for water samples and sediment samples using a germanium semiconductor detector were analyzed from FY2011 to FY2017 to obtain activity concentrations of accident-derived radionuclides (Ag-110m, Te-129m, Nb-95, Sb-125 and Ce-144, etc.¹⁰) and major naturally occurring radionuclides such as K-40. The summary of the results is as shown in Table 4.2-3 and Table 4.2-4.

Among the detected radionuclides, no artificial radionuclides were detected in water samples for FY2011 and FY2012, while two types of radionuclides, Ag-110m and Sb-125, were detected in sediment samples with detection rates of 1% or less. Since FY2013, neither radionuclide has been detected.

Although six naturally occurring radionuclides (K-40, Pb-212, Pb-214, Tl-208, Ac-228 and Bi-214) were detected, K-40 is a naturally occurring radionuclide entrained during the Earth's formation, while the other species are all either uranium series or thorium series radionuclides, which are widely distributed in nature including the Earth's crust.

Year	Number	Major de	tected artificial radionuclide	Major detected naturally occurring radionuclide			
(FY)	of samples	Nuclide	Detection rate and detected values	Nuclide	Detection rate		
FY2011	1,755	-	-	K-40	10%		
FY2012	3,518	-	-	K-40	6%		
FY2013	3,860	-	-	K-40	13%		
FY2014	3,856	-	-	K-40	10%		
FY2015	3,916	-	-	K-40 Pb-212 Pb-214	7% 7% 9%		
FY2016	3,890	-	-	K-40 Pb-212 Pb-214	8% 17% 10%		
FY2017	3,836	-	-	K-40 Pb-214	7% 8%		

Table 4.2-3 Detection of other radionuclides (Water)

¹⁰ Among the accident-derived radionuclides, I-131 was investigated in water samples from public water areas (3,111 river water samples, 1,416 lake water samples, and 715 coastal area water samples) and sediment samples (3,073 river sediment sample, 877 lake sediment samples, and 393 coastal area sediment samples) from FY 2011 to FY 2012, and in groundwater samples (3,793 samples) from FY 2011 to FY 2014. In none of these samples was I-131 detected (detection limit values: 1 Bq/L for water and 10 Bq/kg for sediment).

V	Number	Major det	ected artificial radionuclide	Major detected naturally occurring radionuclide			
Year (FY)	of samples	Nuclide	Detection rate and detected values	Nuclide	Detection rate		
				K-40	79%		
FY2011	1,559	Ag-110m	4 samples (0.26%)	Pb-212	41%		
F I 2011	1,339	Ag-110m	46 - 170 Bq/kg	Pb-214	16%		
			10	T1-208	14%		
			26 samples (0.90%)	Ac-228	41%		
		Ag-110m		Bi-214	43%		
FY2012	2,885		7.9 - 350 Bq/kg	K-40	97%		
F12012	2,005		2 some log (0.100/)	Pb-212	75%		
		Sb-125	3 samples (0.10%)	Pb-214	44%		
			140 - 420 Bq/kg	T1-208	39%		
				Ac-228	25%		
				Bi-214	25%		
FY2013	2.062	-		K-40	91%		
	3,062		-	Pb-212	49%		
				Pb-214	23%		
				T1-208	23%		
				Ac-228	24%		
				Bi-214	24%		
EV2014	3,035	-		K-40	91%		
FY2014			-	Pb-212	48%		
				Pb-214	24%		
				T1-208	24%		
	3,158			Ac-228	32%		
				Bi-214	60%		
EV2015				K-40	88%		
FY2015		-	-	Pb-212	63%		
				Pb-214	67%		
				T1-208	37%		
				Ac-228	35%		
				Bi-214	66%		
EV2017	2 000			K-40	92%		
FY2016	3,088	-	-	Pb-212	64%		
				Pb-214	75%		
				T1-208	40%		
				Ac-228	45%		
				Bi-214	35%		
EV.0017	2.056			K-40	92%		
FY2017	3,056	-	-	Pb-212	73%		
				Pb-214	80%		
				T1-208	46%		

Table 4.2-4 Detection of other radionuclides (Sediment)

Note: detection limits of artificial radionuclides (detected radionuclides): 7 - 180 Bq/kg for Ag-110m, and 130 - 330 Bq/kg for Sb-125