# Yakushima

Yakushima is situated between the East China Sea and the Pacific Ocean about 60 km to the south of the southernmost tip of the main island of Kvushu. A mountain range, of which Mt. Miyanoura-dake (1,936 m) is the highest peak, is located in the center of the island. On the mountainsides. numerous rivers have carved deep valleys as they flow downward. In its warm and rainy climate, the annual precipitation is more than 4,000 mm in the plains and more than 10,000 mm at the summits. The World Heritage property is an area of approximately 10,700 ha that extends from the central part of Yakushima to the coastal areas to the west.

World Heritage property

Yakushima est situé à environ 60 km au sud de l'extémité sud de l'île de Kyushu, entre la Mer de Chine orientale et l'Océan Pacifique. Une chaîne de montagnes culminant à 1.936 m (Mt Miyanora-dake) occupe le centre de l'île. Sur les flancs de ces montagnes s'écoulent de nombreuses rivières qui ont creusé des vallées profondes. Le climat est dépassent 4,000 mm dans les plaines et 10,000 mm dans le zones montagneuses. Le site inscrit au patrimoine mobdia est une zone d'environ 10,700 ha qui s'étend de la partie cen trale de l'île aux zones côtières situées à l'opest



cludes the Jomon-sugi Cedar has been designated as Special Natural Monument in Japan. The round trip to the Jomon-sugi Cedar from the Arakawa Trail Entrance takes 9-10 hours. This tree has a trunk circumference of 16.4 m and a height of 25.3 m, as well as an estimated age of more than 2,700 years.



Yakushima Environmental and Cultural Village Center

The center introduces Yakushi-ma's nature and the lifestyles of people through the use of mod-els, panels, videos images, and displays of genuine articles.



Daio-sugi Cedar Dallo-sugi Ceduar
This enormous tree was believed to
be the largest Yakusugi tree until
people found the Jomon-sugi Cedar.
As such, it was given the name Dalosugi, which means great king cedar.
This tree has a trunk circumference of
11.1 m and a height of 24.7 m, as well
as an estimated age of more than
3,000 years.



Shiratani Unsuikyo Ravine

This is a recreational forest from which visitors can ap-preciate the moss-covered primeval forest along the mountain stream. Walking courses have been set up here to observe mountain streams, pristine forest, and Yayoi-sugi Cedar that is roughly 3,000 years old.

# Wilson's Stump At 13.8 m in circumfer

# Kigen-sugi Cedar

More than 10 species of plants, including rhododendrons, Japanese rowans, wheel trees, and hinoki cypresses grow by adher-ing to the Kigen-sugi Cedar. This tree has a trunk circumference of 8.1 m and a height of 19.5 m, as well as an estimated age of more than 3,000 years.



akushima World Heritage

ervation Center In 2014, the center was renovated to exhibit attractions of World Heritage and National Park.



Dwarf Bamboo Grassland

Above the cedar forest extends the dwarf bamboo Grassland Zone domi-nated by endemic Pseudasasa owatarii. Plant communities of evergreen and deciduous shrubs like Yakushima rhodo-

### Yakusugi Museum

This facility introduces people to Yakushima and Yakusugi trees. It displays items like a Yakusugi tree that is 1,660 years old, a chain saw with a total span of 2 m that was used for felling cedar trees, and a gigantic branch from the Jomon-sugi Cedar that snapped from accumulated snow.



## Chrysozephyrus ataxus yakushimaensis



\* The "trunk circumference" refers to the length measured at a height of ap-proximately 1.3m above the ground.









it is an area of the southermost high moors in Japan. Sphagnum moss grows over its entire sur-face, and the alpine plants and rows of white Yakusugi trees around its periphery present a beautiful spectacle.



Yakusugi Cedar Land

Visitors can enjoy Yakushima's primeval for-est, which includes Yakusugi trees that are thousands of years old. Four walking routes have been built and visitors can observe the 1,800 year old Buddha-sugi Cedar and other large trees, as well as tree strumps and the trees from searche design out wood the traces from people checking out wood grains from the domain duties era. They can also take a pleasant walk through the woods while enjoying the clear streams.



Senpiro-no-taki Falls

This is a spectacular waterfall with a drop of 60 m. The Tainoko River carved through the enormous granite bedrock in the foothills of a massive V-shaped valley



Toroki-no-taki Falls

Here the Tainoko River forms a waterfall that flows directly into the ocean. Such water falls are extremely rare, and there are only few locations throughout the entire coun-try, including this waterfall.



# Yaku-sika

This is an endemic subspecies of sika deer. It is found throughout the island. The





distribution ranges from the evergreen forest close to human habitations to the areas

Ohko-no-taki Falls This is the largest waterfall on Yakushima, with an enormous volume of water stirringly falling down the 88 m drop. It has been selected as one of 100



