

Acid Deposition Monitoring Network in East Asia (EANET)

1. SUMMARY

EANET was established in 2001 as an intergovernmental initiative to create a common understanding on the state of acid deposition problems in East Asia, provide useful inputs for decision making at various levels, and promote cooperation among countries.

13 countries in East Asia are participating in EANET at present.

2. OUTLINE

(1) Participant Country

Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Japan, Lao P.D.R, Malaysia, Mongolia, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Russia, Thailand and Viet Nam

(2) Objective

- To create a common understanding on atmospheric environment-related substances problems in East Asia
- To provide useful inputs for decision-making at the local national and regional levels aimed at preventing or reducing adverse impacts on the environment caused by atmospheric environment-related substances
- To promote international cooperation on atmospheric environment-related substances in East Asia

(3) Activities

- Acid deposition monitoring
- Compilation, evaluation, storage, analysis and provision of data
- Promotion of quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) activities
- Implementation of technical support and capacity building activities
- Promotion of research and studies related to acid deposition and air pollution problems
- Promotion of public awareness activities
- Other relevant activities

(4) EANET Secretariat and Network Center

UN Environment Asia Pacific is the Secretariat and the Asia Center for Air Pollution Research (ACAP) located in Japan is the Network Center for EANET.

3. LATEST DEVELOPMENT

Upon the 23rd Intergovernmental Meeting (on-line) held in November 2021, the following are identified:

- Stipulating target substances (VOCs, CO, etc.)
- Practical activities for proper implementation of the project

In addition, the project fund guideline was formulated for the proper budget management.