

United Nations ESCAP

Regional Cooperation in Promoting Eco-efficient Society through 3R in Asia and the Pacific

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Introduction

What ESCAP is...?

- UN Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)
- One of the five Regional Commissions under ECOSOC, like ECE, ECLAC, ESCWA, ECA
- Regional arm of UN in AP region
- Secretariat for Commission main economic and social development forum within UN system in AP





Introduction

• What ESCAP does...?

- Convenes Commission and other important fora in the region (<u>multi-disciplinary</u> socio-economic topics and <u>multi-ministerial</u> outreach)
- Follows-up and coordinates the implementation of their recommendations (specific programmes and projects for regional and subregional cooperation and integration)
- Altogether, promotes sustainable economic and social development





UN ESCAP Approach to Environment and Sustainable Development

- UNESCAP Environment and Sustainable Development Division (ESDD)
- ESDD Mandate : Integrating Environment into Socio-economic Development
- Monitor and assist countries to achieve MDG1 (Poverty) and MDG7 (Environment)





UN ESCAP Approach -Green Growth

- Key Messages of SOE 2005 discussed **in MCED2005**
 - AP still need to pursue economic growth to address persistent poverty
 - Current pattern of growth cannot be sustained as already exceeding the region's environmental carrying capacity

Environment in Asia and the Pacific 2005

Synthesis

-conomic Growth and Sustainability

Lack of sustainability in continuing growth



UN ESCAP Approach – Green Growth

- Action Needed
 - Harnessing economic growth in an environmentally sustainable manner
 - Minimizing the environmental pressure arising from economic growth on limited carrying capacity
 - <u>Eco-efficiency of economic growth pattern</u> needs to be improved





UN ESCAP Approach – Improving Eco-Efficiency

Eco-Efficiency

- Achieving more economic outputs from less environmental inputs
- Decoupling of economic growth and environmental pressures
- A must for achieving SD in AP
- Intervention for Its Improvement
 - Focusing on Economic and Social Policy Instruments
 - Regional and Subregional Programmes backed up by Analytical and Research Work





Green Growth and 3R

3R in GG context

- Both addresses improving eco-efficiency of production & consumption, but...
- 3R is particularly significant, as it
 - showcases a political commitment to provoke actions across ministries and agencies
 - addresses policy principle to impact comprehensively C & PC pattern in the entire society
 - Promotes regulatory, incentive & technical tools providing practical guidance and methodology
- 3R is certainly a practical and useful tool to achieve GG
- Synergy to be explored



ESCAP



- Analytical and Research Work
 - State of the Environment in Asia and the Pacific in 2005
 - Provide a theoretical basis / rationale for green growth and eco-efficiency improvement
 - Eco-efficiency of the economic growth pattern in the region
 - Trends and patterns of eco-efficiency of the economic growth of the countries in the region
 - Review/Development of indicators of eco-efficiency and GG
 - Development of an indicative policy framework to improve eco-efficiency of economic growth





- Policy advocacy, facilitation of dialogue (1)
 - Facilitate mainstreaming sustainability concerns in national development planning
 - targeting finance and development planning ministries
 - A series of Green Growth policy dialogue being conducted on Economic Policy (Budget / Tax Reform, Market-based approach, etc.) and National Policy Framework for SCPP
 - Setting-up ESCAP/UNEP Regional Help Desk on SCPP in collaboration with NRDC, China
 - Leadership training programme for (future) policymakers





- Policy advocacy, facilitation of dialogue (2)
 - Awareness raising and capacity building on options for integrating sustainability concerns in sectoral policies
 - Targeting environment and other sectoral ministries
 - Initial focus on infrastructure (energy, transport, water) development planning
 - Possible future target –, product design and certification, trade, waste management and material recycling





- Promoting Local Initiatives
 - Kitakyushu Initiative for a Clean Environment
 - Adopted by 4th MCED held in Kitakyushu, 2000
 - Acknowledged by WSSD/JPOI in 2002 as a major regional initiative
 - Progress reviewed by 5th MCED in 2005 and recommended for continuation for 2010 (Second Cycle)
 - Supported by GOJ and implemented in partnership with IGES
 - Mandate to achieve measurable progress in improvement of the urban environment in Asia and the Pacific, principally though the local initiatives targeting control of air and water pollution, <u>minimization of all kinds</u> <u>of wastes</u>.





- Promoting Local Initiatives (Kitakyushu Initiative for a Clean Environment 2)
 - Basic Features
 - Focus on ground-level activities
 - Successful Practices Identification, Analysis and Transfer
 - Increasing Focus on Multiple (Socio-Economic) Benefits
 - Pilot/Demonstration Projects for Replication
 - Networking / Matchmaking KI Network operated by IGES Kitakyushu
 - Solid Waste /3R related activities include:
 - Dhaka Policy analysis on linking solid waste management groups and local fertilizer industry
 - > Replication being attempted
 - Nonthaburi A pilot project on participatory programme for promoting waste reduction and recycle
 - Successful implementation and self-replication
 - Study tour to facilitate transfer to other cities





Areas of Synergy

- Continuation/expansion of existing activities in the relevant field, in particular through:
 - GG / Eco-efficiency Promotion of More Resource Efficient Society, Study on Market based mechanism and Incentives
 - Kitakyushu Initiative Bettering local waste management practices with strengthening 3R components, etc.
- Share information and experiences with other 3R-related programmes, through 3R Knowledge Hub
- More activities in preparation
 - Linkage with the global CSD / post WSSD process (Marrakech Process)
 - Northeast Asian Subregional Programme for Environmental Cooperation (NESPEC)



 Joint Study - International Harmonization in Recycling Requirements/ Extended Dreducer Despensibility particularly terrated on W/E

Extended Producer Responsibility particularly targeted on WE

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