Progress on treatment of debris by the Great East Japan Earthquake (in coastal municipalities of the three most affected prefectures)

×100%

Treatment of debris and tsunami deposit

Progress of treatment of debris in coastal municipalities of the three most affected prefectures is:

39% (Iwate), 51% (Miyagi), 31% (Fukushima).

- In Miyagi prefecture, more than half of the generated debris has been treated. Rifu-town finished the treatment.
- In Iwate prefecture, the progress of treatment was limited due to severe weather conditions, and the progress will continue to be limited until spring.
- Both prefectures have already established treatment facilities and advanced the arrangement of cooperation from nonaffected areas. Therefore, the treatment of debris is likely to be completed by the end of March, 2014.
- The treatment of tsunami deposit was limited due to the delay of installation of facilities and the arrangement of use of recycled materials as well as the influence of severe weather conditions
 Descreption of the delay of the de
- treatment 90% 2011.8 Relocation of debris that can harm the living environment to temporal storage sites 80% 70% Mid-term Ratio of the debris goal Records 60% 2012.3 Relocation of the other debris to 48% 50% temporal storage sites 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% H24/3 /5 /7 /9 /1 H25/1/3 H23/3 H23/8 H26/3

Iwate and Mivagi prefectures

2013.2.22 Ministry of the Environment

Goal

Goal and records of treatment of debris in coastal municipalities in Iwate and Miyagi prefectures

 Although the progress will continue to be limited until spring, the treatment of tsunami deposit is likely to be finished using the established facilities by the end of March, 2014

	Estimated quantity of debris and tsunami deposit (10 thousandt)	Debris				Tsunami deposit				No. of
		Estimated quantity (10 thousandt)	Treatment			Estimated	Treatment			temporary
			Quantity (10 thousandt)	Ratio (%)	Midterm goal (%)	quantity (10 thousand t)	Quantity (10 thousandt)	Ratio (%)	Midterm goal (%)	storage sites
Iwate	525	366	142(129)	39(35)	58	159	14(13)	9(8)	50	63
Miyagi	1,830	1,103	563(530)	51(48)	59	728	171(157)	24(22)	40	105
Fukushima	313	160	49(46)	31(29)	_	153	3(3)	2(2)	I	31
Total	2,669	1,628	()	46(43)		1,040	189(173)	18(17)	-	199

Progress on treatment of debris from coastal municipalities as of the end of January 2013

* Figures for Fukushima excludes those for the Contaminated Waste Countermeasure Areas, where the national gov. conducts treatment directly. * Figures in () is the data as of the end of December, 2012.

Treatment in affected areas

- Approx. 90% of debris has been removed to temporary storage sites.
 Each municipality is implementing the removal based on the request of demolition of houses and groundworks from owners. The removal is to be finished by March, 2013.
- In Iwate and Miyagi prefectures, all the 31 temporary incinerators have been installed by the end of January, 2013.
- Treatment facilities for tsunami deposit, which have been delayed so far, have already started operation. Three additional facilities will be established in near future.
- In Fukushima prefecture, the operation of three temporary incinerators have been started in late February, 2013 by the central government as the alternate implementer of the treatment.



Temporary incinerators in Soma city, Fukushima (Operation started on Feb.20, 2013)

Cooperation from non-affected areas on debris treatment

- Iwate and Miyagi prefectures have requested other prefectures to cooperate in the disposal of a part of their debris (0.69 million tons). The arrangement of cooperation has finished 0.62 million tons.
- 65 projects in 15 prefectures have already started and treated 0.25 million tons of debris.
- Hachioji city (Tokyo), Osaka city (Osaka), and Sanjo city, etc (Niigata) started treatment in early January, late January, in mid February, respectively.

Recycling etc.

- Recycled materials started to use in road restoration project in Miyako city (Iwate) from late January. Ishinomaki Port Embankment project has started the treatment by landfill of debris, etc. from late February.
- Recycled materials from debris are being used in public works implemented by the central government, prefectures, and municipalities.

Approaches toward the goal

- Conversion factor(t/m) : Concrete debris (2.35), Tsunami deposit (1.8) Unit: 10 thousand t
- Complete arrangement of all debris treatment including cooperation from nonaffected areas by March, 2013.
- Promote the arrangement of the use of recycled materials in reconstruction projects.



Ishinomaki Port embankment project (Landfill started on Feb.20, 2013)

Major public works using recycled material from debris

	Projects	Recycled material	Quantity (including plan)
	Disaster prevention forests restoration	Tsunami deposit	21
Iwate	Coastal embankment restoration	Concrete debris	21
	Agricultural field restoration	Tsunami deposit Concrete debris	10
	Coastal embankment restoration	Tsunami deposit Concrete debris	43
	Disaster prevention forests restoration	Tsunami deposit Concrete debris	33
Miyagi	National park restoration	Tsunami deposit Concrete debris	rete debris ³³ ami deposit ₇
	Fishery port projects	Concrete debris	14
	Memorial park project	Tsunami deposit Concrete debris	36
Fikushima	Coastal embankment restoration	Concrete debris	9