











Extended Producer Responsibility for E-Waste Management

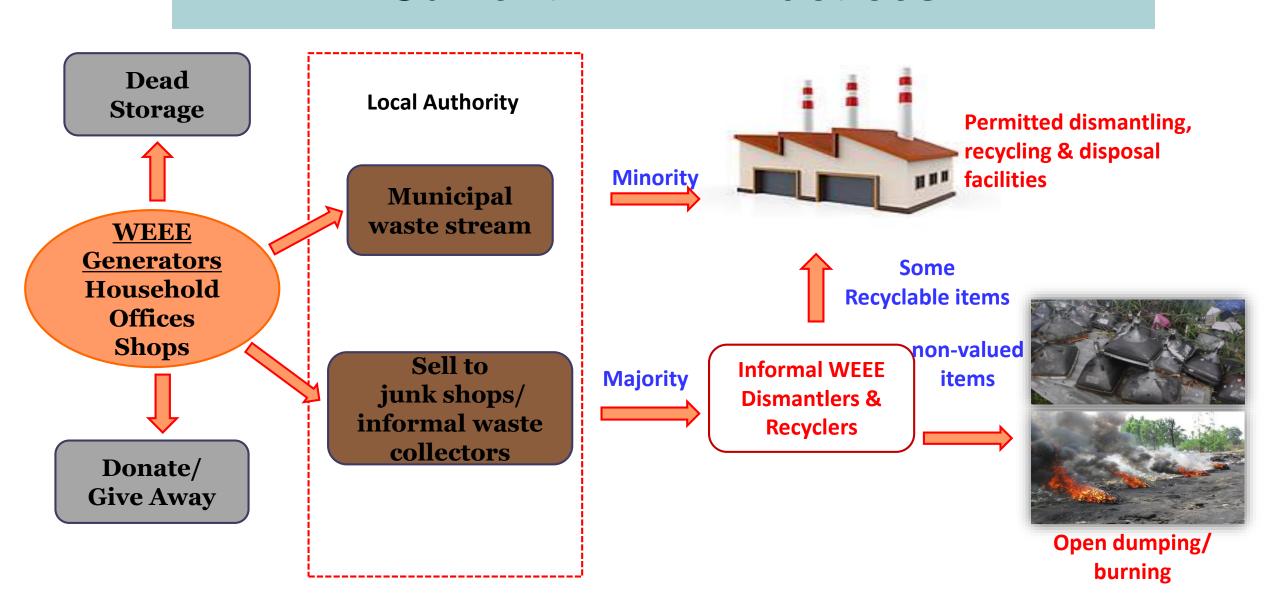
Thailand Prospective





Implementation of EPR on WEEE management in Thailand

Current WEEE Practices



Problems

- Lack of WEEE laws & regulations
- Lack of awareness & knowledge
- Only few environmentally sound dismantling, recycling, and disposal facilities
- Existing and active "informal sectors"
 but non-environmentally sound management
- Illegal import











Legislation/Policy on WEEE Management based on EPR Concept

- **≥2007 2011:** Integrated Strategy for the Management of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (Phase I)
 - Enhancing the effectiveness of existing law enforcement: Implementation of Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR)/Polluter Pays Principle (PPP)
 - Implementation of economic instruments in the WEEE management

Attempts on WEEE Management Legislation/Policy (cont.)

≥ 2014 – 2021: Integrated Strategy for the Management of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (Phase II) → ongoing

An action plan on revising the existing laws and (if necessary) developing a new law to establish a comprehensive WEEE management based on ERP principle and use of economic instruments in order to have a proper treatment of WEEE



Project on Legislative Drafting on the Management of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and Other Household Hazardous Wastes, PCD, 2014

Attempts on WEEE Management Legislation/Policy (cont.)

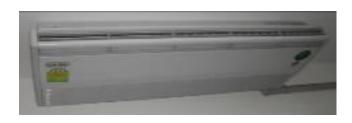
- 2013 present: Draft Act on "the Management of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and Other End-of-Life Products B.E..." (EPR concept) Regulated by Pollution Control Department
 - → It was approved by the Cabinet on May 19, 2015
 - → In the process of consideration of the Office of the Council of State
- -The name was changed to "the Management of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment B.E..."
- It was focused 5 proposed types

Proposed Types of WEEE to be Regulated

(in the beginning of law enforcement)



1. TV



2. Air Conditioners



3. Refrigerato r



4. Computers







Draft Act on the Management of WEEE, B.E.

Specific law on WEEE management based on Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) principles

Producers/Importers

- Provide take-back and collection channels
- Register, submit, and comply with WEEE management plan

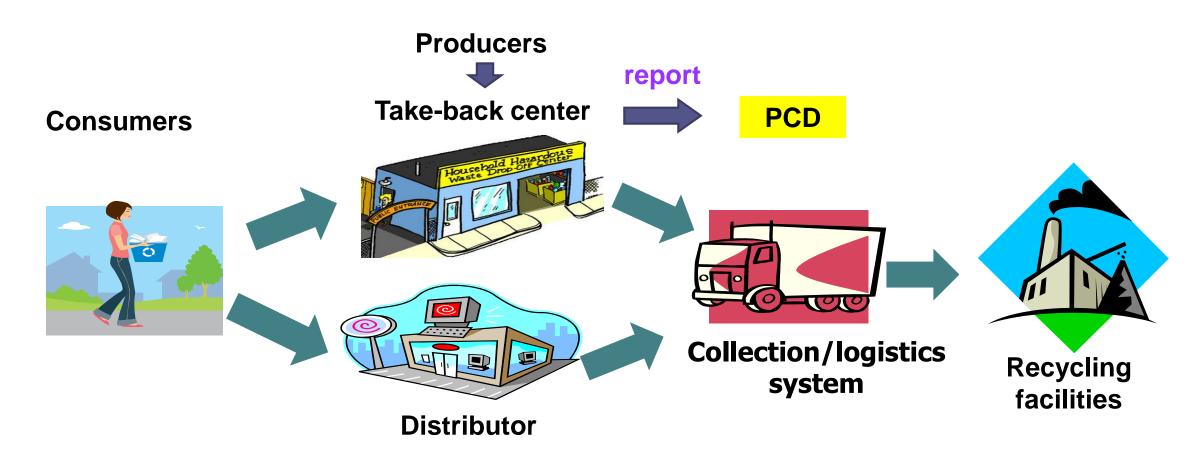
Consumer

- Return WEEE to the distributor, take-back center or authorized factory
- Ban on discard of WEEE in the public place, abandoned site or in MSW stream

Take-back Center

- Refrain from product dismantling, except inspection purposes
- Send the collected WEEE to authorized factory

Concept of WEEE Management under Draft Act on the Management of WEEE



Supporting budget from central organization of producers

Pilot Project: Bring back your mobiles, makes merits, builds up our nation

Target: Proper disposal of 9 Million mobiles by December 31, 2017

Kick off project on February 9, 2017



Drop off Collection Reporting Recycle center center system **MNRE PCD** PCD updates the PCD, operator, and retailer send progress in website **BMA Operator** Mo-eW to recycle monthly **LGO** Retailer facilities. **Operator** ais Retailer BWG **dtac PCD** TRUE Matsu **Profit from recycling → donation**



Thank you

For more information:

Waste and Hazardous Substance Management Bureau Pollution Control Department Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment

THAILAND

Tel: +66-02-298-2414

Fax: +66-02-298-5393

E-mail: hazwaste@pcd.go.th

