

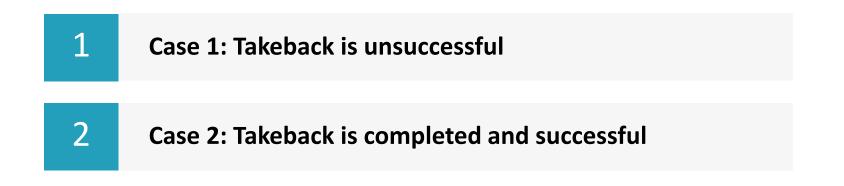
ASIAN NETWORK WORKSHOP 2016 SEMARANG, INDONESIA

Session 2: Case of takeback in Malaysia













Case 1: Takeback is unsuccessful (cont.) Background:

Year of the case:	•2003-2004
State of origin:	 Non Party to the Basel Convention
Type of wastes:	 Sludges containing one or several metals (SW 204)
Volume (kg):	• Estimation: 12,500,000.0000 kg (625 containers)
Status:	 The takeback could not be implemented, waste was disposed in Malaysia
Types of illegality:	 Falsification, misrepresentation or fraud





Case 1: Takeback is unsuccessful (cont.) Action Taken:



FLUI ING 19

AKTA 127

Investigated containers:

- Competent Authority (CA) importing country – DOE, Malaysia, DOE, State Office, Royal Customs Malaysia and Port Authority

Determined if the waste is hazardous wastes under:

- List of Scheduled Waste and managing the waste the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005

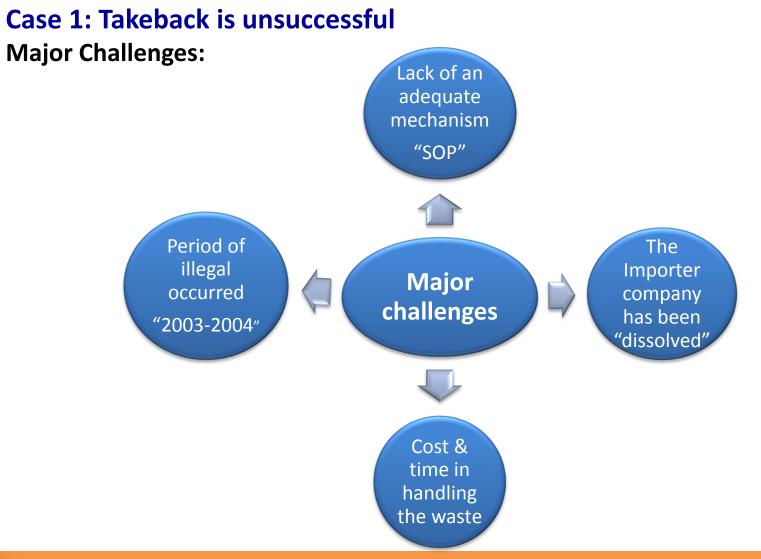


Other action taken:

- Seek advise/decision from the State Legal Advisor Office/ Attorney Chambers









DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

Case 2: Takeback is completed and successful (cont.) **Background:**

Year of Notification:	•2012
Year of takeback	• 2013
State of origin:	 Party to the Basel Convention – Annex VII Country
Type of wastes:	 Electronic and electrical Equipment (SW 110 / A1180)
Volume (kg):	 Gross weight: 11,000 kg (1291 pcs of LCD Monitor)
Status:	 Takeback procedure was successfully implemented and the waste was disposed in the State of origin in accordance with the paragraph 2(a) of Article 9.
Types of illegality:	 No notification pursuant to the provisions of the Basel Convention No consent pursuant to the provisions of the Basel Convention





Case 2: Takeback is successful (cont.)

Action Taken:



Investigation:

- Investigated containers by Competent Authority (CA) importing country – DOE, Malaysia, DOE, State Office, Royal Customs Malaysia and Port Authority
- Competent authority of exporting country carry out investigation and sent a report to CA Malaysia

Determined if the waste is hazardous wastes under:

- List of Scheduled Waste and managing the waste the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005

Ordered the importer in Malaysia to re-export illegal waste:

- Section 31 (1) Environmental Quality Act 1974



Issued Notification according to Basel Convention:

- Issued notification to the competent authority of the State of origin in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article 9.

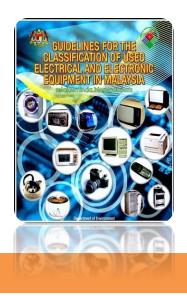




Case 2: Takeback is successful (cont.)

Major challenges:

- Different opinions among involved parties (particularly definition or interpretation of waste or non-waste used EEE).
- One of the requirement importation used EEE in Malaysia: Age of the Used EEE less than 3 years from date of manufactured







Case 2: Takeback is successful

Takeback Successful - Lessons learnt:

- Good cooperation among competent authorities, the exporter, importer/consignee
- Sufficient information and evidence that had been collected during the investigation.
- Sharing intelligence on TBM of hazardous waste among the relevant authorities such as Customs is important.
- Adequate mechanism in handling illegal shipment: Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) Enforcement of Illegal Importation / Exportation of Scheduled Wastes (translation)





Thank you

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BAHAGIAN BAHAN BERBAHAYA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES DIVISION