Summary of Questionnaire (1) Good Practices for Strengthening Import and Export Control of Hazardous Waste

	Activities to strengthen	Successful cases for illegal trade prevention	IEC materials	Contens to IEC materials	Awareness raising	Activities to strengthen	Frequency to contact with C/A of	Successful cases for illegal trade prevention due	Any other measures/activities	Effective approach to prevent
	cooperation between C/A and Custom offices	due to cooperation between C/A and customs			activities	cooperation among the governmental agencies	other countries	to cooperation with C/A of other countries		illegal TBM
Brunei Darussalam	Yes, such measures are taken to ensure cooperation between Department of Environment, Parks and Recreation and Custom Department	None	Yes, such as leaflet and poster	Summary of Basel Convention, definition of hazardous waste and ways to export waste	Nil	Information sharing meeting or training program for the officials in the relevant ministries	Contact with the competent authorities in other countries through pre- designated contact point by means of phone call or email when necessity arises for instance especially when an export needs to be made	No	-	In preparation
Cambodia	offices or Ministry of Economy and Finance through Seminar or workshop, meeting, Training courses, or information	There were some case of illegal import of hazardous waste to Cambodia in the past, but we required importers to export of to origin countries. Since 2002, we do not have any illegal import or export of hazardous waste into or out the country. We were successful to solve the problem with illegal cases of import as following:- Mercury waste: 3000 tons of mercury waste were dumped illegally in Sihanoukville around 245 km from Phnom Penh in 1998. The waste was imported from Taiwan by Cambodian private company Film waste: 650 tons of film waste was illegally dumped in Sihanoukville in 1999. The waste was imported from South Korea by Cambodia private company Plastic crap of cable waste: 20 tons of scrap plastic of cable was found at the Dry Port of Phnom Penh in the year of 2001. The waste was illegally imported from Taiwan by Cambodian Private Company, Scrap of plastic bags waste: 64260 kgs of scrap of plastic bag waste was found in the Dry Port of Phnom Penh in year of 2002. The waste was imported illegally from China by Sepa Keut Co. Ltd (Cambodia Private Company). All imported to	We have only import or export product list under the law of Ministry of Economy and Finance, but it has not any list of hazardous waste for permission of import or export into or out of the country because of, under Sub-decree of Solid Waste Management was prohibited import any kind of waste into the country. But, we have public promotion through radio, seminar for dissemination law or regulation after it were approved by National Assembly or Gorvenmet.		We ready conducted training program in 6 provinces regarding to Electronic and Electric Equipment Management under support fund by Government of Cambodia.	We have closed cooperation among Ministry of Commerce, Ministry of Economy and Finance and Ministry of Environment to prevent illegal import or export of hazardous waste into or out of the country such as information sharing, training program for official in order to improve capacity skill and knowledge relevant to hazardous waste as well as understand clearly on illegal activity in newly.	all competent authorities of all member country in case of illegal import or export of hazardous waste happened or export of waste out the country or sharing information in the internal meeting. The communication is conducted by official letter, Fax, or Mial.	It really has successful cases in few years agohistory that illegal import or export were prevented due to strictly prohibit import/export of hazardous waste in country according to Cambodian legislation. We were successful to solve the problem with illegal cases of import as following: Mercury waste: 3000 tons of mercury waste were dumped illegally in Sihanoukville around 245 km from Phnom Penh in 1998. The waste was imported from Taiwan by Cambodian private company Film waste: 650 tons of film waste was illegally dumped in Sihanoukville in 1999. The waste was imported from South Korea by Cambodia private company Plastic crap of cable waste: 20 tons of scrap plastic of cable was found at the Dry Port of Phnom Penh in the year of 2001. The waste was illegally imported from Taiwan by Cambodian Private Company,- Scrap of plastic bags waste: 64260 kgs of scrap of plastic bag waste was found in the Dry Port of Phnom Penh in year of 2002. The waste was imported illegally from China by Sepa Keut Co. Ltd (Cambodia Private Company). All imported waste were exported to origin countries.	Yes, we have to improve capacity building custom staff and set up new legislation, especially, strengthening checking import or export products at check point.	To develop law and law enforcement, capacity building staff, promotion law, education and public awareness.
China	MEP maintains fluent cooperation with China Customs. During the past 2 years, China Customs and MEP have undertaken a joint act called Sky-hole Patching Act to crack down illegal waste import.	MEP received several illegal import intelligences from other CAs in 2008. MEP informed China custom and AQSIQ of the information and the illegal wastes were found out and shipped back.	Yes	All the regulations, catalogues, standards and procedures concerning waste import & export are listed on the website of MEP for reference, as well as the detailed information of the waste import license system.	Consultation service is provided to public.	Yes. A cooperation mechanism is built among several relevant ministries.	MEP communicates regularly with many CAs of the Basel Convention, such as EU, Japan and Australia. MEP contacts with the CAs in other countries by means of phone call or email when the necessity arises. More than 200 pieces of information were exchanged in 2008.	By information sharing, several illegal waste imports to China were prevented by EU CAs in 2008. MEP is also working with MOE to inspect an illegal waste going to Japan.	MEP is undertaking a cooperation project with VROM of the Netherlands in 2009. The project aids to a better understanding of the regulations in each other country and a high efficient information exchanging system for waste transboundary movement control.	Understanding more about the regulations and procedures in relevant countries and strengthening timely information sharing are very important for the cooperation on prevention of illegal waste transboundary movements.
Hong Kong, SAI	Kong Special Administrative Region of China is a competent authority of the Basel	In April 2007, EPD and C&ED of Hong Kong successfully intercepted and examined 41 shipments from a single vessel (from an Asian Country). Among the 41 shipments inspected, 27 shipments were found to contain hazardous waste. Prosecution actions were taken in this connection.	leaflets published and disseminated to the trade, the control information is available in the EPD website	all relevant information such as the overview of the Basel Convention, regional regulation and the relevant import and export permit application procedures, definition and list of controlled waste including the hazardous waste, penalty and prosecution cases.	*	training program, and jointly	EPD has been over the years maintaining close connection with competent authorities of other countries through (i) participations of the Asian Network; (ii) participations of the IMPEL-TFS organized by the European Community; (iii) meetings with the environmental authorities of other countries such as Japan, Korea, the Netherlands and the USA; (iv) contact with different environmental authorities on prior notification procedures under the Basel Convention, intelligence sharing, enforcement actions and return shipment arrangements.	Intelligence networks with other competent authorities such as Japan, Australia, Canada, Singapore, and EC have successfully prevented some illegal transboundary movements of hazardous wastes.	EPD has been combating the illegal import and export of hazardous waste by different means as well as maintaining contact and working jointly with relevant control authorities. Although the USA is not a member of the Basel Convention, EPD met the USEPA in mid-08 on illegal export of electronic wastes from the US and shared intelligence and regulatory requirements to facilitate their stepping up of hazardous waste export control.	Concerted international effort is a must to effectively combat illegal transboundary movements of hazardous wastes. Joint operation and stern enforcement actions against the importers as well as the exporters are essential to give an unequivocal message to the trade that there is no loophole on the international enforcement network.

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Custom of Custom of Yes. Regul for custom joint spot ii Yes, we ha manageme information	offices gular meeting, training om officers, and also t inspection	Yes, such as prevention of illegal import of domestic waste from European country. As is duty, custom in most cases, is the first hand to detect illegal shipment including hazardous wastes.	Not specific materials.	-	related to national hazardous waste management. In addition, the CA always opens and invites for applicants to export to consult their	cooperation among the governmental agencies Coordination meeting with custom, ministry of trade, ministry of industry and national board for investment.		to cooperation with C/A of other countries Preventing of illegal import of household waste in 2005. Indonesian's CA being informed by other country's CA on shipment of tens container of household waste before they arrived in an Indonesia sea port. By conveying this information to customs, this illegal importation could be handled smoothly in accordance to the	Improve capabilities of our customs in identifying Basel items and procedures to handle it in accordance to the Basel procedures;	illegal TBM Improve capability and understanding of custom in any country related to Basel items and Basel procedures; Improve communication among CAs
for custom joint spot in joint spot in	om officers, and also to inspection to the inspe	domestic waste from European country. As is duty, custom in most cases, is the first hand to detect illegal shipment including hazardous	Not specific materials.	-	hazardous waste always part in training/workshop related to national hazardous waste management. In addition, the CA always opens and invites for applicants to export to consult their	custom, ministry of trade, ministry of industry and national board for investment.	competent authorities normally by sending letter, e-mail or phone call. Frequency of contact depends on	in 2005. Indonesian's CA being informed by other country's CA on shipment of tens container of household waste before they arrived in an Indonesia sea port. By conveying this information to customs, this illegal importation	customs in identifying Basel items and procedures to handle it in accordance to the Basel	understanding of custom in any country related to Basel items and Basel procedures; Improve communication
manageme information	nent system to share	-			plan.			Basel procedures		unong CAS
of Environ	e between the Ministry onment and the Korea Service is under		Manual on export and import. It can be downloadable from the websites of the agencies concerned.	t The overview of the Basel convention, national regulations, import/export procedures, definition and list of regulated hazardous wastes, penalty, and etc.	training programs on the Basel procedures for the waste industries and	The Korea Customs Service took measures to support customs administration works for preventing illegal exports/imports of hazardous materials (wastes and chemicals). To make its effective implementation, the Korea Customs Service organized "Green Customs Committee" composed by relevant agencies and experts.	participating in international conferences, seminars and workshops. Pre-designated contact points in the competent authorities in other countries are contacted through phone calls or emails when the necessity	-		
on toxic an substances and chaired co-chaired Customs. The seminars/Veconducted conducted conduc	inter-agency committee and hazardous es has been convened red by EMB-DENR and ed by the Bureau of a Training-s/Workshops are being ed to share and ze permitting procedures uirements among involved in import and f chemicals and le materials and us wastes for final treatment and disposal.	None at the moment.	Yes, IEC materials i.e. FAQ sheets and posters are prepared for hazardous wastes. Other materials are uploaded at the EMB website. Procedural Manual on the Rules and Regulations concerning hazardous wastes including process flow for import and export are published.	Potential sources, pathways and health effects of hazardous wastes are the information contained in the IEC materials including its environmentally sound management	workshops are regularly conducted in collaboration with industry associations discussing the requirements and procedures as well as upcoming policy revisions. Stakeholders'	As mentioned or contained in the answer in Q1, an interagency committee has been formed or convened to strengthen cooperation and streamline requirements and procedures. The interagency committee formed is composed of EMB-DENR, Bureau of Customs, Tariff Commission, Fertilizer and Pesticide Authority, Board of Investment of the Department of Trade and Industry, Philippine National Police, Department of Health, Department of National Defense, Department of Science and Technology, Bureau of Food and Drugs, Department of Foreign Affairs, and Philippine Nuclear Research Institute-DOST	the established prior-informed consent procedure or the notification-consent between and among importing-exporting countries as well as the transit countries is dutifully complied by EMB-DENR through email and official letters or communications.	None at the moment.	Yes, as responded to question no. 1, the interagency committee is the venue through the conduct of regular meetings and workshops.	network between and among the competent authorities and

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	cooperation between C/A and	due to cooperation between C/A and customs			activities	cooperation among the	other countries	to cooperation with C/A of other countries		illegal TBM
	Custom offices					governmental agencies				
Thailand	In several cases, DIWs have	We have blocked several cases due to our	We have handbook published	The overview of the Basel	-	We have committee meeting and	On phone call or e-mail when	-	-	-
	received consulting letter from	cooperation with custom and focal point.	for importers and exporters.	convention, national		keep closed cooperation in regular				
	Custom officers, and sending			regulation, import / export			workshop and meeting.			
	our officer for joint spot			procedures, example of		and data / information are				
	inspection.			documents.		exchanged regularly.				
Vietnam	Yes. VEA keeps regular contact	In 2005, discover and return thousands of tons	Not really specific Just in	Related regulations on	Workshops.	Information share:	Email to focal point or person in	In 2005, the discovery and return of waste	- Law on Environmental	- Online information sharing
Victiani	and collaboration with custom	of illegal waste batteries shipments and prevent			mediaConsultation	workshop/training; meeting	charge	batteries was due to the information from	Protection 2005 prohibits	and notification (by email and
	offices in any cases related to	many other further shipments, which were	weedhe of media	related agencies (translated		wornshop, training, meeting	cimige	JapanIn 2007, discovery and return of PCB	import and transit of waste;	other networks if any) for
	transboundary movement of	originated mostly from Japan. In late 2007,		Basel Convention text,	email and written letters)			transformer was due to the information from	Circular No. 12/2006/TT-	close and effective
	waste, particularly illegal ones	discover and return an used PCB-containing		Law and other regulations	,			KoreaMany other illegal shipments was	BTNMT dated 26/12/2006 of	collaboration between national
	(jonit spot inspection,	transformer from KoreaSince 2005, dicover		particularly list of					Ministry of Natural Resources	
	notification, information sharing,	and return or treat strictly many illegal		hazardous waste and list of					and Environment has guidance	- Assignment and capacity
		shipments of other waste such as metals and		scraps materials permitted					on Basel Convention	builling for a specific
	trying to establish a working	plastics		for import). News on					procedure for export of waste	
	group among VEA, custom			discovery and handling of					and Decision No.	Convention
	offices and other related bodies			illegal transboundary					12/2006/QD-BTNMT dated	- Establishment of National
	for Basel Convention.			movement of waste on					08/09/2006 of Minister of	Basel Working Group for
				media (TVs,					Natural Resources and	relevant organizations
				newspapers)					Environment on the List of	
									Scraps permitted for import.	
									 Assign a division undertaking all issues related to 	
									Basel Convention	'
									- Take anychance for capacity	
									building by domestic and	
									international training/workshop	
									international training/workshop	
Netherlands	-Ttwo yearly agreement for	Almost all illegal shipments are detected by	- FAQ's on the website:	On the website: A link to	Because of a good	All types of meetings for:	On a daily base for notification	There are some examples (UK and Ireland, and	Yes, according the project	-Awarenss rising- cooperation
	cooperation between the CA and	Customs and Police officers.(about 200 cases	http://www.senternovem.nl/uitv	o the European Waste	practice of enforcement,	information sharing and to get	(SenterNovem) and enforcement	between NL and Germany)	(Henry Staats) for	with Customs and police
	Customs.	yearly).	eringafvalbeheer/Afval_over_de	shipment Regulations,	there is a high level of	agreement on policy issues (waste-	- (through NCP) issues. Yearly TFS -		strenghtening national	-Put a risk profiling system in
	-Training- Information sharing		_grens/index.asp	FAQ's, requirements for	awareness among the	non waste and how the waste has	Europe conference where some of the		cooperation.	place
	-Adjusting the profiling sytem		- A leaflet for transporters	the notification procedure,	companies about all	to be listed on lists of the various	most important (export quantities) non			-Exchange of information
	based on Custom codes		- Conference will be held in	etc.	regulations.	regulations, etc.	OECD countries as China, India			within Europe and with non
	(Harmonized System) as an		case of new legislation				Hong Kong, Africa are invited too.3			OECD countries (f.i.
	input in Customs data declaring						times a year all correspondents of			verification actions)
	systems (most efficient for						european countries meet in Brussels.			-Running international
	detecting ilegal shipments)									(european) TFS projects as E-
	-Joint operations (like Demeter									waste, ELV, etc.
	operation of the WCO)									
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