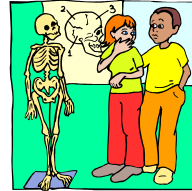


Why Use a Life Stage Approach?

- Children develop in spurts and sometimes discontinuously
- Children's behavior and physiology as a function of life stage may have significant impact on exposure



A Life Stage Approach



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Example of Differences Between Children and Adults

Children eat more of certain foods, drink more water, and breathe more air on a body weight basis than adults

consumption of apples for children between birth and 5 months of age is 19 g/kg-day
Adults older than 20 years of age consume approximately 2 g/kg-day of apples



A Life Stage Approach



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Example of Differences Between Children and Adults (cont.)



Age Group	Fruit Intake (g/kg-day)	Dairy Products (g/kg-day)
< 1 year	13	111
1 -2 years	19	38
3-5 years	11	21
6 – 11 years	5	14
12 – 19 years	3	6
> 20	2	3

Age Group	Water Intake (ml/kg-day)
<.5 years	88
0.5 – 0.9 years	56
1 -3 years	26
4 – 6 years	23
7 -10 years	16
11 -14 years	13
15 – 19 years	12

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Behavior

Children:

- Eat & drink proportionally more than adults on a weight basis
- Eat limited food choices
- Express considerable hand/object-to-mouth behavior
- Crawl on the ground during toddler stage



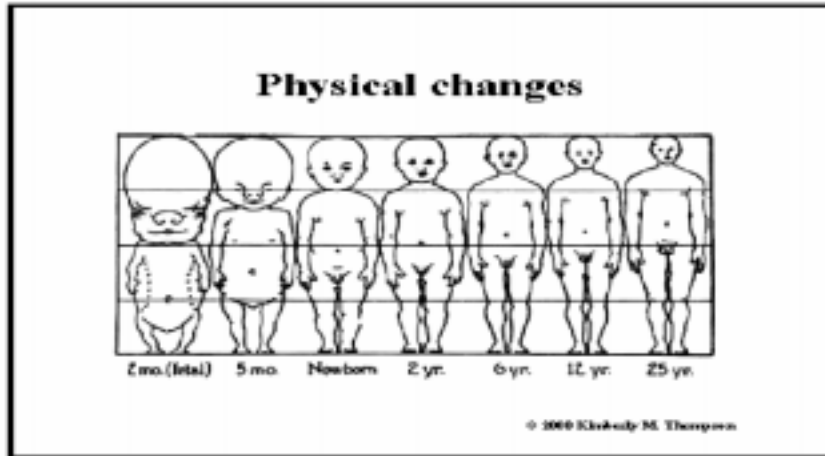
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Physical Changes



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Exposure Assessment Framework

- Problem formulation and development of a conceptual model
- Review of available data
- Analysis Approach



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