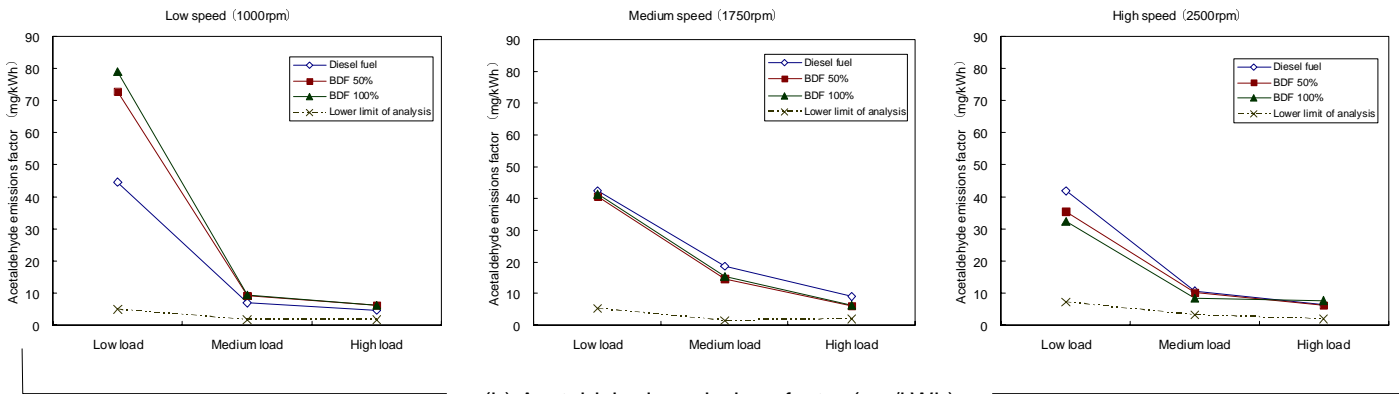
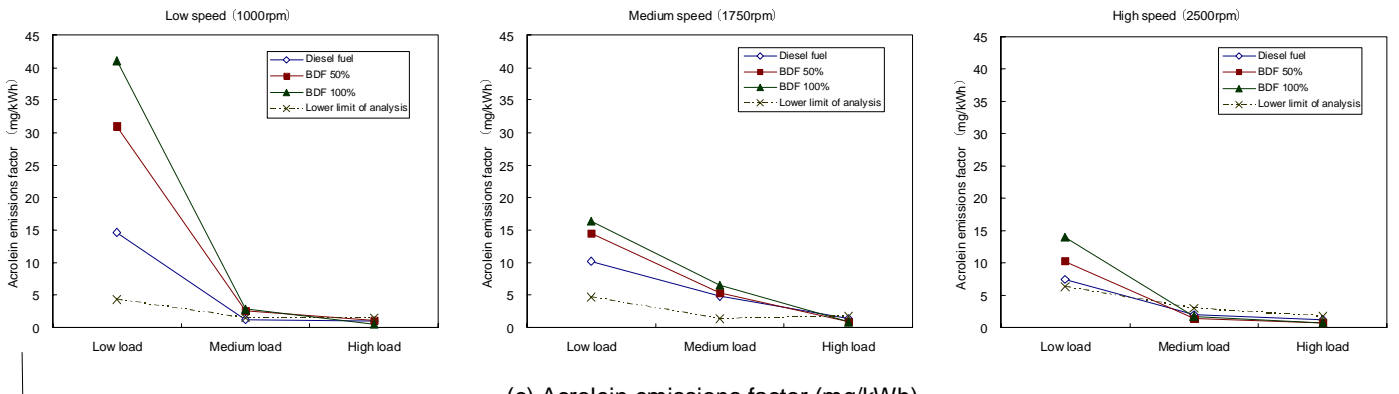


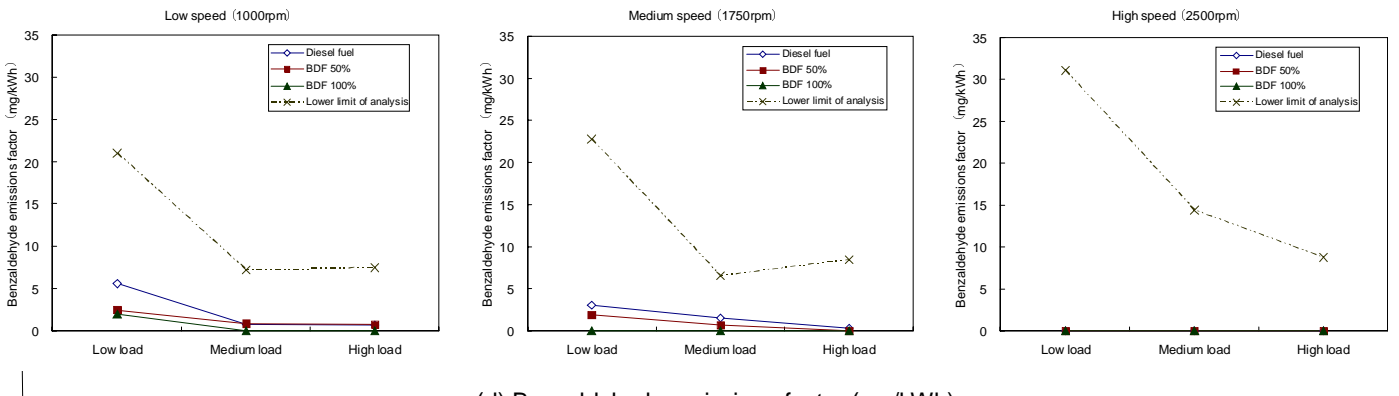
(a) Formaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)



(b) Acetaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)

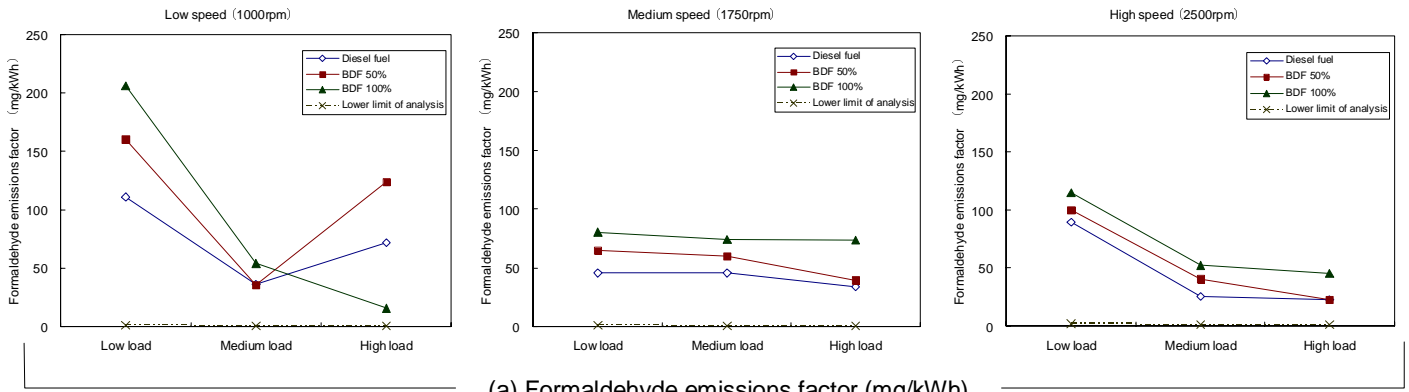


(c) Acrolein emissions factor (mg/kWh)

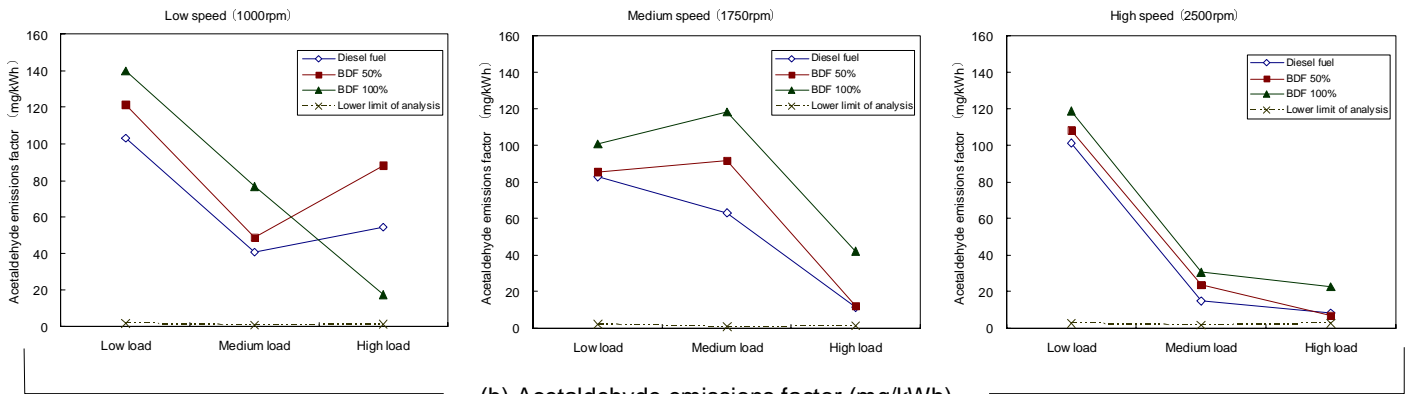


(d) Benzaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)

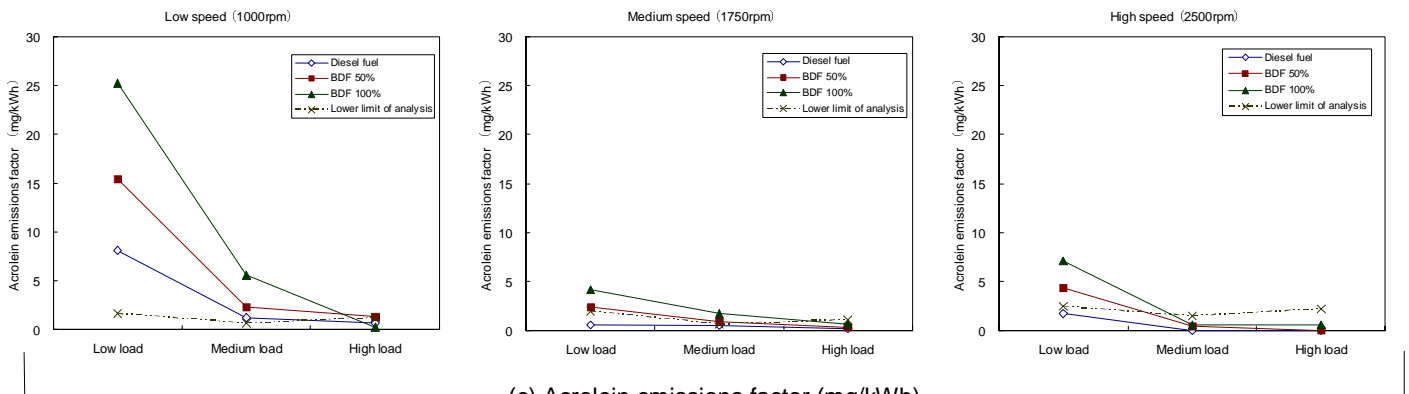
Figure 4-2-4 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions factor for aldehydes (steady state mode: dummy catalyst) Vehicle B



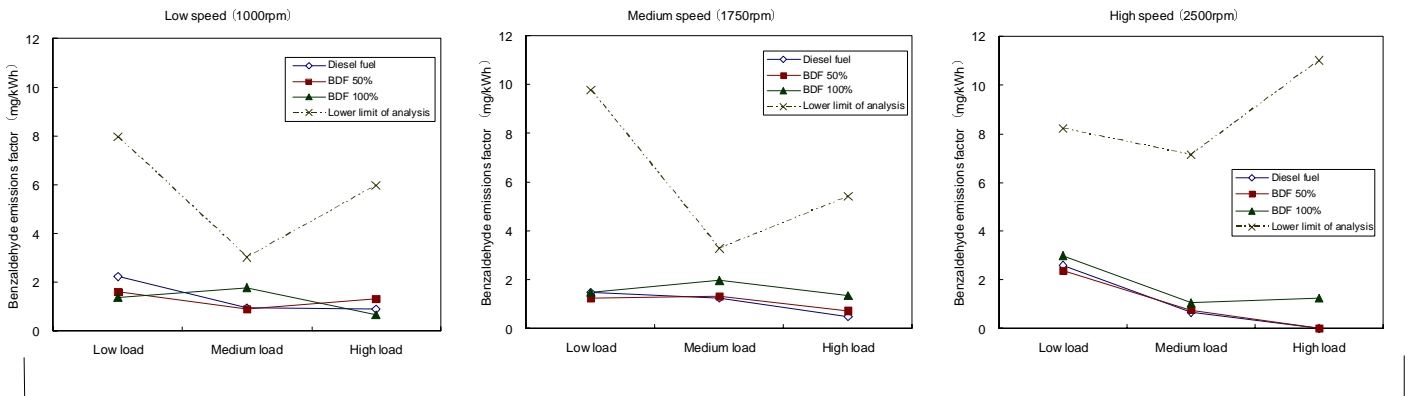
(a) Formaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)



(b) Acetaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)



(c) Acrolein emissions factor (mg/kWh)



(d) Benzaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)

Figure 4-2-5 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions factor for aldehydes (steady state mode: weak-oxidation catalyst) Vehicle B

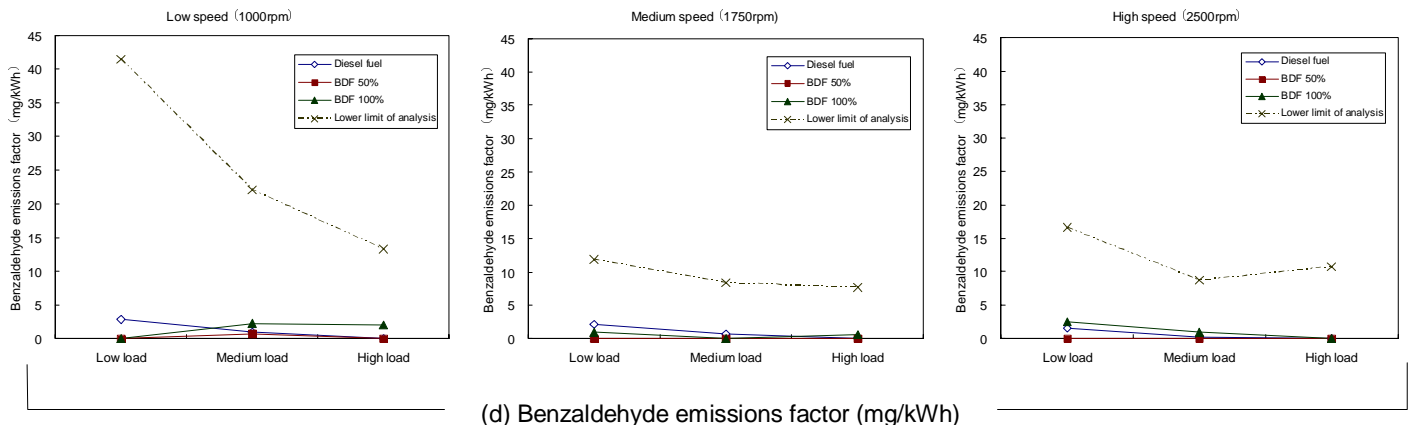
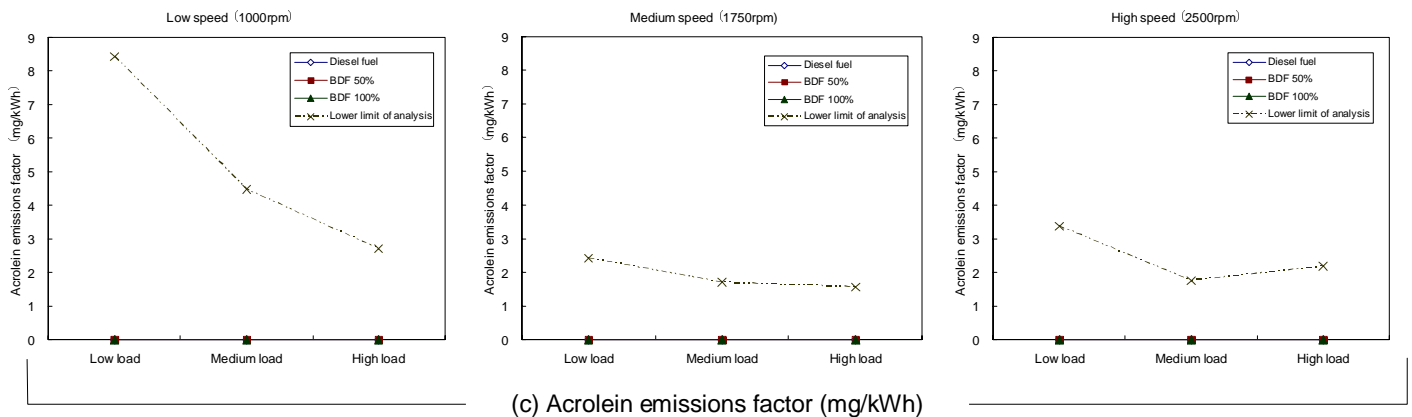
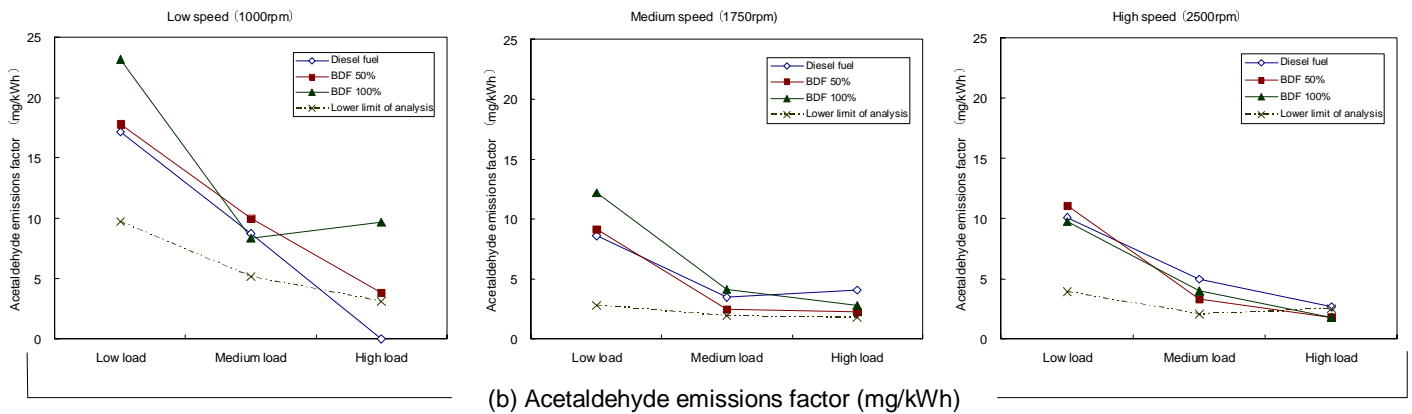
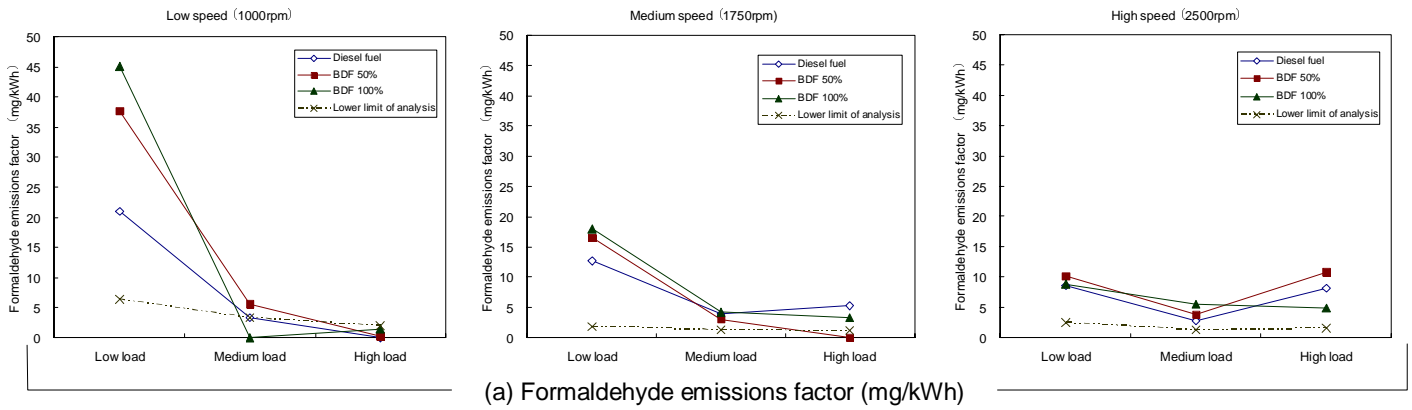


Figure 4-2-6 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions factor for aldehydes (steady state mode: strong-oxidation catalyst) Vehicle B

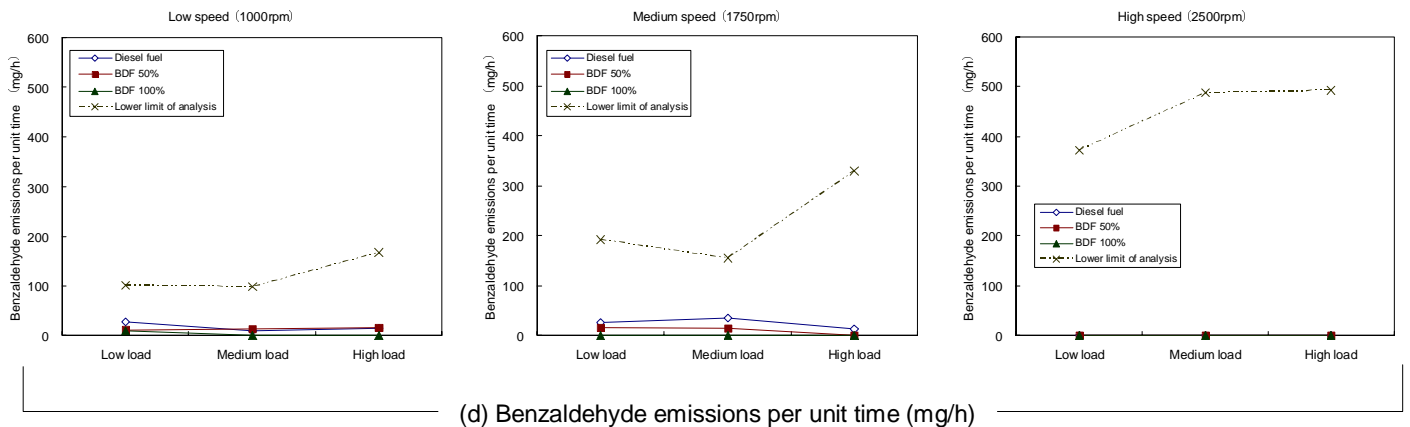
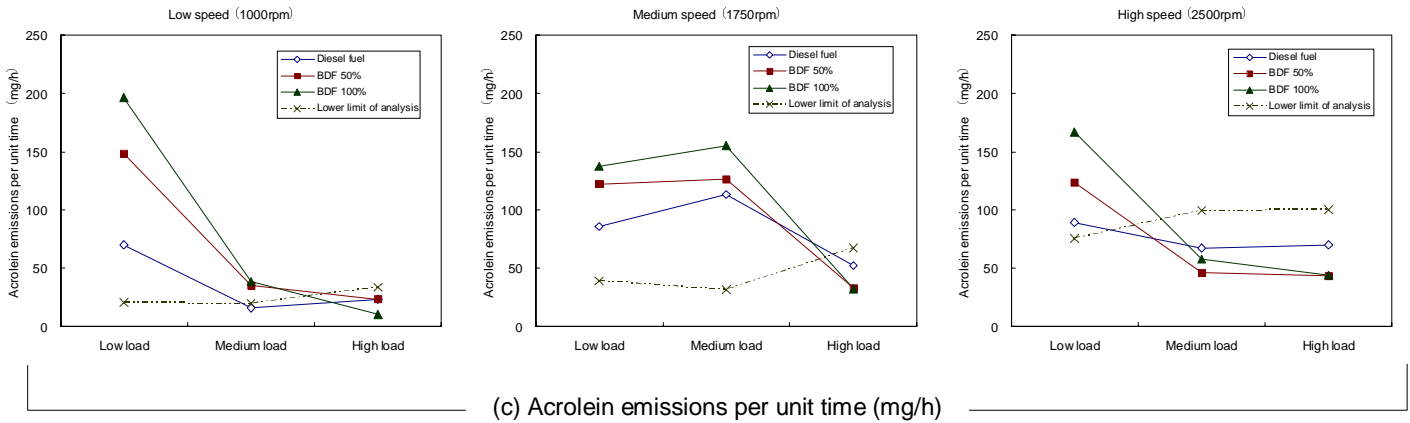
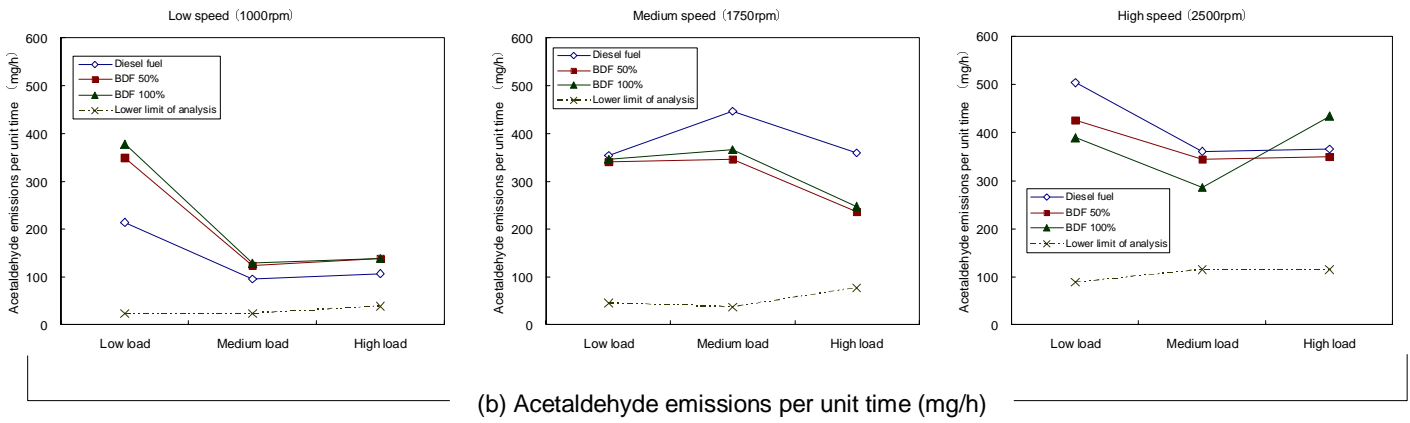
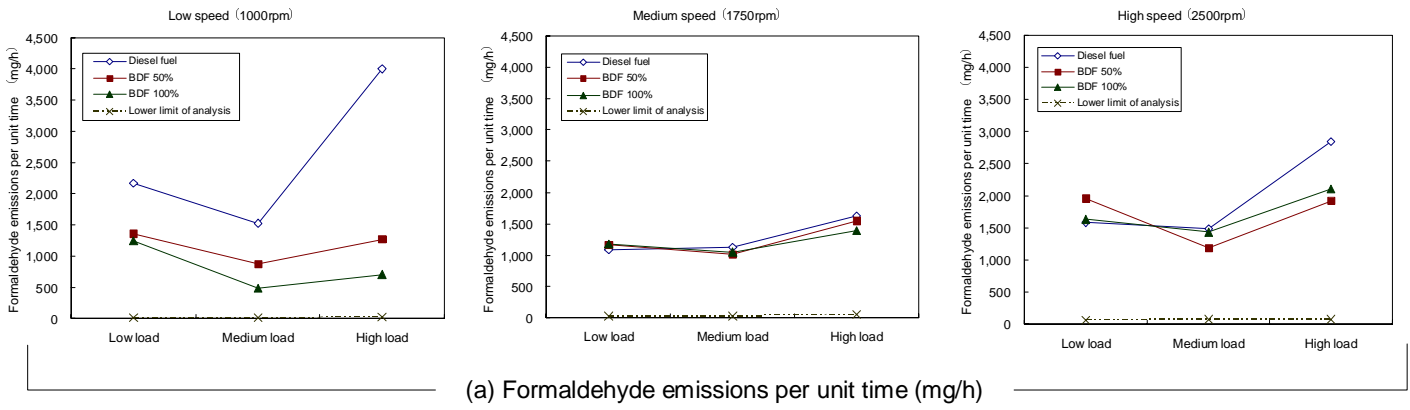
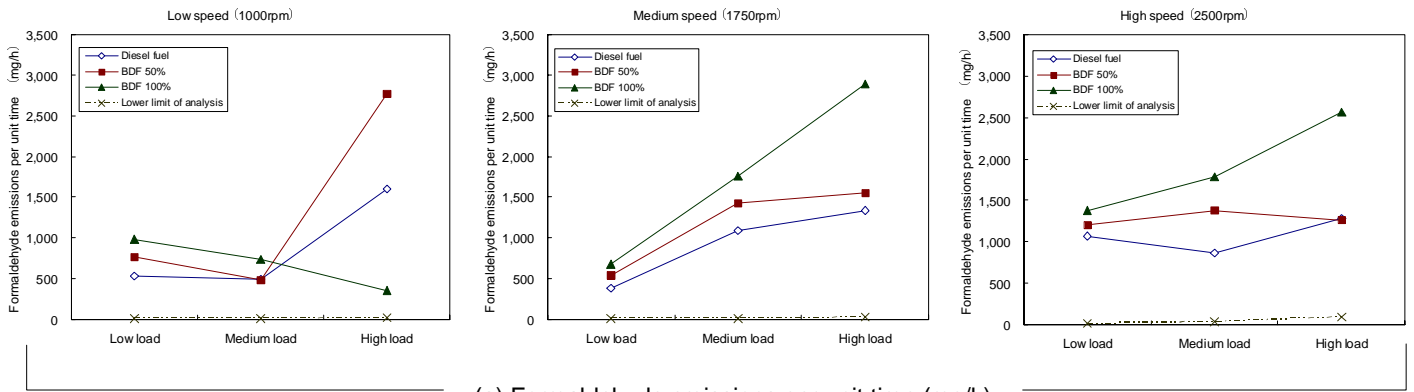
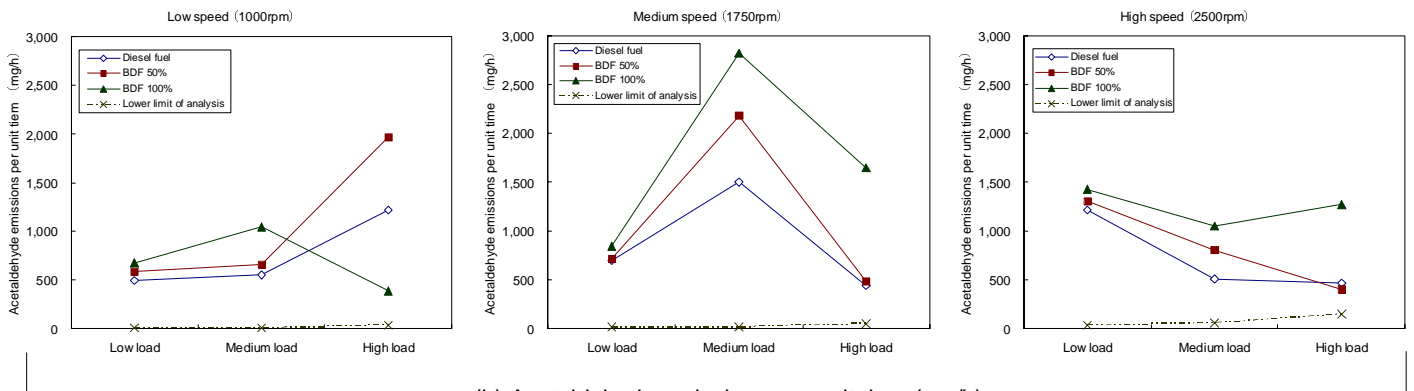


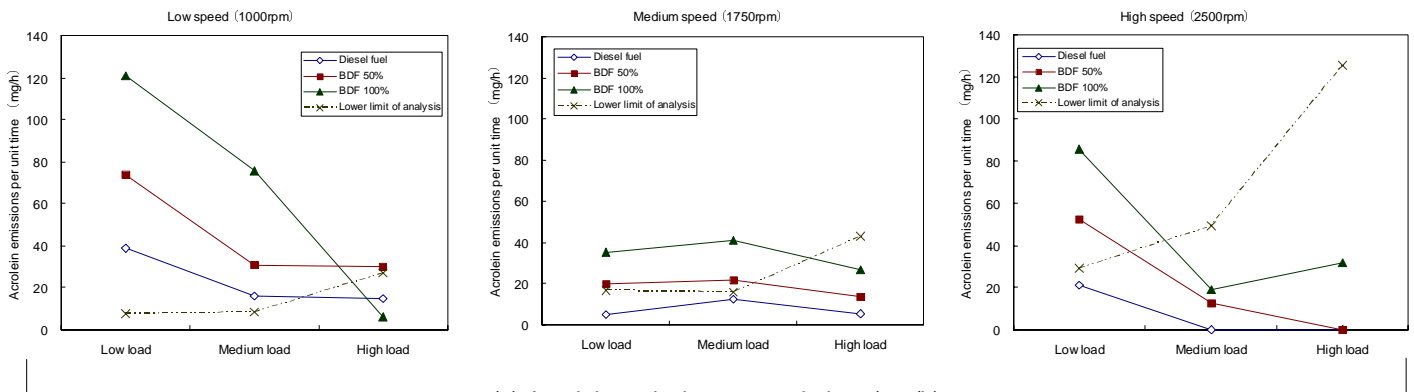
Figure 4-2-7 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions per unit time of aldehydes (steady state mode: dummy catalyst) Vehicle B



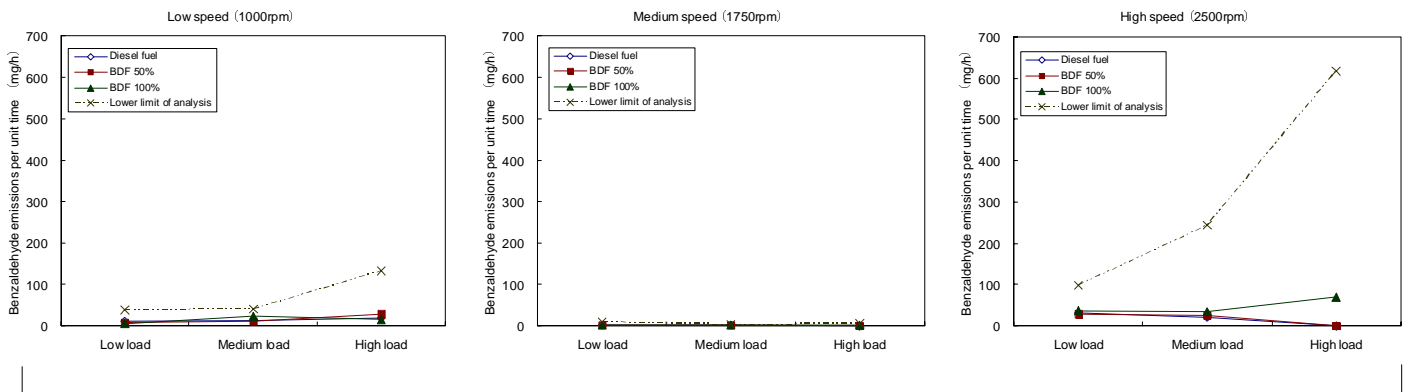
(a) Formaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(b) Acetaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)

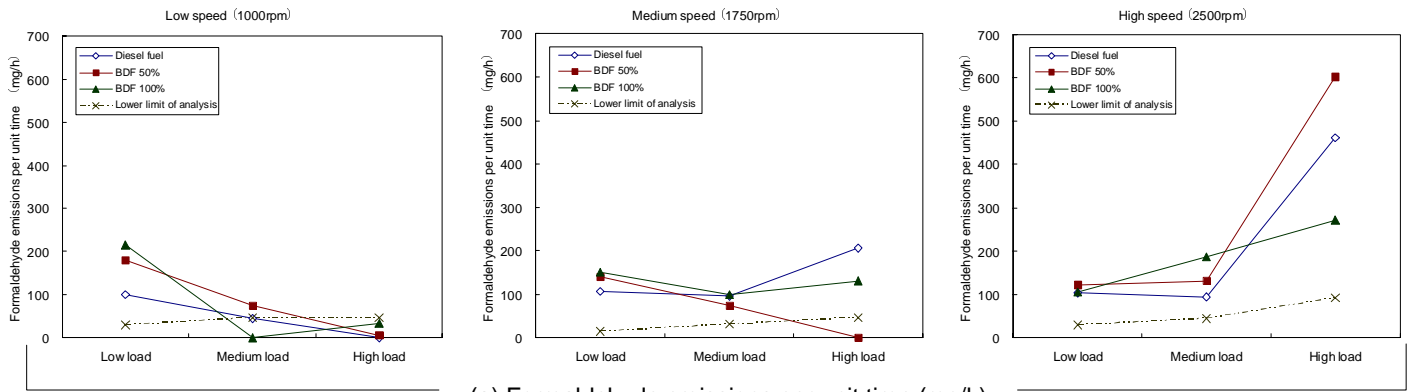


(c) Acrolein emissions per unit time (mg/h)

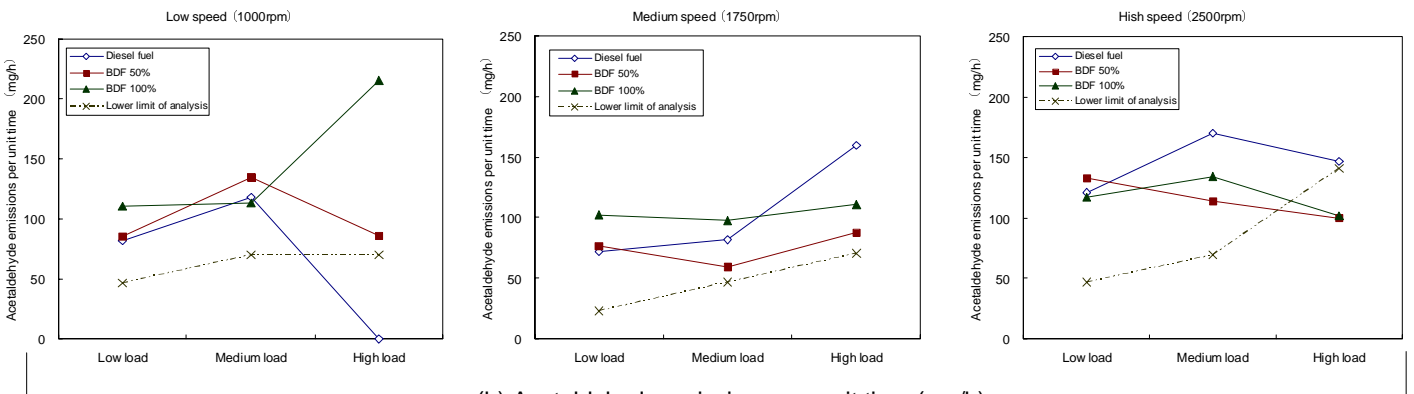


(d) Benzaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)

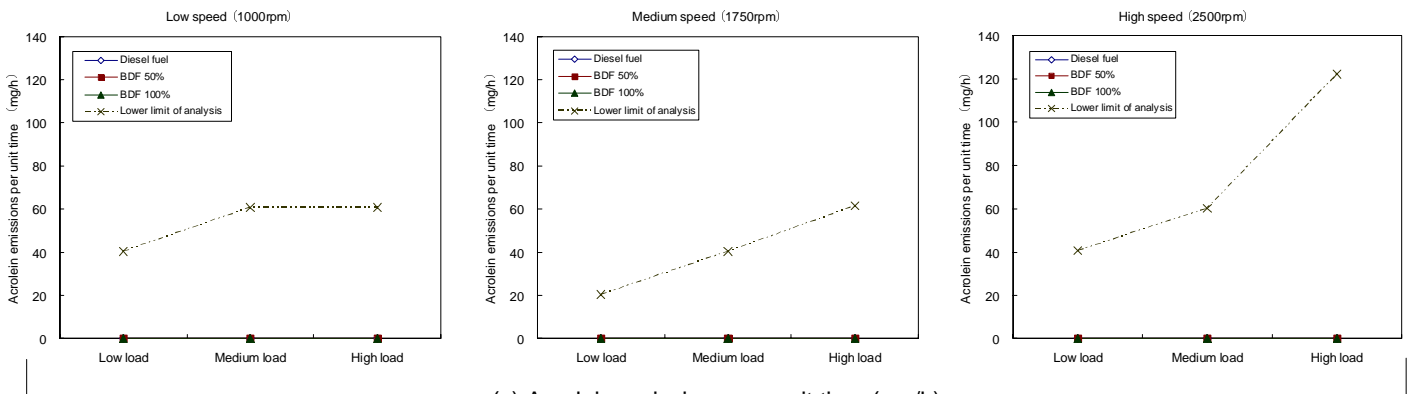
Figure 4-2-8 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions per unit time of aldehydes (steady state mode: weak-oxidation catalyst) Vehicle B



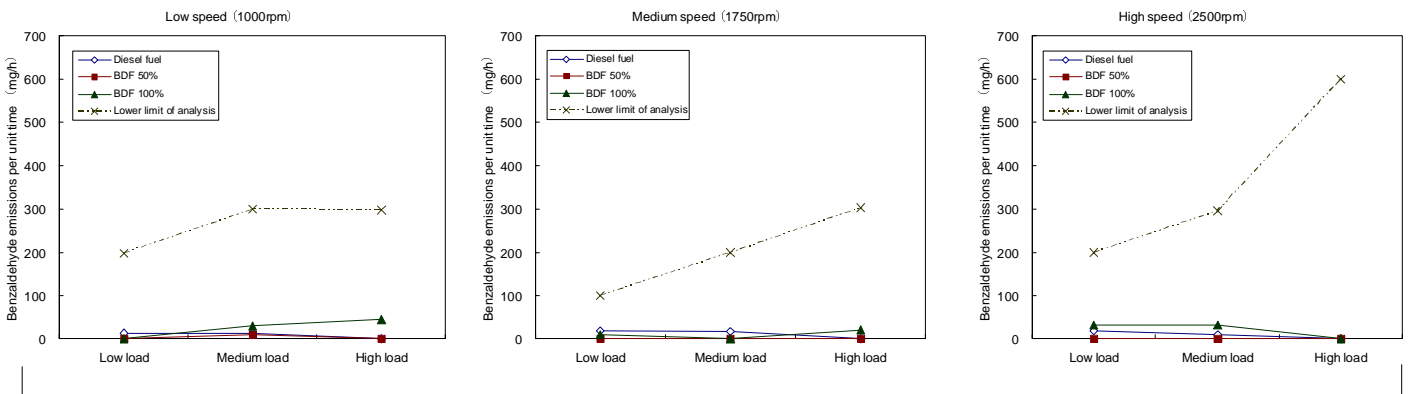
(a) Formaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(b) Acetaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(c) Acrolein emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(d) Benzaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)

Figure 4-2-9 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions per unit time of aldehydes (steady state mode: strong-oxidation catalyst) Vehicle B

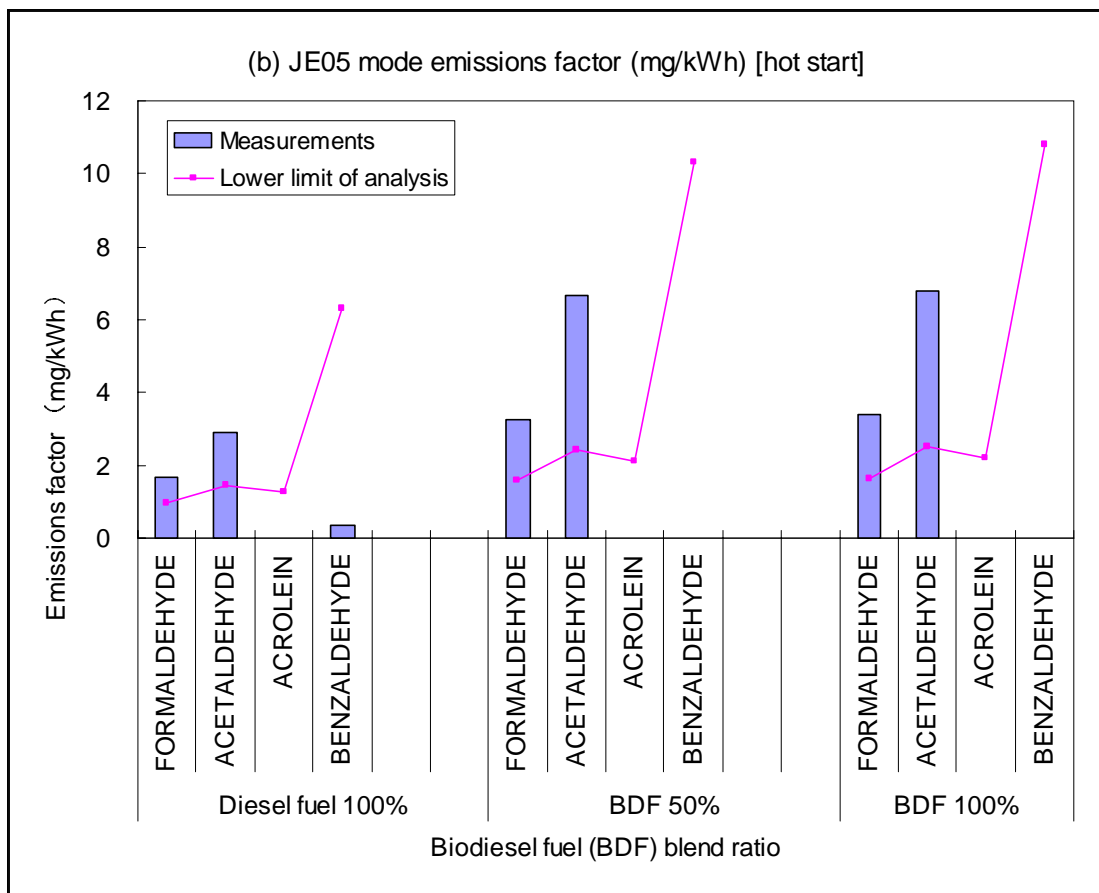
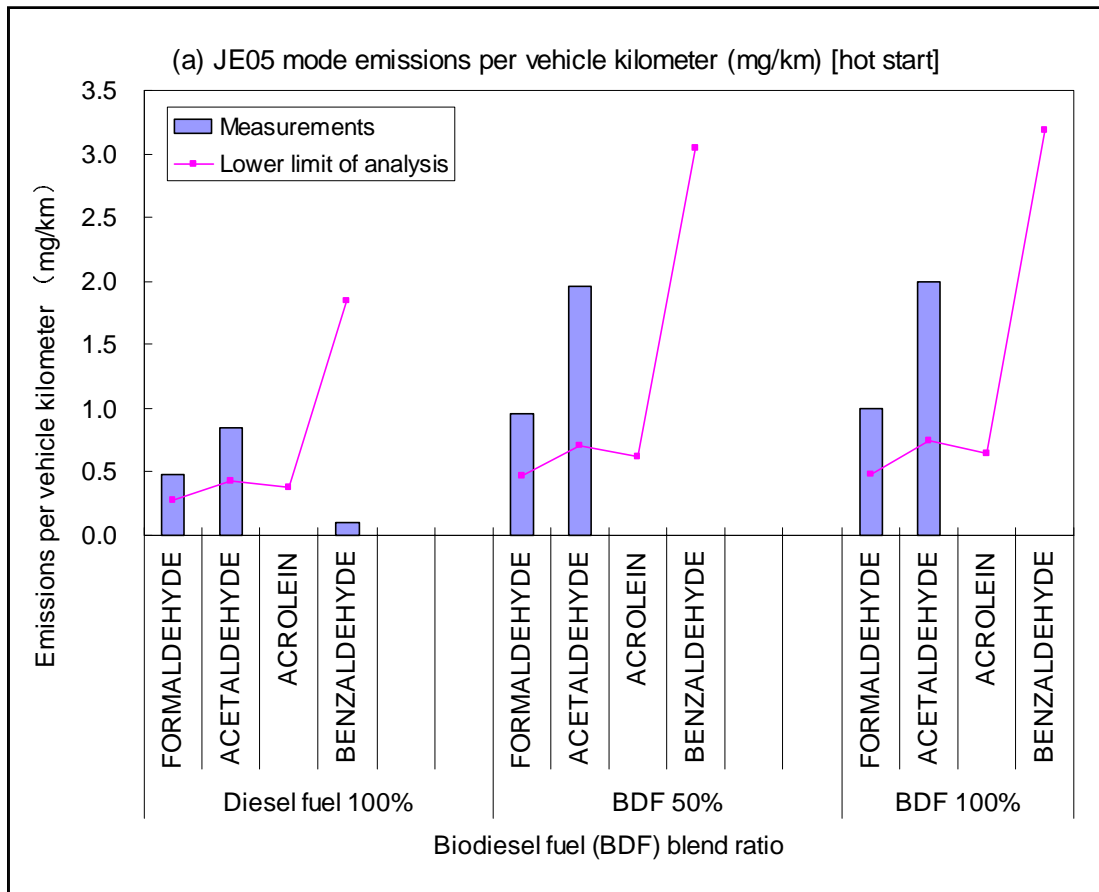


Figure 4-3-1 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions of aldehydes (JE05 hot start mode) Vehicle C

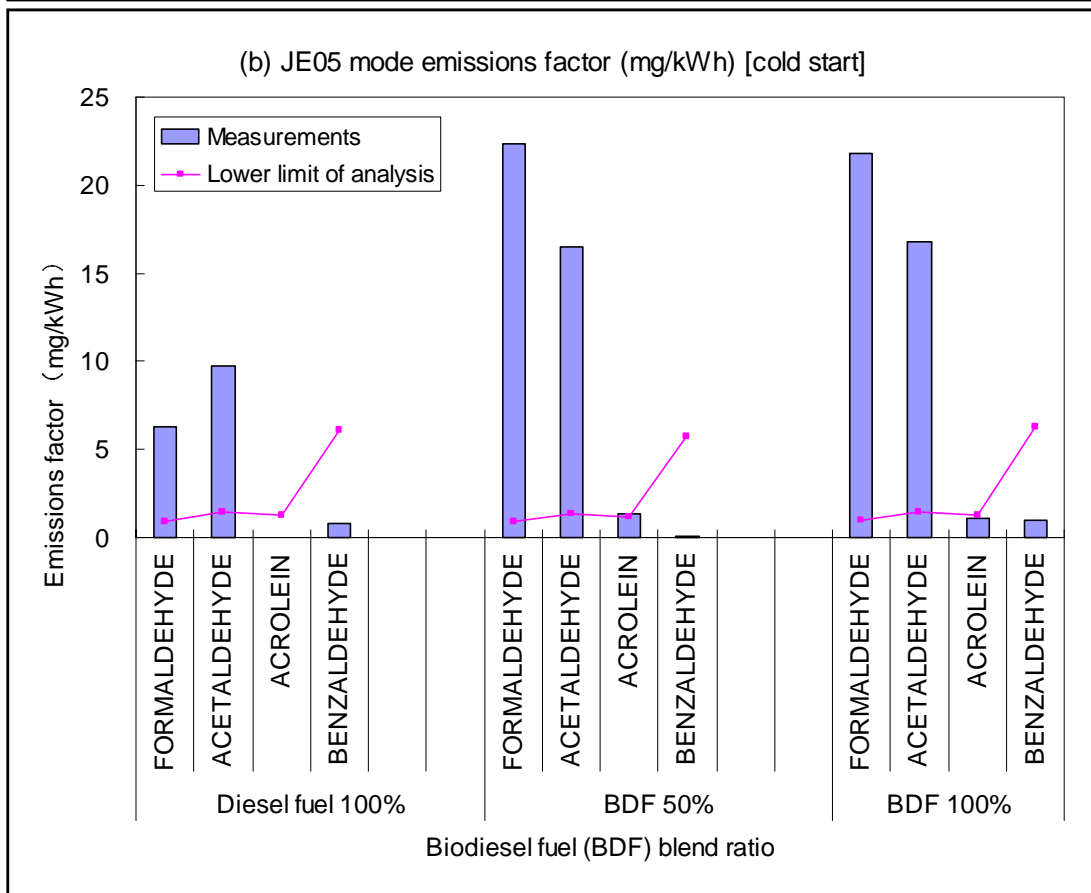
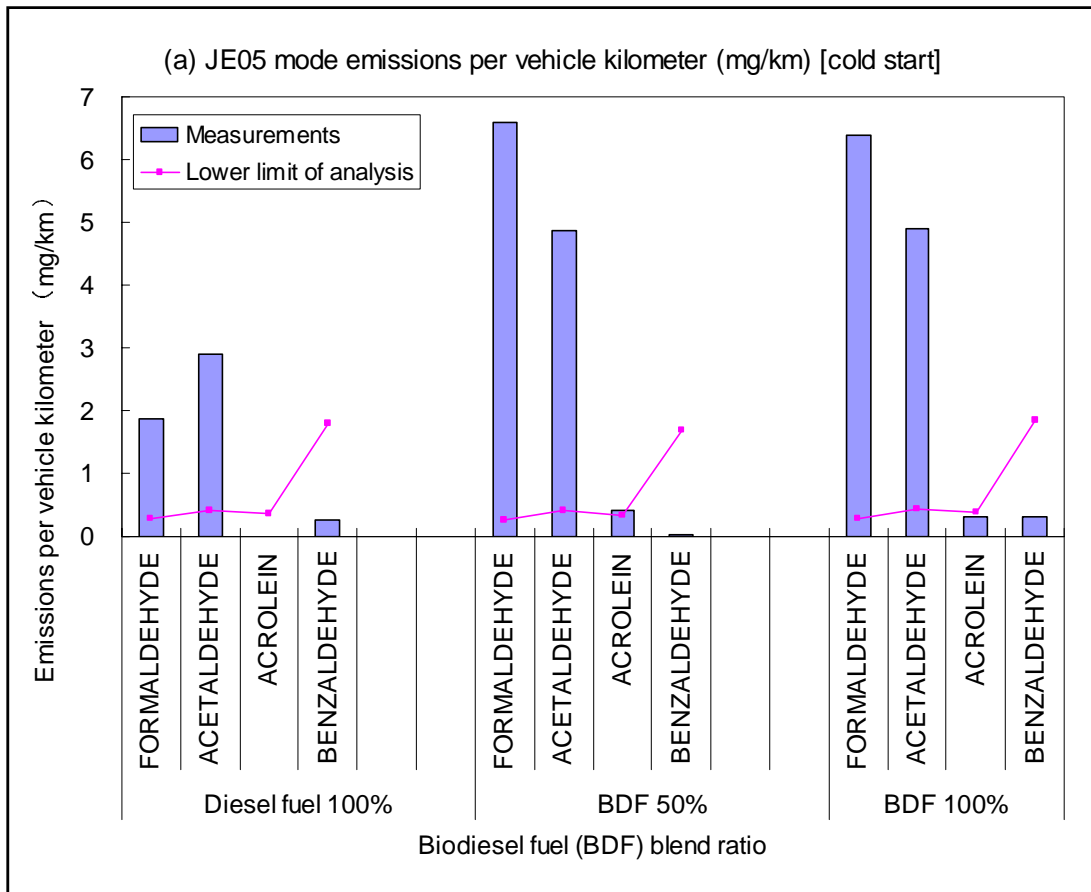


Figure 4-3-2 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions of aldehydes (JE05 cold start mode)
Vehicle C

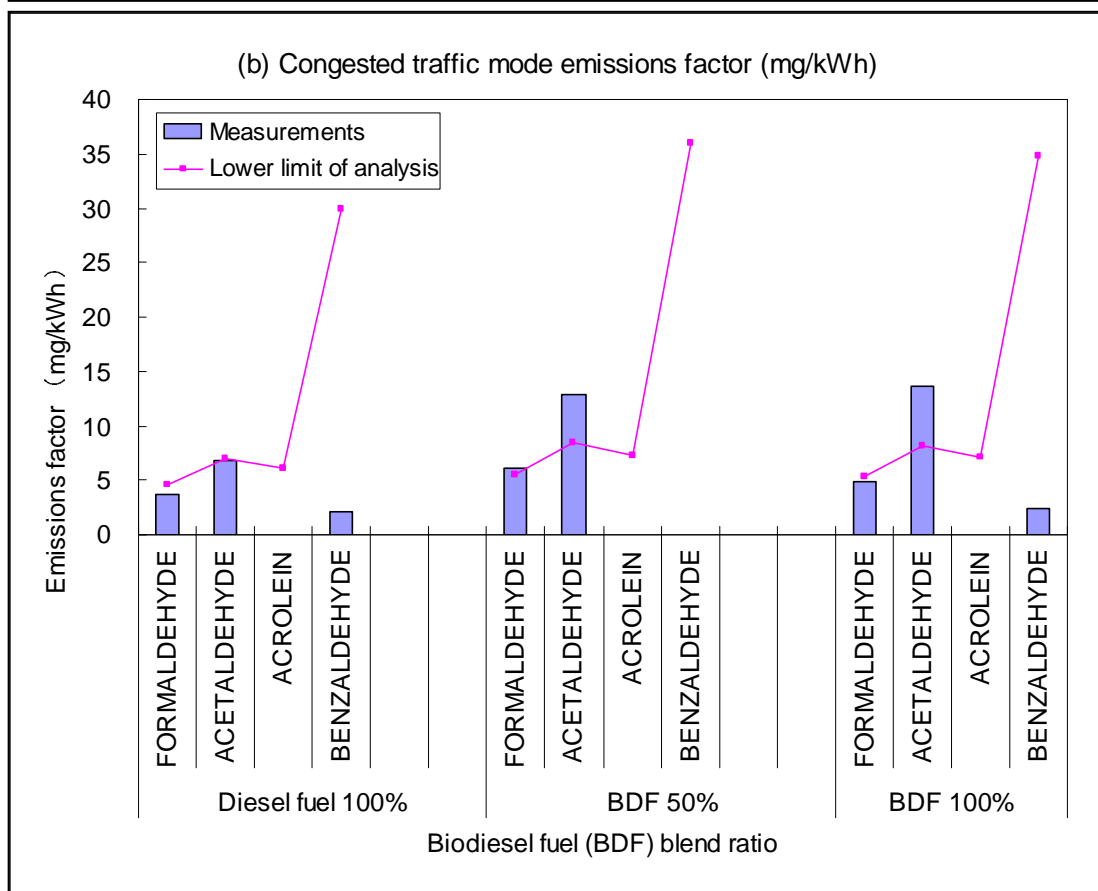
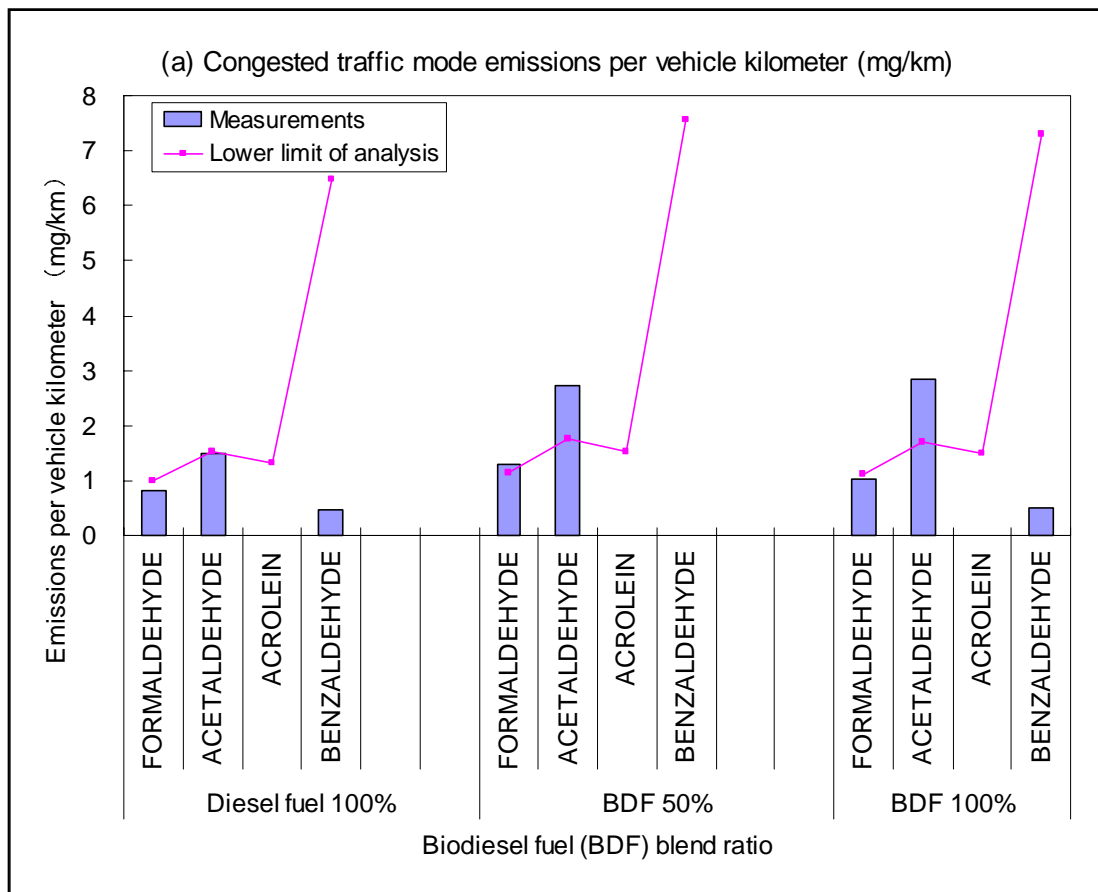
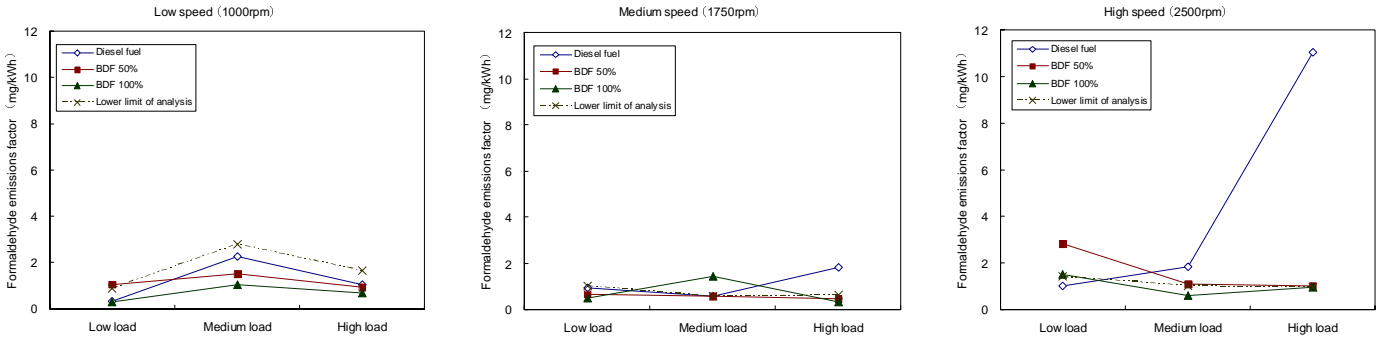
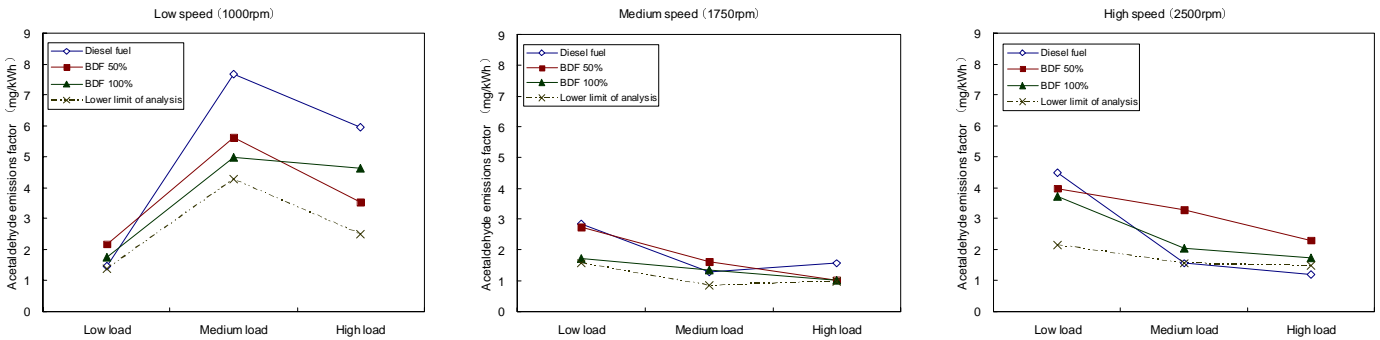


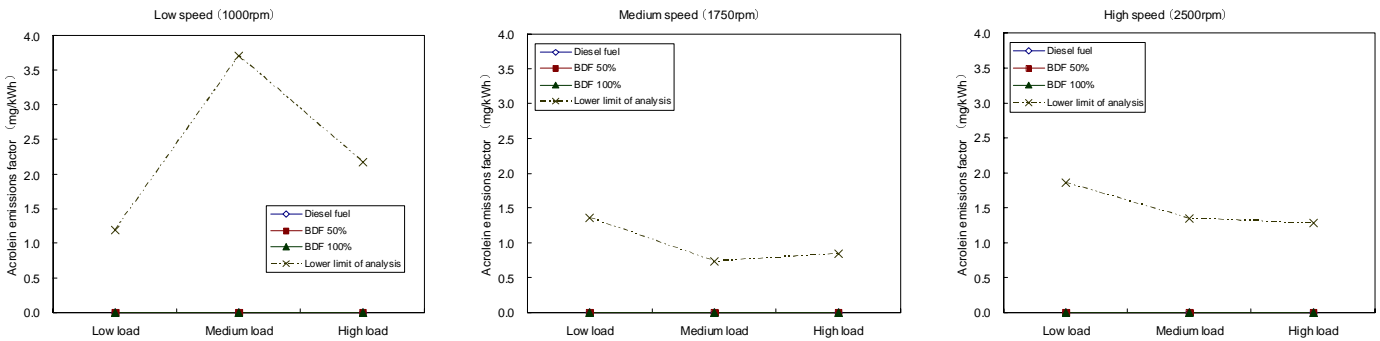
Figure 4-3-3 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions of aldehydes (congested traffic mode)
Vehicle C



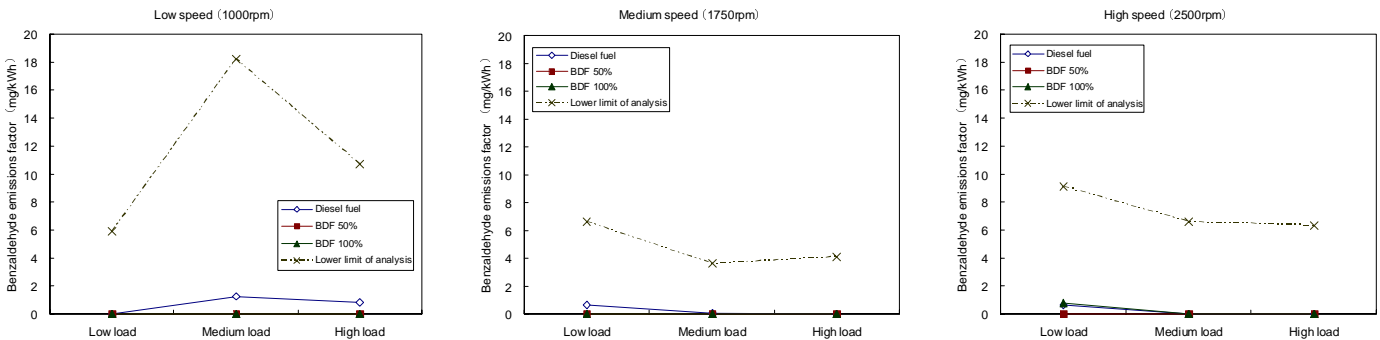
(a) Formaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)



(b) Acetaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)

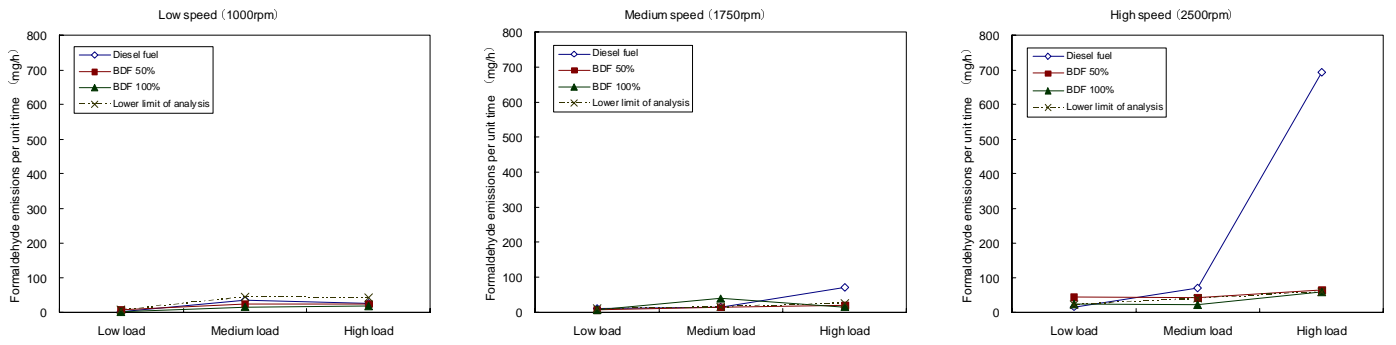


(c) Acrolein emissions factor (mg/kWh)

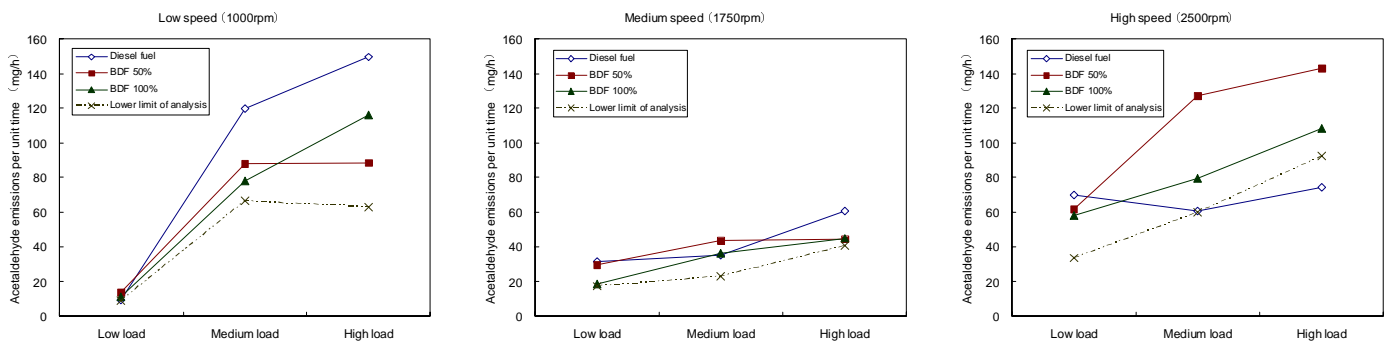


(d) Benzaldehyde emissions factor (mg/kWh)

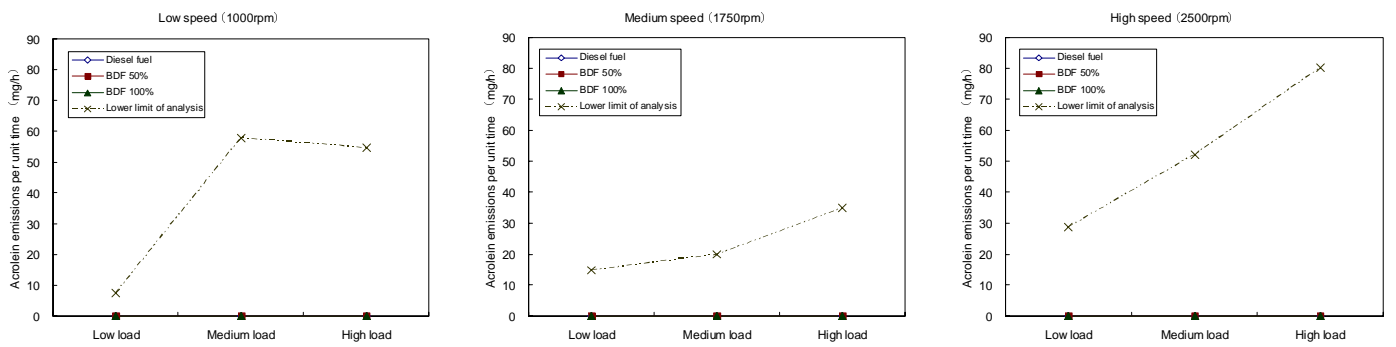
Figure 4-3-4 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions factor for aldehydes (steady state mode) Vehicle C



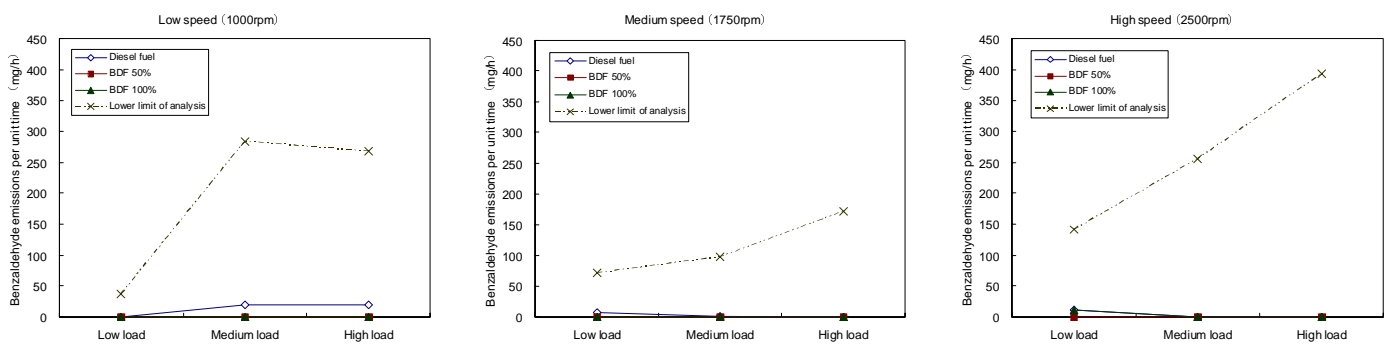
(a) Formaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(b) Acetaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(c) Acrolein emissions per unit time (mg/h)



(d) Benzaldehyde emissions per unit time (mg/h)

Figure 4-3-5 Interrelationship between BDF blend ratio and emissions per unit time of aldehydes (steady state mode) Vehicle C