Green Value Chain Platform Accounting information 2017

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Asahi Glass Co., Ltd.

	Companies' approach		
Background and purpose of accounting	 To measure CO₂ emissions throughout our supply chain from procurement to disposal and pursue measures to reduce our environmental impact. To respond to stakeholders' requests to disclose information and deepen their understanding of our efforts to reduce our environmental impact. 		
Utilization of accounting results	 The accounting results are: utilized to help us to reduce environmental impact in categories with high CO₂ emissions; and publicized in our CSR activity reports to respond to stakeholders' requests to disclose information. 		
Benefits of accounting	 The accounting enables us to: clarify CO₂ emissions throughout our supply chain and initiate effective measures to reduce emissions; and increase transparency about our CO₂ emissions and actively disclose information to stakeholders. 		
□ Internal system for accounting	 Data are gathered from procurement, logistics, manufacturing, and HR divisions and calculated by the environmental division. Energy consumption and the amount of waste used are calculated using the company's database. 		

Green Value Chain Platform Accounting information 2017

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Asahi Glass Co., Ltd.

	Companies' approach		
☐ Efforts to reduce supply chain emissions	 We are committed to: promoting green procurement and reducing waste generation; and in the area of logistics, optimizing allocation of vehicles, improving loading ratio, and achieving a modal shift. 		
Issues in supply chain emissions accounting	 It is necessary to: increase accuracy of unit values and emissions; establish a system that enables us to obtain data on amounts of activity and unit values abroad; and introduce more efficient calculation methods that require less workload. 		
D Other			

Green Value Chain Platform Accounting information 2017

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Asahi Glass Co., Ltd.

Cotogory	Accounting methods		
Category	Activity data	Emission factor	
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	 Purchase volume (raw materials, expendable supplies, services, etc.) 	CFP Basic Database	
Category 2: Capital goods	Value of investment in fixed assets	• 3EID	
Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities not included in Scope 1 or 2	Energy consumption	CFP Basic Database	
Category 4: Transportation and delivery (upstream)	Ton-kilometers transported	CFP Basic Database	
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	 Amount of waste generated by type 	CFP Basic Database	
Category 6: Business travel	 Transportation expenses paid (travel expenses, etc.) 	 Ministry of the Environment emissions unit value database 	
Category 7: Employee commuting	• Transportation expenses paid (transportation allowance, etc.)	 Ministry of the Environment emissions unit value database, CFP Basic Database 	
Category 8: Leased assets (upstream)	Excluded as there are no leased assets	_	
Category 9: Transportation and delivery (downstream)	 Ton-kilometers transported based on transport scenarios established 	CFP Basic Database	
Category 10: Processing of sold products	 Excluded due to the difficulty of measuring 	_	
Category 11: Use of sold products	• N/A	—	
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products	 Amount of waste disposed of as estimated from the amount of products sold 	CFP Basic Database	
Category 13: Leased assets (downstream)	• Excluded as there are no leased assets	—	
Category 14: Franchises	• Excluded as there are no franchises	-	
Category 15: Investments	• Emissions of investment destinations with equity holding ratios taken into account	_	
Other	No other items are accounted for.	—	

グリーン・バリューチェーンプラットフォーム 取組事例 2017年度

Asahi Glass., Ltd.

