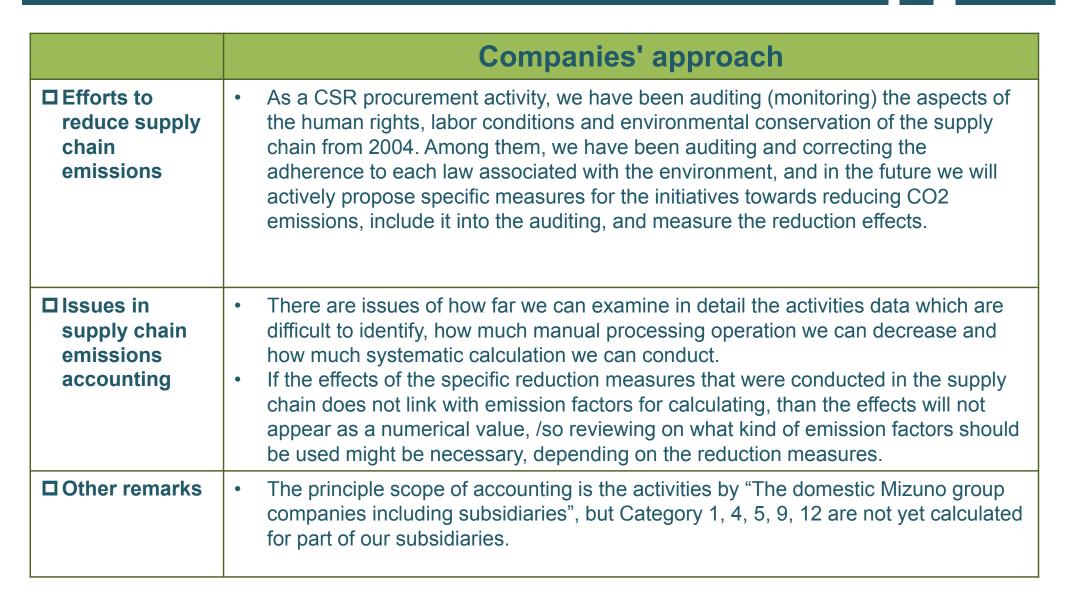
1 Mizuno Corporation

	Companies' approach
Background and purpose of accounting	 The trends of product manufacturing at outside factories in overseas developing countries and emerging countries have accelerated from product manufacturing at our nationwide factories, so the importance of CO2 reduction initiatives not only from our group but also considering the whole supply chain from a life cycle perspective has been increasing. To identify categories with high reduction potentials upon conducting CO2 reduction measures across the entire supply chain, and prioritizing initiatives will show higher cost effectiveness.
Utilization of accounting results	 To prioritize the CO2 reduction measures, conducted in cooperation with the parties in the supply chain. To fulfill accountability by publicizing the results in our CSR Reports, publically available on our website, and as a resource to make responses to external surveys and to advertise our environmental activities at various events.
Benefits of accounting	 By visualizing the CO2 emissions and its ratio by category, we can conduct effective measures considering both the categories with larger emissions, and the feasibility of the specific reduction measures for each category.
□ Internal system for accounting	 The secretariat (Corporate Social Responsibility Section, Legal Affairs Department), coordinates the whole process and take charge of collecting data and accounting. The data will be provided by relative groups and relative departments in cooperation with the secretariat.

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3

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Catagory	Accounting methods		
Category	Activity data	Emission factor	
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	 Merchandise cost data Materials for sale 	 Emission factor data base*1 CFP basic database*2 	
Category 2: Capital goods	Amount of capital investment	Emission factor data base*1	
Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities not included in Scope 1 or 2	Fuel and electricity consumption	 Emission factor data base*1 CFP basic database*2 	
Category 4: Transportation and delivery (upstream)	 Tonne-kilometers of procurement and shipping due to scenario setting with the CFP-PCR uniform as a reference 	 CO2 calculation tool of the transportation company Emission factor data base*1 CFP basic database*2 	
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	The amount of waste from offices	Emission factor data base*1	
Category 6: Business travel	The number of days spent on businessThe number of employees	Emission factor data base*1	
Category 7: Employee commuting	Commuting expense paid Commuting distance	Emission factor data base*1	
Category 8: Leased assets (upstream)	 CO2 emissions calculated by the warehouse company Lease expenses Lease area 	 Scope2 emissions at the warehouse leasing company Emission factor data base*1 	
Category 9: Transportation and delivery (downstream)	 Tonne-kilometers of procurement and shipping due to scenario setting with the CFP-PCR uniform as a reference 	CFP basic database*2	
Category 10: Processing of sold products	• There are some products that are relevant, but calculations are ignored because the amount is extremely small among the sales ratio		
Category 11: Use of sold products	• There are some products that are relevant, but calculations are ignored because the amount is extremely small among the sales ratio		
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products	Shipping data	Emission factor data base*1	
Category 13: Leased assets (downstream)	There are no relevant activities		
Category 14: Franchises	There are no relevant activities		
Category 15: Investments	Investment ratio of the portfolio company	CO2 emissions publicized by the portfolio company	
Other	Not calculated because it is an option category		

*1 Emission Factor Database on Accounting for Greenhouse Gas Emissions Throughout the Supply Chain Ver.2.2.
*2 Carbon Footprint Communication Program Basic Database ver.1.01 (domestic data).

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Accounting results

Scope	CO ₂ emissions(t-CO ₂)	Ratio Breakdown
Scope1	3,587	1.0%
Scope2	6,850	1.9%
Scope3	354,863	97.1%
Category	CO ₂ emissions(t-CO ₂)	Ratio Breakdown
1.Purchased goods and services	298,900	84.2%
2.Capital goods	3,411	1.0%
3.Fuel and energy	1,015	0.3%
4.Upstream transportation and distribution	8,343	2.4%
5.Waste generated in operations	232	0.1%
6.Business travel	2,171	0.6%
7.Employee commuting	2,196	0.6%
8.Leased assets	1,782	0.5%
9.Downstream transportation and distribution	256	0.1%
12.End-of-life treatment of sold products	32,732	9.2%
15.Investments	3,824	1.1%

