Seven-Eleven Japan Co., Ltd.

	Company thinking		
☐ Background and purpose for accounting	 Based on recognition of our CO₂ emissions from entire supply chain as well as categories with large emissions, we would like to use this accounting as a reference for actions for reducing emissions, lowering environmental impacts and planning effective options that improve operational efficiency. 		
Utilization of accounting results	 Reference for consideration to identify areas where CO₂ emissions can be reduced, while improving operational efficiency in our business. The results are to be released in our website, etc. Reference material for making response to requests from stakeholders or those for environmental surveys. 		
☐ Advantages of accounting	 Through visualization of CO₂ emissions from entire supply chain as well as by category, we can share a common understanding, which eliminate troubles to set goals. We can proceed actions to reduce CO₂ emissions in cooperation with our supply-chain partners. 		
☐ Internal accounting organization			

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	Company thinking		
☐ To reduce supply chain emissions	 For product delivery logistics, we have promoted to introduce eco-friendly vehicles (hybrid vehicles) and "eco-tires" that reduce energy losses. For store operation, emission reduction actions include: introducing LED lighting; utilizing PV electricity; energy-savings including hot-water supply by using waste heat; visualizing electricity use with smart sensors. We will continue to drive these actions. By utilizing this accounting result, we will further discuss to identify areas in which certain reductions of environmental impacts can be achieved in our supply chain in the future. 		
☐ Tasks to account for supply chain emissions	 We expect that sector-specific accounting methods will be established so as to allow for the effects of measures and activities for environmental impact reduction according to the type or category of business. 		

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Catagomi	Accounting methods		
Category	Activity data	Emission factor	
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	 Purchased volume of raw materials and supplies 	 Emission factor per amount of purchase 	
Category 2: Capital goods	Amount of capital investment	 Emission factor per amount of investment 	
Category 3: Fuel- and energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or Scope 2)	 Energy consumption such as electricity in supply- chain partners that produces our original products. 	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution	 Energy consumption in distribution centers and by driving vehicles. 	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	Waste generation	Emission factor by type of waste	
Category 6: Business travel	Travel expense that the company owes	 Emission factor per amount of travel cost 	
Category 7: Employee commuting	 Commutation expense that the company owes Energy consumption by company's marketing vehicles 	 Emission factor per amount of commutation expense Emission factor per energy used 	
Category 11: Use of sold products	Volume of relevant products sold	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products	Volume of containers and packaging materials	Emission factor by type of waste	
Category 14: Franchises	 Included in Scope 1 & 2 emissions 		