Seven Bank Ltd.

	Company thinking		
☐ Background and purpose for accounting	 Seven Bank Ltd. recognizes importance of environmental consciousness in business operation as a part of corporate social responsibility, in line with the entire "Environmental Guideline" of the Seven and I holdings, Ltd., our parent company, as well as our CSR Basic Policy. In this regard, we engage in environmental protection including actions against global warming through CO₂ emissions reductions. In recent years, disclosure of CO₂ emissions (including Scope 3 emissions), as well as subsequent reductions, has become more social request which we need to deal with. Therefore, we conduct this accounting. 		
☐ Utilization of accounting results	 We intend to open emissions data to our stakeholders through disclosure programs by such as the CDP and the Nikkei, as well as our websites. 		
☐ Advantages of accounting	 It helps us understand our GHG emissions over the supply chain. It enables us to respond to survey requests from external entities. 		
☐ Internal accounting organization	 Data are collected from relevant departments. Emissions accounting was performed by the divisions in charge (CSR and Public Relations Office). 		

	Company thinking		
☐ To reduce supply chain emissions	 We have learned an accounting approach for this practice. Based on this experience, we continue to oversee supply-chain emissions, while considering to take appropriate actions, such as possible expansion of the scope to cover more categories into accounting. 		
☐ Tasks to account for supply chain emissions	We want to improve efficiency in data collection and accounting.		
Other comments (optional)			

Seven Bank Ltd.

Cotogomy	Accounting methods		
Category	Activity data	Emission factor	
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	Purchased volume of raw material and supplies	Emission factor per purchased amount	
Category 2: Capital goods	• -	• –	
Category 3: Fuel- and energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or Scope 2)	Energy consumption from electricity use	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution	Fuel consumption from transportation-related activities	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	Emissions from waste generation by waste type	Emission factor per waste volume	
Category 6: Business travel	Number of employees	 Emission factor per number of employees 	
Category 7: Employee commuting	Number of employees	Emission factor per number of employees	
Category 8: Upstream leased assets	Electricity consumption in data centers	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution	• –	• –	
Category 10: Processing of sold products	• -	• –	
Category 11: Use of sold products	• -	• –	
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products	Emissions from waste generation by waste type	Emission factor per waste volume	
Category 13: Downstream leased assets	Electricity consumption for operations of ATMs	Emission factor per energy used	
Category 14: Franchises	• -	• -	
Category 15: Investments	• -	• -	
Other	• -	• -	

